

Drei
KLEINE TRIOS

FÜR

PIANO, VIOLINE UND VIOLONCELLE

VON

FRITZ SPINDLER.

Werk 305.

Nº1. C dur. Pr. M. 3,50.

Nº2. D moll. Pr. M. 4,50.

Nº3. D dur. Pr. M. 4,50.

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LEIPZIG,

C. F. W. SIEGEL's Musikalien-Handlung.

R. LINNEMANN.

5773 — 5775.

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TRIO.

Nº 1.

Mässig schnell.

Fritz Spindler, Werk 303, Nº 1.

Violine.

Violoncell.

PIANO.

Mässig schnell.

zunehmend

zunehmend

zunehmend

p

f

zunehmend

zunehmend

zunehmend

p

zunehmend

zunehmend

zunehmend

f

[illegible]

This musical score is for a string quartet, consisting of four staves: two for violins (top two staves) and two for violas (bottom two staves). The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into measures 1 through 16.

Measures 1-4: The first two staves (Violins) are marked *pizz.* (pizzicato) and *p* (piano). The bottom two staves (Violas) are marked *pizz.* and *p*. The first violin part has fingerings 1, 2, 1, 2 indicated. The word *zunchmend* (likely a misspelling of *zunehmend*, meaning "increasingly") is written across the first two staves. The second violin part has a *f* (forte) dynamic marking at the end of measure 4.

Measures 5-8: The first two staves are marked *zunchmend* and *ff* (fortissimo). The bottom two staves are also marked *zunchmend* and *ff*.

Measures 9-12: The first two staves are marked *zunchmend* and *ff*. The bottom two staves are marked *zunchmend* and *ff*.

Measures 13-16: The first two staves are marked *p* (piano). The bottom two staves are marked *p*.

Measures 17-20: The first two staves are marked *zunchmend* and *f*. The bottom two staves are marked *zunchmend* and *f*.

Measures 21-24: The first two staves are marked *zunchmend* and *f*. The bottom two staves are marked *zunchmend* and *f*.

Measures 25-28: The first two staves are marked *p*. The bottom two staves are marked *p*.

Measures 29-32: The first two staves are marked *p*. The bottom two staves are marked *p*.

Handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The score is written on ten staves, organized into five systems of two staves each. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures, and various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Key markings and dynamics include:

- zunehmend* (increasing) - appearing multiple times across the score.
- f* (forte) - appearing in the first system.
- ff* (fortissimo) - appearing in the third system.
- Leg.* (legato) - appearing in the first, second, and fifth systems.
- p* (piano) - appearing in the fifth system.

The score features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various rests. The notation is written in a clear, professional style, typical of a musical manuscript.



First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a *zunehmend* (increasing) marking. The middle staff is a bass line, also marked *p* and *zunehmend*. The bottom staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clef) with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a *zunehmend* marking.



Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The middle staff is a bass line, also marked *p*. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a piano (*p*) dynamic.



Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The middle staff is a bass line, also marked *f*. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a forte (*f*) dynamic.



Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a *zunehmend* marking. The middle staff is a bass line, also marked *p* and *zunehmend*. The bottom staff is a grand staff with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a *zunehmend* marking.

This musical score is for a piece in 2/4 time with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It consists of a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The notation includes various dynamics and performance instructions.

First System: The vocal line begins with a half note G4, followed by a quarter rest, then a half note A4, and a quarter rest. The piano accompaniment starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, featuring a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Second System: The vocal line continues with a half note Bb4, a quarter rest, and a half note C5. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Third System: The vocal line has a half note D5, a quarter rest, and a half note E5. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Fourth System: The vocal line has a half note F5, a quarter rest, and a half note G5. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Fifth System: The vocal line has a half note A5, a quarter rest, and a half note Bb5. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Sixth System: The vocal line has a half note C6, a quarter rest, and a half note D6. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Seventh System: The vocal line has a half note E6, a quarter rest, and a half note F6. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Eighth System: The vocal line has a half note G6, a quarter rest, and a half note A6. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Ninth System: The vocal line has a half note Bb6, a quarter rest, and a half note C7. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Tenth System: The vocal line has a half note D7, a quarter rest, and a half note E7. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a half note in the left hand.

Performance Instructions:

- abnehmend p*: Diminuendo, piano (decreasing volume).
- zunehmend*: Crescendo (increasing volume).
- f*: Forte (loud).
- ff*: Fortissimo (very loud).
- mf*: Mezzo-forte (moderately loud).
- p*: Piano (soft).

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features three staves: a vocal line (treble and bass clefs), a piano accompaniment (treble and bass clefs), and a guitar part (single bass line). The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The music is in common time. The vocal line starts with a melody of eighth and quarter notes. The piano accompaniment provides a harmonic foundation with chords and moving lines. The guitar part is a simple bass line. The score includes a key signature change to one flat and a time signature change to 4/4.

Langsam.

mf

Langsam.

p

mf

Ad.

*

plzz.

mf

zunehmend

zunehmend

zunehmend

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

f

f

f

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

mit Bogen

abnehmend und zögernd

pp

abnehmend und zögernd

pp

abnehmend und zögernd

pp

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Ad.

*

Lebhaft bewegt.

Lebhaft bewegt.

mf

mf

zunehmend

zunehmend

ff

ff

zunehmend

zunehmend

ff

ff

5773

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Cello/Double Bass

p

mf

zunehmend

pizz.

Bogen.

sf

3773

This page of musical notation consists of eight systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a series of chords in the right hand and a melodic line in the left hand, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The third system introduces a new melodic line in the right hand, marked with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The fourth system continues the piano accompaniment with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The fifth system features a series of chords in the right hand and a melodic line in the left hand, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The sixth system continues the piano accompaniment with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The seventh system features a series of chords in the right hand and a melodic line in the left hand, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The eighth system continues the piano accompaniment with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *ff* (fortissimo), and *pp* (pianissimo). Performance instructions include *abnehmend* (diminishing) and *ped.* (pedal).

zuernehmend

zuernehmend

zuernehmend

f

f

ff

ff

Ped.

5773

abnehmend *p*

abnehmend *p*

abnehmend *p*

mf

mf

mf

zunehmend

zunehmend

f

f

The musical score is written for piano and voice. It consists of several systems of staves. The piano part is written in treble and bass clefs, while the voice part is in a single staff. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *f* (forte). There are also performance markings like *abnehmend* (decreasing) and *zunehmend* (increasing). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. There are also some decorative elements like asterisks and slurs.



First system of musical notation, featuring a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is in treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass clef. The tempo is marked *zuernehmend* (increasing). The key signature has one sharp (F#).



Second system of musical notation, featuring a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is in treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass clef. The tempo is marked *zuernehmend* (increasing). The key signature has one sharp (F#).



Third system of musical notation, featuring a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is in treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass clef. The tempo is marked *zuernehmend* (increasing). The key signature has one sharp (F#).



Fourth system of musical notation, featuring a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is in treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass clef. The tempo is marked *zuernehmend* (increasing). The key signature has one sharp (F#).

First system of a musical score. It consists of four staves. The top two staves (treble and bass clef) contain a vocal melody with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom two staves (treble and bass clef) contain piano accompaniment. The piano part features a continuous sixteenth-note arpeggiated figure in the right hand and a steady eighth-note bass line in the left hand. A dynamic marking *p* (piano) is placed at the beginning of the piano part. The word *zunehmend* (increasingly) is written in the right margin of the system.

Second system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts from the first system. The piano accompaniment maintains the same rhythmic patterns. A dynamic marking *mf* (mezzo-forte) appears in the vocal staves. The system concludes with a fermata over the final notes of the piano part.

Third system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano accompaniment features a more complex arpeggiated figure in the right hand, while the left hand continues with eighth notes. The system ends with a fermata over the final notes of the piano part.

Fourth system of the musical score. It continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano accompaniment features a more complex arpeggiated figure in the right hand, while the left hand continues with eighth notes. The system ends with a fermata over the final notes of the piano part. A dynamic marking *p* (piano) is placed at the end of the system.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The system consists of three staves: a vocal staff (treble clef), a bass staff (bass clef), and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The vocal staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic, and then a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment also follows this dynamic pattern, with a forte (*f*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, and a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano part features a series of chords and arpeggiated figures.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The system consists of three staves: a vocal staff (treble clef), a bass staff (bass clef), and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The vocal staff continues with a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment also continues with a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano part features a series of chords and arpeggiated figures.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The system consists of three staves: a vocal staff (treble clef), a bass staff (bass clef), and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The vocal staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic, and then a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment also follows this dynamic pattern, with a forte (*f*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, and a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano part features a series of chords and arpeggiated figures.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. The system consists of three staves: a vocal staff (treble clef), a bass staff (bass clef), and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The vocal staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic, and then a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment also follows this dynamic pattern, with a forte (*f*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, and a crescendo (*zunehmend*) leading to a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano part features a series of chords and arpeggiated figures.

Konzert- und Kammermusik für Violine



und Orchester oder mit einem oder mehreren anderen Instrumenten nebst einem Anhang von Viola-Musik



aus dem Verlage von

C. F. W. SIEGEL's Musikalienhandlung (R. Linnemann) in Leipzig.

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- Saar, Louis Victor.** Op. 39. Quartett (E moll) n. 12.—
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- Taubert, Ernst Eduard.** Op. 38. Quartett (Es dur) n. 10.—
- Winding, Aug.** Op. 17. Quartett (D dur) n. 14.—

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- II. Satz. Andante con moto n. 1,80
- III. Satz. Allegretto n. 2.—

IX. Für Violine und Klavier.

(Vergl. auch Klasse I.)

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- Op. 62. Polonaise n. 2,50
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- No. 1. Romanze M. 1,50. No. 2. Tarantella n. 2.—
- Hille, Gustav.** Op. 9. Drei Konzertstücke.
- No. 1. Romanze No. 3 (F dur) M. 1,30. No. 2. Auf der Pußta. Fantasiestück M. 1,80. No. 3. Orientalische Rhapsodie n. 2,50
- Op. 15. Sonate (G dur) n. 7,50
- Op. 24. Erste Suite (E dur) n. 4,50
- Op. 29. Zweite Suite in kanonischer Form (E moll) n. 2,50
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- Solostimme allein n. 50.—
- Op. 50. Zweites Konzert (G dur). Klavierauszug und Solostimme M. 7,50. Solostimme allein n. 2.—

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- Huber, Hans.** Op. 67. III. Sonate (D dur) n. 6.—
- Köler, Bela.** Op. 134. Drei ungarische Idyllen, arr. No. 1. Abschied von Nieder-Ungarn. No. 2. Der Sohn der Heide. No. 3. Heimatssehnen n. je 1,50
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- Op. 72. Concerto (No. 4, C dur). Klavierauszug und Solostimme n. 10.—
- Op. 73. Suite (C dur) n. 6.—
- Op. 74. Sonate (A moll) n. 7.—
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- Pauer, E.** Op. 46. Sonate (A dur) n. 5,75
- Raff, Joachim.** Op. 161. Konzert No. 1 (H moll). Klavierauszug und Solostimme n. 6.—
- Dasselbe. Neue Ausgabe, bearb. von Aug. Wilhelmj. Solostimme n. 2.—
- Op. 180. Suite (G moll). Klavierauszug und Solostimme n. 6.—
- Op. 72. Volker. Zyklische Tondichtung.
- No. 1. Abschied von Älzei, M. 1,50. No. 2. Da er zum Bannerträger erkoren war, M. 2,30. No. 3. Im Rosengarten zu Worms, M. 1,80. No. 4. Da Siegfried erschlagen war, M. 2,30. No. 5. Was er von Werbelein gelernt, M. 2,80. No. 6. Dank zu Bachelaren, M. 1,50. No. 7. Auf der Nachtwache. a) Kamplied, M. 2,30. No. 8. Auf der Nachtwache. b) Schlummerlied, M. 1,80. No. 9. Schwanengesang n. 1,80
- Op. 206. Konzert No. 2 (A moll). Klavierauszug und Solostimme n. 9.—
- Op. 210. Suite (A dur) n. 8.—
- Rehberg, Willy.** Op. 10. Sonate (D dur) n. 5.—
- Op. 12. Romanze, arr. von Hans Sitt n. 1,50
- Reissmann, August.** Op. 47. Suite (E dur) n. 5,50
- Schwalm, Robert.** Op. 51. Konzertstück. Klavierauszug und Solostimme M. 2,50. Solostimme allein n. 1.—
- Stoekhausen, Emil.** Op. 2. Phantasiestücke. Heft I M. 2,25. Heft II n. 3.—
- Stoeving, Paul.** Op. 1. Zwei lyrische Stücke (Wehmut — Tröst) n. 1,50
- Op. 3. Zwei Sommer-Idyllen (Zu Zweien — Mittags) n. 1,50
- Op. 4. Am Springquell. Charakterstudie n. 1,50
- Op. 6. Zwei Stücke. No. 1. Liebeslied. Albumblatt M. 1,30. No. 2. Konzert-Etüde n. 1,80
- Op. 8. Derwisch-Tanz n. 2.—
- Taubert, E. E.** Op. 16. Zwei Stücke. No. 1. Ungarisch. No. 2. Scherzo n. 2.—
- Tyson-Wolff, G.** Op. 42. Drei Romanzen. No. 1 (E moll) M. 80.—, No. 2 (A moll) M. 80.—, No. 3 (A dur) n. 1,30
- Urban, Heinrich.** Op. 21. Menuett, Elegie und Scherzo. No. 1. Menuett M. 1,50. No. 2. Elegie M. 1,50. No. 3. Scherzo n. 2,30
- Weber, Otto.** Op. 3. Sechs Phantasiestücke. Heft I u. II n. je 3.—

Anhang: Viola-Musik.

Für Viola (oder Viola alta) und Klavier.

- Bruch, Max.** Adagio a. d. I. Violinkonzert Op. 26, übertragen von Heinrich Dessauer. Klavierauszug und Solostimme M. 1,80. Solostimme allein n. 60
- Härtel, A.** Abendständchen, frei bearb. n. 1,50
- Hess, C.** Op. 6. Sonate (H moll), arr. n. 5.—
- Hofmann, Richard.** Op. 46. Sonatine (F dur) für angehende Spieler n. 1,50
- Hummel, Ferdinand.** Op. 38 A. Vierte Sonate (E moll) n. 4,50
- Op. 56. Drei Fantasiestücke. No. 1. Romanze M. 1,30. No. 2. Intermezzo M. 1,30. No. 3. Gavotte n. 1,80
- Joekisch, Reinhold.** Op. 4. Drei lyrische Stücke. No. 1. Notturmo M. 1,20. No. 2. Ballade M. 1,20. No. 3. Andante cantabile n. 1.—
- Op. 16. Romanze n. 2.—
- Popper, David.** Op. 5. Romanze n. 2.—
- Raff, Joachim.** Andante a. d. I. Violinkonzert op. 161, übertragen von Heinrich Dessauer (auch mit der Orchesterbegleitung der Originalausgabe ausführbar). Klavierauszug und Solostimme M. 1,80. Solostimme allein n. 60
- Stoeving, Paul.** Mittags (in Op. 3, „Zwei Sommer-Idyllen“, enthalten) n. 1,50
- Wagner, Richard.** Ein Albumblatt, bearb. von Hermann Ritter n. 1,50
- Ankunft bei den schwarzen Schwänen, bearb. von Hermann Ritter n. 2.—

Für Viola, Oboe und Klavier.

- Ruthardt, Adolf.** Op. 34. Trio. (G dur) n. 6.—