

PARIS

ANCIENNE MAISON MEISSONNIER

CI-DEVANT RUE DAUPHINE.

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Musique, pianos, orgues. - Vente et location.

RÉPERTOIRE DES BALS

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QUADRILLES.

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— Belle Hélène (la).
— Château à Toto (le).
— Chut! sur les motifs de Margot.
— Complainte d'Infortunio.
— Docteur Mirobolan (le).
— Fifi enchanté (le).
— Français en Chine (les).
— Offenbach.
— Pont des soupirs (le).
— Vieux Braconnier (le).
ARTUS (Am.). Bohémiens de Paris (les).
— Closerie des Genêts (la), quadrille breton.
— Dame de la Halle (la).
— Étudiants canotiers (les).
— Fils du Diable (le).
— Fou de Tolède (le).
— Marianne.
— Marthe et Marie.
— Miracle des roses (le).
— Mirlitons (les), quad. de carnaval.
— Mousquetaires de l'Ambigu (les).
— Notre-Dame de Paris.
— Pardon de Bretagne (le).
— Paysans (les).
— Quatre Fils Aymon (les).
— Ronde des Pierrots (la).
— Sept Péchés capitaux (les).
— Vampire (le), quadrille breton.
BOUSQUET. Mariage extravagant.
COUDER. Démon du jeu (le).
— Ganaches (les).
— Montjoie.
— Nos bons villageois.
COUDER. Sancho Pança.
— Vieux Garçons (les).

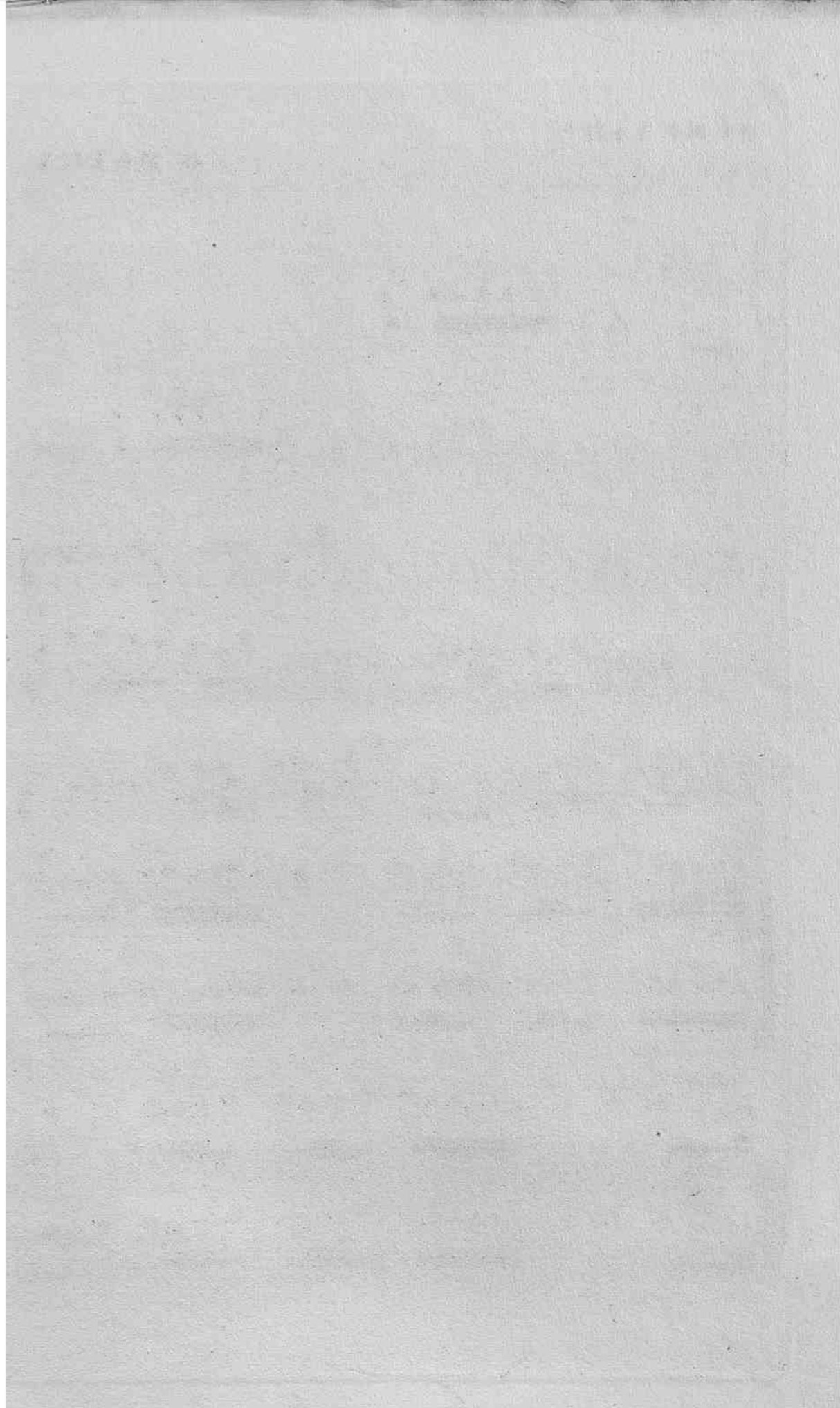
FESSY (A.). Lucrèce Borgia, 2 quadr.
— Perlinpinpin.
JULIANO. Lanciers anglais (les).
JULLIEN. Trois Marteaux (les).
LAMOTTE. Château à Toto (le).
MARX (N.). Sourd (le).
METRA (O.). A la campagne.
— Barberousse.
— Bu qui s'avance.
— La Camargo.
— Coquelicot.
— Diable au bal (le).
— Diable rose (le).
— Monsieur de Cupidon.
— Nini Printemps.
— Ombres chinoises (les).
— Pipe-en-bois.
— Poste aux Amours (la).
— Prince Charmant (le).
— Sept châteaux du Diable (les).
— Singe vert (le).
MEY (Aug.). Fête au village (la).
— Marie, de HÉROLD.
— Monsieur Choufleuri, de J. OFFENBACH.
MUSARD. D'Artagnan ou les trois Mousquetaires.
— Au diable les leçons.
— Bal masqué (le).
— Beau Nicolas (le).
— Bonhomme Dimanche (le).
— Bouquetière du roi (la).
— Brididi.
— Chemin de fer (le).
— Christophe Colomb.
— Cocher de cabriolet (le).
— Croix de Marie (la).
MUSARD. Diables à l'Opéra (les).
— Djonquillon.
— Dot d'Auvergne (la).

MUSARD. Entr'acte au Paradis (l').
— France (la).
— Frisette.
— Gille ravisseur.
— Giselle, 2 quadrilles.
— Jenny Bell, 2 quadrilles.
— Jolie Fille de Gand (la), 2 quad.
— Lady Melvil.
— Lambert Simnel.
— Langage des cloches (le).
— Manon Lescaut.
— Marco Spada, 2 quadrilles.
— Margot.
— Mari au bal (le).
— Marie.
— Minuit.
— Mosquita la sorcière.
— Moulin des Tilleuls (le).
— Mystères d'Udolphe (les).
— Ne touchez pas à la Reine.
— Nouveau bois de Boulogne (le).
— Paillasse à l'Opéra.
— Père la Jeunesse.
— Père la Joie (le).
— Pierrots de Paris (les).
— Postillon (le).
— Reine de l'Arche-Marion (la).
— Retraite (la).
— Rêve de Marie (le).
— Ric Rac.
— Roi du bal (le).
— Roi d'Yvetot (le).
— Sarah.
— Sire de Franc-Boisy (le).
— Stella ou les Contrebandiers.
— Tulipe orageuse (la).
— Un ménage chinois.
— Venise.
— Zampa.

PASDELOUP. Danse de la treille (la).

Voyez la suite à la page ci-contre.





²
SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole .

par **O. MÉTRA.**

FLÛTES .

All^o ma non troppo .

Introduction .

The Introduction is written for a single flute in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/8 time signature. It begins with a series of eighth-note chords (F#4, A4, C#5, E5) followed by a half rest. The first staff contains five measures of rests. The second staff starts with a half rest, followed by a quarter note G4, a quarter rest, and a half note F#4. The third staff begins with a 4-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The fourth staff starts with a 7-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The fifth staff begins with a 3-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The sixth staff starts with a 4-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

VALSE .

The Valse section is written for a single flute in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/8 time signature. It begins with a series of eighth-note chords (F#4, A4, C#5, E5) followed by a half rest. The first staff contains five measures of rests. The second staff starts with a half rest, followed by a quarter note G4, a quarter rest, and a half note F#4. The third staff begins with a 4-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The fourth staff starts with a 7-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The fifth staff begins with a 3-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The sixth staff starts with a 4-measure rest, followed by a half note G4, a half rest, and a half note F#4. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

FLÛTES.

3

cresc. *f* *f* *ff*

3

3

6

5

p

cresc.

ff

al Coda



FLÛTES.

CODA.

f

ff

tr.

tr.

ff

FIN

SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

par O. MÉTRA.

CLARINETTES en LA.

All^o ma non troppo.

Introduction.

pp

Musical notation for the Introduction section, featuring a piano (pp) dynamic and a 'rall.' (rallentando) marking.

And^{te}

Musical notation for the Andante section, featuring a piano (p) dynamic and a 'rall.' (rallentando) marking.

Musical notation for the Andante section, featuring a piano (p) dynamic and a 'rall.' (rallentando) marking.

VALE.

§ á 2.

ff

Musical notation for the Valse section, featuring a forte (ff) dynamic and a 'rall.' (rallentando) marking.



p *cresc.*

tr. *tr.* *p*

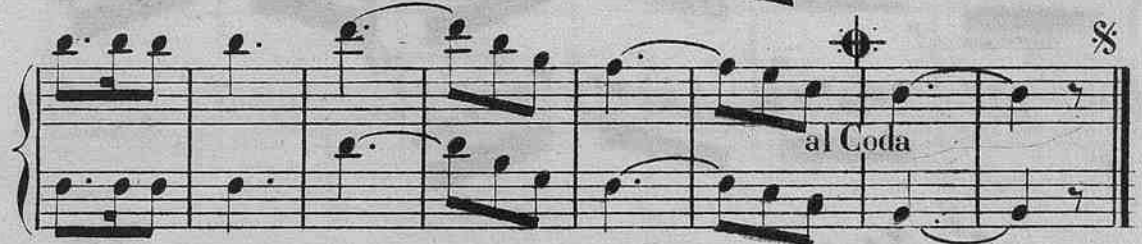
a 2 *3* *3*

Unis *2*

à 2.

CLARINETTES en LA.

3



1^o Solo.

un seul.

ff

unis. //

A musical score for a piano piece. The score is written on two staves. The upper staff features a melody with many beamed sixteenth notes, creating a rapid, flowing line. The lower staff provides harmonic support with chords and some melodic fragments. The piece concludes with a double bar line and the word 'Finis.' written on the lower staff.

à 2

tr.

f

FIN

SÉRÉNADE,
Valse Espagnole.

par O. MÉTRA.

BASSONS.

All.^o ma non troppo.

Introd.^{on}

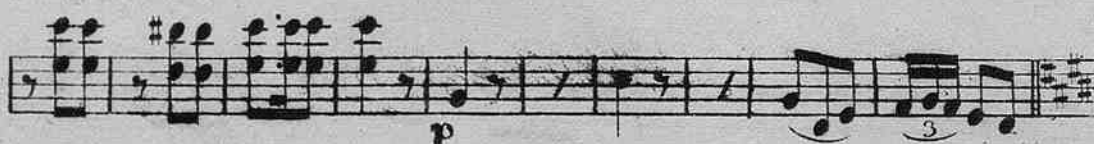


And.^{te}
7

Tempo 1.^o



VALSE :



18 1.^o Solo.



BASSONS.

1^o Solo.

ff

al Coda

CODA.

6

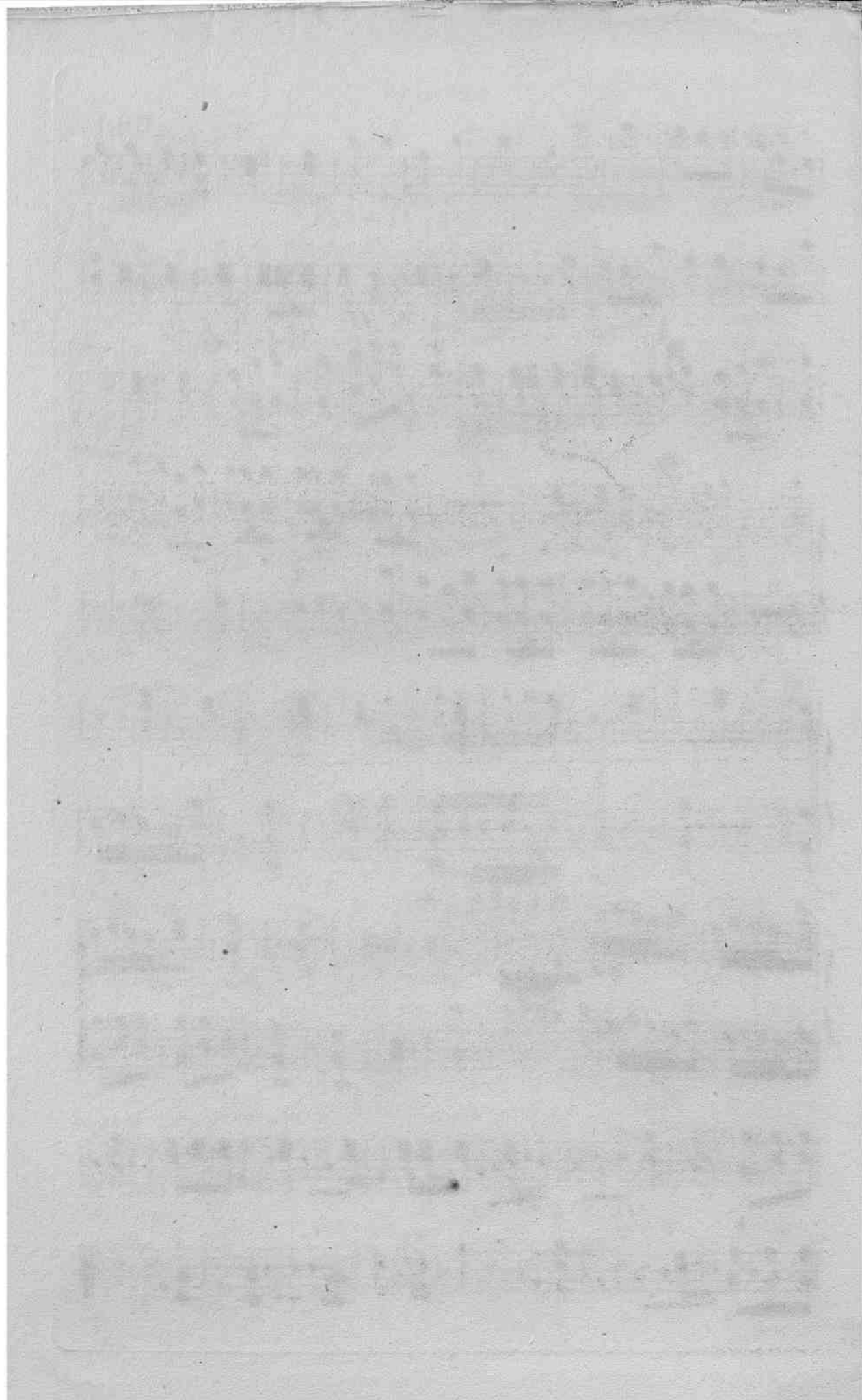
f

6

ff

ff

FIN



SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

par O. MÉTRA.

1^{re} et 2^e TROMBONES

All^o ma non troppo And^{te}

Introduction.

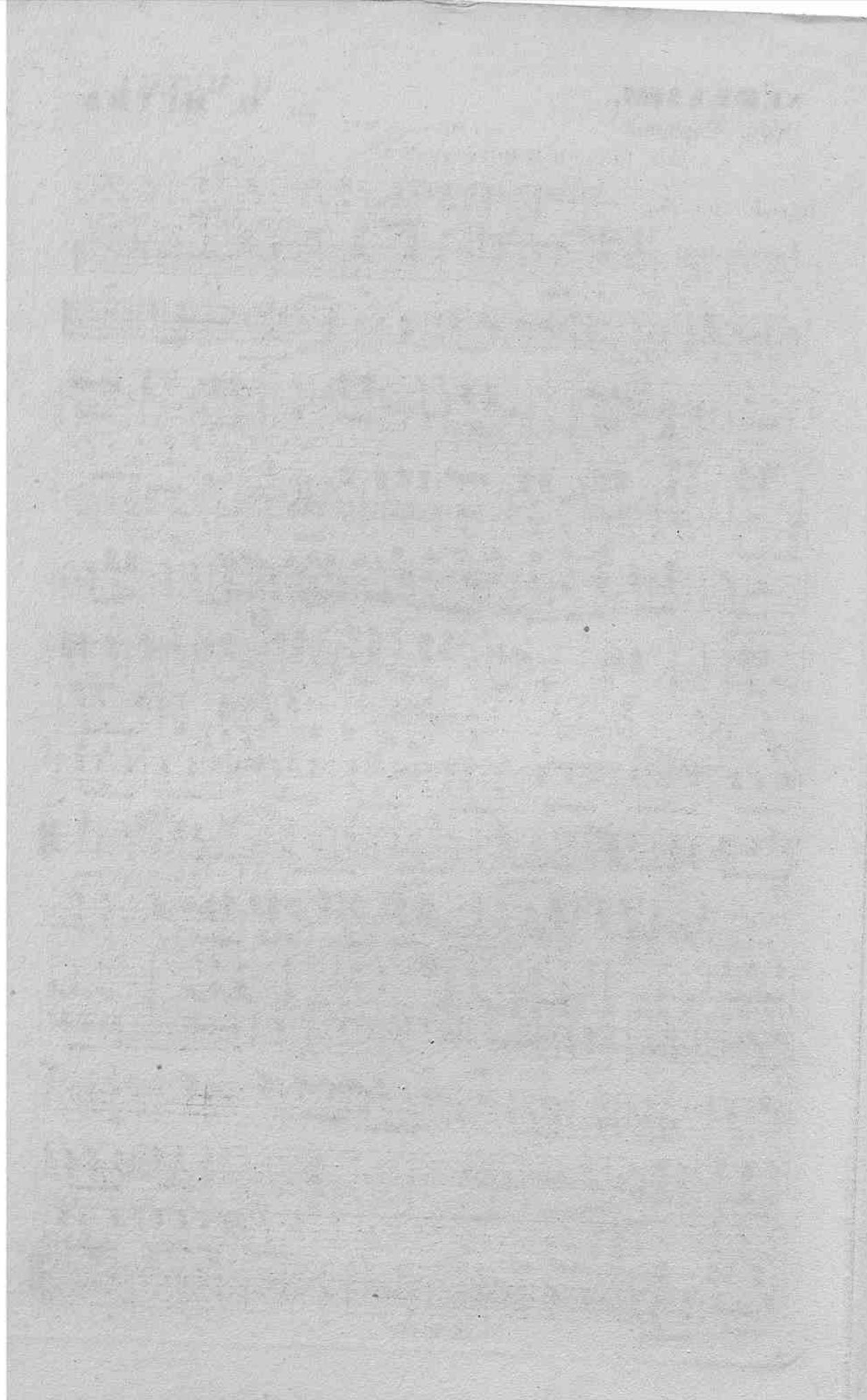


VALE



CODA.





SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

par O. MÉTRA.

CORS en MI $\flat$.

All^o ma non troppo. And^{te}

Introduction

15

p

Tempo 15

suivez.

VALE

ff

4

4

f cresc.

ff

2

24

15

ff

30

8

CODA

p

ff

p

4

4

ff

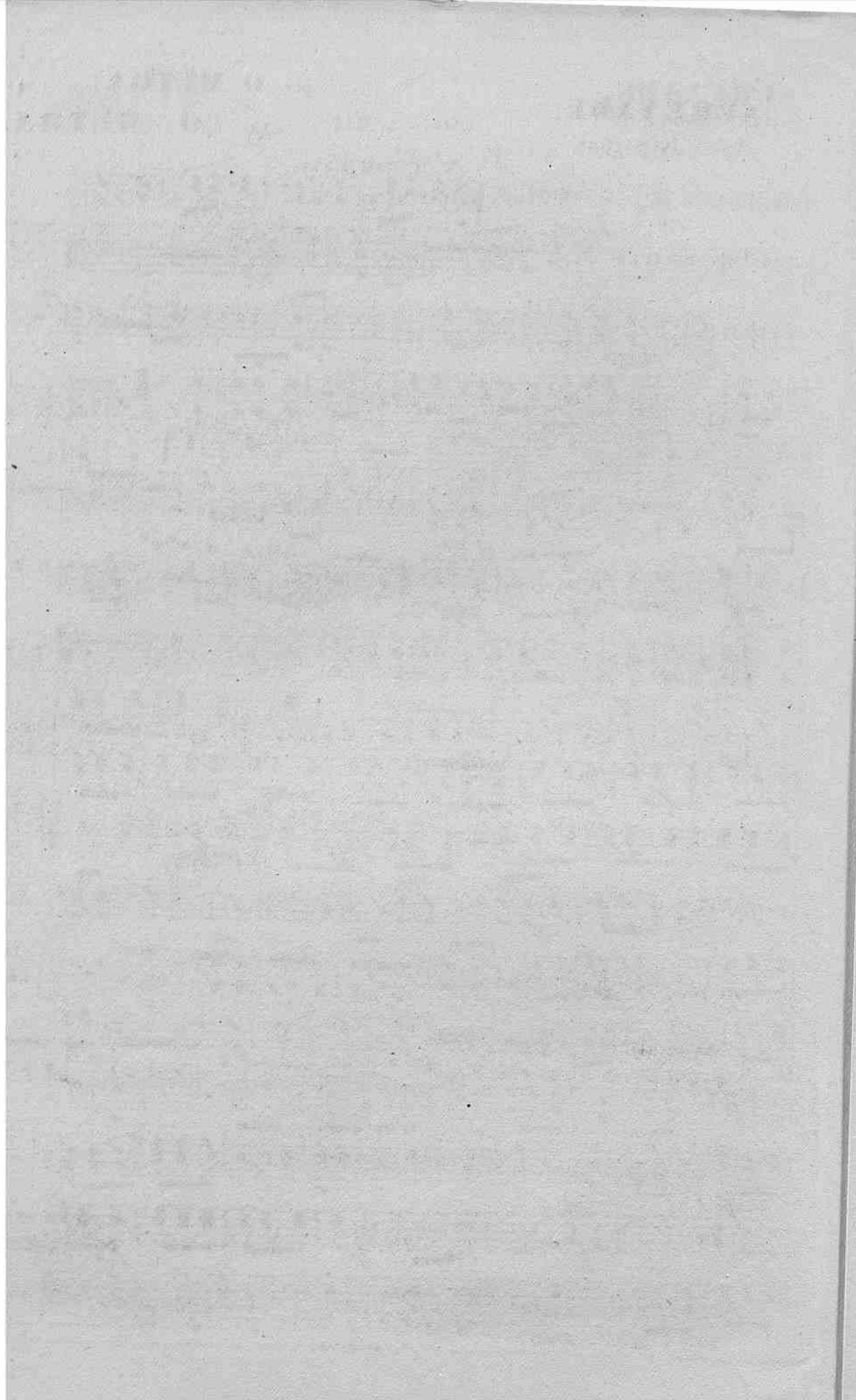
ff

ff

ff

FIN





Valse Espagnole.

par

3^d TROMBONE.

All° ma non troppo.

15

And^{te}

Introduction

Introduction.

pp

15

suivez

FALSE.

VALSE. *ff*

12

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented on two staves. The first staff begins with a piano (p) dynamic, followed by a crescendo (cres) leading to a fortissimo (ff) dynamic. The melody is characterized by eighth and sixteenth notes, with a repeat sign after the first four measures. The second staff continues the melody, featuring a fortissimo (ff) dynamic and a key signature change to one sharp (F#) in the final measures. The piece concludes with a final note on the second staff.

6 35

1st Tr 5 *p*

al Coda: 

CODA.

CODA. 

The first staff of music begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody consists of the following notes and rests: a quarter note F#4, a quarter rest, an eighth note G4, an eighth note A4, a quarter note B4, a quarter rest, an eighth note A4, an eighth note G4, a quarter note F#4, a quarter rest, an eighth note E4, an eighth note D4, a quarter note C4, a quarter rest, an eighth note D4, an eighth note E4, a quarter note F#4, a quarter rest, an eighth note G4, an eighth note A4, a quarter note B4, a quarter rest, an eighth note A4, an eighth note G4, a quarter note F#4, a quarter rest, an eighth note E4, an eighth note D4, a quarter note C4, and a quarter rest.

FIN



大正十三年 四月

（昭和十三年）

（昭和十三年）

（昭和十三年）

（昭和十三年）

（昭和十三年）

（昭和十三年）

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（昭和十三年）

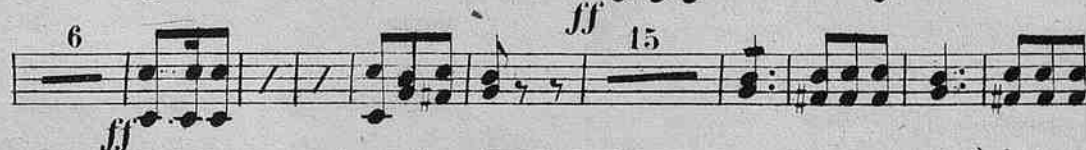
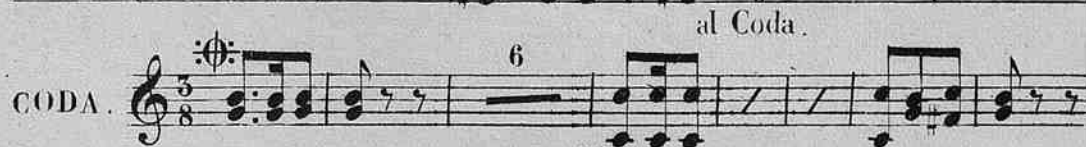
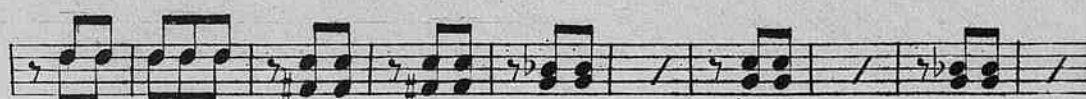
（昭和十三年）

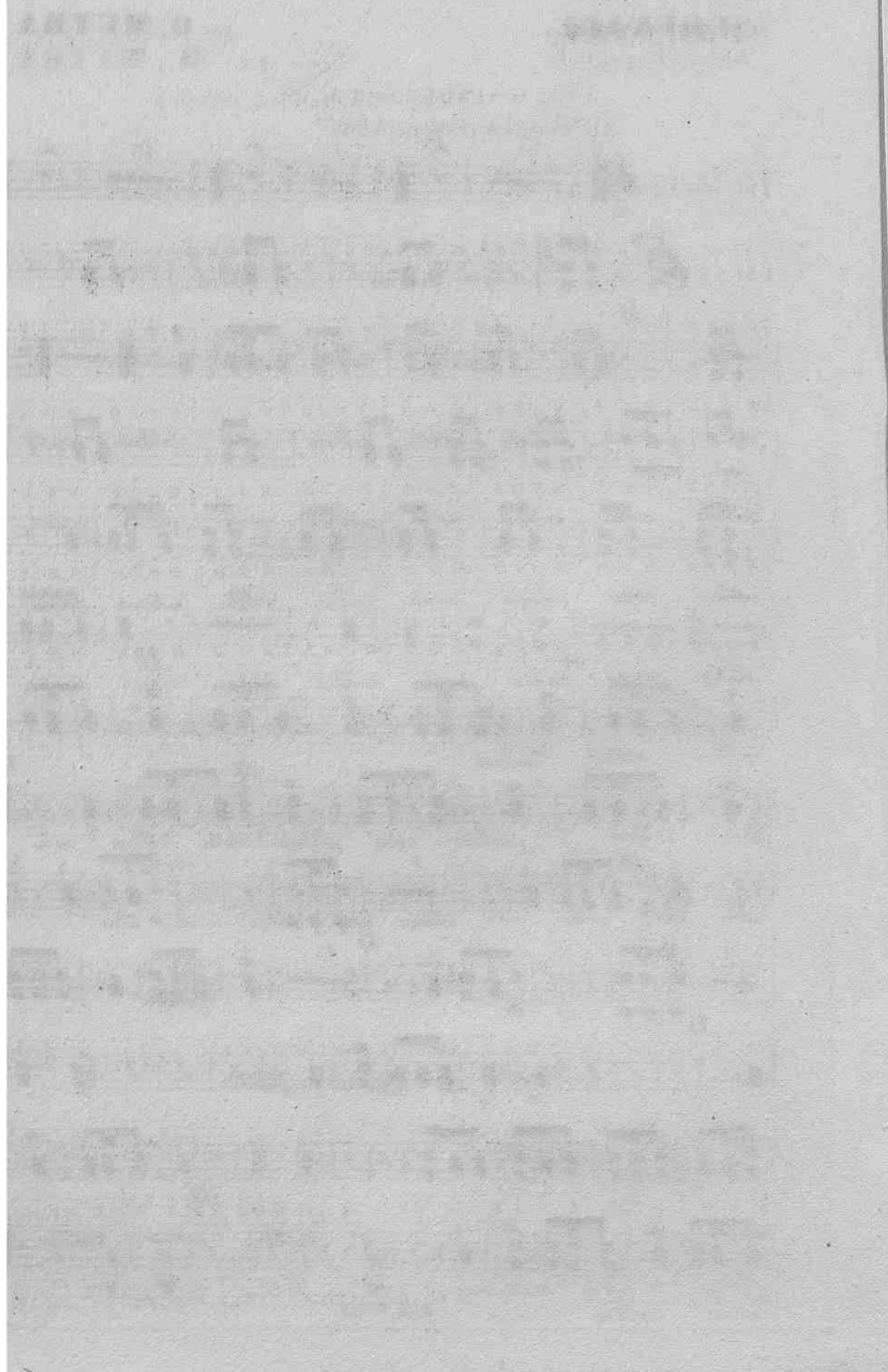
SÉRÉNADE,
Valse Espagnole.

par **O. MÉTRA**

CORS en LA.

All^o ma non troppo. And^{te}





SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

par O. MÉTRA.

PISTONS en LA.

All^o ma non troppo. And^{te} Solo

Introd^{on}

VALE.

Clar.

Pist.

p

Pist.

peres.

f

à 2.

3

2

p



5 clar.

Piston Solo.

cres.

ff

f

al Coda.

CODA.

5

ff

The musical score is written for three parts: Clarinet (5), Piston Solo, and Piano. The key signature is E-flat major (three flats) and the time signature is 3/8. The score begins with a Clarinet part (5) and a Piston Solo part. The Piano part enters with a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings. The piece concludes with a Coda section, marked with a double bar line and a coda symbol. The Piano part features a prominent five-measure rest (5) before the final *ff* section.

8 *p*

ff

tr *>*

tr

ff

FIN

SERENADE,

par **O METRA**

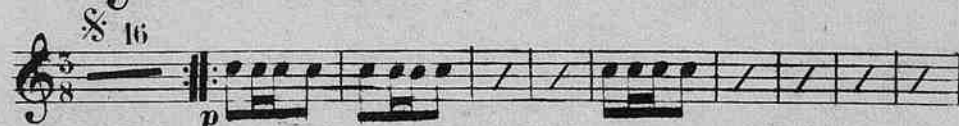
CASTAGNETTES et TAMBOUR de BASQUE

All^o ma non troppo And^{te}

Introduction



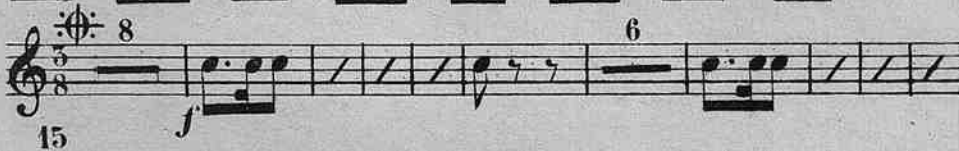
VALSE



Cast. et Tamb. de Baque.



CODA



FIN



SÉRÉNADE,
Valse Espagnole

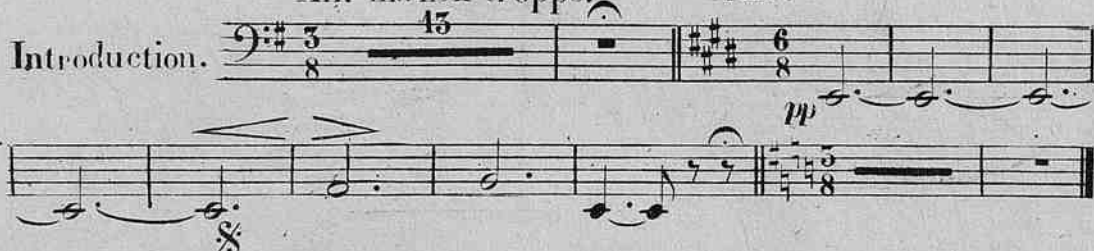
par **O. MÉTRA.**

OPHICLÉIDE.

All.^o ma non troppo.

And.^{te}

Introduction.

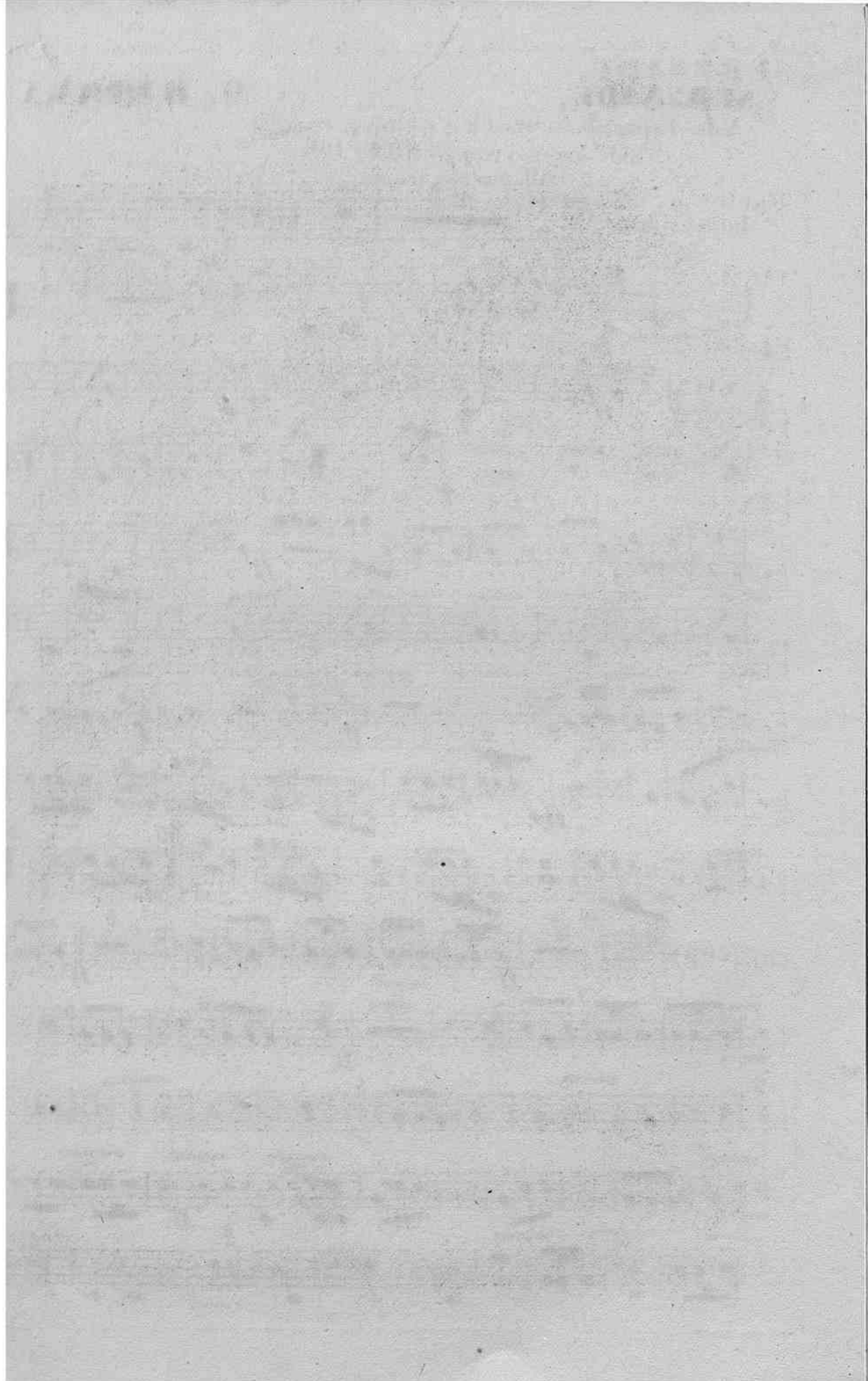


VALESE



CODA





SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole

par O MÉTRA

TAMBOUR et GROSSE CAISSE

All^o ma non troppo And^{te}

Introduction



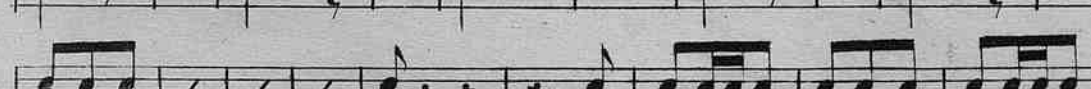
VALE



Castagnettes.



Tamb



C. M. 10 995.



（此處為模糊不清之文字，疑似為詩詞之序言或標題）

（此處為多行模糊不清之文字，疑似為一首或多首詩詞之正文，因字跡過於模糊，無法辨識具體內容）

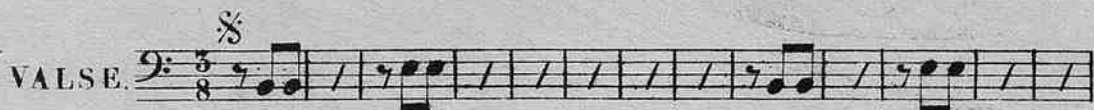
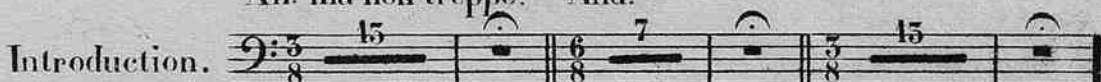
SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

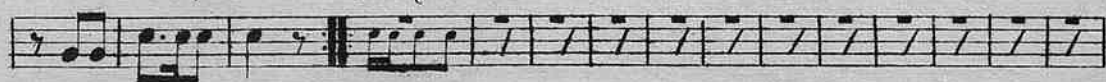
TIMBALES en MI et SI.

par O. MÉTRA.

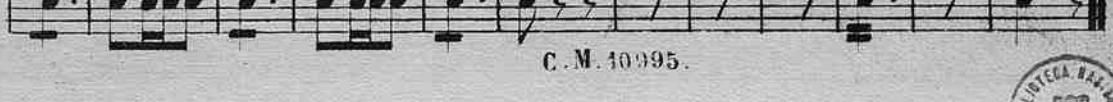
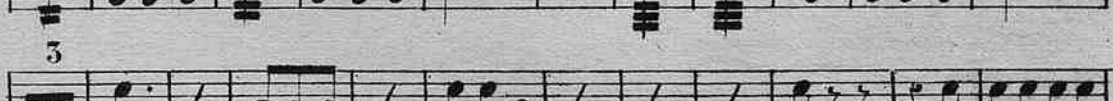
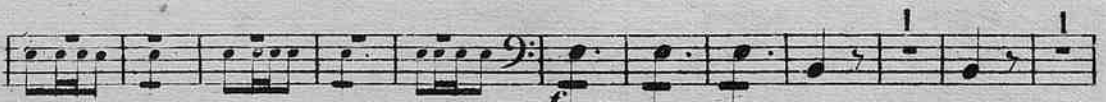
All^o ma non troppo. And^{te}



Castagnettes.



Castagnette et tamb. de Basque.



1. The purpose of this article is to establish the legal framework for the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country.

2. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

3. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

4. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

5. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

6. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

7. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

8. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

9. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:

10. The state shall ensure the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of the country through the implementation of the following measures:



A. ME MEN MEISSONNIER
B. GÉRARD & C^{IE}

12. Boul^e des Capucins
MON DU 62 HÔTEL

SÉRÉNADE,
Valse Espagnole.

par **O. MÉTRA.**1.^{re} VIOLON.

All' ma non troppo.

Introduction.

The image shows a musical score for a piece titled "Introduction." and "And: Pistons." The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/8. The score is divided into several measures, with some measures containing rests or other markings. The tempo and dynamics markings include "pizz." (pizzicato), "arco." (arco), "rall." (rallentando), "And:" (Andante), "Pistons.", "pp" (pianissimo), "tempo. 1°" (tempo primo), and "pizz." (pizzicato). The score is written in a single system, with the first measure of the "Introduction." section starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The "And: Pistons." section begins with a double bar line and a new key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The score ends with a final measure containing a fermata.

VALSE.

Valse.

Allegretto

ff

tr.

cres_cen_do *f*

ff

Measures 10-11 of the musical score for Basses. Measure 10 contains a half note G4, a quarter note A4, and a quarter note B4. Measure 11 contains a half note C5, a quarter note B4, and a quarter note A4. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 3/4.

1^{re} VIOLON.

5

Flûte.

p

f *p*

cres *ff*

Cors

al Coda.

CO DA.

ff *p* *sf*

Flûte.

ff *tr*

FIN

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

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1912

1912

1912

SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

par O. MÉTRA.

2^d VIOLON.All.^o ma non troppo.

Introduction.

And.^{te}Tempo 1^o

VALSE.



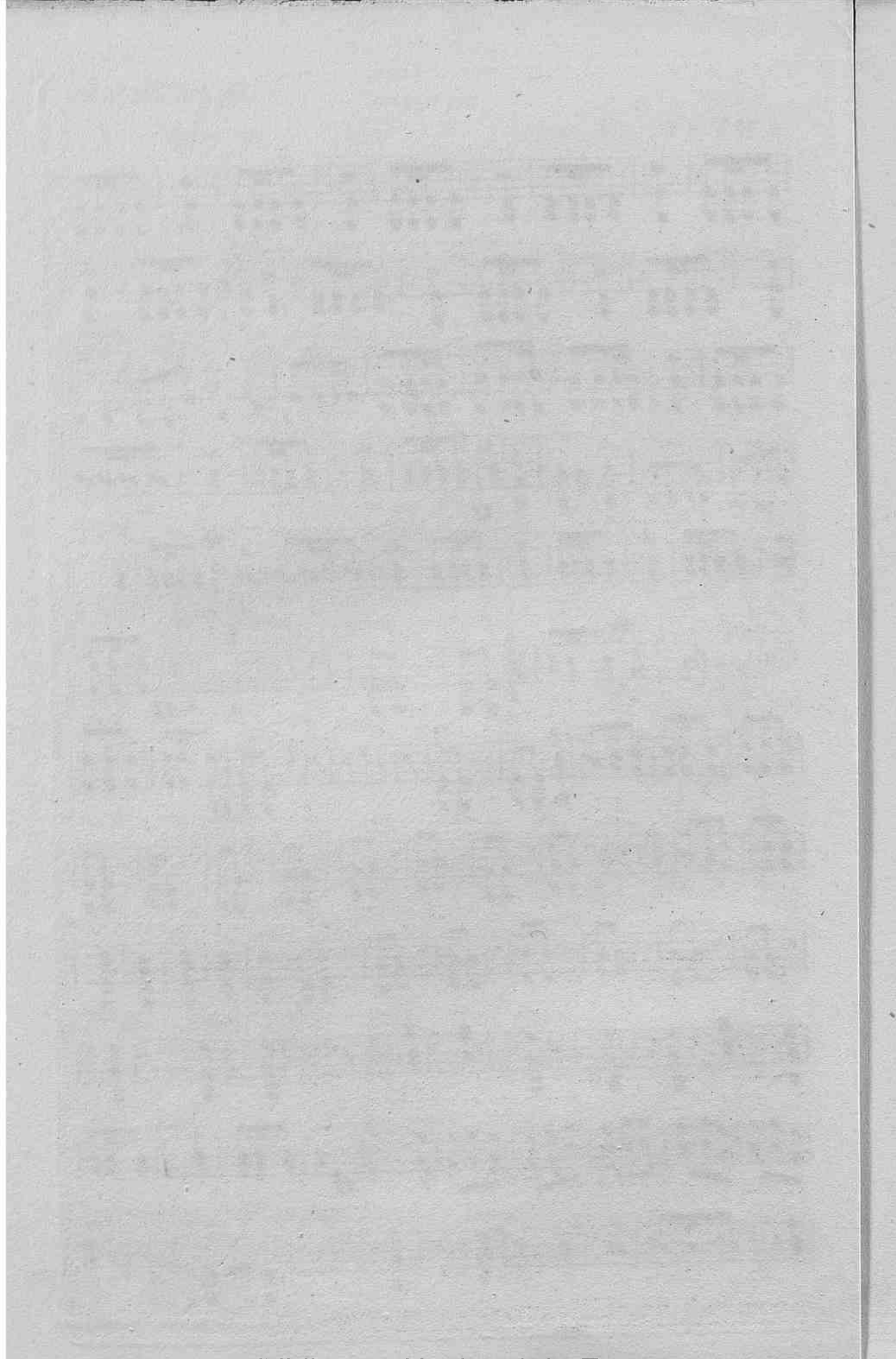
The image shows a page from a musical score for 'The Merry Widow' by Franz Lehár. The page is divided into two main sections: a piano introduction and the first system of the waltz. The piano introduction is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and features a series of chords and single notes. The waltz begins with a key signature change to one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The first system of the waltz is marked with a forte (f) dynamic and includes a double forte (ff) marking. The score is written for piano and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

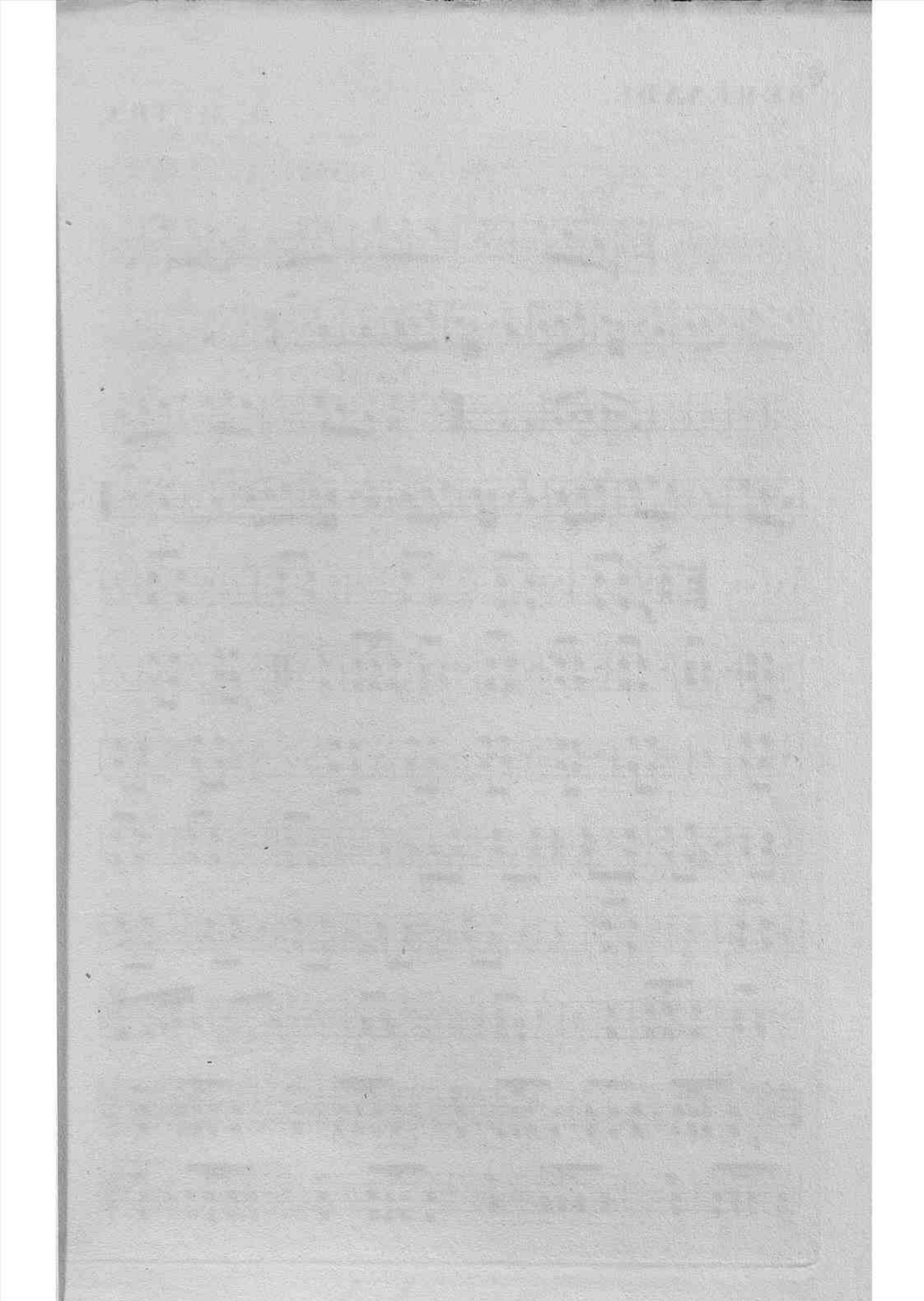
al Coda.

CODA .

p *<ff* *p* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *FIN.*







SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

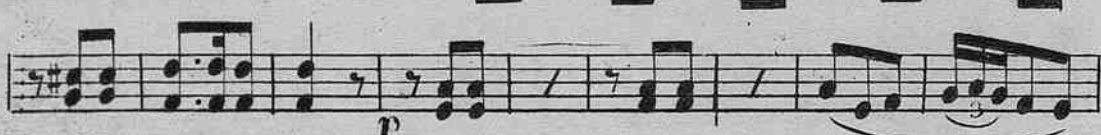
par **O. MÉTRA.**

ALTO..

All^o ma non troppo.

pizz.

Introduction.



Musical score for Alto, measures 1-10. The notation consists of six staves. The first four staves contain dense chordal textures with many beamed notes. The fifth staff has a melodic line with a slur and a crescendo marking. The sixth staff ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

cres. *f*

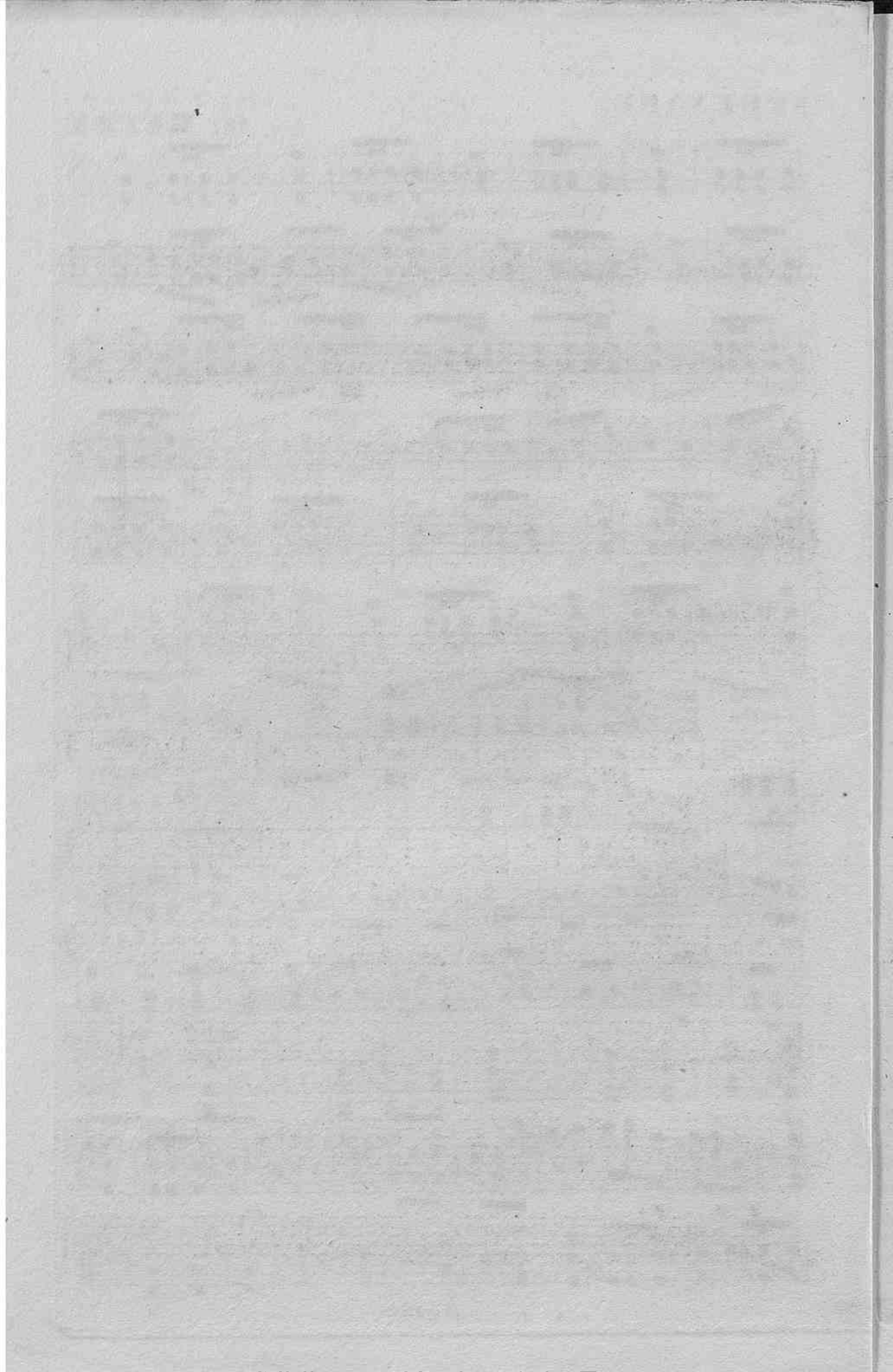
al Coda.

CODA.

Musical score for Coda, measures 11-20. The notation consists of six staves. The first two staves have a key signature change to two sharps and a time signature change to 8/8. The notation includes various dynamics and articulations. The final staff ends with a double bar line and the word 'FIN'.

p *ff* *p* *ff* *p* *ff* *ff* **FIN.**





SÉRÉNADE,

Valse Espagnole.

par O. MÉTRA.

BASSES.

All^o ma non troppo.
pizz.

Introduction.



Trombone.

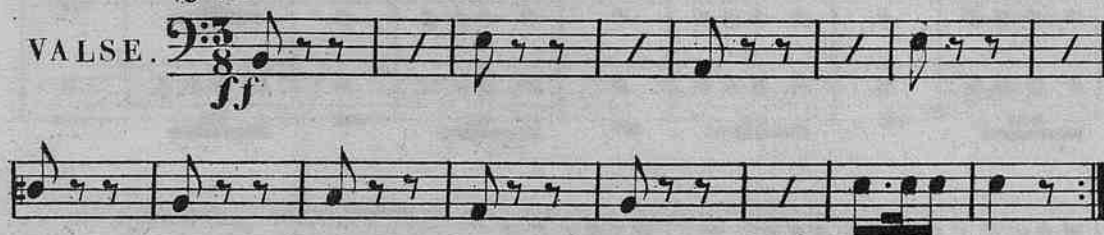


1^o tempo.



§ à 2.

VALE.



BASSES.



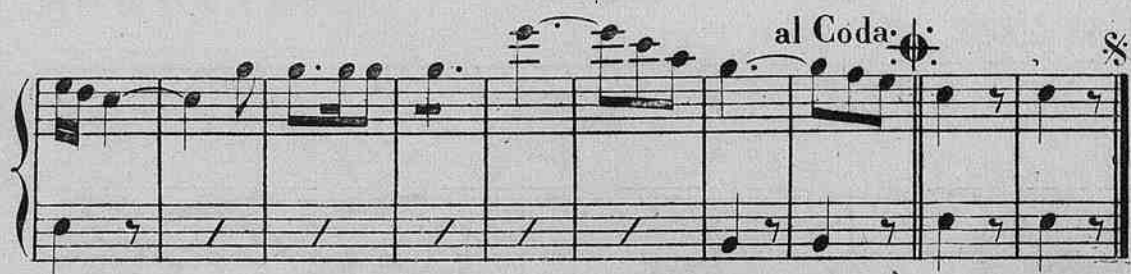
Battu



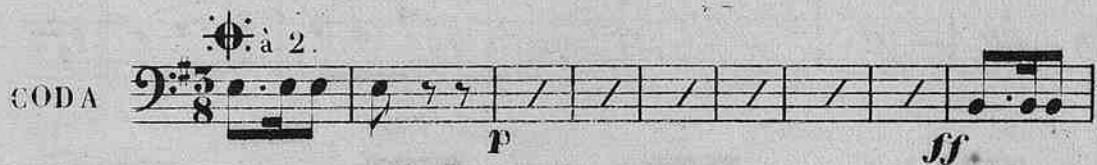
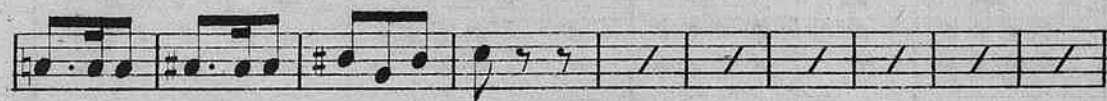
BASSES.

3

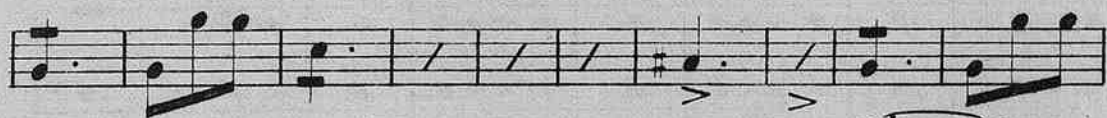
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CODA  a 2.







Suite des Quadrilles.

STRAUSS. Barbe-Bleue.
— Belle Hélène (la).
— Bohémienne (la).
— Bonhomme Jadis.
— Corsaire (le).
— Demoiselle de Nanterre (la).
— Grâce de Dieu (la).
— Jeanne qui pleure et Jean qui rit.
— Lanterne magique (la).
— Parrain d'une cloche (le).

STRAUSS. Pont des soupirs (le).
— Source (la).
TEDESCO. Grand-Hôtel (le).
TOLBECQUE (J. B.). Aigle (l').
— Croix d'or (la).
— Giselle, 2 quadrilles.
— Ingénue de Saint-Lô (l').
— Jolie Fille du faubourg (la).
— Jolie Fille de Gand (la), 2 quadr.
— Lambert Simmel.

TOLBECQUE. Main de fer (la).
— Passé minuit.
— Perruche (la).
— Piquillo.
— Roi d'Yvetot (le), 2 quad.
— Sainte-Cécile (la).
— Suite de valse.
— Symphonie (la).
— Zampa.

VALES.

ADAM. Giselle.
ETTLING (E.). Croix de Marie (la).
— Jenny Bell.
— Marco Spada.
— Stella.
JULLIEN. Muletiers (les)
— Rosita.
— Rossignol (le).
KLEIN (J.). Étincelles (les).
— Rêves d'automne (les).
LABITZKI. Op. 180. Ailes d'or (les).
— Op. 183. Fiancés (les).
— Op. 185. Doux aveux.
— Op. 187. Voyage en Suisse.
— Op. 190. Écho du bal (l').
— Op. 191. Souvenirs de jeunesse.
— Op. 193. Refrain des montagnes.

LABITZKI. Op. 195. Jardinière (la).
METRA (Olivier). Barbe-Bleue.
— Château à Toto (le).
— Étoile du soir.
— Italie (l').
— Mélancolie.
— Nuit (la).
— Orient (l').
— Réveuse (la).
— Roses (les).
— Sérénade espagnole.
— Soir (le).
MEY (Aug.). Revanche de Fortunia (la).
MUSARD. Jardin d'hiver (le).
— Lucie de Lamermeer.
— Pont des soupirs (le).
— Roses de mai.
— Valse électrique.

MUSARD. Bienfaisance (la).
PASDELOUP. Aurore (l').
— Train de plaisir (le).
STRAUSS. Barbe-Bleue.
— Belle Hélène (la).
— Chanson du punch.
— Corsaire (le).
— Fife enchanté (le).
— Jeanne qui pleure et Jean q
— Manon Lescout.
— Moulin des Tilleuls (le).
— Ne touchez pas à la Reine.
— Source (la).
STRAUSS (Johan). Philiberte.
— Soirées espagnoles.
TOLBECQUE (J.B.). Jolie Fille de Gar
— Roi d'Yvetot (le).

POLKAS.

ALONSO. Jeannine.
— 30 et 40.
BOUSQUET. Margot.
— Facteur rural du Château à
Toto (le).
CHÉRI (V.). Théodoros.
CHLEDOWSKI. Trois polkas (les).
DANIELE (G.). Marguerites (les).
DOCHE. Polka nationale de H. Herz.
ETTLING. Siella.
— Château à Toto (le).
LBEL. Clochettes (les).
— Hulans (les).
FESSY. Perlpinpin.
JULLIEN. Éclipse (l'), polka militaire.
METRA (O.). Barbe-Bleue, *Le Palanquin*.

METRA (O.). Étincelle (l').
— Marionnettes (les).
— Palais des singes (le).
— I Pupazzi.
— Sporting-Club.
MUSARD. Gondoliers du Pont des sou-
pirs (les).
— Metra-polka.
— Polka régence.
— Royal, polka.
— Trompettes (polka des).
PASDELOUP. Baladine (la).
— Folie (la).
— Marco Spada.
— Polka sauvage.
— Polka américaine.

PASDELOUP. Pirouette.
— Train de plaisir (le).
— Tourbillon (le).
QUIDANT. Polka des hameaux.
STRAUSS. Bal du sénat (le).
— Belle Hélène (la).
— Polka taïtienne.
— Rendez-vous parisiens (les)
— Roman comique (le).
— Rosati, polka du Corsaire.
— Source (la).
— Violette.
STRAUSS (Johan). Fanny Barry.
— Timbaliers (les).
TEDESCO. Rieuse (la).

POLKAS-MAZURKAS.

BOUSQUET. Sept châteaux du Diable (les).
ETTLING (E.). Première mazurka.
— Deuxième mazurka.
FESSY. Perlpinpin.
LAMOTTE. Ma Lodoiska.
LINDHEIM. Barbe-Bleue.
— Belle Hélène (la).
— Pont des soupirs (le).
METRA (Olivier). Noce bohème (la) de
PALFY.
METRA. Marguerite (la).
— Johannisberg.
— Chanson bavaroise de PALFY.
— Rendez-vous (le).
— Rhin (le).
— Souvenir du bal.
— Sultane Validé (la).
MEY (Aug.). Boulotte, polka-mazurka
de Barbe-Bleue.
— Château à Toto (le).

MONIOT (E.). Margarita.
PARISOT. Joselia.
PASDELOUP. Blondine.
— Fleur d'Espagne.
— Mosquita la sorcière.
STRAUSS. Source (la).
TALEXY. Marco Spada.
— Jenny Bell.
TEDESCO. Gabrielle de Lapérine.
WALDTEUFELD. Marco Spada.

REDOWAS.

ARTUS (Am.). Bruyère.
DENAULT. Cécilia.
LANGALIERE (de). Gracieuse (la).
PASDELOUP. Lune de miel (la).
— Polka américaine ou nouv. redowa.
TALEXY. Felina.

SCHOTTISCHS.

JULIANO (A. P.). Calabraise (la).
PASDELOUP. Naïade (la).
— Pulcinella.
— Schottisch de Londres.
— Schottisch de Paris.
— Schottisch des Bloomers.

VARSOVIANA.

ALONZO. Nueva Flor de Espana (la).

GALOPS.

PASDELOUP. Retraite (la).