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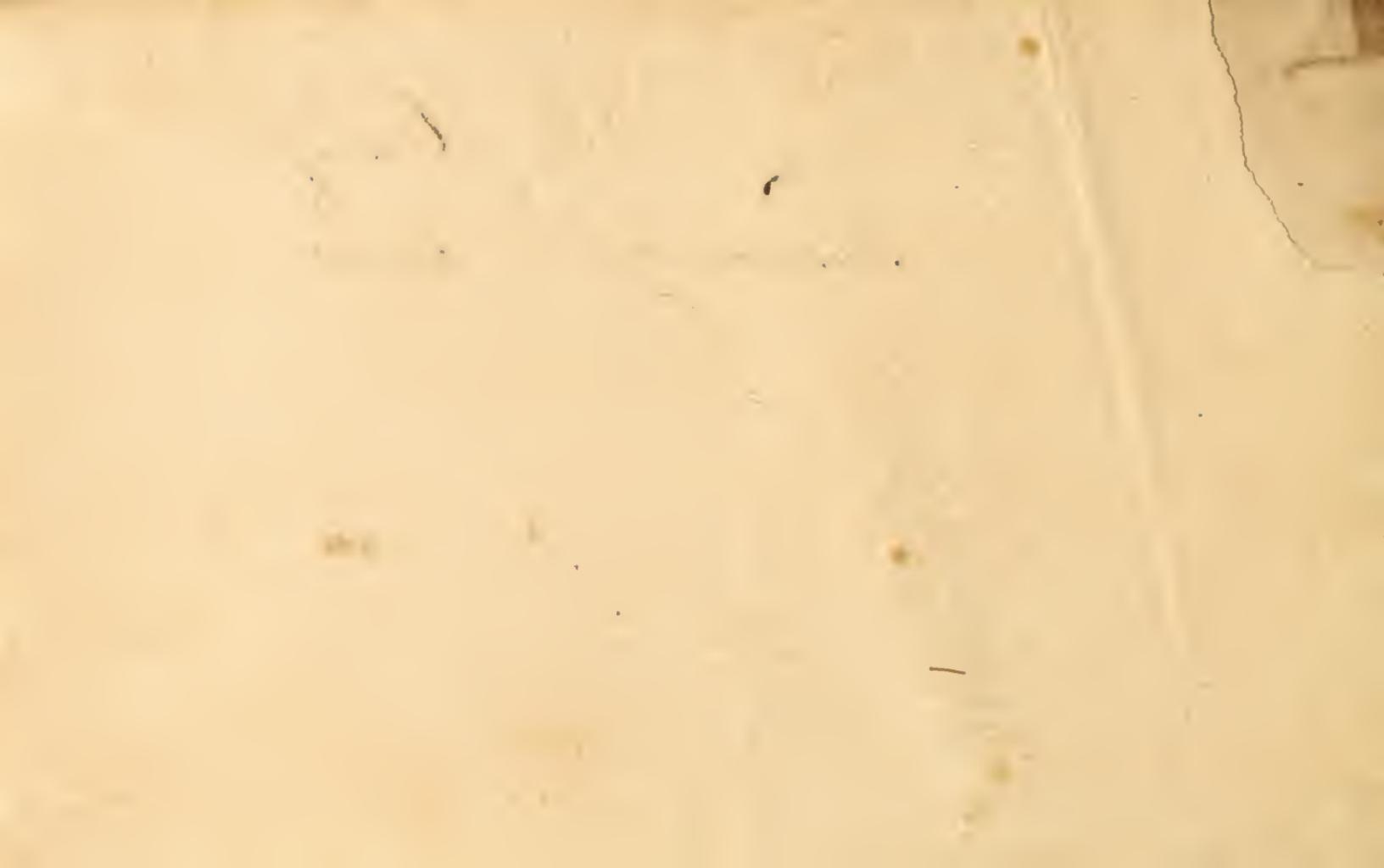
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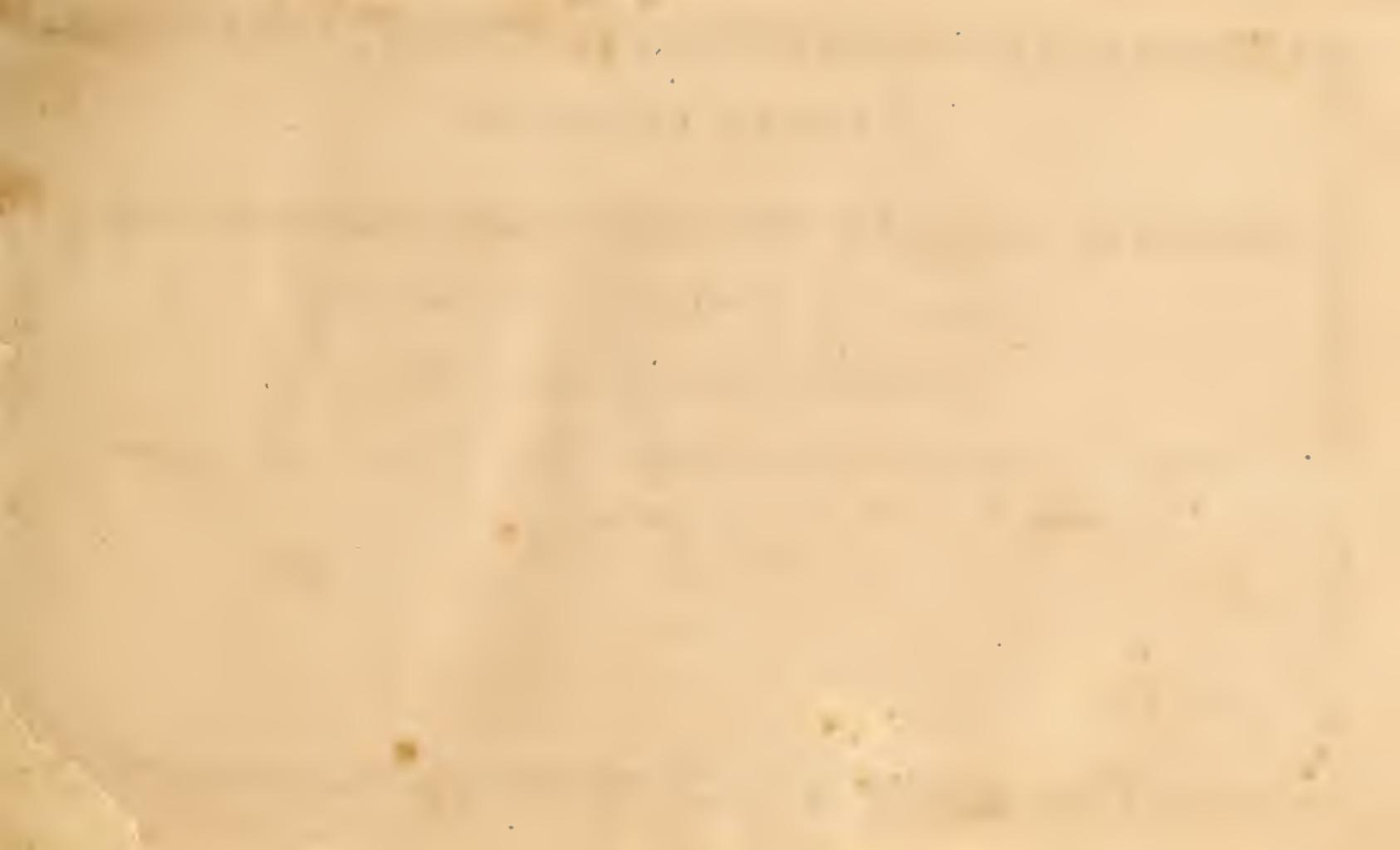
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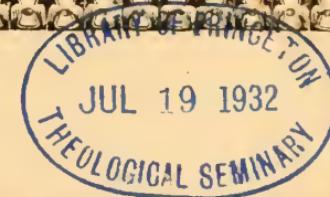
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MELODIA SACRA:

OR

PROVIDENCE SELECTION OF SACRED MUSICK.

FROM THE LATEST EUROPEAN PUBLICATIONS;

With a number of Original Compositions.

Designed for the use of Schools, Societies, and Worshiping Assemblies.

BY OLIVER SHAW.

PROVIDENCE:

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY MILLER AND HUTCHENS.

October, 1819.

Rhode-Island District, sc.



BE it remembered, that on the twenty-ninth day of September, 1819, and in the forty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America, Oliver Shaw, of Providence, in said District, deposited in this office the title of a book, whereof he claims as author and compiler, in the following words, viz. "Melodia Sacra: or Providence Selection of Sacred Musick. From the latest European Publications; with a number of original compositions. Designed for the use of Schools, Societies, and Worshiping Assemblies. By Oliver Shaw."

In conformity to an act of Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the time therein mentioned." And also to an act, entitled "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the time therein mentioned, and extending the benefit thereof to the art of designing, engraving and etching historical and other prints.

Witness,

BENJAMIN COWELL, Clerk,
R. I. District.

This Work

IS RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED

TO THE

PSALLONIAN SOCIETY,

OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

BY

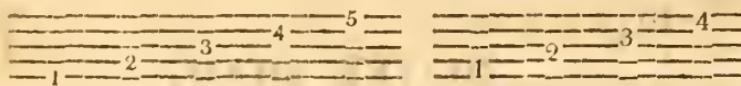
OLIVER SHAW.

Hudiments of Musick.



THE first thing to be attempted in musick, is a knowledge of the characters by which it is expressed. They are principally the following:—

A *Staff* is formed of five parallel lines, with their intermediate spaces, on which music is written.



When the notes in musick go higher or lower than the compass of the staff, short lines are added, which are called *ledger lines*. The intervals of the staff are named from the first seven letters of the alphabet, every eighth being a repetition of the first, and so on through the series.

In order to determine the pitch of musical notes, certain signs, cal-

led *Clefs*, have been invented, which are set at the beginning of the staves. There are five in general use, viz.—The *F* or *Bass Clef* on the fourth line. The *Tenor Clef* on the fourth line. The

Counter-Tenor Clef on the third line. The *Soprano Clef* on the first line. The three last denote C, which is always found on the first ledger line below the Treble staff, or the first above the Bass.

The *Treble Clef* is placed on the second line, which makes it G. This is called the G Clef, and is occasionally used for the Alto and second Treble.

Treble.

ITALIAN METHOD.

Treble.

C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C

Soprano.

C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C

do ri mi fa sol la si do re mi fa sol la si do

Counter Tenor.

C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C

do re mi fa sol la si do re mi fa sol la si do

Tenor.

C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C

do re mi fa sol la si do re mi fa sol la si do

Bass.

C D E F G A B C D E F G A B C

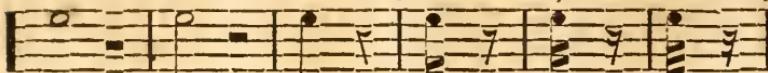
do re mi fa sol la si do re mi fa sol la si do

In singing, the common English method is to apply to the notes the syllables *mi*, *fa*, *sol*, *la*, in the following order, viz. above the *mi* and *fa*, *sol*, *la*, *fa*, *sol*, *la*, and below it, *la*, *sol*, *fa*, *la*, *sol*, *fa*, after which the *mi* returns again, either ascending or descending.

In all tunes having no flat nor sharp at the beginning, mi is in B.
 If B be flat, mi is in E | If F be sharp, mi is in F
 If B and E be flat, mi is in A | If F and C be sharp, mi is in C
 If B, E, and A be flat, mi is in D | If F, C, and G be sharp, mi is in G
 If B, E, A, and D be flat, mi is in G | If F, C, G, and D be sharp, mi is in D

Figure, length, and relative value of notes, with their respective rests.

1 Semibreve—2 Minims—4 Crotchets—8 Quavers—16 Semiquavers—32 Demisemiquavers



When a Rest occurs, the performer is to be silent during the length of the note to which it answers, whether semibreve, minim, crotchet, quaver, &c.

A Dot added to a note, makes it half as long again. Thus a dotted minim is equal to 3 crotchets; a dotted crotchet, to 3 quavers &c. The second dot has half the effect of the first.

A Bar thus, is a perpendicular line drawn across the staff, serving to divide the notes into equal measures, according to the time marked at the beginning of every composition.

A Double Bar shews where the first part of a tune ends and the second begins, and when it is accompanied with dots on both sides, they signify that both parts must be sung twice over. If the dots are only on one side, that part of the air only is to be repeated.

A Repeat signifies that part of the air or tune must be sung again, from the place where the repeat is set.

A Slur drawn over or under two or more notes, signifies that they should be sung to one syllable.

A Pause when placed over any note, intends that the time of the air shall be suspended, by holding the note longer than its common length, or by making a pause in the nature of a rest before the air proceeds.

A Sharp placed at the beginning of a line or space, shews that all the notes thereon are to be sung half a tone higher than the natural sound.

A Flat is the reverse of the sharp; for when it is put at the beginning of a line or space, all the notes on that line or space are to be sung half a tone or semitone lower than the natural notes; both these characters affect the octaves above and below, though not marked; but either of them used accidentally, or after a tune is begun, affects only so many notes as follow on that line or space, in the same bar.

When a line or space has been made sharp or flat, the Natural put before any note thereon, brings it to the natural sound which it would have had, if no flat or sharp had been used.

The figure 3 put over or under three crotchets, quavers, semiquavers, &c. signifies that the three crotchets are to be sung in the time of a minim, the quavers in that of a crotchet, the semiquavers in that of a quaver, &c.

A 6 in like manner, reduces six notes to the time of four of the same kind.

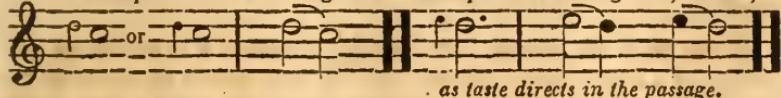


Staccato Notes, are notes of distinction, marked thus signifying that notes so marked should be sung very distinctly.



The *Appoggiatura* is a grace prefixed to a note, which is always sung legato, and with more or less emphasis, being derived from the Italian verb *Appogiare*, to lean upon ; and is written in a small note. Its length is borrowed from the following large note, and in general it is half of its duration ; more or less, however, according to the expression of the passage.

Example. To be sung thus. *Example.* To be sung thus, or thus,



Sometimes the small notes are added to give Emphasis.

Example. To be sung thus.



OF TIME.

There are two original kinds of Time, viz. Common and Triple, either of which may be simple or compound.

Simple Common Time is designated by either of the following characters—

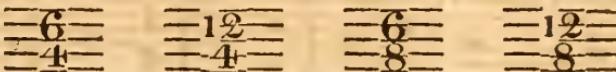
First, containing one Semibreve or its value in a bar.

The Second is thus, or thus, each containing one semibreve or its value in a bar.

The Third is containing one minim or its value in a bar.

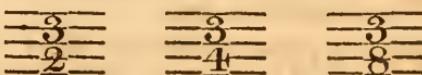
In *Common Time*, each measure is divided into four parts ; the first and third of which are accented.

Compound Common Time is marked as follows—



The first has 6 crotchets to a bar ; the second 12 crotchets to a bar ; the third 6 quavers, and the fourth 12 quavers to a bar. In *Compound Common Time*, each measure is divided into six parts ; the first and fourth of which are accented.

Triple Time is known by either of the following characters.



The first has 3 minims to a bar, the second 3 crotchets, and the third 3 quavers. In *Triple Time*, each measure is divided into three parts ; and accented principally on the first, and faintly on the third.

OF BEATING TIME.

Simple Common Time, when performed slow, has four beats in a bar, two down and two up ; and when brisk, it has two beats, one down and one up.

Compound Common Time has two beats in a bar, one down and one up.

Triple Time has three beats in a bar, two down and one up.

OF KEYS.

There are but two original Keys in musick, viz. Major and Minor. The Major is used for cheerful musick. Its third above the tonic, or key note, always contains four semitones.

The Minor is used for pensive musick, its third never containing more than three semitones. Those two keys are C the Major, and A the Minor; but may be transposed to any other letter by the use of flats and sharps.

LESSONS FOR TUNING THE VOICE.

FIRST LESSON.

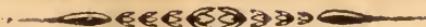
The first lesson consists of two staves of musical notation. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and has a treble clef. It contains a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is also in common time and has an alto clef. It contains a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. Both staves begin with a 'C' and end with a double bar line.

SECOND LESSON.

THIRD LESSON.

The third lesson consists of two staves of musical notation. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and has a treble clef. It contains a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is also in common time and has an alto clef. It contains a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. Both staves begin with a 'C' and end with a double bar line.

M E L O D I A S A C R A.



BROWN UNIVERSITY.

O. Shaw.

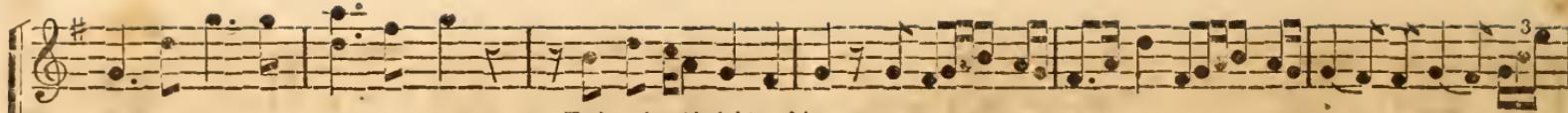
A Hymn of Praise suitable for Thanksgiving.

TEMPO ORDINARIO.



Be - gin the high ce - - les - - tial strain, My rav - - - ish'd soul, and sing A solemn hymn of grateful





To heav'ns Almighty king.



praise, To heav'ns Almighty king, To heav'ns Al - migh - ty king. Ye circling fountains, as you roll Your sil - ver



To heav'ns Almighty king.

DUETTO.

TUTTI.



Whisper to all your verdant shores, The sub - - ject of my song.



waves a - long,

Whisper to all your



organo.

*For.**DUETTO. 2d voice.*Retain it long, ye
1st voice.

verdant shores, The sub - ject of my song.

Bear it ye winds on

ech - oing rocks, The sa - cred sound re - tain; And from your hol - low winding caves Re-

organo.
My

all your wings To dis - tant climes a - way; And round the wide ex - tend - ed world

mf

turn it oft a - gain.

And from your hollow winding caves Re - turn it, Return it

mf

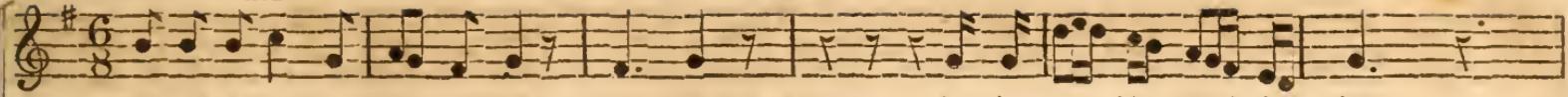
lof - - ty theme convey.

And round the wide ex - tend - ed world My lofty, My lof - ty

oft a - - gain; Re - turn it, Return it oft a - gain.

theme con - - vey; My lofty, My lof - ty theme con - vey.

CHORUS. VIVACE.



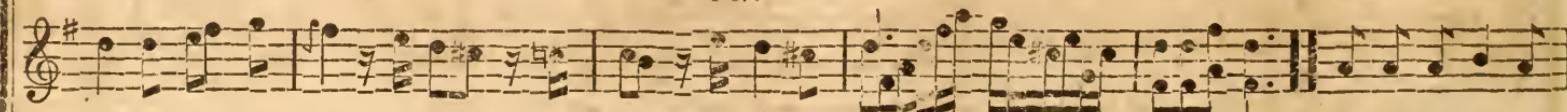
Musical score for the second part of the chorus, continuing from the first. The vocal line includes "Long let it warble round the spheres, Long, Long let it warble round the spheres, let it

Musical score for the third part of the chorus. The vocal line continues with "let it warble round the

Musical score for the 'Duo.' section, indicated by text above the staff. The vocal line includes "And echo, And echo, And echo through the skies, Till angels with im - mor - tal skill Im-

Musical score for the 'Tutti.' section, indicated by text above the staff. The vocal line includes "warble, Let it warble And echo through the skies, Im-

Musical score for the final part of the chorus. The vocal line concludes with "spheres, And echo, And echo, And echo through the skies."

*For.*

prove the har - mo - ny, Improve,

Im - prove the harmo - ny.

While I with sacred

*DUETTO. Pia.**TUTTI. For.*

And warble con - se - crat - ed lays To heav'ns Almighty king. And



rapture fir'd, The blest cre - a - tor sing;

And



war - ble con - se - - crat - ed lays
To heav'ns Al - migh - ty King, To heav'ns Al - - migh - - ty King.
And war - ble con - - se - crat - ed lays To

HADLEY. S. M.

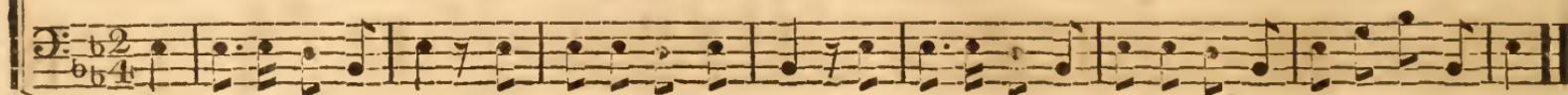
By an Amateur.

When overwhelm'd with grief, My heart within me dies, Helpless, and far from all relief, To heav'n I lift my eyes.

LARGHETTO.



Now let your voices join To form a sa - cred song, Ye pilgrims, in JEHOVAH'S ways, With musick pass along.



Pia.

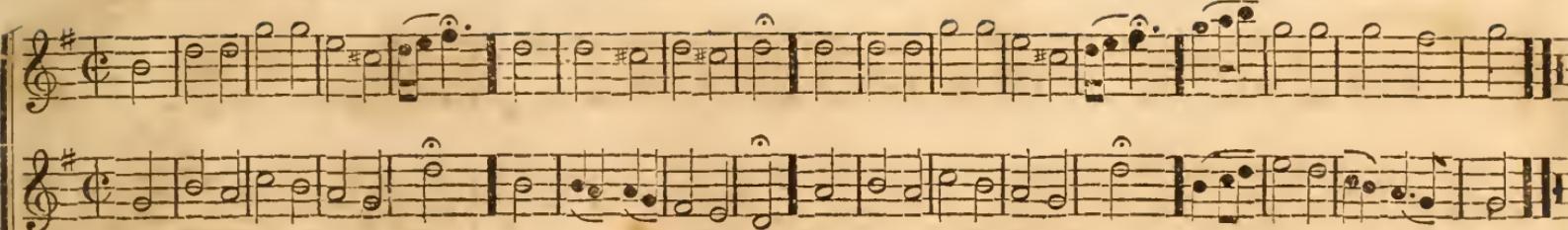
For.

Pia.

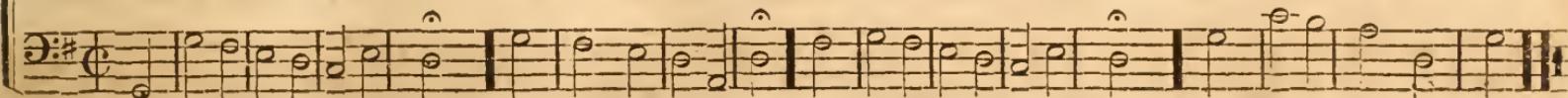


See Salem's golden spires In beauteous prospects stand; And brighter crowns than mortals wear, Which sparkle through the skies.





Great God, how infinite art thou ! What worthless worms are we ! Let the whole race of creatures bow And pay their praise to Thee.



HYMN FOR CHRISTMAS.



Hark ! Hark ! the herald angels sing, Glo - - ry to the new-born King, Peace on earth, and mercy mild,



*for.**pia.**for.*

God and sinners rec - on - - cil'd, God and sinners rec - - on - cil'd. Joyful, all ye nations, rise,

Join the triumph of the skies, With th' an - gel - ic host pro - claim Christ is born in Beth - le - - hem.

CHORUS.

A handwritten musical score for a four-part chorus. The music is in common time and G major. The parts are:

- Bass Part:** The bottom part, written on three staves. It includes lyrics like "Hark! the herald angels sing," "Glo - ry," and "Glo - ry to the new - born King."
- Tenor Part:** The second part from the bottom, also on three staves. It includes lyrics like "Glo - ry," "Glo - ry," and "Glo - ry."
- Soprano Part:** The top part, written on two staves. It includes lyrics like "Glo - ry," "Glo - ry," and "Glo - ry."
- Alto Part:** The third part from the bottom, written on two staves. It includes lyrics like "Hark! the herald angels sing," "Glo - ry," and "Glo - ry."

The score uses a mix of whole, half, and quarter notes. Measure numbers are present above the staves. The word "for." appears twice, likely indicating endings or specific performance instructions. The lyrics "Glo - ry" are repeated frequently throughout the piece.

HYMN FOR NEW YEAR.

L. M.

O. Shaw.

MAESTOSO.



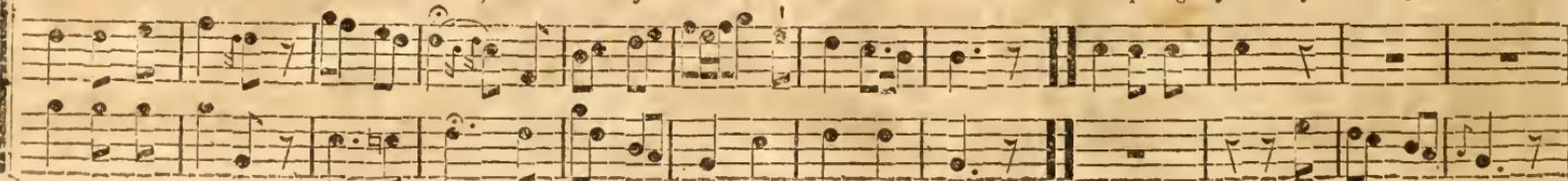
Great God, we sing thy mighty hand, By which supported still we stand: The op'ning year thy mercy shows:



for.



Let mercy crown it till it close, Let mercy crown it till it close. The op'ning year thy mercy shows,



ad lib. tempo. for.

till it close.
pia.
Let mercy crown it till it close. Let mercy crown it till it close, till it close, Let mercy crown it till it close.

2 In scenes exalted or depress'd
Be thou our joy, and thou our rest;
Thy goodness all our hopes shall raise,
Ador'd thro' all our changing days.

3 When death shall interrupt these songs,
And seal in silence mortal tongues,
Our helper God, in whom we trust,
In better worlds our souls shall boast.

The above tune may be sung in common Hymns by omitting the last strain, if preferred.

pia. 2d time.

DISMISSION.

for.

P. M.

Hawes.

Some sweet savour of thy favour

Heav'n ward as to thee we go,

Blessing, praising, without ceasing,

Shed abroad in ev'ry heart:

Leaving guilt and fear below:

Bid us Lord depart.

I sing th' Almighty pow'r of God That made the mountains rise; That spread the flowing seas abroad And built the lofty

skies, And built the lofty skies. I sing the wisdom that ordain'd The sun to rule the day; The

moon shines full at his command And all the stars o - - obey, And all the stars o - - obey.

ZOAR. C. M.

Dr. Arnold.

Be - hold the glories of the Lamb, Amidst his Father's throne ! Prepare new honors for his name, And songs before unknown.

BETHRON.

C. M.

O. Shae.

MODERATO.

Moderato.

pia.

Not unto us, but thee alone, Blest Lamb, be glory giv'n; Here shall thy

Not un - to us, but thee a - lone, Blest Lamb, be glo - - ry giv'n; Here shall thy

Cres.

Duett.

for. *pia.*

for.

prais - - es be begun, And car - ried on in heav'n, And car - ried on in heav'n.

A handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is in common time and includes various dynamics like forte (f), piano (p), and accents. Measures 1-10 are shown, ending with a double bar line.

RIELY'S.

C. M.

Riely.

25

MODERATO.

Musical score for Riely's hymn in C major, moderate tempo. The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in common time, while the fourth staff begins in common time and ends in F major. The lyrics describe God's faithfulness and the trust in him.

him, the arm of
God's faith - ful prom - ise I shall praise, On which I now re - ly; In God I trust, and trusting him, The arm of flesh defy.

SUPPLICATION.

C. M.

Handel.

MODERATO.

Musical score for the Supplication in C major, moderate tempo, by Handel. The score consists of four staves. The lyrics express a plea for mercy and salvation.

Regard my supplication, Lord, The cries that I repeat; With weeping eyes and listed hands Before thy mercy seat.

HYMN FOR GOOD FRIDAY.

L. M.

Bradbury.

ANDANTE. *Larghetto e Piano.*SEMI CHORUS. *Sotto Voce.*

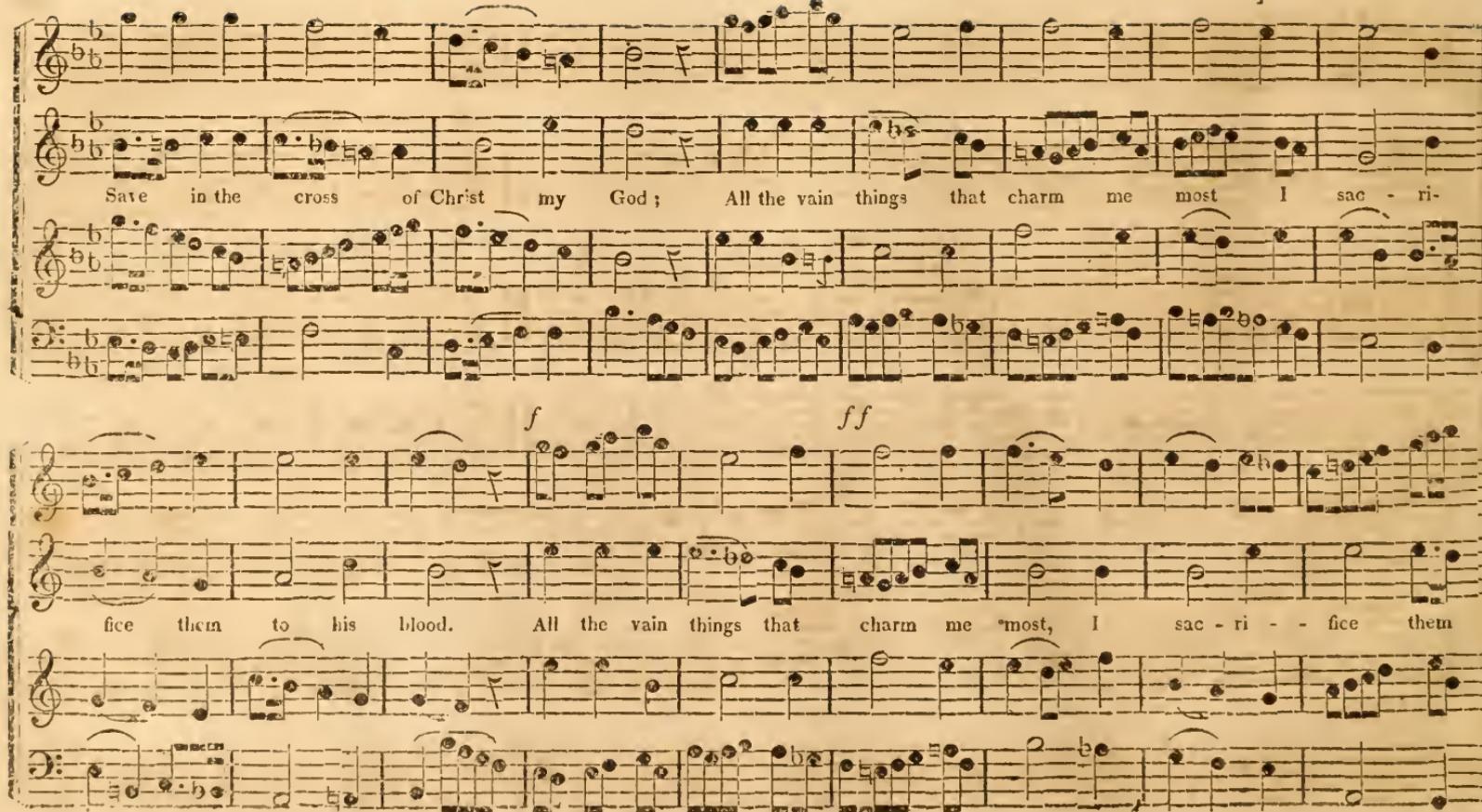
When I sur - vey the wond'rous cross, On which the Prince of Glo - ry died; My

Syn.

organ.

I count but
rich - est gain I count but loss, and pour contempt on all my pride, and pour con - tempt on
all my pride.
For - bid it Lord that I should boast,
Sym.

pia.



TRIO. LARGO. *Affettuoso.*

to his blood.

Sym.

See from his head, his

hands, his feet, Sorrow and love flow min - gled down;

Did e'er such love and

Sym.

Music score for three staves in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the middle staff an alto F-clef, and the bottom staff a bass G-clef. The music consists of two measures followed by lyrics.

sor - row meet, Or thorns com - pose so rich a crown? Did e'er such love and sorrow meet, Or

Music score continuation for three staves in common time, key signature of one flat. The score includes dynamic markings like forte (f), piano (p), and sforzando (sf). The lyrics "thorns com -pose so rich a crown? crown? Sym." are repeated, with "crown?" underlined and "Sym." at the end.

1st time. 2d time. pia.

thorns com -pose so rich a crown? crown? Sym.

GHORUS. VIVACE *for.*

31

Musical score for the Chorus section, Vivace *for.* The score consists of four staves, each with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The vocal parts are written in eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

Were the whole realm of na - - ture mine, That were a pres - ent far too small; Love so a-

*for.*DUET. *pia.*

Musical score for the Duet section, *pia.* The score consists of two staves, each with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The vocal parts are written in eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

so di - vine,

maz - ing, so di - - vine, Demands my soul, my life, my all. Love so a - - maz - - ing, so di -

*pia.**for.**Adagio.*

vine, Demands my soul, my life, my all, Demands my soul, my life, my all.

voice.

*LARGHETTO.***ANTICIPATION.****S. M.*****R. Taylor.***

Have mercy, Lord, on me, As thou wert ev - er kind, Let me, oppress'd with loads of guilt, Thy wont - ed mer - cy find.

NINETY-SEVENTH PSALM.

L. M:

Tuckey.

33

Darkness and clouds of awful shade, His dazzling glory shroud in state;

Justice and truth his guards are made, And fix'd by his pa - vil - ion wait.

SAVANNAH.

7's.

Jesus comes with all his grace, Comes to save a fallen race; Object of our glorious hope, Jesus comes to lift us up.

EASTER.

7's.

Handel.

CHRIST, the Lord, is ris'n to day, Sons of men and an - - - gels say;

End with the first part.

Raise your joys and tri - - umphs high, Sing, ye heav'ns, and earth, re - ply.

- 2 Love's redeeming work is done ;
Fought the fight, the battle won !
Lo ! our Sun's eclipse is o'er ;
Lo ! he sits in blood no more !
- 3 Vain the stone, the watch, the seal,
Christ hath burst the gates of hell !
Death in vain forbids his rise,
Christ hath open'd paradise.

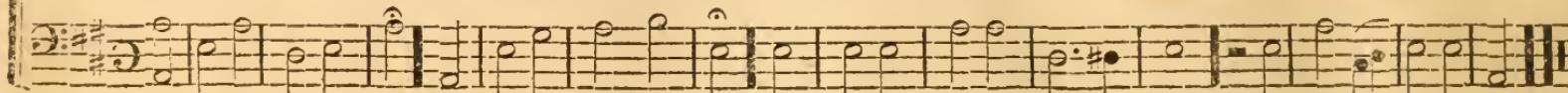
- 4 Lives again our glorious King.
Where, O death, is now thy sting ?
Once he died our souls to save
Where's thy victory, O grave ?

- 5 Soar we now where Christ has led,
Foll'wing our exalted head ;
Made like him, like him we rise,
Ours the cross, the grave the skie.

SHIRLAND. S. M.

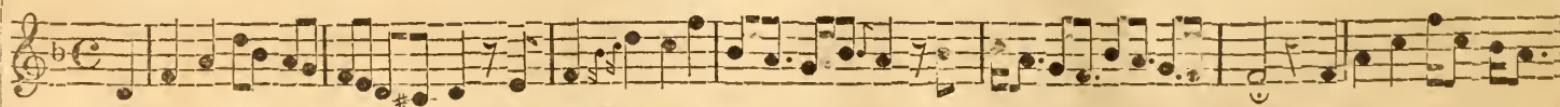


He leads me to the place Where heav'nly pastures grow; Where living waters gently pass, And full salvation flows.



MUSICIAN'S HYMN. 8-5-6.

ADAGIO.



Thou God of harmony and love, Whose name transports the saints above, And lulls the ravish'd spheres; On thee in feeble



strains I call, And mix my humble voice with all Thy heav'nly choristers, Thy heav'nly choristers.

2 If well I know the tuneful art,
To captivate a human heart,
The glory, Lord, be thine ;
A servant of Thy blessed will,
I here devote my utmost skill,
To sound Thy praise divine.

3 O, might I with the saints aspire,
The meanest of that dazzling choir,
Who chant Thy praise above ;
Mix'd with the bright, celestial band,
May I a heav'nly harper stand,
And sing the song of Love !

4 What ecstacy of bliss is there
While all th' angelick concert share,
And drink the floating joys !
What more than ecstacy when all,
Struck to the golden pavement fall
At Jesus' glorious voice.

A handwritten musical score for three voices. The top two staves are soprano voices in common time, treble clef, and key signature of one sharp. The third staff is a basso continuo in common time, bass clef, and key signature of one flat. The music consists of eight measures. The lyrics are:

God is the refuge of his saints When storms of sharp distress invade; Ere we can offer
our complaints, Behold him present with his aid, Behold him present with his aid.

CUMBERLAND.

L. M.

R. Taylor.

39

Lively.

My soul her ut - most pow'r shall raise,

Praise ye the Lord, our God to praise, My soul her utmost pow'r shall raise, With private friends and in the

Organ. Bass voice silent.

*ff**Organ. Bass voice silent.*

Of saints, his praise shall be my song.

*ff Tenor.**Trio. 2d Treble Tenor silent.*

throng Of saints, his praise shall be my song, Of saints, his praise shall be my song.

Duo.

Of saints, his praise shall be my song, Of saints, his praise shall be my song.

Bass Solo.

ff

Of saints, his praise, his praise Of saints, his praise, his praise

MOIRA.

C. M.

D. Weyman.

When I pour out my soul in pray'r, Do thou, O Lord, attend; e - ter - nal
To thy To thy e-

throne of grace Treble Solo. Let my sad cry as - cend.
Let my sad cry as - cend.

Let my sad cry as - cend.

QUINCY.

6 line L. M.

Costellow.

41

*For.**tr**tr**tr**tr**Sotto Voce.*

I'll praise my Maker with my breath, And when my voice is lost in death, Praise shall employ my nobler pow'r's; My

tr*For.**tr**tr**tr**tr*

days of praise shall ne'er be past, While life, and thought, and being ast, Or im - mor - tal - i - - ty endures.

tr

MARLAY.

C. M.

D. Weyman.

How long wilt thou for - get me, Lord, Must I for - ev - er mourn?
Must I for - - ev - er mourn?

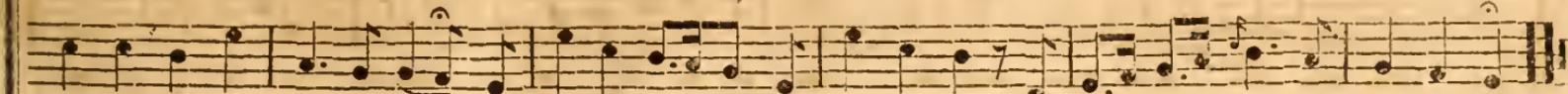
for - ev - er mourn, for - - ev - - er mourn.

How long wilt thou with - draw from me, Oh, nev - er to re) - turn, Oh never to re - - turn.
tr

organ. voice.

*Duetto.*

How pleasant, how divinely fair, O Lord of hosts, thy dwellings are ! With long desire my spirit saints, To

*Cres.**Tutti. For.*

meet th' assemblies of thy saints. With long de - sire my spirit saints, To meet th' assemblies of thy saints.



SABAOTH.

L. M.

R. Taylor.

ANDANTE.

A musical score for 'SABAOTH.' by R. Taylor, in L. M. (Largo, Moderate), Andante tempo. The score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by '2/4') and the fourth staff is in 3/4 time. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal line begins with 'O all ye people, clap your hands, And with tri - um - phant voices sing;'. The music features various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth note combinations. The lyrics continue with 'No force the mighty pow'r withstands Of God, the u - ni - ver - sal King. King.' The score concludes with a final section of music.

O all ye people, clap your hands, And with tri - um - phant voices sing;

No force the mighty pow'r withstands Of God, the u - ni - ver - sal King. King.

Lively.

BONHILL.

C. M:

S. Holden.

45

Musical score for the Bonhill tune in Common Time (C. M.). The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in 2/4 time. The key signature is one flat (F#). The vocal parts are labeled 'Lively.' (top), 'BONHILL.' (middle), 'C. M:' (third), and 'S. Holden.' (fourth). The lyrics are: "With my whole heart, my God, my King, Thy praise I will proclaim; Be - fore the Lord with joy will sing, And bless thy ho - ly name."

*Pia.**Fortis.*

Musical score for the S. Holden tune in 2/4 time. The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in 2/4 time. The key signature is one flat (F#). The vocal parts are labeled 'Pia.' (top), 'Fortis.' (middle), and 'S. Holden.' (bottom). The lyrics are: "With my whole heart, my God, my King, Thy praise I will proclaim; Be - fore the Lord with joy will sing, And bless thy ho - ly name."

FUNERAL HYMN. L. M.

Handel.

GRAVE.



Unveil thy bosom, faithful tomb, Take this new treasure to thy trust; And give these sacred reliks room, To



Andante. Mastoso, Con Furia, Forte.

Pia.



slumber in the silent dust. Break from his throne, illustrious morn! Attend, O grave, his sovereign word! Restore thy trust; the



For.

*Andante. Maestoso.***CASHEL.****L. P. M.****Dr. Arnold.**

The Lord hath spoke, the mighty God Hath sent his summons all abroad: From dawning light, till

2d Treble Tenor silent.

pia.

Tutti. for.

Handwritten musical score for Tutti. for. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system starts with a dynamic of $\text{f} \#$ (fortissimo with a sharp sign) and continues with p (pianissimo). The lyrics are: "day declines, From dawning light, till day declines, The list'ning earth his voice hath heard: And he from". The second system begins with "for." followed by a dynamic of p (pianissimo). The lyrics are: "Tutti. for. fortis." The score uses a single staff with various note heads and rests.

Tutti.

Handwritten musical score for Tutti. for. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system starts with a dynamic of $\text{f} \#$ (fortissimo with a sharp sign) and continues with p (pianissimo). The lyrics are: "Zion hath appear'd, Where beauty in perfection shines, Where beauty in perfection shines.". The second system begins with "for." followed by a dynamic of f (fortissimo). The lyrics are: "for. fortis.". The score uses a single staff with various note heads and rests.

ST. ANDREWS.

C. M.

J. Blewit.

49

Andante.

O Lord, our Fathers oft have told,
In our attentive ears,

Thy wonders in their days

Thy wonders in their days perform'd, And elder times than theirs.

Thy wonders in

And elder

HIGH IN THE HEAV'NS, ETERNAL GOD.

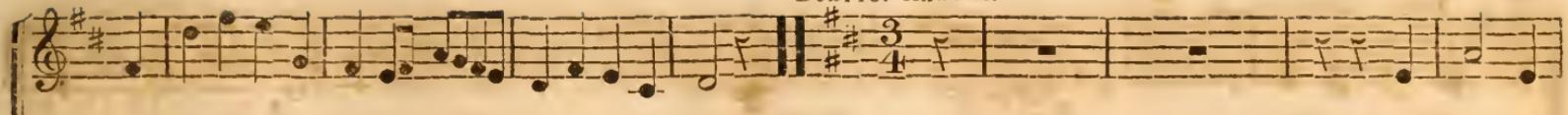
ANTHEM.

O. Shaw.

Tempo Ordinario.

High in the heav'ns, e - ter - - nal God, Thy goodness in full glory shines; Thy truth shall break through
 ev' - - - ry cloud That veils and dark - ens thy de - signs, That veils and dark - ens thy designs.

DUETTO. Andantè.



My God, how excellent thy grace, My God, how

excellent thy grace, Whence all our hopes and comfort springs, Whence all our hopes and comfort springs!

Fly to the shadow of thy wings.
The sons of Adam in distress, Fly to the shadow, the shadow, the shadow of thy wings.
Fly to the shadow, the shadow, the shadow of thy wings.
Fly to the shadow, Fly to the shadow, the shadow of thy wings.



CHORUS. Tempo Primo.

Four staves of musical notation in G major, 2/4 time. The top two staves are identical, featuring a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom two staves are identical, featuring a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics "From the provisions of thy house, We shall be fed with sweet repast, We shall be fed with sweet repast;" are written below the first two staves. The notation includes various note heads and stems, with some notes grouped by vertical lines.



Organo.

CHORUS.

Life, like a fountain, rich and free, Springs from the presence of my Lord, Springs from the presence of my Lord;

Duet.

55

And in thy light our souls shall see

The glo - - ries promis'd in thy word, The glo - ries promis'd in thy word.

The glo - - - ries pronis'd in thy word,

organo.

Chorus.

And in thy light our souls shall see

The glo - - ries promis'd by thy word, The glories promis'd by thy word.

The glo - - ries promis'd by thy word,

The glo - - - ries promis'd by thy word,

HOWARD'S.

C. M.

Mrs. Cuthbert:

Plaintive and Slow.

Lord, hear the voice of my complaint, Accept my secret pray'r; To thee, alone, my king, my God, Will I for help repair.

EXETER. S. M.

See what a living stone The builders did refuse! Yet God hath built his church thereon In spite of envious Jews.

BLANDFORD.

P. M.

J. Battishill.

57

Tenderly.

Let all the nations fear The God, who rules above, He brings his people near And makes them taste his love. While earth and sky Attempt his praise, His saints shall raise His hon - ors high.

ARISE, O LORD.

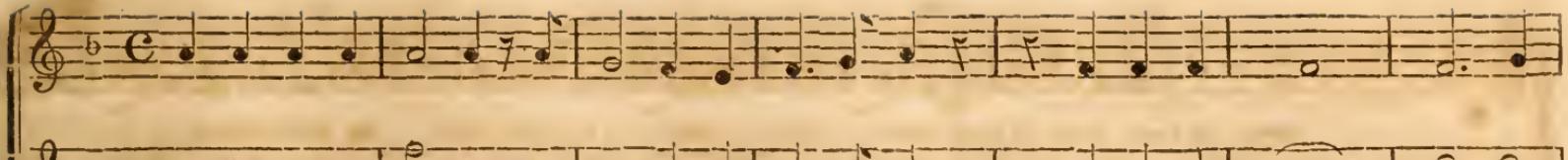
ANTHEM.

Jones.

pia.

Arise, O Lord, arise, O Lord, arise, arise, arise, O Lord, unto thy resting place,
 Arise, O Lord, arise, O Lord, arise, arise, arise, O Lord, unto thy resting place, Arise, O
 Arise, arise, O Lord, Organ. unto

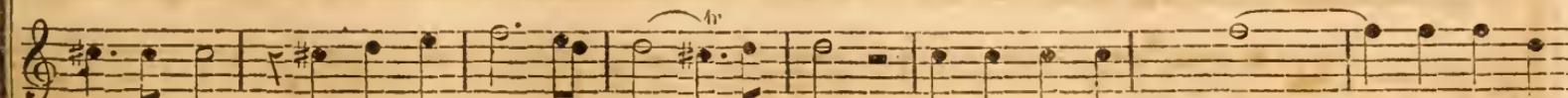
Lord, unto thy resting place, Thou and the Ark, the Ark of thy strength, Thou, thou and the Ark of thy strength.



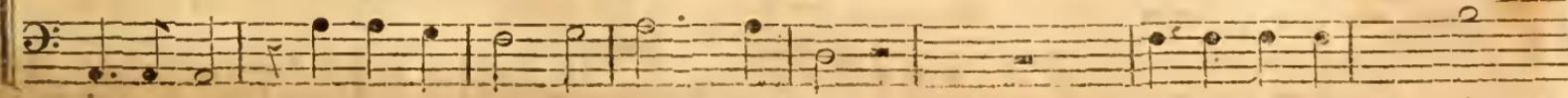
Let thy Priest be cloathed, be cloathed with righteousness, And let thy Saints sing with



And let thy saints sing - -



joyfulness, Let thy Saints sing with joy - ful - ness, And let thy saints sing let thy saints



And let thy saints sing - -

let thy Saints sing, let thy saints sing,
sing, let thy saints sing, sing, sing with joyfulness, Let thy Saints sing with joyfulness, with joyfulness, Let
let thy saints sing, sing, sing, sing with joyfulness, Organ. with

thy Saints sing with joyfulness, Let thy Saints sing with joyfulness, Let thy saints sing with joyfulness.

HAMPTON.

C. M.

By an Amateur.

61

A musical score for 'HAMPTON' in common time (C. M.). The score consists of six staves of music. The first two staves are soprano voices, the third is bass, and the last three are harmonies. The lyrics are written below the bass staff. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with several rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano). The key signature is one sharp, indicating G major.

Thou dear Re - - deem - er, dy - - ing Lamb! We love to hear of Thee; No mu - - sick
like thy love - - ly name Does sound so sweet to me, Does sound so sweet to me.

To bless thy chosen race, In mercy, Lord, incline; And cause the brightness of thy face, On all thy church to shine.

KENTUCKY.

8 7 4.

A Favourite Missionary Hymn.

Look my soul be still and gaze;

All the promises do travail

Look my soul be still and gaze;

O'er the gloomy hills of darkness, Look my soul be still and gaze; All the promises do travail,

All

Look my soul be still and gaze;

All the promises do travail,

All

All With a glorious day of grace.

Blessed Jubilee, let thy glorious morning dawn.

Blessed Jubilee, let thy glorious morn, let thy glorious morning dawn.

All the promises do travail With a glorious day of grace :

Blessed Jubilee, blessed Jubilee, Let thy glor - ious morning dawn.

Blessed Jubilee, Let thy glorious morn - - - - Let thy glorious morning dawn.

3 Kingdoms wide that sit in darkness,
Grant them **LORD**, the glorious light,
And from eastern coast to western
May the morning chase the night,
And redemption
Freely purchas'd, win the day.

4 May the glorious day approaching,
From eternal darkness dawn,
And the everlasting gospel
Spread abroad thy holy name:
All the borders
Of the great **IMMANUEL**'s land

5 Fly abroad, thou mighty gospel,
Win and conquer, never cease :
May thy lasting wide dominions
Multiply and still increase ;
Sway thy sceptre,
Saviour, all the world around.

LONDON GRAND.

L. M.

J. Battishill.

ANDANTE. for.

pia.

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is two flats, and the time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The tempo is marked 'ANDANTE' and 'for.' above the first staff. The dynamics 'pia.' are indicated above the middle and bottom staves. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first section of lyrics is: 'Be - - fore Je - - ho - vah's aw - - ful throne, Ye nations bow with sa - - cred joy;'. The second section starts with 'for.' above the bass staff and continues: 'Know that the Lord is God a - lone, He can cre - ate, and he destroy. tr.'

Musical score for "MEADVILLE" in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The music consists of three staves of musical notation. The lyrics are:

E - - ter - nal wisdom, thee we praise, Thee the cre - - a - - tion sings; With thy lov'd name, rocks,

for.

hills, and seas, And heav'n's high palace rings, And heav'n's high pal - - ace rings.

Musical score for "FAILSWORTH" by J. Leach, C. M. The score consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The music is divided into two sections by a repeat sign with a brace. The lyrics are integrated into the musical lines, with some words underlined or enclosed in brackets. The first section starts with the lyrics "With thee, great God, the stores of light, And stores of darkness lie:". The second section starts with the lyrics "Thou form'st the sa - - ble robe at night, And spread'st it round the sky."

With thee, great God, the stores of light, And stores of darkness lie:

Thou form'st the sa - - ble robe at night, And spread'st it round the sky.

WHITEFIELD.

S. M.

67

SLOW.

Three staves of musical notation for voice and piano. The top staff is for the voice, starting in C major (two sharps) and transitioning to E major (one sharp). The middle staff is for the piano, also in C major. The bottom staff is for the piano, starting in C major and transitioning to E major. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

And must this body die! This mortal frame decay! This mortal frame decay! And must these active

PIA.

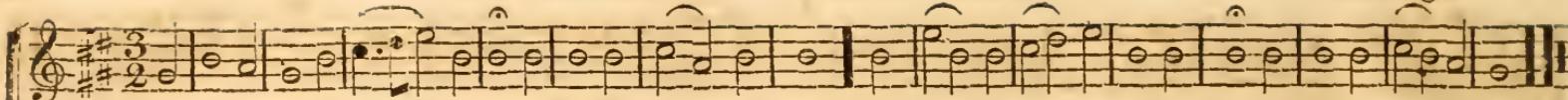
Three staves of musical notation for piano. The top staff shows a continuous eighth-note pattern. The middle staff shows a continuous eighth-note pattern. The bottom staff shows a continuous eighth-note pattern. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

limbs of mine Lie mould'ring in the clay, Lie mould'ring in the clay, Lie mould'ring in the clay!

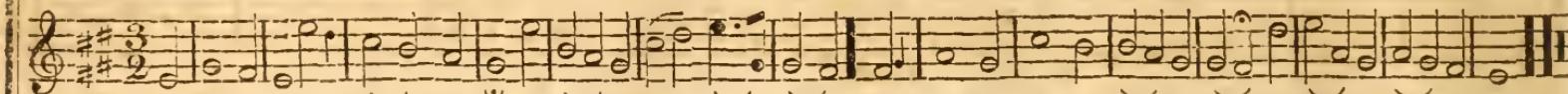
CHARMOOUTH.

C. M.

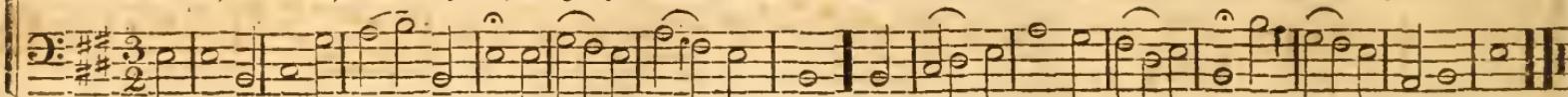
Dr. Wainwright.



SOLEMN.



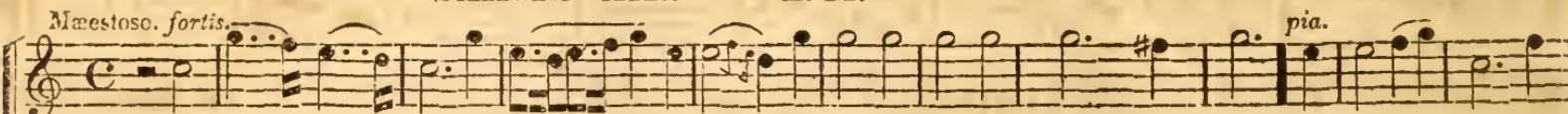
Prostrate, dear Jesus, at thy feet, A guilty rebel lies; And upwards, to thy mercy seat, Presumes to lift his eyes.



SAINTS' AIR.

L. M.

Handel.



Unison.



Je - - ho - - vah reigns, let all the earth In his just govern - ment rejoice; Let all the Isles with



*pianiss.**fortiss.**Unison.*

In his

sa - cred mirth, In his ap - - plause,

In his ap - - plause,

In his ap - plause u - - nite their voice.

*ff**ff* In his*Organ. pia.*

In his

ABRIDGE.

C. M.

I. Smith.

Lord, how divine thy comforts are! How heav'nly is the place, Where Jesus spreads the sacred feast Of his redeeming grace.



With cheerful notes let all the earth, To heav'n their voices raise: Let all, inspir'd with

For. *tr.* Fortiss.

god - ly mirth, Sing solemn hymns of praise. Hal - - le - lu - jah, Hal - - le - lu - jah Hal - - - - - le -

Fortiss.

71

Musical score for "Hallelujah" in four staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the second staff an alto clef, the third staff a bass clef, and the fourth staff a double bass clef. The key signature is common time. The vocal line consists of repeated "Hallelujah"s. The first two staves have dynamic markings "tr" above the notes. The third and fourth staves have dynamic markings "org. p" and "mf" respectively. The vocal line is as follows:

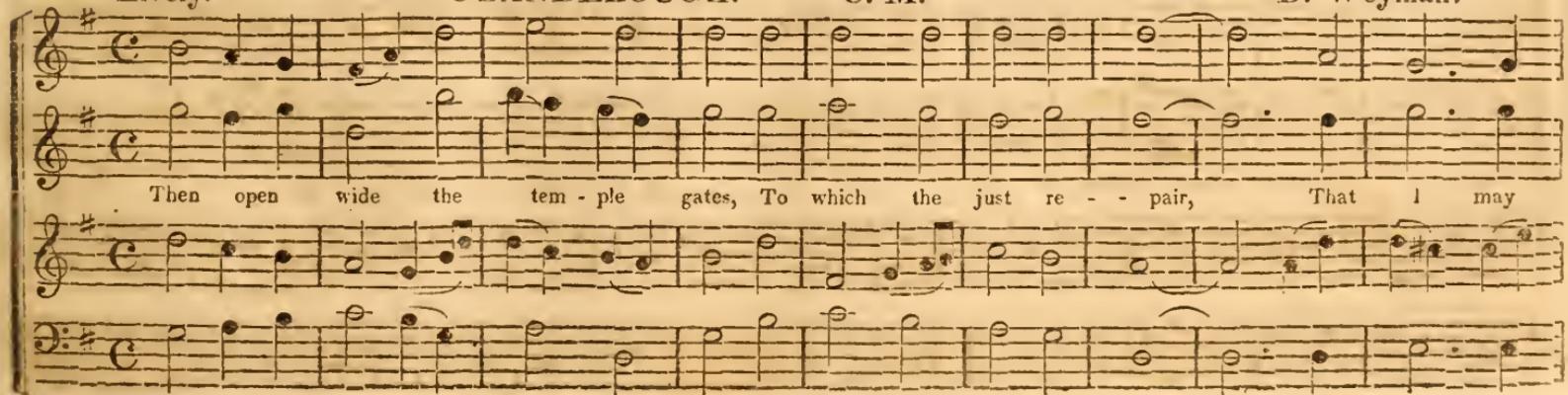
lu - - - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - - jah, Hal - le - lu - - jah.
lu - - - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - - jah, Hal - le - lu - - jah.
tr
tr
org. p Hal - le - lu - jah, mf Hal - le - lu - - jah, Hal - le - lu - - jah.

Lively.

GLANDELOUGH.

C. M.

D. Weyman.



Musical score for "Then open wide the temple gates" in four staves. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The tempo is Lively. The vocal line consists of the lyrics "Then open wide the temple gates, To which the just re - - pair, That I may". The music is in common time. The vocal line is as follows:

Then open wide the temple gates, To which the just re - - pair, That I may
Then open wide the temple gates, To which the just re - - pair, That I may

en - - ter in, And praise my great De - - liv' - rer there. DUO. 1st & 2d Trebles.

That I may

Fortiss.

And praise my great De - - liv' - rer there.

en - - ter in, And praise my great, my great

ALEXANDRIA.

C. M.

J. Leach.

73

Who place on Sion's God their trust, Like Sion's rock shall stand;
For. Like Sion's
Like her immoveable be fix'd, By his Almigh - ty hand.

From Sion's hill I lift mine eyes, From thence ex - pecting aid : DUO. 1st & 2d Trebles.

From Sion's hill, and Si - - on's

Fortiss.

Who heav'n and earth has made, Who heav'n and earth has made.

God, From Si - - on's hill and Si - on's God,

Largo.

PORTUGAL.

L. M.

T. Thorley.

75

My God, permit me not to be A stran - ger to my -- self and thee;
A -- midst a thousand thoughts I rove, For - get - ful cf my highest love.

Shine, mighty God, on this our land, With beams of heav'nly grace; Reveal thy pow'r through all our coasts, Re-

veal thy pow'r thro' all our coasts, Reveal thy pow'r thro' all our coasts, And shew thy smil - - ing face.

Moderato.

HARWICH.

5. 6.

Milgrove.

77

A musical score for two voices and piano. The top section, 'HARWICH', consists of four staves of music in common time, treble clef, and key signature of one flat. The lyrics are: 'All ye that pass by, To Jesus draw nigh; To you is it nothing that Jesus should die? Our ransom and peace, Our surely he is,'. The bottom section, 'Milgrove', also has four staves of music in common time, treble clef, and key signature of one flat. The lyrics are: 'Come, see, come, see, come, see, come, see if there ever was sorrow like this. Come, see if there ever was sorrow like this.'

Pia.

For.

A musical score for piano and forte. The piano part (Pia.) is shown in the first two staves, featuring eighth-note patterns. The forte part (For.) is shown in the last two staves, featuring sixteenth-note patterns.

My soul with grateful thoughts of love In - tire - ly is possesst; Because the Lord vouch-
saf'd to hear - The voice of my re - quest. Since he has now his ear inclin'd, I never

will despair; But still in all the straits of life, To him address my pray'r.

Andante.

RANELAGH.

P. M.

Mrs. Horne.

PIA.

FOR.

To God, the migh - ty Lord, Your joyful thanks repeat; To him due praise af - ford, As



VIVACE.

Tutti. F F

good as he is great: For God does prove our constant friend; His boundless love shall
For God does prove our constant

friend; His
never end, His boundless love shall never end, His boundless love shall nev - er end.
His boundless love
friend; His
His boundless

Plaintive.

EMANCIPATION.

C. M.

D. Weyman.

F 81

When Sion's God her sons re - - - call'd
 From long cap - tiv - i - ty, From
 long cap - tiv - i - ty, From
 long cap - tiv - i - ty, From
 FOR.
 long cap - tiv - i - ty: DUO. 1st & 2d Trebles.
 Of what we wish'd to see.
 It seem'd at first a pleas - ing dream,
 FOR.
 Org. P
 From long cap - tiv - i - ty, From long cap - tiv - i - ty, From long cap - tiv - i - ty, From long cap - tiv - i - ty:
 Of what we wish'd to see, what we wish'd to see.

Musical notation for the hymn tune STAMFORD, consisting of three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the third staff is in 2/4 time (indicated by a '2'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Lord, not to us, we claim no share, But to thy sacred name, Give glory, for thy mercy's sake, And truth's eternal fame.

Musical notation for the hymn tune STAMFORD, continuing from the previous page. It consists of three staves of music, with the first two in common time (C) and the third in 2/4 time (2). The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Vivace.

RICHMOND.

C. M.

R. Taylor.

Musical notation for the hymn tune RICHMOND, consisting of three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (C) and the third staff is in 2/4 time (2). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

O praise the Lord with one consent, And mag - ni - fy his name, And mag - ni - fy his name;

Musical notation for the hymn tune RICHMOND, continuing from the previous page. It consists of three staves of music, with the first two in common time (C) and the third in 2/4 time (2). The key signature is one sharp (F#).

2d Treble. Tenor Silent.

F F

His worthy praise proclaim.

Let all the servants of the Lord

1st Treble.

F.F.

His worthy praise proclaim.

His worthy praise pro - - claim,

His worthy praise, His

F.F. His worthy, wor - thy praise proclaim.

CHORUS.

Pia.

Cres.

For.

Hal-le-lu-jah, Hal-le-lu-jah, Hal - le - lu - - - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - - - - jah.

Pia.

Cres.

For.

ANDANTE.

Give me neither
all vanity and lies. Give me neither poverty nor riches,
Remove far from me vanity, all vanity and lies.

poverty nor riches, give me neither poverty nor riches. Feed me with poverty nor riches.
 poverty nor riches neither poverty nor riches.
 Give me neither poverty nor riches, poverty nor riches. Feed me with food con-
 Give me neither poverty nor riches.

Eres.

For.

85

food con - - ven - ient for me, lest I be full, full, and de - - ny thee,
 feed me with food con - - ven - ient for me, lest I be full and de - ny thee, and say
 ven - ient for me; lest I be full and de - ny thee, and say, Who -
 feed me with food con - - ven - ient for me, lest I be full, *For.* and say

Pia.

sf

sf

Who is the Lord? Or lest I be poor, and steal, lest I be poor, and steal, be

Who is the Lord? *Pia.* *sf* Or lest I be poor, and steal, *sf* lest I be poor, and

is the Lord? Or lest I be poor, and steal, lest I be poor, and steal, be

Who is the Lord?

Or lest I be poor, and steal, lest I be poor, and

Cres.

poor, poor, and steal, the name of my God in vain.
 poor, and steal, and take the name of my God in vain.
 poor, Cres. and steal, and take the name, the name of my God in vain
 steal, poor, and steal, and take the name of my God in vain.

Repeat the whole (except the five first Bars) in Chorus.

BARBY.

C. M.

Tansur.

The Lord himself, the mighty Lord, Vouchsafes to be my guide; The shepherd by whose constant care, My wants are all supply'd.

Vivace.

HEPHZIBAH.

C. M.

Husband.

87

A musical score for four voices. The top staff is 'Vivace.' (C. M.), the second is 'HEPHZIBAH.' (C. M.), the third is 'C. M.', and the bottom is 'Husband.' (C. M.). The music consists of two staves per voice, with the bass line on the bottom. The lyrics are: 'O, 'twas a joyful sound to hear, Our tribes de - vot - ly say, Up, Is - - rael, to the temple'. The key signature changes from F major to G major at the end.

Tutti For.

Tutti. F.F.

A musical score for four voices. The top staff is 'Tutti For.' (C. M.), the second is 'Tutti. F.F.' (C. M.), the third is 'Tutti. F.F.' (C. M.), and the bottom is 'Tutti. F.F.' (C. M.). The lyrics are: 'haste, DUO. Treble & Bass.' The music consists of two staves per voice, with the bass line on the bottom.

haste, DUO. Treble & Bass.

And keep your festal day, And keep your festal day, *Treble.* And keep your festal day.

Up, Israel, to the temple haste, *F.*

And keep, *F.F.*

A musical score for four voices. The top staff is 'Tutti. F.F.' (C. M.), the second is 'Tutti. F.F.' (C. M.), the third is 'Tutti. F.F.' (C. M.), and the bottom is 'Tutti. F.F.' (C. M.). The lyrics are: 'Up, Israel, to the temple haste, *F.*' The music consists of two staves per voice, with the bass line on the bottom.

HYMN FOR THANKSGIVING.

Dr. J. A. Stevenson.

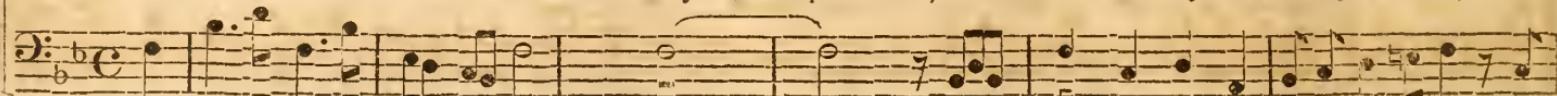
MÆSTOSO.

Pia.

For.

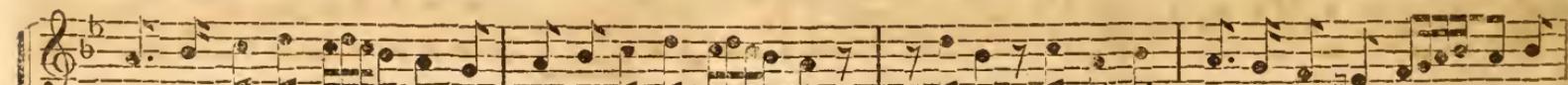


FOR. Re - deemed by their Shepherd's care, Re - deem - ed by their Shepherd's care, In

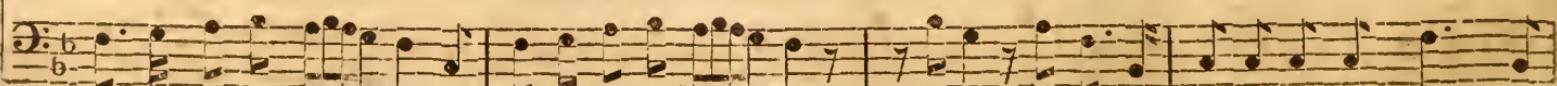


As Israel's people in despair, organo. Redeemed by their Shepherd's care, In

rejoice, rejoice,



gratitude rejoice, In gratitude rejoice, rejoice, rejoice, In gratitude rejoice, In



gratitude rejoice,
Or, as on Sinai's banks reclin'd, Our

Cres. Pia. Cres. For. Pia.

holy fathers swell'd the wind With hallelujah's voice, With hallelujah's voice, Our holy fathers swell'd the wind, With

For.

F F

4r

hal - - - le - - lu - jah's, with hallelujah's voice, With hallelujah's voice, With ballelujah's voice, Our
 With hal - - le - - - lu - - jah's voice,

holy fathers swell'd the wind With hal - - le - - lu - jah's, with hallelujah's voice, with hallelujah's voice, With
 With hal - - le - - - lu - - jah's voice,

hallelujah's voice.

2 Or as by proud Euphrates' stream,
They rais'd to Thee the heav'nly theme
Of wonder, love, and praise;
So we, for all thy bounteous care,
Thy Providence, divinely fair,
Our pious Orgies raise.

Solo.

3 How long will ignorance surround Our foes ?
or when shall they be found
To seek fair Virtue's way ?
Do thou display thy influence bright,
And guide them with thy heav'nly light.
With thy All-visual ray.

4 Let nations with disdainful pride,
Attempt in vain, in vain divide
Our peace, our happiness ;
Whilst by the shadow of thy wing,
Thou art our Saviour, and our King,
Surrounding worlds confess.

5 Oh, how can we in words declare
Our inward hearts, but thou art there ;
Thy glory let us boast ;
Thou art the everlasting Tree,
Thou art the blest eternity,
The Son, and Holy Ghost.

Andante.

How pleas'd and blest was I, To hear the people cry Come, let us seek our God to day;

Andantino.

Yes, with a cheerful zeal, We'll haste to Zion's hill, And there our vows and honors pay.

WALWORTH.

10's.

Wainwright.

93

ANDANTE.

The Lord, the sov'reign, sends his summons forth, Calls the south nations, and awakes the north; From east to west, the sounding orders spread,

For.

Thro' distant worlds and regions of the dead: No more shall atheists mock his long delay! His vengeance sleeps no more: behold the day!

Let thy kingdom, blessed Saviour, come, And bid our jarring cease; Come, O come, and reign forever, God of love, and
Prince of Peace!

Visit, Lord, thy precious Zion, See thy people mourn and weep;



Day and night thy lambs are crying, Come, good Shepherd, feed thy sheep; Come, good Shepherd, feed thy sheep; Come, good Shepherd,



feed thy sheep; Day and night thy lambs are crying, Come, good Shepherd, feed thy sheep, Come, good Shepherd, feed thy sheep.



A musical score for 'Tenderly' featuring four staves of music and lyrics. The music is in common time, key signature of one sharp (F#), and consists of soprano, alto, tenor, and bass parts. The lyrics are as follows:

Broad is the road that leads to death, And thousands walk to - - geth - - er there!
But wis - - dom shows a nar - - row path, With here and there a trav - - el - ler!

Andante.

SWANWICK.

C. M.

Lucas.

97

Musical score for "Soon shall the glorious morning come" featuring four staves of music and lyrics. The score consists of four staves, each with a different key signature and time signature. The first staff is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The second staff is in F major (one sharp) and common time. The third staff is in C major (no sharps or flats) and common time. The fourth staff is in D major (one sharp) and common time. The lyrics are as follows:

Soon shall the glorious morning come,
When all thy saints shall rise,
And cloth'd in their im-

Bassoon.

mor - - tal bloom, At - - tend thee to the skies, At - - tend thee to the skies.

COME NOT, OH LORD!

Haydn.

Grave.

COME NOT, OH LORD!

Grave.

Come not, oh, Lord, in the dread robe of

A musical score for "The Lamb" by Charles H. Gabriel. The score consists of four staves of music in G major, 2/4 time. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, the third with an alto clef, and the fourth with a bass clef. The lyrics are as follows:
splendor, 'Thou wor'st on the Mount, in the day of thine ire;
Come in those shadows, deep,
aw - ful, but ten - der, Which mercy flings ! over thy features of fire.

Cres. Dim. p pp

2 LORN ! thou rememb'rest the night, when thy Nation
 Stood fronting her Foe by the red-rolling stream ;
On Egypt thy pillar frown'd dark desolation,
 While Israel bask'd all the night in its beam.

3 So, when the dread clouds of anger enfold thee,
 From us, in thy mercy, the dark side remove ;
While shrouded in terrors the guilty behold thee,
 Oh ! turn upon us the mild light of thy love !

SUBMISSION.

C. M.

M. Hall.

God of my life, look gently down, Behold the pains I feel; But I am dumb before thy throne, Nor dare dispute thy will.

Pathetic.

NOTTINGHAM.

L. M.

J. Battishill.

101

One happy hour be - holds me rise, Borne up - wards to my native skies;

While faith as - - - sists my soar - ing flight To realms of joy, and worlds of light.

Ye tribes of Adam join With heav'n and earth and seas, And offer notes di - - vine, And

offer notes di - - vine To your Creator's praise, To your Creator's praise. Ye holy throng of

Pia. For.

angels bright, In worlds of light Begin the song. Ye holy throng Of angels bright, In worlds of light Begin the song.
3

Pia. For.

CLEAVELAND.

C. M.

By an Amateur.

This image shows two staves of musical notation on page 10. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of common time (indicated by a '4'). It consists of 12 measures of music. The bottom staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of common time (indicated by a '2'). It also consists of 12 measures of music. The music is written in black ink on white paper.

When all thy mercies, O, my God, My rising soul surveys; Transported with the view, I'm lost In wonder, love and praise, In wonder, love and praise.

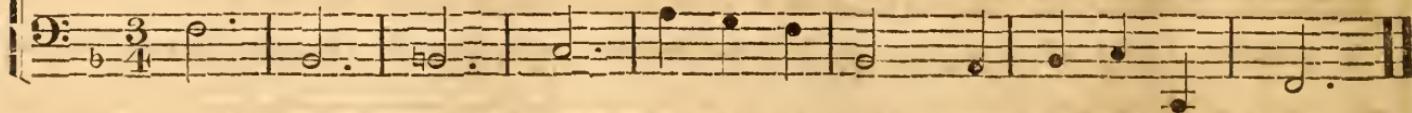
GO, LET ME WEEP!

J. Stevenson.

ADAGIO.

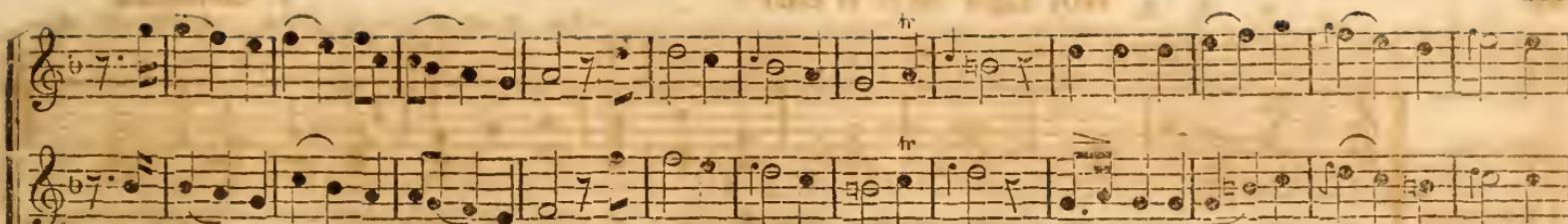


Affettuoso.



Go, let me weep, there's bliss in tears, When he, who sheds them, in - ly feels, Some ling'ring stain of early years





Effac'd by ev'ry drop that steals The fruitless show'rs of worldly woe, Fall dark to earth and never rise; While

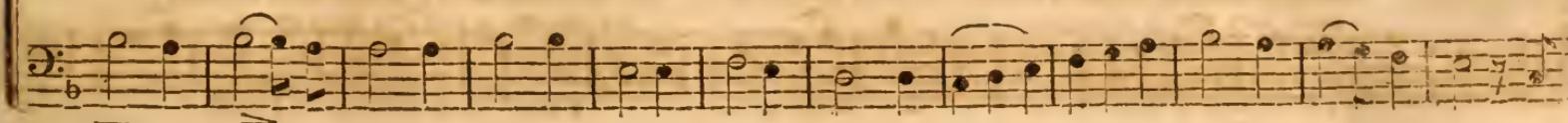


Cres. f

p p



tears that from repentance flow, In bright exhalement reach the skies. Go, let me weep, there's bliss in tears, When



he, who sheds them in-ly feels Some ling'ring stain of early years, Effac'd by ev'ry drop that steals.

2 Leave me to sigh o'er hours that flew
 More idly than the summer's wind,
 And while they pass'd, a fragrance threw,
 But left no trace of sweets behind.—
 The warmest sigh, that pleasure heaves
 Is cold, is faint to those that swell

The heart, where pure repentance grieves
 O'er hours of pleasure, lov'd too well !
 Leave me to sigh o'er days that flew
 More idly than the summer's wind,
 And, while they pass'd, a fragrance threw,
 But left no trace of sweets behind.

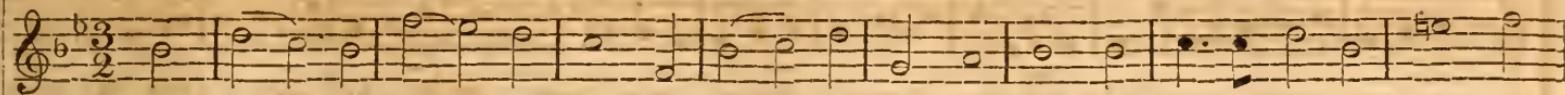
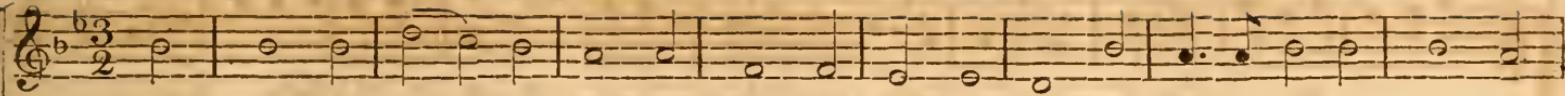
DERRY.

S. M.

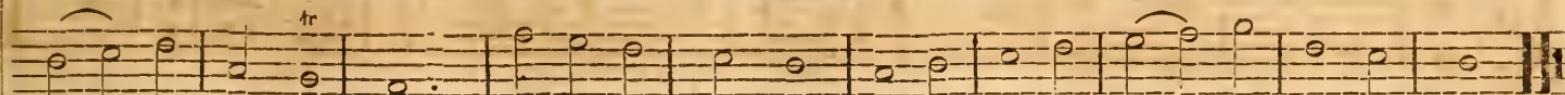
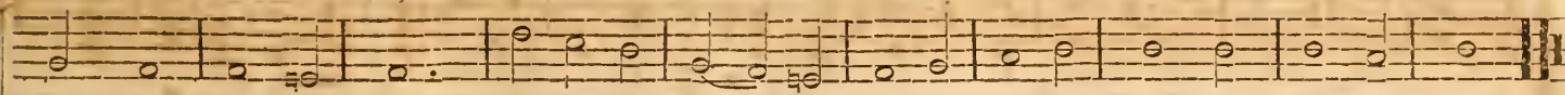
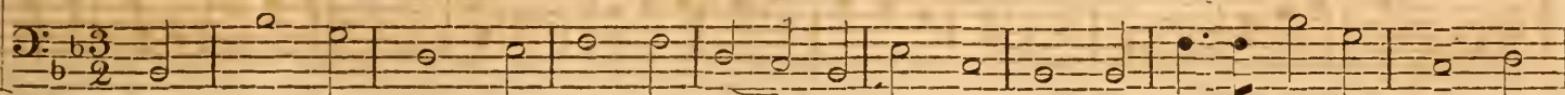
Handel.

107

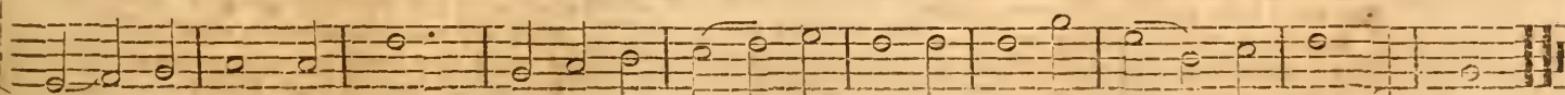
Andante. Sotto voce.



To God, with mournful voice, In deep distress I pray'd, In deep distress I pray'd, In



deep distress I pray'd: Made him the umpire of my cause, My wrongs before him laid.



Thee, I will bless, my God and King, Thy endless praise, Thy endless praise proclaim; This
 praise, thy endless praise pro - - claim; This tri - - bute
 F.F. Thy endless praise proclaim; This

Andante.

tri - - bute dai - ly I will bring, And ever bless thy name.
 tribute dai - ly I will bring, And ev - er bless thy name. Treble.
 dai - - ly I will bring, And ever bless thy name, And ever bless thy name. Hal - le - lu - jah,
 tri - bute daily I will bring, And ev - - or bless thy name.

ff Adagio.

109

lu - jah, Hallelujah, Amen. Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Amen. A - men, A -- men.

LOUISIANA. S. M.

M. Hall.

Moderato.

Let diff'rent nations join To celebrate his fame; Let all the earth, O Lord, combine To praise thy glorious name.

Ye boundless realms of joy, Exalt your Maker's fame; His praise your songs em-
 org. pia.
 A - bove, A - bove, for.
 play A - - - bove the starry frame, Above the star - ry frame; Your voi - ces raise, Ye
 star - - - - - ry frame. for.
 A - bove, A - bove the star - ry frame.

Fortis.

111

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The vocal parts are written on three staves. The lyrics are: "che - ru - - bim, And se - ra - - phim, pia. To sing, To sing his praise." The music includes dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *pp* (pianissimo). The bass part has a prominent bassoon-like line.

ALL SAINTS. S. M.

Dr. Howard.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The vocal parts are written on three staves. The lyrics are: "And will the Judge descend; And must the dead arise? And not a single soul escape His All-discerning eyes?" The music includes dynamic markings such as *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). The bass part has a prominent bassoon-like line.

3
4

For - ev - er blest be God, the Lord, Who does his need - ful aid im - - part;

3
4

org.

3
4

Fortis.

At once both strength and skill aff - ford, To wield my arms with war - like art.

PLEASANT STREET.

C. M.

O. Shaw.

113

3 3 3 3

God moves in a mysterious way, His wonders to perform ; He plants his footsteps in the sea, And rides upon the storm.

LUCAN.

C. M.

J. Elliot.

PLAINTIVE.

Lord, bear my pray'r, and to my cry Thy wonted audience lend ; In thy accustom'd faith and truth, A gracious answer send.

Pia.

On wings of faith mount up my soul and rise, View thine inheritance beyond the skies: Nor heart can think, nor mortal tongue can tell, What endless

Pia.

Forte.

Pia.

Fortiss.

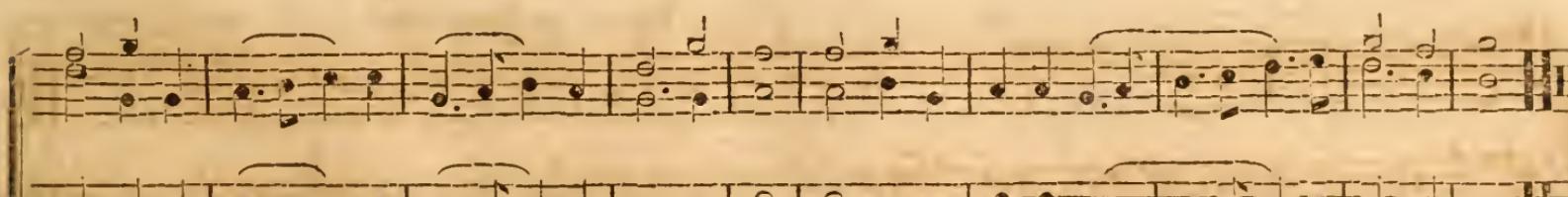
pleasures in those mansions dwell. Here our Redeemer lives, all bright and glorious, O'er sin, and death, and hell, O'er sin, and death, and hell, he reigns victorious.



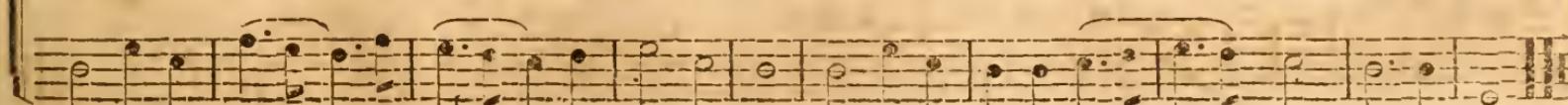
Not to our names, thou only just and true, Not to our worth - - less names is glory due:



Thy pow'r and grace, thy truth and justice claim Immortal hon - - ors to thy sov'reign name:



Since thro' the earth, from heav'n, thy blest abode, Nor let the heathens say, "Where is your God?"



THE STAR OF BETHLEHEM.

O. Shaw.

Maestoso.



SOLO.

When marshall'd on the night - - - ly plain, The glitt'ring host be - - stud the sky; One star alone, of

Musical score for Solo voice and two accompaniment parts (Soprano and Bass). The Solo voice part is highlighted with a different line style. The lyrics describe a celestial scene with stars and a host.



all the train, Can fix the sinner's wand'ring eye, Can fix the sin - ner's wand'ring eye.



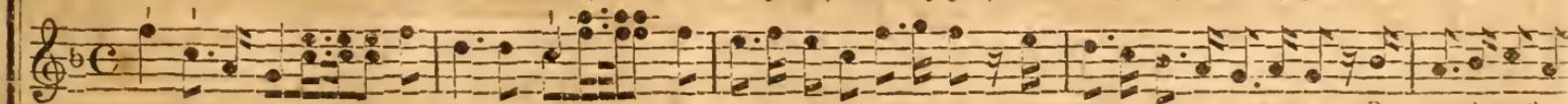
CHORUS.



But one alone the



Hark! bark! to God the chorus breaks, From ev'ry host, from ev'ry gem, From ev'ry host, from ev'ry gem;



But one alone the



But

Saviour speaks, But one alone the Saviour speaks, It is the Star, the Star of Bethlehem; It

But one alone the Saviour speaks, But one alone the Saviour speaks, The Star of Bethlehem; It

Saviour speaks, But one alone the Saviour speaks, It is the Star, the Star of Bethlehem; It

one alone the Saviour speaks, But one alone the Saviour speaks, It is the Star of Bethlehem; It

is the Star of Bethlehem; It is the Star of Bethlehem; the Star of Bethlehem.

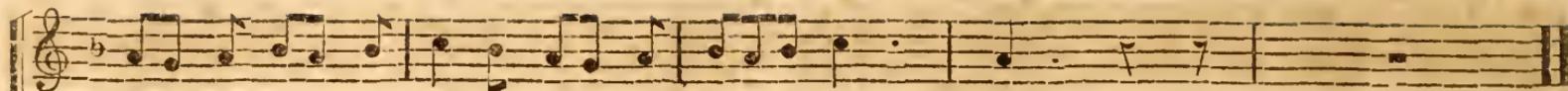
DUETTO. Andante. 2d voice.

Once on the raging seas I rode, The storm was loud, the night was dark, the night was

1st voice.

dark, The o - - cean yawn'd, The wind that toss'd my found - 'ring bark; The

and rude - ly blow'd,



wind that toss'd my found'ring bark, my found' - ring bark.

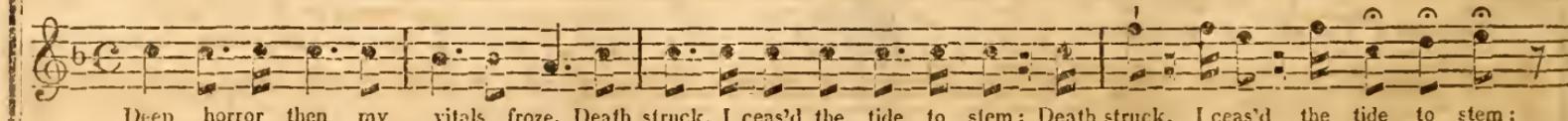


Legato Expressivo. Verse.

TUTTI.



When



Deep horror then my vitals froze, Death struck, I ceas'd the tide to stem; Death struck, I ceas'd the tide to stem;



When



A musical score for a three-part setting (SATB or similar) featuring six staves of music. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are: Bass (B), Tenor (T), Alto (A), Soprano (S), Bass (B), and Tenor (T). The lyrics are repeated in each section of the score. The lyrics are:

suddenly a star arose, When suddenly a star arose, It was the Star, the Star of Bethlehem, It
When suddenly a star arose, When suddenly a star arose, It was the Star of Bethlehem;
suddenly a star arose, When suddenly a star arose, It was the Star, the Star of Bethlehem; It
When suddenly a star arose, When suddenly a star arose, It was the Star of Bethlehem; It
was the Star of Bethlehem.
hem; the Star of Bethlehem. It was the Star of Bethlehem; the Star of Bethlehem.
was the Star of Bethlehem.

SOLO. Grazioso.

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of four systems of music. The top system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature (indicated by '2'). The lyrics are: "It was my guide, my light, my all; it bade my dark fore - - bod - ings cease;". The second system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature (indicated by '2'). The third system starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature (indicated by '2'). The fourth system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature (indicated by '2'). The lyrics for the third system are: "And through the storm and dangers' thrall, It led me to the port of peace; It led me, led me". The music includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes having vertical dashes through them. The score is written on five-line staves.



to the port of peace.



CHORUS. Con Animato.



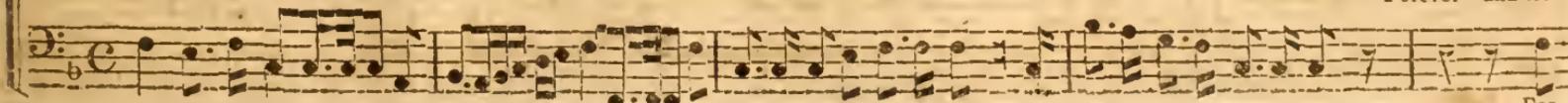
Fever and for-



Now safely moor'd, my perils o'er; I'll sing first in night's diadem, I'll sing first in night's diadem.



Forever and for-



For-

A musical score for a four-part choir or ensemble. The music is written in common time with a key signature of one flat. The score consists of four staves, each with a different vocal range: soprano (highest), alto, tenor, and bass (lowest). The lyrics are repeated in each section of the music, referring to the Star of Bethlehem.

evermore, For - ev - er and for - ev - er-more, The Star! the Star, The Star of Bethlehem, It
For - - ev - er and for - ev - er-more, For - ev - er and for - ev - er-more, The Star of Bethlehem. The
ev - er - more, For - ev - er and for - ev - er - more, The Star! the Star, The Star of Bethlehem, The
ev - er and for - ev - er - more, For - ev - er and for - ev - er - more, The Star, the Star of Bethlehem, It
Star the Star of Bethlehem; It's Star the Star of Bethlehem, the Star of Bethlehem.

BLENDON.

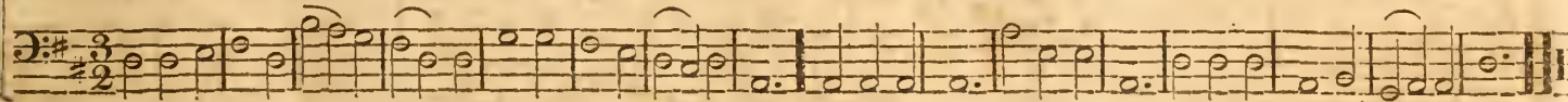
L. M.

125

MAESTOSO.



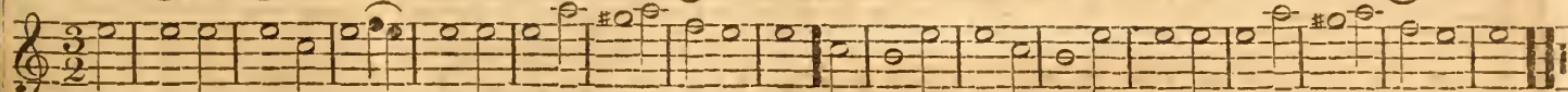
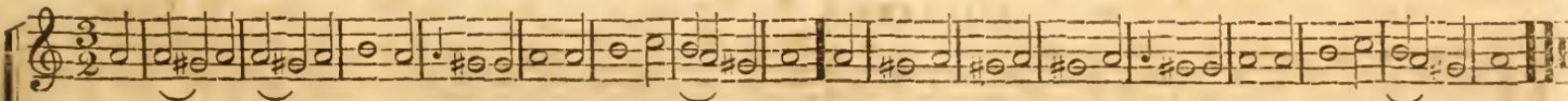
Lord, when thou did'st ascend on high, Ten thousand angels fill'd the sky ; Those heav'nly guards around thee wait, Like chariots that attend thy state.



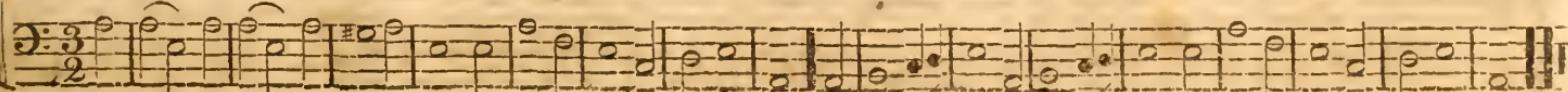
BETHESDA.

L. M.

German.



How long, thou faithful God, shall I, Here in thy ways forgotten lie? When shall the means of healing be The channels of thy grace to me.



CONSOLATION.

L. M.

M. Hall.

Jesus can make a dying bed Feel soft as down - y pillows are, While on his breast I lean my head, And breathe my life out sweetly there.

WILLIAMS.

C. M.

O. Shaw.

Divoto.

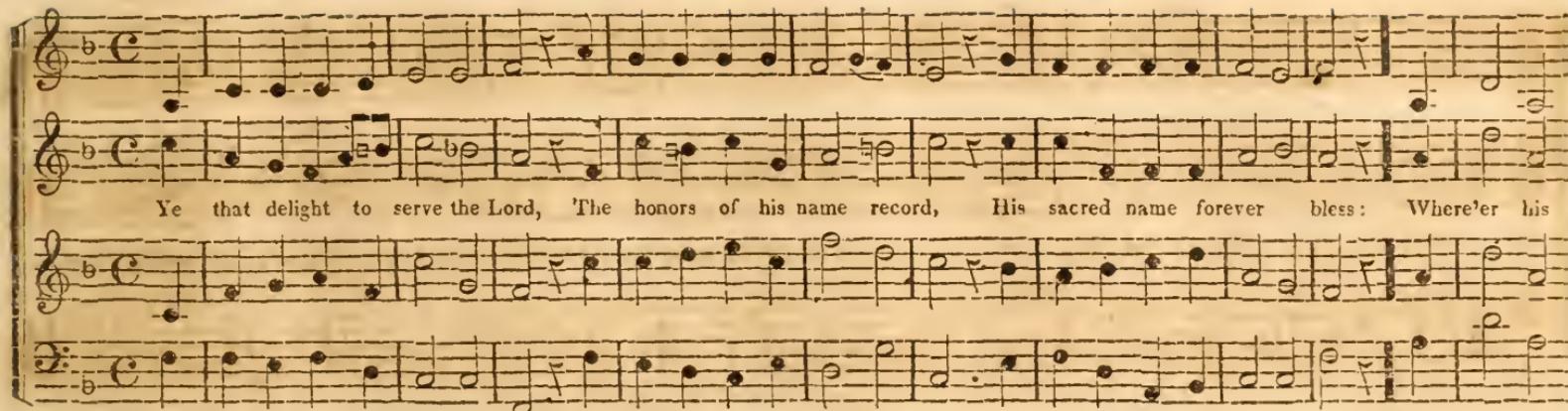
O for a closer walk with God, A calm and heav'nly frame ; A light to shine upon the road That leads me to the Lamb !

MAESTOSO.

SWISS AIR.

L. P. M.

127



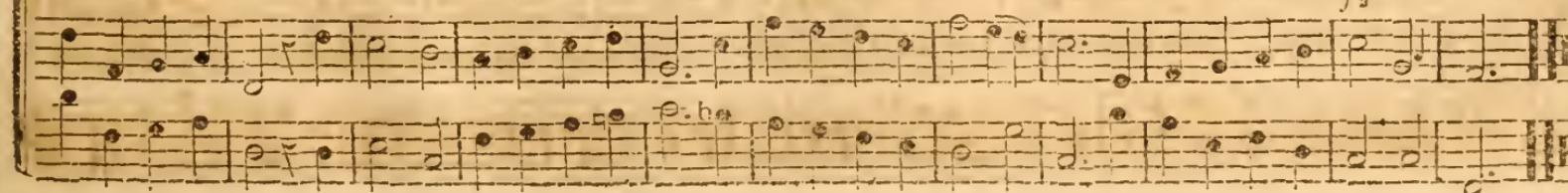
Ye that delight to serve the Lord, The honors of his name record, His sacred name forever bless: Where'er his

Pia.

mf

Pia.

circling sun displays His rising beams and setting rays, Let lands and seas his pow'r confess, Let lands and seas his pow'r confess,

fz

A handwritten musical score for a three-part setting (treble, bass, and alto) in common time (indicated by 'C. M.'). The music consists of eight staves of notes, primarily quarter notes and eighth notes, with various rests and dynamics indicated by letters like 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first two staves contain the lyrics: 'Oh! the delights, the heav'nly joys, The glories of the place, The glories of the place; Where Je - sus' and 'sheds the brightest beams Of his o'erflowing grace. Where Je - sus'. The remaining six staves continue the musical line without additional lyrics.

Oh! the delights, the heav'nly joys, The glories of the place, The glories of the place; Where Je - sus

sheds the brightest beams Of his o'erflowing grace. Where Je - sus sheds the brightest beams Of his o'er - flowing grace.

Larghetto.

WESLEY CHAPEL.

L. M.

W. Yoakley.

129

Pia

My soul before thee prostrate lies, To thee, her source, my spirit flies; My wants I mourn, my chains I see; O

Pia.

Cres. For. tr.

let thy presence set me free! My wants I mourn, my chains I see; O let thy presence set me free!

Cres. For.

PERCALLS. L. M.

Re - gent of all the worlds a - bove, Thou Sun, whose rays a - dorn our sphere,

And with un - wea - ried swift - ness move, To form the cir - cle of the year.

FRIENDSHIP.

S. M.

M. Hall.

131

Musical score for 'FRIENDSHIP' in S. M. key signature. The score consists of two staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The music features various note heads and stems, with some notes connected by horizontal lines. The lyrics are written below the second staff:

I hear the voice of woe! I hear a brother's sigh! Then let my heart with pi - ty flow, And tears of love mine eye.

STERLING.

I. M.

Rippon's Col.

SOLEMN.

Musical score for 'STERLING.' in I. M. key signature. The score consists of three staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The third staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The music features various note heads and stems, with some notes connected by horizontal lines. The lyrics are written below the second staff:

Jehovah reigns, his throne is high, His robes are light and majesty ! His glory shines with beams so bright, No mortal can sustain the sight.

Pia. Cres. For.

Pia. Cres. For.

PLAYFORD.

S. M.

Come ye, that love the Lord, And let your joys be known; Join in a song with sweet accord, While ye, While ye surround his throne.

SOUTHWELL.

S. M.

Almighty Maker, God, How glorious is thy Name! Thy wonders how diffus'd abroad Throughout creation's frame!

A handwritten musical score for a three-part setting. The top part is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and G major (indicated by a single sharp sign). The middle part is also in common time and G major. The bottom part begins in common time and G major, but changes to 2/4 time and F# major (indicated by two sharps) after the first measure. The music consists of six staves of music with various note heads and stems. The lyrics are written below each staff:

O, King of glo - ry, thy rich grace Our short de - sires sur - pas - ses far;

Yea, ev'n our crimes, though num - ber - less, Less num - 'rows, than thy mer - cies, are.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are for voices (Soprano and Alto/Tenor) and the bottom two are for piano. The music is in common time, mostly in G minor (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign). The vocal parts enter at the beginning with a melodic line, while the piano provides harmonic support throughout. The lyrics of the Lord's Prayer are integrated into the music, with specific dynamics like 'Pia.' (piano), 'Cres.' (crescendo), and 'mf' (mezzo-forte) marking certain sections. The piano part includes dynamic markings such as 'Pia.', 'Cres.', and 'Solo.' (solo piano). The vocal parts sing in a mix of homophony and counterpoint, with some parts having sustained notes or chords. The piano part features eighth-note patterns and sustained bass notes. The overall style is a traditional church anthem setting.

Pia. Cres. *mf*

Our Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed, hallowed be thy Name. Our Father,

Pia. Cres. *mf*

which art in heaven, Hallowed, hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come, thy will be done

Pia. Cres. Solo.

in

Give us this day
 as 'tis in heaven, as 'tis in heaven. our daily bread, our daily bread, for-
 Give us this day And for-
 earth, in earth, Pia.
 give us, for give us our trespasses, As we forgive them that trespass against us. Lead us
 And lead us

For.

f *p*

not into temptation; And lead us, lead us not into temptation; But de - liv - er us from evil, de - liv - er us from e - vil.

4r

f *p* *f* *p*

CHORUS. Andante Maestoso.

Pia.

For.

For thine is the kingdom, the pow'r, and the glory, for thine is the kingdom, the pow'r, and the glory, for

Pia.

For.

thine - is - the kingdom, the pow'r, and the glory, for - ev - er and ev - er, for - ev - er and ev - er, for

thine is the kingdom, the pow'r, and the glory, for - - ev - er and ev - er, for - ev - er and ev - er, for-

A musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) in common time, treble clef, and G major. The vocal parts are arranged in four staves. The Soprano (top staff) and Alto (second staff) sing in unison throughout the piece. The Tenor (third staff) and Bass (bottom staff) also sing in unison throughout. The lyrics are written below the notes, with some words underlined to indicate sustained notes or specific performance instructions.

ev - er and ev - er, for - - ev - er and ev - er, for thine is the kingdom, for - - - ev - - - er, for
for - ev - - er and ev - er,
and ev - er - - - -
thine is the kingdom, for - - ev - s - er, for thine is the kingdom, the pow'r and the glory, for-
for - - ev - er and ever,
for thine

A musical score for a four-part choir. The top two staves are soprano and alto, and the bottom two are bass and tenor. The music consists of six measures. The lyrics are: "ever, ever, ever, for thine is the kingdom, the pow'r, and the glory, for-". Measure 6 begins with a repeat sign and continues with: "ever and ev-er, and ev - - er, A - men, A -- men, A - - men, A -- men." The score uses a mix of common time and a slower tempo indicated by 'tr'.

AFFETTUOSO.

Musical score for 'Tender and kind be all our thoughts' in L. M. (Common Time). The score consists of three staves. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by 'C') and the third staff begins in common time and ends in 2/4 time (indicated by '2'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The vocal line is in soprano range. The lyrics are: 'Tender and kind be all our thoughts; Thro' all our lives let mer - cy run: So God forgives our num'rous faults,' followed by a repeat sign and a section ending.

Tender and kind be all our thoughts; Thro' all our lives let mer - cy run: So God forgives our num'rous faults,

Tutti.

For.

Musical score for 'So God forgives our num'rous faults' in L. M. (Common Time). The score consists of three staves. The first two staves continue from the previous section. The third staff begins in common time and ends in 2/4 time. The key signature changes to no sharps or flats. The vocal line is in soprano range. The lyrics are: 'So God forgives our num'rous faults, For the dear sake of Christ his Son, For the dear sake of Christ his Son.'

So God forgives our num'rous faults, For the dear sake of Christ his Son, For the dear sake of Christ his Son.

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in common time (C), the middle staff is in common time (C), and the bottom staff is in common time (C). The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, while the third staff begins with a bass clef. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The lyrics are as follows:

Rock of ages, shelter me, Let me hide myself In thee! Let the water and the blood,
 From thy wounded side which flow'd, Be of sin the double cure, Cleanse me from its guilt and pow'r.

2 Not the labour of my hands
 Can fulfil the law's demands ;
 Could my zeal no respite know,
 Could my tears forever flow,
 All for sin could not alone,
 Thou must save, and thou alone.

3 Nothing in my hand I bring,
 Simply to thy cross I cling,
 Naked come to the for dress,
 Helpless look to thee for grace ;
 Black, I to the fountain fly,
 Wash me Saviour, or I die.

4 While I draw this fleeting breath,
 When my eye-strings break in death,
 When I soar to worlds unknown,
 See thee on thy judgment throne,
 Rock of ages shelter me,
 Let me hide myself in thee.

BURMAH. C. M.

O. Shaw.

MAESTOSO.

1st and 2d Trebles.

Dolce.

Great God, the nations of the earth Are by creation thine; And in thy

mf

Cres. *f*

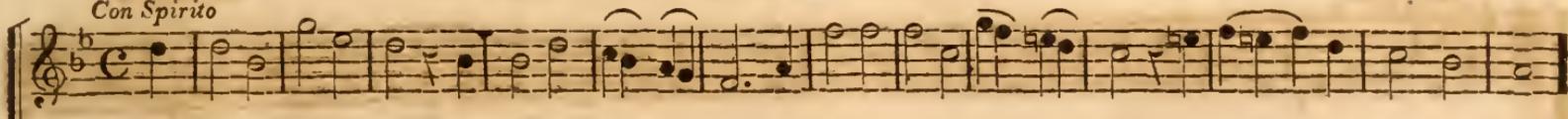
works, by all be - held, The ra - diant glo - ries shine, The radiant glories shine.

FREDONIA.

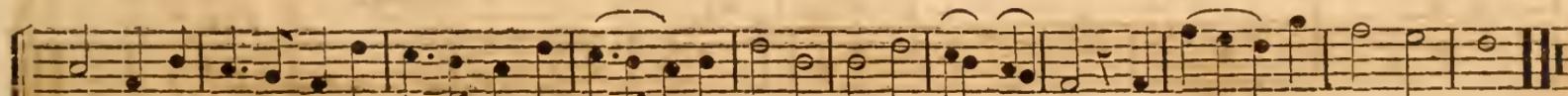
S. M.

O. Shaw.

143

Con Spirito

See how the mounting Sun Pursues his shining way; And wide proclaims his maker's praise, With ev - - 'ry bright'ning ray.



Thus would my rising soul its heav'nly parent sing; And to its great o - rig - i - nal Its hum - ble tribute bring.



*Larghetto Expressivo.**Truce.*

We mourn a leader of our train, And now the Fun'-ral Dirge begin, And seek in musick's soothing strain, A

res - pite from our grief to win, A res - pite from our grief to win.

2 Soft be the notes from friendship due,
To one whose voice, attun'd with ours;
Once would the theme of praise pursue,
With harmony's delightful pow'rs.

3 But solemn be the strain and slow,
When of that friend's decease we tell;
For ah! it breathes the tones of wo,
So soon to part—to say "farewell!"

4 Farewell!—but we shall meet again,
In choirs above, and anthems raise
In symphonies of heavenly strain,
And chorus of unending praise.

DEPENDANCE.

S. P. M.

Dixon.

115

ANDANTINO.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by 'C') and the fourth staff is in 2/4 time (indicated by '2/4'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with various rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first two staves contain the first two lines of the lyrics: 'The Lord Je - ho - vah reigns, And ro - yal state maintains; His head with aw - ful glories crown'd;'. The third staff begins with a single note followed by a rest, then continues with the third line of lyrics: 'At - ray'd in robes of light, Begirt with sovereign might, And rays of maj - es - ty a - round.'. The fourth staff concludes the piece with a final line of lyrics: 'At - ray'd in robes of light, Begirt with sovereign might, And rays of maj - es - ty a - round.'

GROSVENOR STREET.

C. P. M. or L. P. M.,

A. Reed.

ANDANTINO.

By making 4 syllables in bars marked thus (*)

Al - migh-ty King of heav'n a - bove, E - ter - nal source of truth and love, And Lord of all be - low;
 God is our refuge in distress, A present help when dangers press; In him undaunted well confide;

DUET, *Pia.*TUTTI. *For.*

With rev'rence and re - lig - ious fear, Permit thy suppliants to draw near, And at thy feet to bow.
 Though earth were from her cen - tre lost, And mountains in the ocean lost, Torn piecemeal by the roaring tide.

organ. voice.

MEETING STREET.

L. M.

O. Shaw.

147

What various hindrances we meet. When coming to a mercy seat; Yet who that knows the worth of pray'r, But wishes often to be there.

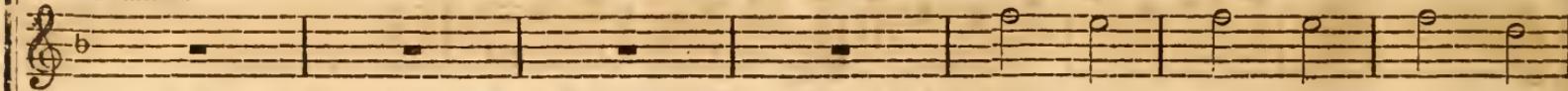
HARK! THE VESPER HYMN IS STEALING.

Quartetto.

Russian Air.

Treble.

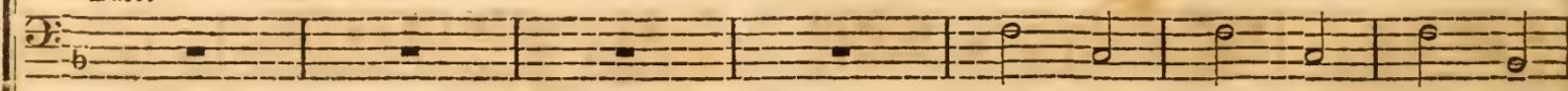
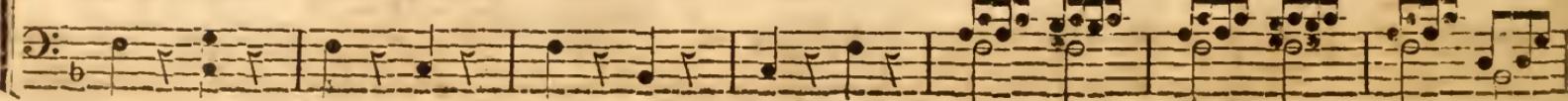
Hark! the vesper hymn is stealing O'er the waters soft and clear; Nearer yet and nearer pealing, Now it bursts up-
Counter.



Ju - - bi - - - la - - te, A - - men,

Tenor.

Ju - - bi - - - la - - te, A - - men,

Bass.*Piano Forte.*

F

on the ear. Ju - bi . la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, A - - men. Farther uow, now farther stealing

A - - men. Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, A - - men. Ju - - bi - - - la - - te,

A - - men. Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, A - - men. Ju - - bi - - - la - - te,

f

pp

The musical score consists of five staves. The top three staves represent the vocal parts: Soprano (G clef), Alto (C clef), and Tenor (F clef). The bottom two staves represent the basso continuo: Bass (F clef) and Double Bass (C clef). The music is in common time. The vocal parts sing a repetitive phrase: "on the ear. Ju - bi . la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, A - - men. Farther uow, now farther stealing". This is followed by three more repetitions of "A - - men." and "Ju - - bi - - - la - - te," each with slight melodic variations. The basso continuo parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. Dynamics are marked with "F" (forte), "PP" (pianissimo), "f" (forte), and "pp" (pianissimo).

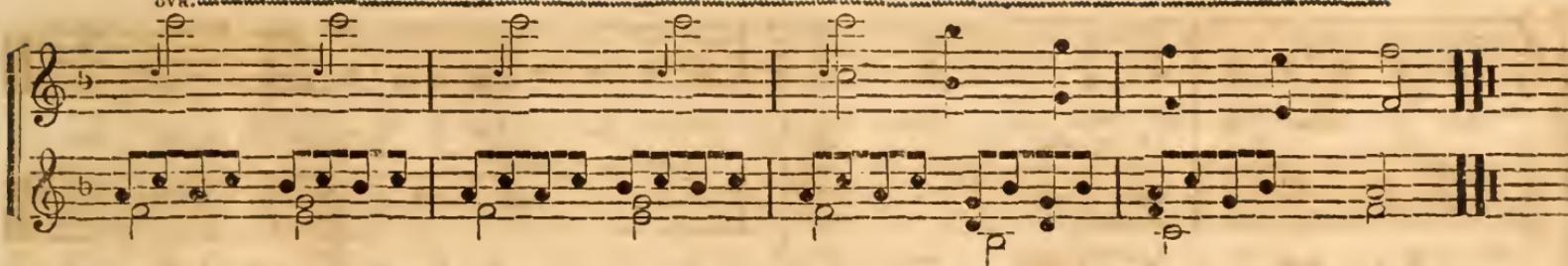
Soft it fades up - on the ear. Farther now, now farther stealing, Soft it fades up - on the ear.

A - - men, A - - men, Ju - - bi - - la - - te, A - - men, A - - men.

A - - men, A - - men, Ju - - bi - - la - - te, A - - men, A - - men.

Forte (f), piano (p), sforzando (sf).

Sva.



2d Verse. Now, like moonlight waves retreating
To the shore, it dies along ;
Now, like angry surges meeting,
Breaks the mingled tide of song.
Jubilate, Jubilate, Jubilate, Amen.

Hush ! again, like waves retreating,
To the shore, it dies along ;
Hush ! again, like waves retreating,
To the shore, it dies along.

Explanation of Foreign Terms used in this Work.

Adagio, the slowest movement.

Ad Libitum, at pleasure.

Andante, rather slow and distinct.

Andantino, not slow as andante.

Affetuoso, tenderly.

Animato, with boldness and spirit.

Crescendo, *Cres.* or ∞ , a gradual increase of the sound.

Chorus, full, all the voices.

Con Furia, with vehemence.

Con Spirito, with spirit.

Duetto, or *Duo*, two voices.

Divoto, solemnly.

Dolce, sweetly, tenderly.

Diminuendo, *Dim.* or ∞ , a gradual diminution of the sound.

Expressivo, with expression.

Forte or *F.* loud.

Fortissimo, or *F F.* very loud.

Grave, very slow.

Grazioso, in a graceful style.

Largo, slow.

Larghetto, not so slow as *Largo*.

Legato, a style of singing opposite to *staccato*.

Maestoso, majestic.

Mezza Forte, or *mf.* softer than *Forte*.

Moderato, moderately.

Organo, the organ part.

Piano, *Pia.* or *P.* soft.

Pianissimo, or *P. P.* very soft.

Sotto Voce, middling strength of voice.

Solo, for a single voice.

Sforzato, or *sf.* particular stress on the note so marked.

Spiritoso, same as *Con Spirito*.

Semi Chorus, not full.

Tempo Primo, in the original time.

Tempo Ordinario, usual time.

Tutti, all together.

Trio, three voices.

Vivace, in a brisk and animated style.

Verse, one voice to a part.

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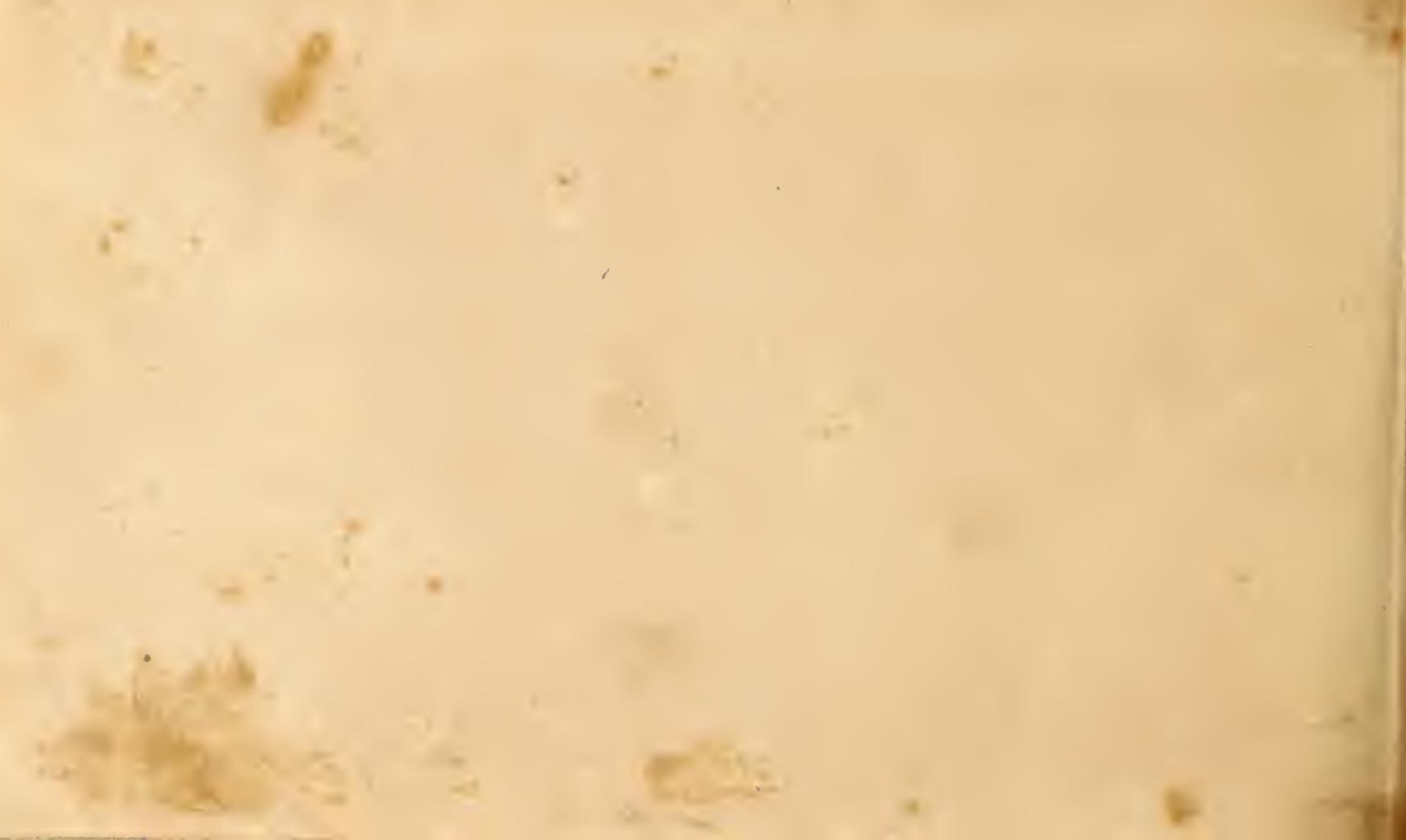
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for
Great Lakes

