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R. Schumann

Drei Quartette

für zwei Violinen, Viola und Violoncell.

(Rob. Heckmann.)

Op. 41 No. I.
A moll.

Op. 41 No. II.
F dur.

Op. 41 No. III
A dur.

ROB. SCHUMANN'S WERKE.

REVIDIRT UND BEZEICHNET

VON

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Verlag von HUGO POHLE, Hamburg.

Quartett (A-dur)

für zwei Violinen, Viola und Violoncell

von

ROBERT SCHUMANN

Op. 41, № III.

(Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy zugeeignet.)

Violino I.

Rev. und bezeichnet von Robert Heckmann.

Andante espressivo.

[illegible]

NB. Die Ziffer 5 bezeichnet das Uebergreifen des 4^{ten} Fingers während die Hand in der Lage verbleibt.

Steht über den Ziffern des Fingersatzes das Zeichen = (z. B. $\bar{1}$ oder $\frac{3}{2}$) so ist dies nicht in der gewöhnlichen Lage, sondern auf der nächstfolgenden tieferen Saite, vier Lagen höher, zu verstehen.

L'Allegretto
Op. 137 in A major, 3/4 time

un poco più slentando
p dolce
espress.
dim.
più f
diminuendo

più Adagio
a tempo
pp
pp
p
più f cresc. sf
dim.
pp

Violino I.

Assai agitato.

p
mf
pp
cresc.
mf
pp
mf
p
un poco ritardando
a tempo
mf
p
cresc.
p
un poco ritardando
Sp.
L'istesso tempo.
Cello
f
sf
sf
sf cresc.
sf

Un poco Adagio.

p

un poco ritard.

a tempo

pp

mp

cresc.

p

espress.

dim.

Tempo risoluto.

sempre f

sul G ad libitum

cresc.

Sp.

mf

sul G ad lib.

ff

sfp

pp

espress.

più f

p

mf

pp

dimin.

ritard.

Violino I.

Adagio molto.

p sempre espressivo *fp* *fp* *fp*

f *f* *p*

diminuendo *ritard.* *a tempo* *p* *più p*

cresc. *fz* *f* *f* *cresc. sf* *f*

fz *f* *f* *cresc. sf* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*

pp *pp* *fp*

fp *f* *dim.* *fp* *fp*

fp *ritard.* *a tempo* *p* *pp*

pp *p* *cresc.* *fz*

f *f* *cresc. f* *f* *fz* *f* *f* *cresc. sf* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

p espressivo *fp* *fp* *fp*

p *mf*

diminuendo *ritardando* *a tempo* *pp*

Violino I.

7

Finale.

Allegro molto vivace.

p
mf
f
ff
fp
fp cresc.
fp
f
ff
 Quasi Trio.
f
mf
p
mf
volti subito

This page of a Violino I musical score contains 14 staves of music. The notation is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music is characterized by complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and frequent use of slurs and accents. Dynamics are indicated by letters such as *f* (forte), *ff* (fortissimo), *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *sf* (sforzando), and *fp* (forzando piano). Performance instructions include *cresc.* (crescendo), *tr.* (trill), and *V* (vibrato). Fingering numbers (1-4) and breath marks (V) are present throughout the score. The piece concludes with a final *f* (forte) dynamic marking.

Violino I.

Violoncello.

p cresc. poco a poco

-al- ff

f

mf f

f

p f cresc. f

p f p f p

cresc. p cresc. f Sp. p f

p f cresc. f

f ff f f

3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 molto cresc. Fine

Quartett (A-dur)

für zwei Violinen, Viola und Violoncell

von

ROBERT SCHUMANN.

Op. 41, No III.

(Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy zugeeignet.)

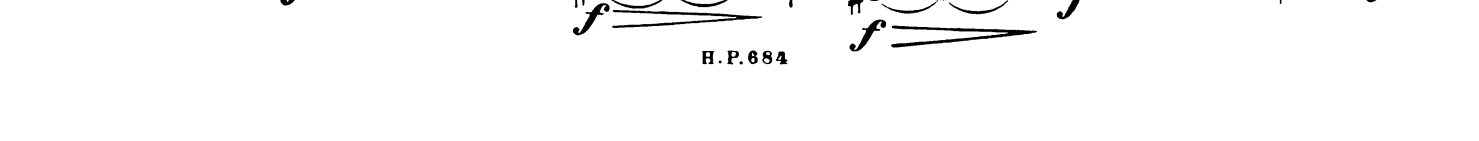
Violino II.

Rev. und bezeichnet von Robert Heckmann.

Andante espressivo.



Allegro molto moderato.



2 4 2 1

un poco più slentando *più Adagio.* *a tempo*

sf *p dolce* *dim.* *p*

dim. *più f*

un poco *dim.*

ri - - te - nu - to - *a tempo*

pp *sf* *p* *dim.* *pp*

p *p* *ten.* *cresc.* *sf* *sf*

sf *p* *dim.* *pp*

Violino II.

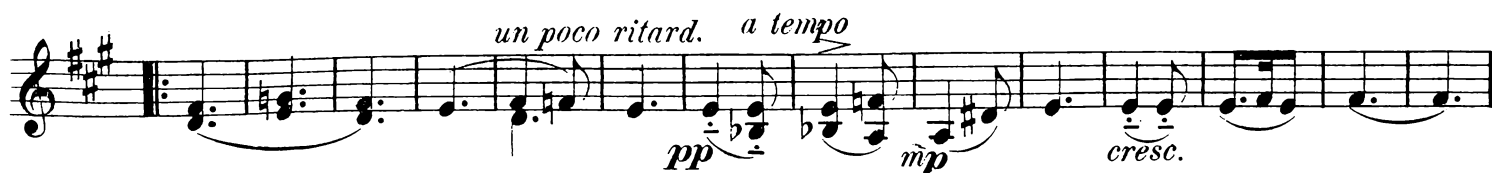
Assai agitato.

Violino II musical score, measures 1-24. The score is in A major (three sharps) and 3/8 time. It features a variety of dynamics including *p*, *mf*, *pp*, and *cresc.* There are also markings for *un poco ritardando* and *a tempo*. The notation includes eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and slurs.

L'istesso tempo.

Violino II musical score, measures 25-36. The score continues in A major and 3/8 time. It includes dynamics like *sf* and *cresc.* There is a section marked "Cello." with a treble clef and a 2/4 time signature. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat signs.

Un poco Adagio.



Violino II.

Adagio molto.

[illegible]

Violino II.

Musical score for the third system of "The Swan" by Saint-Saëns. The score is written for three staves in D major (two sharps) and 3/4 time. The notation includes various musical elements:

- Staff 1:** Continues the melody from the previous system. It features a triplet of eighth notes, a section marked "pizz." (pizzicato) with a triplet of eighth notes, and a section marked "arco" (arco) with a triplet of eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *fp* (fortissimo piano) and *p* (piano).
- Staff 2:** Continues the accompaniment. It includes a triplet of eighth notes, a section marked *mf* (mezzo-forte), a section marked *f* (forte), and a section marked *dim.* (diminuendo). The tempo marking *a tempo* is present. The system ends with a *ritard.* (ritardando) marking.
- Staff 3:** Continues the bass line. It includes a triplet of eighth notes, a section marked *pp* (pianissimo), and a section marked *pp* (pianissimo). The system ends with a *pp* (pianissimo) marking.

Finale.

Allegro molto vivace.

[illegible]

B. Dieses zweite Viertel wird von der Viola, die folgenden 4 Viertel im Trio von der Viol. I. übernommen.

Violino II.

Quasi Trio.

The musical score for Violino II, page 8, is written in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It begins with a **Quasi Trio.** marking. The notation includes various musical symbols such as triplets (3), slurs, and dynamic markings (mf, f, ff, p, pp, cresc.). The piece is marked *marcato* in the third measure. The score is divided into two systems of seven staves each. The first system ends with a repeat sign and first/second endings. The second system also includes first/second endings and a final *cresc.* marking. The piece concludes with a final *f* dynamic marking and a key signature change to A major (two sharps) in the final measure.

Violino II. Musical score, page 9. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). It consists of 14 staves of music. The notation includes various dynamics (mf, f, p, sf, ff, cresc., poco a poco, molto cresc.), articulation (accents, slurs, trills), and performance instructions (V, V, al, 1, 8, tr). The piece concludes with a 'Fine' marking.

Quartett (A-dur)

für zwei Violinen Viola und Violoncell

von

ROBERT SCHUMANN

Op. 41, N^o III.

(Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy zugeeignet.)

Viola.

Rev. und bezeichnet von Rob. Heckmann.

Andante espressivo.



Allegro molto moderato.



p *p* *f* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*
sf *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *sf*
sf *sf* *sf* *sf* *p dolce* *dim.*
a tempo
dim. *più f*
un poco ri-tenuto *diminuendo* *pp*
a tempo *dim.* *pp* *sf* *p* *espr.*
dim. *pp* *p* *p* *cresc.* *sf*
sf *sf* *p* *dim.* *pp*

Viola.

H.P. 684

Un poco Adagio.

Musical score for Viola, Op. 684. The score is written in 3/8 time and consists of 12 staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "Un poco Adagio." and the performance instruction is "pespr. sul G." (pizzicato sul G). The score includes various dynamics such as *mf*, *pp*, *mp*, *p*, *dim.*, *cresc.*, *espr. marcato*, *ff*, *f*, *mf*, *p*, *ritardando*, and *dimin.*. The score also includes a section marked "Tempo risoluto." in 3/4 time, which is played "sempre f" (always forte) and "Sp." (sforzando). The score concludes with a "ritardando" (ritardando) and "dimin." (diminishing) instruction, ending with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic.

Viola.

Adagio molto.

p *fp* *cresc.* *V 1*
sf *cresc. sf* *p* *dim.*
ritardando a tempo *p*
fz *f* *f* *sf* *sf* *f* *f* *sf* *f* *f*
sf *sf* *sf* *p*
cresc. *p*
dim. *fp* *mf espress.*
a tempo *p* *ritardando*
cresc. *fz* *ff* *1* *sf* *sf* *fz* *ff* *V 1*
sf *sf* *f* *sf* *sf* *6* *p*
fp *sf*
mf espr. *p* *mf* *sf* *3* *dim.*
ritardando *a tempo* *pp* *1* *2* *3* *4*
semprep *pp* *morendo*

Finale.

Viola.

Allegro molto vivace.

f
p
mf
f
ff
fp
fp
cresc.
f
ff
f
Quasi Trio.
mf
ten.
p
mf
marcato
f
f

Viola.

Violino

p *mf* *f cresc.* *f* *ff*

f *ff*

p *pp*

p *mf* *dim.*

f *ff*

fp *1.*

2. *fp* *cresc.* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3*

f *f*

f *f*

mf

Viola.

9

p *mf* *f* *f* *p* *cresc. poco à poco* *ff* *f* *p* *mf marcato* *sf* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *sf* *sf p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *p* *sf* *pp* *sf* *cresc.* *f* *sf* *ff* *sf* *sf* *molto crescendo* *f* *Fine.*

von

ROBERT SCHUMANN.

Op. 41, N^o III.

(Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy zugeeignet.)

Violoncello.

Rev. und bezeichnet von Robert Heckmann.

Andante espressivo.

Allegro molto moderato.

The bass line of the song is written on a single staff in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody begins with a strong *sf* (sforzando) dynamic, followed by a *p* (piano) section with a slur. The dynamics then shift to *dim.* (diminuendo) and *pp* (pianissimo) for a series of notes. This is followed by a *pp* section with a whole note marked with a '1' above it. The piece concludes with a *pizz.* (pizzicato) instruction and a final melodic phrase.

Violoncello.

3

arco *ten.*

p *p* *f* *f* *f*

f *sf* *p* *f* *f* *p*

f *f* *sf*

sf *sf cresc.* *pdolce*

un poco slentando

Più Adagio.

Viol. I.

dim. *a tempo*

p *dim.*

più f

dim. *un poco rite - nu - to*

a tempo

pp *dim.* *pp*

dim. *ten.*

cresc. *f* *f* *f* *p* *dim.* *pp*

Violoncello.

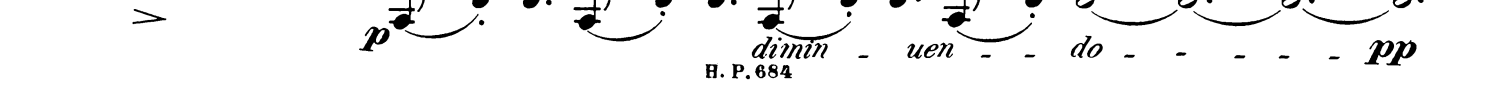
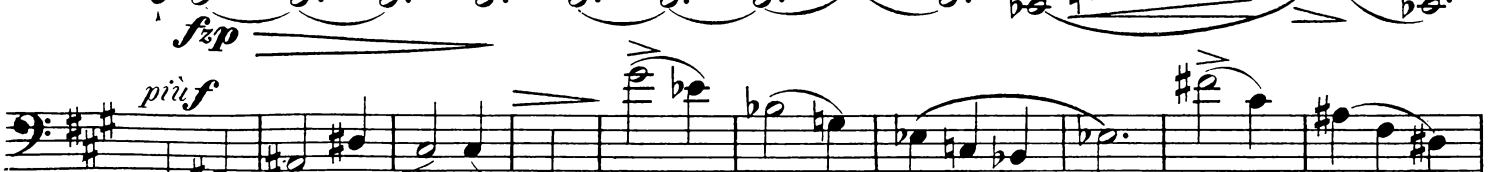
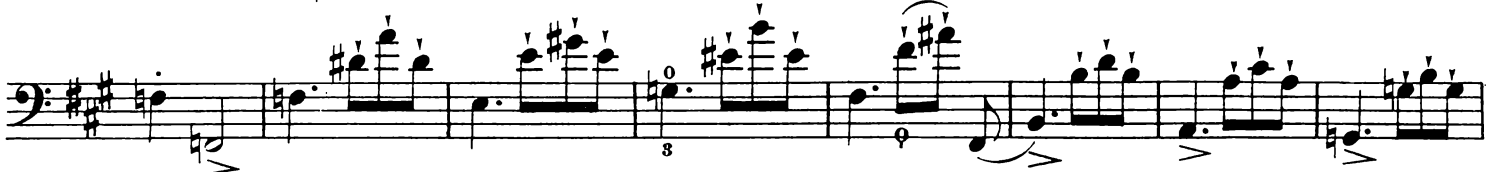
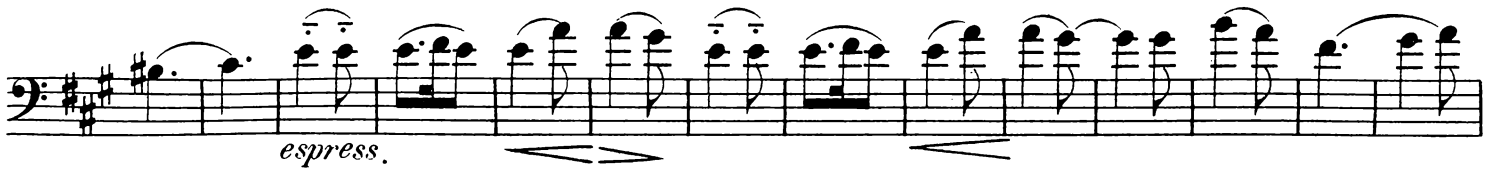
Assai agitato.

Violoncello score for "Assai agitato". The piece is in 3/8 time, key of D major (two sharps). The score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a *p* dynamic. The second staff features *mf* and *pp* dynamics. The third staff includes a *cresc.* marking and *mf* dynamics. The fourth staff has *pp* and *mf* dynamics, with first and second endings. The fifth staff ends with a *p* dynamic. The sixth staff includes *mf*, *p*, and *cresc.* dynamics, with a tempo change to "un poco ritardando a tempo". The seventh staff begins with a *p* dynamic. The eighth staff includes "un poco ri-tardan-do" and "L'istesso tempo." markings, with first and second endings. The ninth staff features *sf* dynamics. The tenth staff includes *sf*, *cresc.*, and *f* dynamics, with first and second endings. The piece concludes with a final *sf* dynamic.

Violoncello.

5

Un poco Adagio.



Adagio molto.

H. P. 684

Violoncello.

7

Finale.
Allegro molto vivace.

f

p

mf

f

ff

fp

fp

fp

fp³

fp

cresc.

fp

f

ff

sf

Quasi Trio.

1

mf

p

mf

Violoncello.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century repertoire. It consists of ten staves of music, all in bass clef. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The notation is characterized by a high density of sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together in rapid passages. Dynamics are indicated throughout, including *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *fp* (fortissimo-piano), and *cresc.* (crescendo). Articulation is provided with numerous accents and slurs. Fingerings are indicated with numbers 1, 2, and 3. The piece begins with a repeat sign and first/second endings. The overall texture is highly technical and virtuosic.

Violoncello.

9

f *fp* *p* *mf* *f* *cresc. poco a poco* *ff* *f* *p* *mf* *sf* *sf* *p* *cresc.* *f* *mf* *p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *sfp* *sfp* *p* *cresc.* *f* *ff* *f* *f* *molto crescendo* *Fine.*