

RIGHTS

EDITION.

THE

NEW BRUNSWICK COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC.

SECOND EDITION, WITH ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

BRAUNSWICK, N. J.

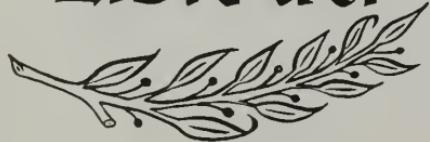
TEBBONE - ALBANY STREET.

PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR
BY R. T. & CO., NEW YORK.
1838.

1838



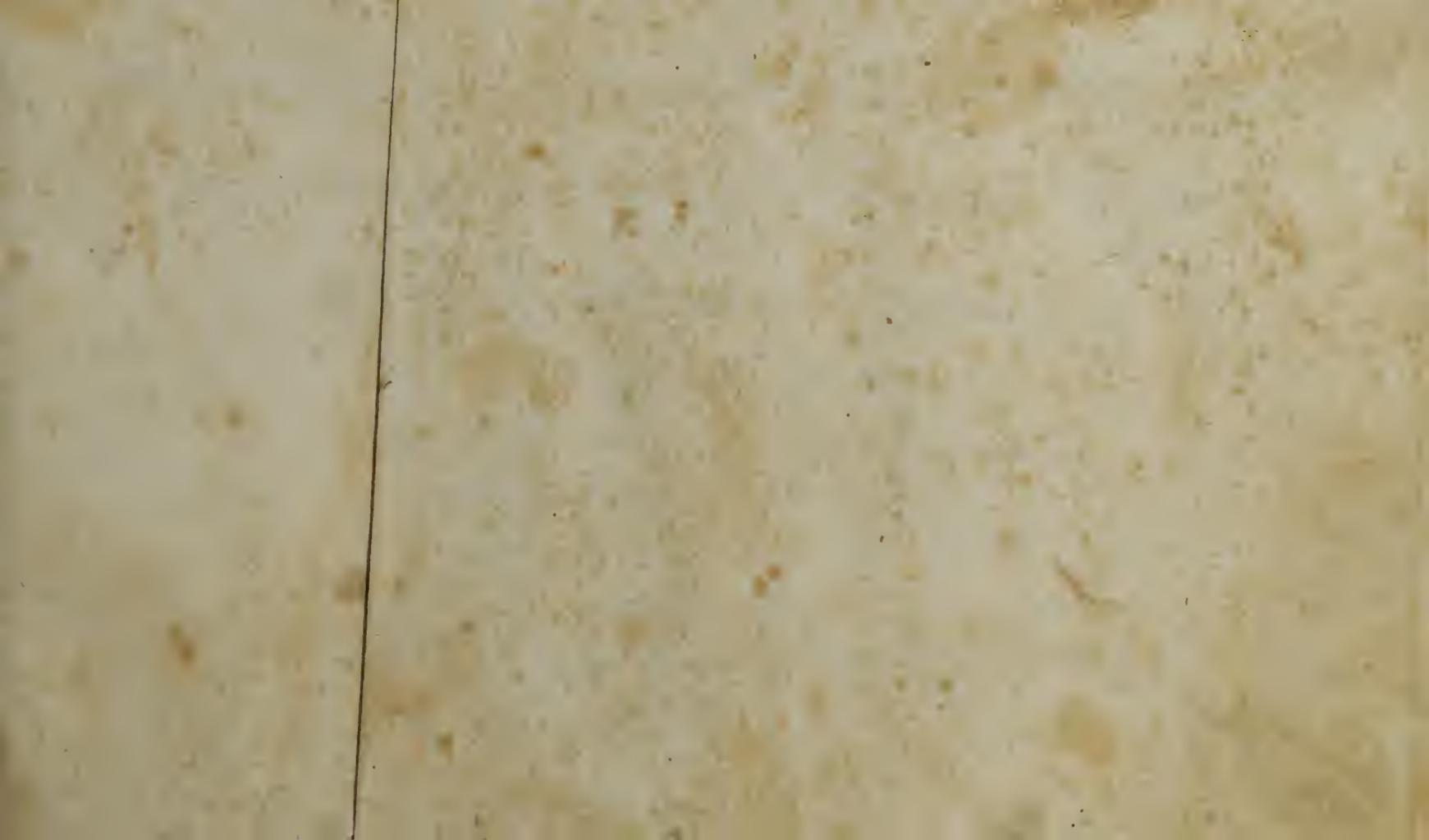
BOSTON
PUBLIC
LIBRARY



J. Glover's Book

1839

1691





THE
NEW-BRUNSWICK COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC,
A
SELECTION OF TUNES FROM THE MOST APPROVED AUTHORS IN EUROPE AND AMERICA
DESIGNED
PRINCIPALLY FOR THE USE OF CHURCHES.

BY CORNELIUS VAN DEVENTER.

"Praise the Lord, for the Lord is good; sing praises unto his name, for it is pleasant."—PSALM, CXXXV. 8.

EIGHTH EDITION, ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.



NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY J. TERHUNE, NO. 27 ALBANY-STREET, AND FOR SALE BY THE PRINCIPAL
BOOKSELLERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

1838.

MUSIC
L12117
. N47
1838Y

DISTRICT OF NEW-JERSEY,^{ss.}

L. S. BE IT REMEMBERED, That on the 16th day of September, in the Fifty-second year of the Independence of the United States of America, Terhune & Letson, of the said District, have deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof they claim as Proprietors, in the words following, to wit:—

“The New-Brunswick Collection of Sacred Music—A Selection of Tunes from the most Approved Authors in Europe and America. Designed principally for the use of Churches. By Cornelius Van Deventer. ‘Praise the Lord, for the Lord is good; sing praises unto his name, for it is pleasant.’—Psalm cxxxv. 3.”

In conformity to an Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled an Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned; and also to the Act, entitled an Act supplementary to the Act entitled an Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned, and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, etching, and engraving historical and other prints.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON,
Clerk of the District of New-Jersey.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Subscriber, in offering to the public this Eighth and enlarged edition of the "NEW-BRUNWICK COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC," remarks, that he has closely prosecuted the design of the first compilers of the work, in selecting such tunes as are peculiarly adapted to Church Music; and in doing this he has commanded the skill and experience of one of the oldest and most judicious practical musicians in the country. The tunes added to this edition have either been prepared expressly for the work, or taken by permission from the most popular and approved authors of the age. They embrace a great variety of Metres, selected in reference to the new collections of hymns, recently introduced in many of the Presbyterian, Dutch Reformed, and Baptist Churches throughout the United States; and as a chorister's companion, for general use, it claims a pre-eminence over every other work of its size. He therefore cheerfully submits the investigation of the work to all who are capable of appreciating its merits, with full confidence, that its own intrinsic worth will be an ample recommendation, and procure for it a circulation as extensive as any music book now in use.

THE PUBLISHER.

New-Brunswick, January 1838.

ADAGIO—with a slow movement.

APPETUOSO, — } in a style of execution adapted to express affection,

AMOROSO, — } tenderness, and supplication.

ALLEGRO—a brisk and sprightly movement.

ALLEGRETTO—less quick than allegro.

ALTO—Counter, or high Tenor.

ANDANTE—with distinctness.

DA CAPO, or D. C.—close with the first strain.

EXPRESSIVO, —with expression.

FORTE—strong and full.

FORTISSIMO—very loud.

LARGO—the slowest degree of movement.

PIANO, OR PIA.—soft.

PIANISSIMO, OR PIANISS.—very soft.

SPIRITUOSO—with spirit.

VIVACE—in a brisk and lively manner.

DUO, OR DUETTO—for two voices or instruments.

CRESCENDO, OR CRES.—to swell the sound.

MAESTOSO—slow, firm and bold.

MODERATO—a movement between Andante and Allegro.

TREBLE AND TENOR.

G	22	Sol
F	21	Faw
E	20	Law
D	19	Sol
C	18	Faw
B	17	Mi
A	16	Law and Tenor, and
G	15	Sol stands on the
F	14	Faw second line.
E	13	Law

COUNTER.

G	15	Sol
F	14	Faw
E	13	Law
D	12	Sol
C	11	Faw
B	10	Mi
A	9	Law
G	8	Sol
F	7	Faw

This character, called the Counter cliff, is used in Counter, and stands usually on the middle line.

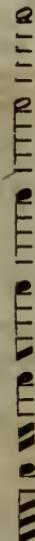
BASS.

A	9	Law
G	8	Sol
F	7	Faw
E	6	Law
D	5	Sol
C	4	Faw
B	3	Mi
A	2	Law
G	1	Sol

This character, called the Bass cliff, is used in Bass and stands on the fourth line.

The first column, shows the order of the letters as they stand on the lines and spaces in each stave. The Tenor is omitted, in its proper place, because it is the same as the Treble, only one eighth below it; the women's voice, being one eighth above the man's. The second shows the connection of the parts, by exhibiting in figures the number of different sounds in the three octaves. The third shows the names and order of the notes in each stave.

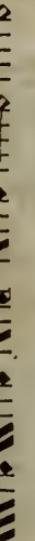
SOL.



LAW.



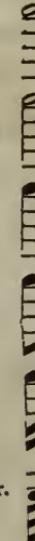
MI.



FAW



NOTES. RESTS.



Semibreve.



Minim,



Crotchet.



Quaver.



Semicquaver.



Demisemiquaver.



V
Accent is a certain force of sound, which when a bar consists of 1st. 1st. two or three equal parts, is on the 4 2 3 2 first.

1st. 3d.

When of four it is on the first and third.

1st. 4th.

When of six it is on the 1st and 4th.



A semibreve rest fills a bar, in all moods of time; the other rests are marks of silence, equal in time to the notes after which they are called.



The natural place for Mi, is in B.

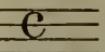
But if B be flat, Mi is in - E	If F be sharp, Mi is in - F
if B and E, - - - A	If F, and C, - - - C
if B, E, and A, - - - D	If F, C, and G, - - - G
if B, E, A, and D, - - - G	If F, C, G, and D, - - - D

TIME.

TIME, in music, is the measure of the duration of sound, by which individuals performing the different parts in a piece of music, are enabled to regulate their movement. In singing, time is regulated by motions made by the hand,—an equal number being made with equal velocity in every measure; that is, during the performance of the notes between any two single bars,—each note receiving its proportionate share of the whole time. The number of motions or beats in each measure, is determined by the mark of time.

There are three kinds of time: viz. Common, Triple, and Compound; each having two, three, or more signs, which indicate, as far as practicable, the rapidity of movement.

COMMON TIME.—Common time has three marks or signs. (In this work there are four, two of which may be considered as one and the same, so as virtually to make but three.)

The first mark is **C**, written  and requires a semibreve, or its

equivalent in other notes, in a measure. It has four beats in a measure, with full accent on the first, and slight or secondary accent on the third.

The second mark is **C** with a bar crossing it, thus,  or an inverted **C**, thus, . A semibreve, or its equivalent in other notes, fills a

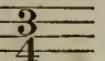
measure. There are only two beats in a measure, with the accent usually on the first part of the measure, but sometimes on the first and third parts. It is usually performed more rapidly than the first mark.

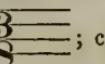
NOTE.—In many of the modern printed books, the figures **4-4** are substituted for the mark **C**, and **2-2** for the **barred C**. The figures are used in the latter part of this work.

The third mark is ; the minim, or its equivalent in other notes, fills the measure. There are in each measure two beats, and it is accented and measured the same as the second mark.

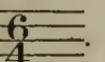
TRIPLE TIME.—Triple time has also three signs. The first sign is 

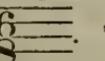
The pointed semibreve, or its equivalent in other notes, fills the measure. In each measure there are three beats, with a primary accent on the first, and a secondary accent on the third part of the measure.

The second mark is  The pointed minim, or its equivalent in other notes, fills the measure: it is beat and accented as the first.

The third mark is ; contains a pointed crotchet, or its equivalent in other notes, in a measure: is beat and accented as the second.

COMPOUND TIME.—Compound time is composed of triple and common time, since each measure is susceptible of being divided into two measures of triple time: it also bears a resemblance to common time in being measured by two beats. It has only two signs.

The first sign is . Two pointed minims, or their equivalent in other notes, fill the measure. It has only two beats in a measure, with the accent on the first and fourth parts of the measure.

The second mark is . Two pointed crotchets, or their equivalent, fill a measure: it is accented and beat as the first mark.

N. B. In beating time, the first beat, which is always a down beat, falls on the first part of the measure.

In the use of figures as marks of time, they are always made to express the fractional part of the semibreve which fills the measure: for example, if the mark be **2-4**, the notes in each measure are always equal to two-fourths, or one half of the semibreve; viz. a minim. If it be **3-4**, three-fourths of the semibreve fill the measure; viz. a pointed minim, or three crotchets, or their equivalent in other notes. If, again, it be **6-8**, then six-eighths of the semibreve fill the measure; viz. six quavers, three crotchets, or two pointed crotchets, or their equivalent in notes of any kind.

RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC.

Before commencing the following exercises in beating time, a clear idea should be acquired of the design of *Rests* in music. Each note has its corresponding rest, which equals it in time. The characters are—for the semibreve, an oblong square, placed below the middle line, thus, For the minim, a character of the same kind, placed above the same line, thus, The crotchet rest consists of a stem, with a hook at the top, turning to the right, thus, The quaver differs from the crotchet, in having its hook turned to the left, thus, The semiquaver has two hooks, turning to the left, thus, and the demisemiquaver has three, thus,

EXERCISES IN BEATING TIME.

No. I.—Two beats in a measure.

No. II.—Four beats in a measure.

III.—Four or two beats.

IV.—Four beats.

V.—Three beats.

VI.—Three beats.

VII.—Three beats.

VIII.—Three beats.

IX.—Two beats.

X.—Two beats.

XI.—Two beats.

XII.—Two beats.

RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC.

DIATONIC SCALE--KEY-NOTE, &c.

There are in music seven primary sounds; the first of which being repeated, completes the octave, or scale of eight notes. The Diatonic Scale consists of a regular succession of these eight sounds; ascending or descending by unequal intervals, called *tones* and *semitones*. These intervals or degrees, are, five of them whole tones, and two semi or half tones.

The key-note, in every tune, is the last note of the bass. There are two keys, viz. Major and Minor. If the last note of the bass be *fa*, or the first above *mi*, the first third in ascending is a major third, and the tune is consequently said to be in the major mode. If the last note of the bass be *la*, or the first below *mi*, the first third in ascending is a minor third, and the tune is said to be in the minor mode. These two modes are dissimilar in character; the major being bold and cheerful; the minor, plaintive or mournful.

The difference in the keys depends on the different arrangement of the tones and semitones. In the major key, or mode, they are between the third and fourth and seventh and eighth tones; that is, between the syllables *la* and *fa*, and *mi* and *fa*. In the minor mode, they are naturally between the second and third and fifth and sixth, and these are their true places in the descending scale; but in the ascending, in order to make the seventh a proper leading note to the octave, the one between the fifth and sixth, is transferred to between the seventh and eighth, by sharpening the sixth and seventh, as seen in the scale at the top of the next column.

MINOR SCALE.



The use of flats and sharps in music, is, to keep these two semitones at their proper distance from the key-note, and from each other; while the key-note is changed from any one letter in the scale to another. In the natural scale, *mi*, the leading note, is on the letter B; C consequently is the major key-note, and A its relative minor. If now we commence with C, the major key, and ascend, E and F will be found to be the third and fourth; and B and C, the seventh and eighth. The semitones are, therefore, between these letters: if, however, we commence with the minor key, *la*, and count the letters in the ascending series, these same letters will be found between the second and third and fifth and sixth; B and C being the second and third, and E and F the fifth and sixth.

The key-note is, however, changed to each and every letter in the scale; hence, for the semitones to preserve their proper distance from the key, they must be transposed, by means of flats and sharps, from their natural place between B and C, and E and F, and placed between other letters which are at the required distance from the letter assumed as the key-note. The following table will serve to illustrate this subject.

TABLE SHOWING THE OPERATION OF FLATS AND SHARPS.

Natural Scale.	One Sharp.	Two Sharps.	Three Sharps.	Four Sharps.	One Flat.	Two Flats.	Three Flats.	Four Flats.
G 8th G Semi tone.	F 7th-F	F G	F 7th G	F G	G 8th-F Semi tone.	G 7th E	G 8th-D Semi tone.	G 7th G
E 8th C Semi tone.	E 7th-B	E 8th-N Semi tone.	E 7th-N Semi tone.	E 7th-N Semi tone.	E 7th E	E 7th-D Semi tone.	E 7th-D	E 7th-G
B 8th C Semi tone.	B 3d-B	B 4th-C Semi tone.	B 3d-C	B 3d-C	B 4th-B Semi tone.	B 3d-B Semi tone.	B 3d-B Semi tone.	B 3d-B
A 8th A Key. Semi tone.	A 3d-A	A 8th A Key. Semi tone.	A 3d-G	A 3d-G	A 4th A Key. Semi tone.	A 3d-G	A 3d-G	A 3d-G
G 4th F Semi tone.	G 3d-E	G #F Semi tone.	G #F Semi tone.	G #F Semi tone.	G F Key	G F	G F	G F
E 3d-E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
N	D	Key D	D	D	D	D	D	D

Key-C-

RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC.

It will be perceived, by an examination of the above table, that in every key, the semitones, in ascending from the major key-note, are between the third and fourth, and seventh and eighth, and that they are removed from their natural place by the operation of flats and sharps; viz. by depressing notes, in some instances, and in others, elevating them a semitone.

In the introduction of flats and sharps in music, the letters to be flattened or sharpened, are determined by the following fixed and uniform law; viz. Sharps are introduced by ascending fifths and falling fourths; and flats by ascending fourths and falling fifths. For example: F is the first letter sharpened by the rules of music, and to find the second letter, we commence with F, and count five letters ascending, or four descending, and in either case ascertain C to be the letter required. If, again, it be required to introduce a second flat, we commence with B, the first letter flattened, and count a fourth ascending, or a fifth descending, and in either case, we come to E, which is consequently the letter required.

In the introduction of sharps, *mi* is always on the letter last sharpened; in the introduction of flats, *mi* is always a fourth above the last flat.

NAMES APPLIED TO THE SEVERAL NOTES OF THE SCALE.

1. The first note in the scale is called the *Tonic*, or *Key*, because it determines the pitch; and also because all other notes are reckoned from this.

2. The second note is called the *Supertonic*, being the first above the tonic.

3. The third note is called the *Mediant*, from its situation; being equally distant from the tonic, or key, and the dominant.

4. The fourth note is called the *Subdominant*, because it bears the same relation to the octave, that the dominant does to the key; the former being a fifth below the octave, and the latter, a fifth above the tonic. Or it may receive its name from standing first below the dominant.

5. The fifth is called the *Dominant*, being one of the governing notes of the scale.

6. The sixth is called the *Submediant*, because it sustains the same relation to the octave, that the mediant does to the key; the one being a third below the octave, the other a third above the tonic or key.

7. The seventh is called the *Leading Note*, or *Subtonic*, because it stands immediately below the octave, which is the same as the tonic, except that it is an eighth higher in pitch.

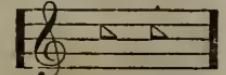
8. The eighth note is called the *Octave*, on account of its distance from the key.

INTERVALS.

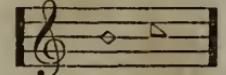
An *Interval* is the distance from any one sound to another; of which the smallest is a semitone, and the largest in the simple scale, is five tones and two semitones, or the octave.

The whole number of intervals is fourteen; viz. the Unison, Minor Second, Major Second; Minor Third, Major Third; Perfect Fourth, Sharp Fourth; Flat Fifth, Perfect Fifth; Minor Sixth, Major Sixth; Minor Seventh, Major Seventh; and Octave.

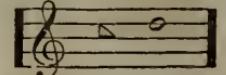
The *Unison*, is one and the same sound, as,



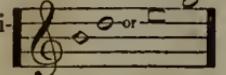
The *Minor Second*, consists of one semitone, as,



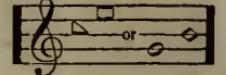
The *Major Second*, consists of one whole tone, as,



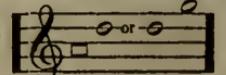
The *Minor Third*, consists of one tone and a semitone, as,



The *Major Third*, consists of two whole tones, as,



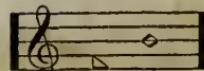
The *Perfect Fourth*, consists of two tones and a semitone, as,



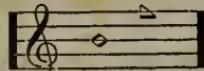
RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC.

xi

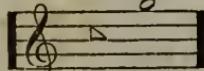
The *Sharp Fourth*, consists of three whole tones, as,



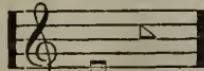
The *Flat Fifth*, consisting of two tones and two semitones, as,



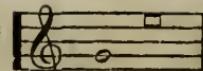
The *Perfect Fifth*, consisting of three whole tones and one semitone, as,



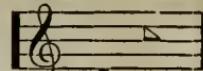
The *Minor Sixth*, consisting of three tones and two semitones, as,



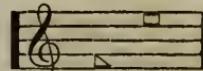
The *Major Sixth*, consisting of four tones and one semitone, as,



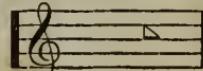
The *Minor Seventh*, consisting of four tones and two semitones, as,



The *Major Seventh*, consisting of five tones and one semitone, as,



The *Octave*, consisting of five tones and two semitones, as,

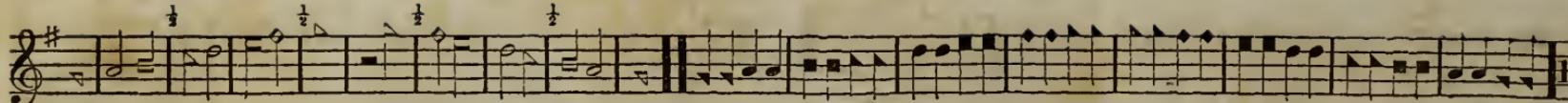


INTERROGATIONS.

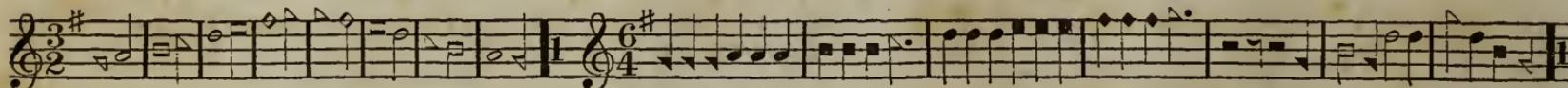
What is Music? *Ans.* It is the art of combining sounds in a manner agreeable to the ear. What is the Clef? *Ans.* A character used to designate the parts. On what line does the G clef stand? What letter does it always represent? *Ans.* G. On what degree does the counter clef stand? Does this clef ever change its place? *Ans.* It may be transferred to any letter in the scale. On what line does the bass clef stand? What letter does it represent? What are Notes? *Ans.* Characters indicating sound. What are Rests? *Ans.* Characters indicating silence. How many are there of each kind? *Ans.* Six. What are Choosing Notes? What is Syncopation? What is Accent? On what parts of the measure does it always fall? What rest fills a bar in all modes of time? What is the natural place of *mi*? Where is it, if B be flat? If B and E be flat? If B, E and A be flat? If B, E, A and D be flat? If F be sharp? If F and C be sharped? If F, C and G be sharped? If F, C, G and D be sharped? What is the proportionate length of the notes? What is the use of the Brace? What is the Stave or Staff? What is the Ledger Line? What is the operation of the Flat? Of the Sharp? The Natural? The Slur? What is the effect of the Dot placed at the right of a note? Of the figure 3 placed over or under any three notes? What is the use of the Single Bar? Of the Double Bar? What does the Trill show? The Hold? The Repeat? The Close? What is Time, in music? How is it regulated? What part of the time of the whole measure does each note receive? By what is the number of beats in each measure determined? How many kinds of Time are there? What are they? How many signs has each? What do the marks of time indicate? How many has Common Time? What is the first mark? What fills the measure? How beat and accented? What is the second mark? What fills the measure? How beat and accented? What is the third mark? What fills the measure? How beat and accented? How many signs has Triple Time? What is the first? What fills the measure? How beat and accented? What is the second mark? What fills the measure? How beat and accented? What is the third mark? What fills the measure? How beat and accented? Of what is Compound Time composed?

How many signs has it? What is the first? What fills a measure? How beat and accented? What is the second mark? What fills a measure? How beat and accented? On what part of the measure does the down beat always fall? In the use of figures as marks of time, what are they always made to express? How many primary sounds are there in music? How is the Octave completed? Of what does the Diatonic Scale consist? How many whole tones are there? How many semitones? What is the Key Note? How many keys are there? How are they determined? How does the first third in ascending from the major key differ from the first third in the minor key? What is the peculiar character of each mode? On what does the difference in the keys depend? Where are the semitones situated in the major mode? Where are they situated in the minor mode? What change from the natural order is made in the ascending scale? Why? How is the change effected? What is the use of Flats and Sharps in music? In the Natural Scale, on what letter is *mi*, the leading? What letter is consequently the major key? And what the relative minor? Between what letters therefore are the semitones? What relation do these letters sustain to the minor key, A? Does the key-note change from one letter to another? What must then be done that the semitones may preserve their distance from the key? What is the rule for the introduction of flats and sharps? In the use of sharps, how does *mi* stand with regard to the last sharp? How with regard to the last flat? What is the first note of the scale called? and why? What is the second? and why? The third? and why? The fourth? and why? The fifth? and why? The sixth? and why? The seventh? and why? The eighth? and why? What is an Interval? What is the smallest? What is the largest in the simple scale? How many Intervals are there? What are they called? What is the Unison? Of what does the Minor Second consist? Of what does the Major Second? The Minor Third? The Major Third? The Perfect Fourth? The Sharp Fourth? The Flat Fifth? The Perfect Fifth? The Minor Sixth? The Major Sixth? The Minor Seventh? The Major Seventh? The Octave?

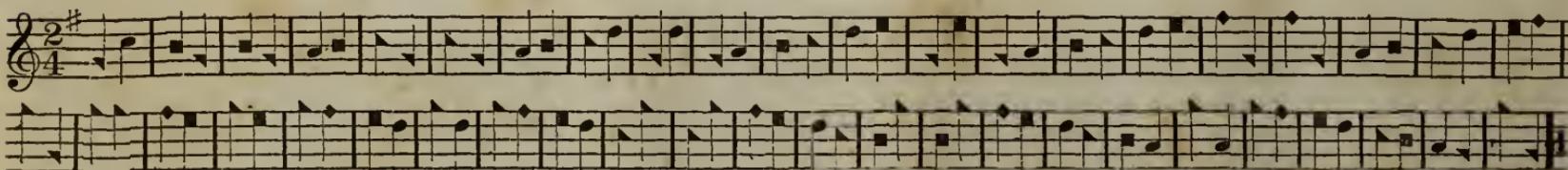
THE EIGHT NOTES.



LESSONS FOR TUNING THE VOICE.



INTERVALS PROVED.



OF THE KEY NOTE.

The Key Note is the predominant tone, to which all the other sounds have a reference, and is generally the concluding note of the principal part, and always of the Bass. There are but two keys, viz. the Sharp, or major key, Faw, placed next above Mi; and the Flat, or minor key, Law, placed next below Mi. Tunes in the sharp key are naturally expressive of the cheerful and lively passions, while the flat key is adapted to the grave, the mournful and the pathetic. Hence choristers should always be careful to select such tunes, either in the flat or sharp key, as shall agree with the subject matter of the verse about to be sung, lest the words and the tune be at variance.

NEW-BRUNSWICK COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC.

BRUNSWICK, C. M. Flat Key on A.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in C major (A key signature), the middle voice is in G major (no key signature), and the bottom voice is in E major (one sharp). The music consists of three staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are as follows:

Air.
Lord ! thou wilt hear me when I pray: I am for ever thine. I fear before thee all the day, Nor would I dare to sin.

LITCHFIELD, L. M. Sharp Key on A.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in F major (one sharp), the middle voice is in D major (one sharp), and the bottom voice is in B major (two sharps). The music consists of three staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are as follows:

Air.
How soft the words my Saviour speaks! How kind the promises he makes! A bruised reed he never breaks, Nor will he quench the smoking flax.

B

RETIREMENT, C. M. Sharp Key on F

While thee I seek, protecting power, Be my vain wish - es still'd, And may this consecrated hour, With bet - ter hopes be fill'd.

Thy love the power of thought bestow'd, To thee my thoughts would soar. Thy mer - cy o'er my life has flow'd; That mercy I a - dore.

Pia. Forte.

NEW-SABBATH L. M. Sharp Key on D.

Sing to the Lord that built the skies, The Lord that rear'd this stately frame: Let all the nations sound his praise, And lands unknown repeat his name.

CONDOLENCE, L. M. Sharp Key on B D.

11

Mrs.

So fades the lovely blooming flower, Frail smiling solace of an hour; So soon our transient comforts fly, And pleasures only bloom to die.

BLENDON, L. M. Sharp Key on D.

Air.

Lord, when thou didst ascend on high, Ten thousand angels fill'd the sky. Those heavenly guards around thee wait, Like chariots that attend thy state.

BRISTOL, C. M. Sharp Key on G

1st Pia. 2d Forte. 1 2

While shepherds watch'd their flocks by night, All seated on the ground, ::: The angel of the Lord came down, And glory shone around. :::

AMHERST, P. M. Sharp Key on G.

Alr. Ye boundless realms of joy, Exalt your maker's fame, His praise your songs employ, Above the starry frame. Your voices raise, ye cherubim, and seraphim,
To sing his praise.

TALLIS, L. M. Sharp Key on B ♫.

Glory to thee, my God, this night, For all the blessings of the light; Keep me, O keep me, King of kings, Under the shadow of thy wings.

ST. MARTINS, C. M. Sharp Key on A.

13

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) in common time, sharp key. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves, each with a different clef (Soprano: G-clef, Alto: C-clef, Tenor/Bass: F-clef). The piano accompaniment part is located below the vocal staves. The lyrics are as follows:

To God I cried with mourn - ful voice, I sought his gracious ear, In the sad hour when trouble rose, And fill'd my heart with fear.

BRADFORD, C. M. Sharp Key on E b.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and piano in common time, sharp key. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves, each with a different clef (Soprano: G-clef, Alto: C-clef, Tenor/Bass: F-clef). The piano part is indicated above the vocal staves. The lyrics are as follows:

How sweet and awful is the place, With Christ within the doors, While everlasting love displays, The choicest of her stores. :||:

WINDHAM, L. M. Flat Key on F

Broad is the road that leads to death, And thousands walk together there; But wisdom shows a narrow path, With here and there a traveller.

Air.

CHINA, C. M. Sharp Key on D.

Why do we mourn departing friends, Or shake at death's alarms? 'Tis but the voice that Je-sus sends, To call us to his arms.

Air.

PORTUGUESE HYMN, P. M. Sharp Key on A.

15

Hither, ye faithful, haste with songs of triumph; To Bethlehem haste, the Lord of life to meet. To you this day is born a Prince and

Saviour, O come and let us worship, O come and let us worship, O come and let us wor - ship at his feet.

O Jesus, for such wond'rrous condescension,
Our praises and rev'rence are an off'ring meet;
Now is the word made flesh, and dwells among us
O come and let us worship at his feet.

Shout his Almighty name, ye choir of angels,
And let the celestial courts his praise repeat;
Unto our God be glory in the highest;
O come and let us worship at his feet.

STRATFORD, P. M. Sharp Key on G

Je - ho - vah reigns, let every na - tion hear, And at his foot - stool bow with holy fear; Let heaven's high arches echo
with his name, And the wide peopled earth his praise proclaim. Then send it down to hell's deep gloom resounding, Through all her caves in

STRATFORD, Continued.

A page from a musical score featuring three staves of music. The top staff uses soprano C-clef, the middle staff alto F-clef, and the bottom staff bass G-clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are written below the top staff: "dread - ful mur - murs sounding. Then send it down to hell's deep gloom resounding, Through all her caves in dreadful murmurs sounding." The score is set against a light beige background.

SHIRLAND, S. M. Sharp Key on A.

Moderate.

Soft.

Loud.

How beauteous are their feet, Who stand on Zion's hill! Who bring sal - va - tion on their tongues, And words of peace reveal.

PECKHAM, S. M. Sharp Key on D

Behold, the morn - ing sun, Begins his glo - ri - ous way; His beams through all the nations run, And life and light convey.

HELMSEY, P. M. Sharp Key on G.

Lo! he comes, with clouds de - scend - ing, Once for favour'd sin - ners slain; Thousand, thousand saints at - tend - ing,

Swell the tri - umph of his train. Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal le - lu - jah, A - men.

COLESHILL, C. M. at Key on A.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (C), the middle voice is in common time (C), and the bottom voice is in common time (C). The lyrics are:

Air.
Lord, what is man, poor feeble man? Born of the earth at first, His life a shadow, light and vain, Still hastening to the dust.

HORSLEY, L. M. Sharp Key on E.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (C), the middle voice is in common time (C), and the bottom voice is in common time (C). The lyrics are:

Air.
The Heavens declare thy glory, Lord, In every star thy goodness shines, But when our eyes behold thy word, We read thy name in fairer lines.

Soft. Lead.

We read thy name in fairer lines.

TURIN, 7s. Sharp Key on D.

Safely through another week, God has brought us on our way, Let us now a blessing seek, On th' approaching Sabbath day ; Day of all the week the best,

Emblem of eternal rest.

CONSOLATION, 11s. Sharp Key on A.

Vandeenter.

Sad pilgrim of Zion, though chasten'd awhile,

Far spent is the night; see approaching the day,

Through this dark vale of tears, hope bids thee to smile;

That calls thee from sorrow and sighing away.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY, L. M. Sharp Key on A.

21

Air. *Moderato.*

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time (indicated by '3'). The middle staff also uses a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are written below the notes:

In thy blest king - dom we shall be From ev - e - ry mor - tal trou - ble free.

The musical score continues with three staves of music. The top staff starts with a measure of eighth notes followed by a measure of sixteenth-note pairs. The middle staff begins with a measure of eighth notes. The bottom staff begins with a measure of eighth notes. The lyrics are:

No groans shall nim - gle with the songs, Re - sounding from im - mor - tal tongues.

AYLESBURY, S. M. Flat Key on A.

The God we worship now, Will guide us till we die; Will be our God whilst here below, And ours above the sky.

Air.

Three staves of music in common time, treble clef, flat key signature. The lyrics are written below the first staff.

HARLEIGH, C. M. Sharp Key on F.

I ask them whence their victory came? They, with united breath, Ascribe their conquest to the Lamb, Their triumph to his death, Their triumph to his death.

Air.

Three staves of music in common time, treble clef, sharp key signature. The lyrics are written below the first staff.

CRANBROOK, S. M. Sharp Key on D

23

Grace! 'tis a charming sound, Harmonious to the ear, Heaven with the echo shall resound, heaven with the echo shall re-

sound, the echo shall re - sound, And all the earth shall hear, and all the earth shall hear, and all the earth shall hear.

sound, the echo shall resound.

Heaven with the echo shall resound, And all the earth shall hear, and all the earth shall hear, and all the earth shall hear.

sound, the echo shall resound,

BENEVENTO, 7s Sharp Key on F

While with ceaseless course the sun, Hasted through the former year, Many souls their race have run, Never more to meet us here.

Fixt in an e - ter - nal state, They have done with all be - low; We a lit - tle longer wait, But how lit - tle none can know.

CHRISTMAS, 8, 6, 6, 8, 8, 6. Sharp Key on E D

R. L. Cook.

25

I know that my Re - deem - er lives, And reigns with God on high; And reigns with God on high;

Where He will reign with power supreme; With power to curse or to re - deem; Through - - - - out e - ter - ni - ty.

NEW-LONDON, C. M. Sharp Key on F.

All praise to thee in highest strains, In highest worlds be paid; Thy glory by our lips proclaim'd, And by our lives display'd.

D

CAMBRIDGE, C. M. Sharp Key on C.

Sing to the Lord, ye distant lands, Ye tribes of every tongue; His new discover'd grace abounds, A new and nobler song, A new and nobler song.
 Atr.

TAMWORTH, P. M. Sharp Key on F.

Alr. Guide me, O thou great Jehovah, I am weak, but thou art mighty, Bread of heaven, Feed me till I want no more.
 Pia. Pilgrim through this barren land; Hold me with thy powerful hand. Bread of Heaven,
 For.

Open now the crystal fountain, Feed me with the heavenly manna, When I tread the verge of Jordan,
 Whence the healing streams do flow, In this barren wilderness; Bid my anxious fears subside;
 Let the fiery, cloudy pillar, Be my sword, and shield, and banner Foe to death, and hell's destruction,
 Lead me all my journey through; Be my robe of righteousness; Land me safe on Canaan's side;
 Strong Deliverer! Fight, and conquer Songs of praises
Be thou still my strength and shield. All my foes, by sovereign grace. I will ever give to thee.

OLD HUNDRED, L. M. Sharp Key on A

27

Air.

Ye nations, round the earth rejoice, Before the Lord your sovereign king; Serve him with cheerful heart and voice, With all your tongues his glory sing.

ROCHESTER, C. M. Sharp Key on A.

Air.

Come, let us join our cheerful songs, With angels round the throne, Ten thousand thousand are their tongues, But all their joys are one.

ARCADIA, C. M. Sharp Key on E D.

A musical score for two voices. The top voice (treble clef) starts in 2/4 time with a key signature of one flat, then changes to 4/4. The bottom voice (bass clef) starts in 2/4 time with a key signature of one flat, then changes to 4/4. The music consists of eight measures of alternating treble and bass parts. The lyrics are: "The Lamb shall lead his heavenly flock, Where living fountains rise, And love divine shall wipe away The sorrows of their eyes."

LAVINGTON, C. M. Sharp Key on A.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice (treble clef) starts in 2/4 time with a key signature of one sharp, then changes to 3/4. The middle voice (alto clef) starts in 2/4 time with a key signature of one sharp, then changes to 3/4. The bottom voice (bass clef) starts in 2/4 time with a key signature of one sharp, then changes to 3/4. The music consists of eight measures of alternating treble, alto, and bass parts. The lyrics are: "No more, believers, mourn your lot; But since you are the Lord's, Resign to them that know him not, Such joys as earth affords."

PLYMOUTH, C. M. Flat Key on A

29

With reverence let the saints appear, And bow before the Lord, His high commands with reverence hear, And tremble at his word.

ST. JOHN'S, L. M. Sharp Key on F.

Thy presence, Lord, can cheer my heart, When earthly comforts die; Thy voice can bid my pains de - part, And raise my pleasures high.

COLCHESTER, C. M. Sharp Key on D.

Musical score for COLCHESTER, C. M. Sharp Key on D. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/4 time, and G major. The middle staff is in treble clef, 3/2 time, and G major. The bottom staff is in bass clef, 2/3 time, and G major. The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes connected by horizontal lines.

My ne - ver cea - sing song shall show The goodness of the Lord, And make succeeding ages know How faith - ful is his word.

EFFINGHAM, L. M. Sharp Key on G.

Musical score for EFFINGHAM, L. M. Sharp Key on G. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/4 time, and G major. The middle staff is in treble clef, 3/4 time, and G major. The bottom staff is in bass clef, 2/3 time, and G major. The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes connected by horizontal lines.

At anchor laid, remote from home, I toiling cry, sweet spirit, come; Celestial breeze, no longer stay, But swell my sail and speed my way.

KNARESBOROUGH, C. M. Sharp Key on G

31

A musical score for two voices and piano. The top two staves are for voices in common time, key of G major. The bottom staff is for piano in common time, key of G major. The lyrics are:

Hark! how the feather'd warblers sing, 'Tis nature's cheerful voice, 'Tis nature's cheerful voice, Soft music hails the lovely

A continuation of the musical score. The top two staves are for voices in common time, key of G major. The bottom staff is for piano in common time, key of G major. The lyrics are:

Spring, Soft music hails the lovely Spring, And woods and fields rejoice, Soft music hails the lovely Spring, And woods and fields rejoice.

PRAISE, 8, 7, 8, 7, 7, 7. Sharp Key on F.

Van Deventer.

Musical score for "PRAISE, 8, 7, 8, 7, 7, 7. Sharp Key on F." featuring three staves of music. The lyrics are:

Let us love, and sing and wonder,
He has hush'd the law's loud thunder,
He has wash'd us in his blood;
Let us praise the Saviour's name,
He has quench'd Mount Sinai's flame;
He has brought us nigh to God.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, 7s. Flat Key on A.

Van Deventer.

Musical score for "NEW-BRUNSWICK, 7s. Flat Key on A." featuring three staves of music. The lyrics are:

Sovereign ruler, Lord of all,
Prostrate at thy feet I fall,
Hear, oh hear my ardent cry,
Frown not lest I faint and die.

WALWORTH, P. M. Sharp Key on D.

Behold the Judge descends, his guards are nigh,
 Tempest and fire attend him down the sky;
 Heaven, earth and hell, draw near, let all things come
 To hear his justice, and the sinner's doom.
 But gather first my saints, the Judge commands;
 Bring them, ye angels, from the distant lands.

TRURO, L. M. Sharp Key on F.

Handwritten musical score for TRURO, L. M. in Sharp Key on F. The score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (2/4), the third is in common time (2/4), and the fourth is in common time (2/4). The music is written in a cursive style with various note heads and stems. A brace groups the first two staves, and another brace groups the last two staves. The lyrics are written below the music:

Now to the Lord a noble song, Awake, my soul, awake, my tongue; Ho - san - na to the e - ter - nal name, And all his boundless love proclaim.

QUERCY, L. M. Sharp Key on G.

Handwritten musical score for QUERCY, L. M. in Sharp Key on G. The score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (3/2), the third is in common time (3/2), and the fourth is in common time (3/2). The music is written in a cursive style with various note heads and stems. A brace groups the first two staves, and another brace groups the last two staves. The lyrics are written below the music:

With all my power of heart and tongue, I'll praise my Maker with my song; Angels shall hear the notes I raise, Approve the song and join the praise.

The fountain of Christ, The blood of our Priest, Herc's strength for the weakly, Here's health for the sickly,
 Lord, help us to sing, Our crucified King, That hither are led; And life for the dead.

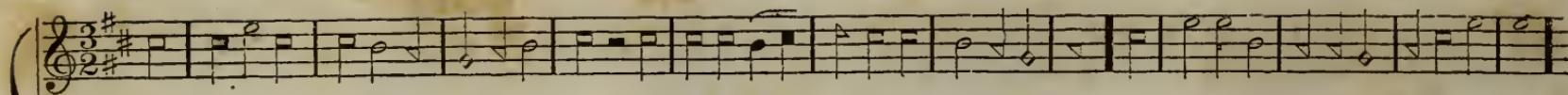
INVOCATION, 8, 7, 8, 7, 7, 7, 8, 8. Sharp Key on F.

Van Deventer.

Holy Ghost, dispel our sadness, Pierce the clouds of sinful night;
 Come, thou source of sweetest gladness, Breathe thy life and spread thy light;
 Loving spirit, God of peace, Great distributer of grace, Rest upon this congregation; Hear, oh hear our supplication.

SWEET HOME, 11, 11, 11, 11, 5, 11. Sharp Key on F.

Van Deventer.



'Mid scenes of confusion and creature complaints, How sweet to my soul is communion with saints ; To find at thy banquet of mercy there's room,

The second staff of the musical score continues the hymn tune. The vocal parts and piano parts are shown in 3/4 time, sharp key on F.

And feel in the presence of Jesus at home. Home, home, sweet, sweet home, Prepare me, dear Saviour, for glory my home.

The bottom staff of the musical score concludes the hymn tune. The vocal parts and piano parts are shown in 3/4 time, sharp key on F.

FORTY-SIXTH, L. P. M. Sharp Key on F

37

Musical score for two voices in 3/4 time. The top voice starts with a half note followed by eighth notes. The bottom voice begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The music consists of two staves separated by a brace.

I'll praise my Maker with my breath, And when my voice is lost in death, Praise shall employ my nobler powers.

Continuation of the musical score for two voices in 3/4 time. The top voice begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The bottom voice begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The music consists of two staves separated by a brace.

Continuation of the musical score for two voices in 3/4 time. The top voice begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The bottom voice begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The music consists of two staves separated by a brace.

My days of praise shall ne'er be past, While life and thought and being last, Or im - mor - tal - i - ty en - dures.

Continuation of the musical score for two voices in 3/4 time. The top voice begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The bottom voice begins with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The music consists of two staves separated by a brace.

MARGATE, S. M. Sharp Key on G

Alto.

Be - hold the lofty sky, Declares its maker God; And all his starry works on high, Proclaim his power abroad.

LUTON, L. M. Sharp Key on E b.

With all my power of heart'and tongue, I'll praise my maker in my song; Angels shall hear the notes I raise, Approve the song, and join the praise.

Ye tribes of Ad - am, join, With Heaven and earth - and seas, And of - fer notes di - vine,

To your cre - a - tor's praise. Ye ho - ly throng of an - gels bright, In worlds of light be - gin the song.

ARUNDEL, C. M. Sharp Key on C

All glory be to God on high, And to the earth be peace, Good will henceforth, from heaven to men, Begin and never cease.

DALSTON, C. M. Sharp Key on B b. 6. 8.

How pleased and blest was I,
To hear the people cry,

Come, let us seek our God to-day ;
Yes, with a cheerful zeal,

We haste to Zion's hill,
And there our vows and honours pay.

WARSAW, H. M. Sharp Key on E.

41

Join all the glo - rious names, Of wis - dom, love, and power, That ev - er mor - tals knew,

Pia.
For.

That an - gei's ev - er bore; All are too mean to speak his worth, Too mean to set my Sa - viour forth.

F

PORTSMOUTH, H. M. Sharp Key on B D.

Ye bound - less realms of joy, Exalt your Maker's fame, His praise your songs em - ploy, His praise your songs em-

ploy, A - bove the star - ry frame, A - bove the star - ry frame; Ye ho - ly throng of an - gels

PORTSMOUTH, Continued.

43

bright, In worlds of light be - gin the song. Ye ho - ly throng of an - gels bright, In worlds of light be - gin the song.

WATCHMAN, S. M. Sharp Key on E.

Behold the morning sun, Be - gins his glo - rious way; His beams through all the na - tions run, And life and light con - vey.

A musical score for two voices and piano. The top system consists of two staves: Treble (G-clef) and Bass (F-clef). The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The lyrics are: "Come, gen - tle pa - tience, smile on pain, Then dy - ing hope re - vives a - gain, And wipes the tear from sor - row's eye,". The bottom system consists of two staves: Treble (G-clef) and Bass (F-clef). The key signature changes to one sharp (D#). The lyrics are: "While faith points upward to the sky, And wipes a tear from sor - row's eye, While faith points up - ward to the sky."

The continuation of the musical score for two voices and piano. The top system (Treble and Bass staves) continues the melody from the previous page. The bottom system (Treble and Bass staves) continues the harmonic support, maintaining the one sharp (D#) key signature.

CLIFFORD, C. M. Sharp Key on B D.

45

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are for the Tenor and Second Treble voices, both in G major (two sharps) and common time. The Tenor staff has a bass clef and the Second Treble staff has an alto clef. The lyrics for these voices are:

To Zi - on's hill I lift mine eyes, From thence ex - pect - ing aid; From Zi - on's hill, and Zi - on's

The bottom two staves are for the Chorus, also in G major and common time. The Chorus lyrics are:

God, From Zi - on's hill, and Zi - on's God, Who heaven and earth has made, Who heaven and earth has made.

Measure numbers 1 through 11 are indicated above the staves, corresponding to the measures of the music.

PIETY, C. M. Sharp Key on D

Tenor
Second Treble.
Teuor.

Air. Happy is he that fears the Lord, And fol - lows his com - mands, And fol - lows his com - mands;

Who lends the poor with - out reward, Who lends the poor with - out re - ward, Or gives with li - be - ral hands.

QUEENSBOROUGH, 8, 7. Double. Sharp Key on F.

47

Air Come, thou fount of every blessing, Tune my heart to sing thy grace; Streams of mercy never ceasing, Call for songs of loudest praise.

Second Treble.

Chorus.

First Treble.

Teach me some melodious sonnet, Sung by flaming tongues above; Praise the mount, Praise, &c. Praise, &c. Oh fix me on it, Mount of God's unchanging love.

PARADISE, C. M. Sharp Key on A

Tenor.

Air. There is a land of pure de - light, Where saints im - mor - tal reign; In - fi - nite

Second Treble.

day ex - cludes the night, And plea - sures ban - ish pain, And plea - sures ban - ish pain.

STEPHEN'S, C. M. Sharp Key on B \flat .

Jones.

49

Then since my - self I cannot keep, Ev'n one short moment through, Watch me those eyes that never sleep, Till morn - ing beams anew.

ABRIDGE, C. M. Sharp Key on E \flat .

Great God, to thee my grateful tongue, My fervent prayer shall raise; Inspire my heart to raise the song Which celebrates thy praise.

MORNING HYMN, L. M. Sharp Key on E♭

Soon as the morn sa - lutes your eyes, And from sweet sleep re - fresh'd you rise, Think on the author of the light,

And praise him for that glo - rious sight. His mer - cy in - fi - nite implore, His good - ness in - fi - nite a - dore.

This may be sung in Long Metre, by omitting the last two stanzas.

BERWICK, L. M. Sharp Key on G.

51

Musical score for Tenor voice in Sharp Key on G. The score consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The second staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The third staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The vocal line begins with "He comes, He comes, the Judge severe; The seventh trumpet speaks him near; His light - nings flash, his thun - ders roll;"

The vocal line continues with "How welcome to the faithful soul! His light - nings flash, his thun - ders roll, How wel - come to the faith - ful soul." The music concludes with three identical measures of a rhythmic pattern.

NEWMARK, C. M. Sharp Key on A.

A musical score for three voices. The top two staves are in common time (3:4) and the bottom staff is in common time (3:3). The key signature is one sharp. The vocal parts are separated by brackets. The lyrics are:

Air. Come, Holy Spirit, heavenly Dove, With all thy quickening powers; Kindle a flame of sa - cred love In these cold hearts of ours.

BROOMSGROVE, C. M. Sharp Key on C.

A musical score for three voices. The top two staves are in common time (2:4) and the bottom staff is in common time (3:2). The key signature is one sharp. The vocal parts are separated by brackets. The lyrics are:

My Saviour, my Almighty friend, When I begin thy praise, Where will the growing numbers end, The numbers of thy grace? The numbers of thy grace.

DYING CHRISTIAN.

Mes. Pia. Largo.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The key signature changes from C major (two sharps) to G major (one sharp), then to F major (one flat), and finally to D major (one sharp). The vocal parts are accompanied by a piano or harpsichord part. The lyrics are:

Vital spark of heavenly flame, Quit, O quit this mortal frame; Trembling, hoping, lingering, flying, O the pain, the bliss of dying!

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The key signature changes to A major (no sharps or flats). The vocal parts are accompanied by a piano or harpsichord part. The lyrics are:

Affetuoso. Fin.

Cease, fond nature, cease thy strife, And let me languish into life. Hark! they whisper, angels say, they whis - per, an - gels

Hark!

DYING CHRISTIAN, Continued.

say, they whis - per, angels say, Hark! they whis - per, an - gels say, Sis - ter spir - it, come a - way, Sister spirit, come away.
Hark!

What is this ab - sorbs me quite, Steals my senses, shuts my sight, Drowns my spirit, draws my breath? Tell me, my soul, can

DYING CHRISTIAN, Continued.

55

For. Alagio Pla.

Pia. Andante.

Cres.

this be death? Tell me, my soul, can this be death?

This world re - cedes, it dis - ap - pears! Heav - en o - pens

For.

Diss.

Cres.

Vivace. For.

on my eyes, my ears With sounds se - ra - phic ring.

Lend, lend your wings, I mount, I fly! O

DYING CHRISTIAN, Continued.

A musical score for piano and voice. The top half consists of two staves of music for the piano, with a vocal line underneath. The vocal line begins with the lyrics "grave, where is thy victory? O grave, where is thy victory? O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy vic-tory? O". The piano accompaniment features eighth-note patterns. The bottom half shows a continuation of the piano's eighth-note pattern, followed by a vocal line starting with "death, where is thy sting? Lend, lend your wings, I mount! I fly! O grave, where is thy". The piano part continues with eighth-note chords.

Pia.

Continuation of the musical score from the previous page. The piano accompaniment is shown in the upper staff, and the vocal line begins with the lyrics "death, where is thy sting? Lend, lend your wings, I mount! I fly! O grave, where is thy". The piano part consists of eighth-note chords and patterns. The vocal line continues with "grave, where is thy victory? O grave, where is thy victory? O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy vic-tory? O". The piano part concludes with a final eighth-note chord.

DYING CHRISTIAN, Continued.

57

vic - to - ry, thy vic - to - ry? O grave, where is thy vic - to - ry, thy vic - to - ry? O death, where is thy sting? O death, where is thy sting?

Lend, lend your wings, I mount! I fly! O grave, where is thy victory? thy victory, O death, O death, where is thy sting?

LIMEHOUSE, L. M. Flat Key on E

Do this, said he, till time shall end, In memory of your dying friend; Meet at my table, and record The love of your departed Lord.
Air.

GERMAN AIR, L. M. Sharp Key on C.

Far from my thoughts, vain world, begone, Let my religious hours alone; Fain would my eyes my Saviour see; I wait a visit, Lord, from thee.

STROUDTWATER, C. M. Sharp Key on A.

59

A musical score for three voices. The top voice (Soprano) has a treble clef, the middle voice (Alto) has an alto clef, and the bottom voice (Bass) has a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The music consists of two staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are:

In vain we trace creation o'er,
In search of sacred rest,
The whole creation is too poor
To make us truly blest.

THATCHER, S. M. Sharp Key on A.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice (Soprano) has a treble clef, the middle voice (Alto) has an alto clef, and the bottom voice (Bass) has a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The music consists of two staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are:

Sing to the Lord a - loud,
And make a joyful noise;
God is our strength, our Saviour God,
Let Israel hear his voice.

CALVARY, 8, 7, 8, 7, 4, 7. Sharp Key on C.

Musical score for "CALVARY, 8, 7, 8, 7, 4, 7. Sharp Key on C." The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in common time (C), and the fourth staff begins in common time (C) and ends in 2/4 time (G). The vocal line is as follows:

Hark, the voice of love and mer - cy, Sounds a - loud from Cal - va - ry; See, it rends the rocks asunder, Shakes the

Soft and Slow.

earth, and veils the sky; It is fin - ish'd, It is fin - ish'd, Hear a dy - ing Sa - viour cry.

ST. PHILIP, H. M. Sharp Key on E D.

61

The musical score consists of two staves of handwritten notation on five-line staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (indicated by '2'). The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (indicated by '2'). The lyrics are written below the notes:

To God the migh - ty Lord, Your joy - ful thanks re - peat; To him due praise af - ford,

As good as he is great; For God does prove our constant friend, His bound - less love shall now - er end.

Be - yond, be - yond the glit - ter - ing star - ry sky, Far as the e - ter - nal hills, Far as the e - ter - nal hills,

There, in the bound - less world of light, Our dear Re - deem - er dwells, Our dear Re - deem - er dwells.

POLAND, Continued.

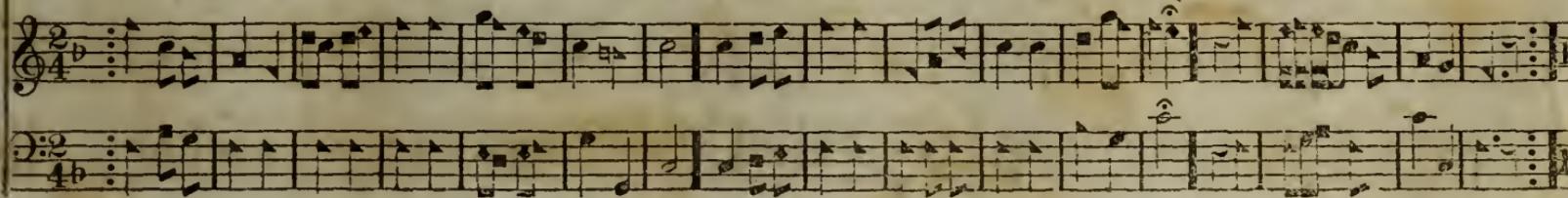
69

Treble and Bass. Sol.

Im - mor - tal an - gels bright and fair, In count - less ar - mies shine, At his right hand with gold - en harps, They

of - fer songs di - vine. At his right hand, with gold - en harps, They of - fer songs di - vine.

They brought his chariot from above, To bear him to the throne, Clapp'd their triumphant :: wings and cried, The glorious work is done.



AMSTERDAM, P. M. 7 and 6. Sharp Key on G.

82#
4

82#
4

Rise, my soul, and stretch thy wings, Thy better portion trace; Rise from transitory things Towards heaven, thy native place.

82#
4

3:2#
4

82#
4

82#
4

Sun and moon, and stars decay; Time shall soon this earth remove; Rise, my soul, and haste away To seats prepared above.

82#
4

BENEFICENCE, 7s. Sharp Key on C.

65

A musical score for three voices. The top voice (Soprano) starts with a melodic line in common time (indicated by 'C'). The lyrics are: "Fa - ther of our fee - ble race, Wise, beneficent and kind, Spread o'er nature's ample face, Flows thy goodness unconfined." The middle voice (Alto) begins on the third measure. The bottom voice (Bass) begins on the fourth measure. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Fa - ther of our fee - ble race, Wise, beneficent and kind, Spread o'er nature's ample face, Flows thy goodness unconfined.

The continuation of the musical score for three voices. The top voice continues from the previous section. The middle voice begins on the third measure. The bottom voice begins on the fourth measure. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Mu - sing in the si - lent grove, Or the busy walks of men, Still we trace thy wond'rous love, Claiming large returns again:

The continuation of the musical score for three voices. The top voice continues from the previous section. The middle voice begins on the third measure. The bottom voice begins on the fourth measure. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

ARLINGTON, C. M. Sharp Key on G

Jesus, with all thy saints above, My tongue would bear her part; Would sound aloud thy saving love, And sing thy bleeding heart.

ZION, 11, 8, 11, 8. Sharp Key on A.

In songs of sublime adoration and praise, Ye pilgrims for Zion who press, Break forth and extol the great Ancient of days, This rich and distinguishing grace.

BARBY, C. M. Sharp Key on A.

67

Hope looks beyond the bound of time, When what we now deplore, Shall rise in full immortal prime, And bloom to fade no more.

TRINITY, 6, 6, 4, 6, 6, 6, 4. Sharp Key on G.

Come thou Almighty king, Help us thy name to sing, Help us to praise; Father all glorious, O'er all victorious, Come and reign over us, Ancient of days.

WAKEFIELD, S. M. Sharp Key on G.

Pia.

O may the Church be - low Re - sem - ble that a - bove, Where springs of pur - est plea - sures flow,

And eve - ry heart is love. Where springs of pu - rest plea - sures flow, And eve - ry heart is love.

ST. ALBANS, C. M. Sharp Key on G.

69

2:2# 4

Come, happy souls, approach your God, With new melodious songs; Come, tender to Almighty grace, The tribute of your tongues, The tribute of your tongues.

2:2# 4

3:2# 4

ST. PETER, L. M. Sharp Key on A.

2:3# 2

His hand will smooth my rugged way, And lead me to the realms of day; To milder skies and brighter plains, Where everlasting pleasure reigns.

2:3# 2

3:3# 2

Handwritten musical score for two voices and piano, in Sharp Key on G. The score consists of four staves:

- Top Staff:** Treble clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. It contains six measures of music.
- Second Staff:** Treble clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. It contains six measures of music.
- Third Staff:** Treble clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. It contains six measures of music.
- Bottom Staff:** Bass clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. It contains six measures of music.

The lyrics are integrated into the music:

Hark, the glad sound, the Sa - viour comes, The Sa - viour prom - ised long; Let eve - ry
heart pre - pare a throne, And eve - ry voice a song, And eve - ry voice a song,

CONDESCENSION, C. M. Sharp Key on F

71

How condescending and how kind, Was God's eternal Son! Our misery reach'd his heavenly mind, And pity brought him down.

PORTUGAL, L. M. Sharp Key on G.

How lovely, how divinely sweet, O Lord, thy sacred courts appear! Fain would my longing passion meet The glory of thy presence there.

LITTLE MARLBOROUGH, S. M. Flat Key on A

Musical score for "Little Marlborough, S. M." in flat key on A. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (3/4), the middle staff is also in common time (3/4), and the bottom staff is in 2/3 time. The music is written in a cursive musical notation.

Welcome sweet day of rest, That saw the Lord arise; Welcome to this reviving breast, And these rejoicing eyes.
Air. And must this body die.

WELLS, L. M. Sharp Key on G.

Musical score for "Wells, L. M." in sharp key on G. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (3/4), the middle staff is in common time (3/4), and the bottom staff is in 2/3 time. The music is written in a cursive musical notation.

Life is the time to serve the Lord, The time t'insure the great reward, For while the lamp holds out to burn, The vilest sinner may return.
Air.

NEWCOURT, P. M. Sharp Key on F.

73

A. & Pia.

From my youth up, till age prevail'd, I ne - ver saw the right - eous foil'd, Or want o'er take his numerous race.

Be - cause com + pas - sion fill'd his heart, And he did cheer - ful - ly im + part, God made his offspring's wealth increase.

K

DESPONDENCE, 4 10s. Flat Key on C #.

A - long the banks where Ba - bel's cur - rent flows, Our cap - tive band in deep de - spon - dence stray'd,
While Zion's fall in sad re - mem - brance rose, Her friends, her chil - dren min - gled with the dead.

DEVONSHIRE, P. M. Sharp Key on D.

75

Ye ser - vants of God, Your mas - ter pro - claim, And pub - lish a - broad His won - der - ful name. The
Air.

name all vic - to - rious Of Je - sus ex - tol, His king - dom is glo - rious, and rules o - ver all.

God ruleth on high
Almighty to save,
And still he is nigh,
His presence we have.
The great congregation
His triumph shall sing,
Ascribing salvation
To Jesus our King.

Salvation to God,
Who sits on the throne,
Let all cry aloud,
And honour the Son,
Our Jesus's praises
The angels proclaim,
Fall down on their faces,
And worship the Lamb.

Then let us adore,
And give him his right,
All glory and power,
And wisdom and might,
All honour and blessing,
With angels above,
And thanks never ceasing,
And infinite love.

GANGES, 8, 8, 6, 8, 8, 6. Sharp Key on D.

A musical score for the hymn "GANGES". The score consists of three staves of music in common time, sharp key on D. The first staff starts with a treble clef, the second with a bass clef, and the third with a bass clef. The lyrics are written below the music:

Awak'd by Sinai's awful sound,
And knew not where to go;
The sinner must be born again,
My soul in guilt and thrall I found,
O'erwhelm'd in sin, with anguish slain,
Or sink to endless wo.

NORWICH, 11s. Sharp Key on D.

A musical score for the hymn "NORWICH". The score consists of three staves of music in common time, sharp key on D. The first staff starts with a treble clef, the second with a bass clef, and the third with a bass clef. The lyrics are written below the music:

How firm a foundation, ye saints of the Lord, Is laid for your faith in his excellent word, What more can he say, than to you he hath said, You who unto Jesus for refuge have fled.

BEDFORD, C. M. Sharp Key on F.

77

3/2 time signature, key of F-sharp major. The music consists of three staves. The first staff starts with a rest followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The second staff continues the pattern. The third staff begins with a rest and follows the same pattern. The lyrics are: "Sing to the Lord Je - ho - vah's name, And in his strength rejoice; When his salvation is our theme, Exalted be our voice. Air."

EGYPT, S. M. Flat Key on G.

3/2 time signature, key of G-flat major. The music consists of three staves. The first staff starts with a rest followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The second staff continues the pattern. The third staff begins with a rest and follows the same pattern. The lyrics are: "My God, my life, my love, To thee, to thee I call, I can - not live if thou re - move, For thou art all in all."

CASTLE STREET, L. M. Sharp Key on G.

The musical score consists of two systems of music. The top system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time (indicated by '3'). The lyrics begin with "Sweet is the work, my God my King, To praise thy name, give thanks and sing, To show thy grace by". The middle system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time (indicated by '4'). The bottom system starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time (indicated by '3'). The lyrics continue with "morn - ing light, And talk of all thy truth at night, And talk of all thy truth at night.". The piano accompaniment is provided by the bottom staff, which features a bass line and harmonic chords. Measure numbers 1 and 2 are visible above the first and second measures respectively.

ST. MICHAELS, P. M. Sharp Key on A.

79

O praise ye the Lord! Pre - pare your glad voice, His praise in the great As - sem - bly to sing.

In our great Cre - a - tor Let Is - rael re - joice, And chil - dren of Zi - on' Be glad in their King.

STAMFORD, 8, 7, 8, 7, 8, 7, 8, 7. Sharp Key on G.

Love divine, all love excelling, Joy of heaven to earth came down; Fix in us thy humble dwelling; All thy faithful mercies crown.

Jesus, thou art all compassion, Pure, unbounded love, thou art! Visit us with thy salvation, Enter every trembling heart.

BREWER, L. M. Sharp Key on F.

51

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in Sharp Key on F. The music consists of two staves per voice, with the bass staff having a C-clef. The vocal parts are labeled 'Soprano', 'Alto', and 'Bass'. The lyrics are as follows:

Now to the power of God supreme, Be everlasting honours given; He saves from hell, we bless his name, He calls our wand'ring feet to heaven.

WINTER, C. M. Sharp Key on F.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in Sharp Key on F. The music consists of two staves per voice, with the bass staff having a C-clef. The vocal parts are labeled 'Soprano', 'Alto', and 'Bass'. The lyrics are as follows:

His hoary frost, his fleecy snow, Descend and clothe the ground, The li - quid streams for - bear to flow, In i - cy fet - ters bound.

MEAR, C. M. Sharp Key on G

Will God for ever cast us off,
His wrath for ever smoke,
Against the people of his love,
His lit - tle chosen flock?

Air.

COOKHAM, 7s. Sharp Key on G.

Tell me, Saviour from above,
Dearest object of my love,
Where thy little flocks abide,
Seated near thy bleeding side.

BRAINTREE, C. M. Sharp Key on D.

83

While shepherds watch'd their flocks by night, All seated on the ground, The angel of the Lord came down, And glory shone around.

Air.

BLANDFORD, C. M. Sharp Key on E♭.

Awake my soul, arise my tongue, Prepare a tuneful voice; In God, the life of all my joys, Aloud will I rejoice.

IRISH, C. M. Sharp Key on G.

Lord, in the morning thou shalt hear My voice as - cend - ing high; To thee will I di - rect my prayer, To thee lift up mine eye.

Air.

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and common key (indicated by 'G'). The middle staff is also in common time ('3/4') and common key ('G'). The bottom staff is in common time ('3/4') and common key ('G'). The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, typical of early printed music notation.

WORTHING, 8s and 7s. Sharp Key on F.

Glorious things of thee are spoken, Zion, city of our God, He whose word cannot be broken, Form'd thee for his own abode.

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in common time (indicated by 'C') and common key (indicated by 'F'). The middle staff is in common time ('C') and common key ('F'). The bottom staff is in common time ('C') and common key ('F'). The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, typical of early printed music notation.

SHOEL, L. M. Sharp Key on F.

85

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in G major (2/4 time), the middle voice is in G major (2/4 time), and the bottom voice is in E major (3/2 time). The lyrics are:

Now shall the trem - bling mourn - er come, And bind his sheaves, and bear them home.

The continuation of the musical score for three voices. The lyrics are:

The voice long broke with sighs shall sing, Till heaven with hal - le - lu - ahs ring.

A musical score for three voices and piano. The vocal parts are in treble clef, 3/4 time, and key of A major (three sharps). The piano part is in bass clef, 3/4 time, and key of A major. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system contains three staves: Treble, Alto, and Bass. The lyrics for the first system are:

My soul, the great Creator praise, When, clothed in his celestial rays, He in full ma - jes - ty ap - pears, And like a
Air.

The second system begins with a Chorus section:

Chorus.

robe his glory wears. Great is the Lord, what tongue can frame, Great is the Lord, what tongue can frame An equal honour to his name.

Come, sound his praise abroad, And hymns of glory sing; Jehovah is the sovereign Lord, The u - ni - ver - sal king.

PEACE, 8 6s and 2 8s. Flat Key on A.

Van Deventer.

Come, heavenly peace of mind, I sigh for thy return, I seek, but cannot find The joys for which I mourn ;
 Ah, where's the Saviour now, Whose smiles I once possess'd, Till he return, I bow, By heaviest gri - fs oppress'd,

My days of happiness are gone, And I am left to weep alone.

WALSAL, C. M. Flat Key on A.

A musical score for three voices. The top two voices are in treble clef, and the bottom voice is in bass clef. The music consists of three staves of six measures each. The lyrics are as follows:

Alas! and did my Saviour bleed,
And did my Sovereign die?
Would he de - vote that sa - cred head
For such a worm as I?

TILDEN, L. M. Sharp Key on D.

A musical score for three voices. The top two voices are in treble clef, and the bottom voice is in bass clef. The music consists of three staves of six measures each. The lyrics are as follows:

This life's a dream, an empty show,
But the bright world to which I go
Hath joys substantial and sincere,
When shall I wake and find me there? When

Pia.

shall I wake and find me there ? My flesh shall slumber in the ground, Then burst the chains with sweet surprise, And in my Saviour's image rise.
 Till the last trumpet's joyful sound,

DUNDEE, C. M. Sharp Key on G.

Let not despair nor fel' revenge Be to my bosom known; O give me tears for other's woes, And patience for my own.

MOUNT PLEASANT, C. M. Sharp Key on A

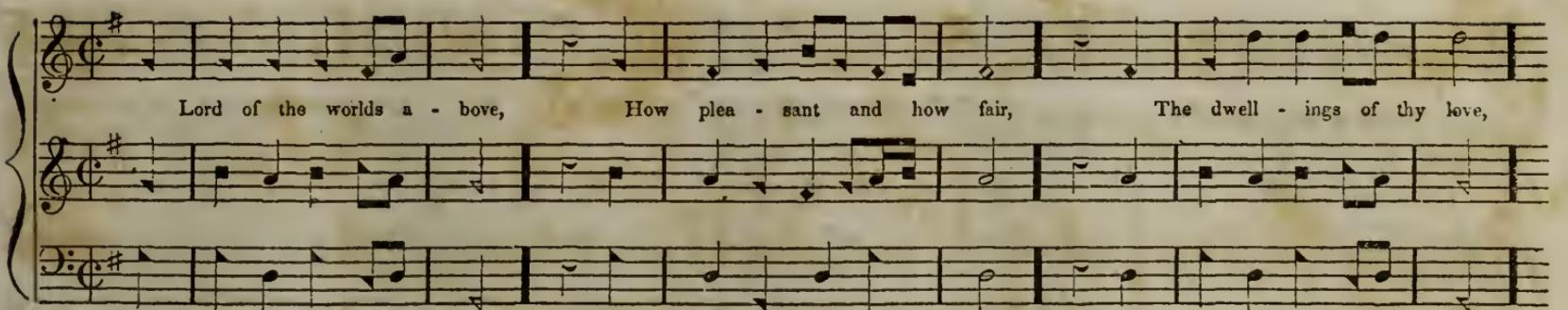
My God, the spring of all my joys, The life of my delights, The glory of my brightest days, And comfort of my nights, And comfort of my nights.
Air.

DISMISSION, P. M. Sharp Key on F.

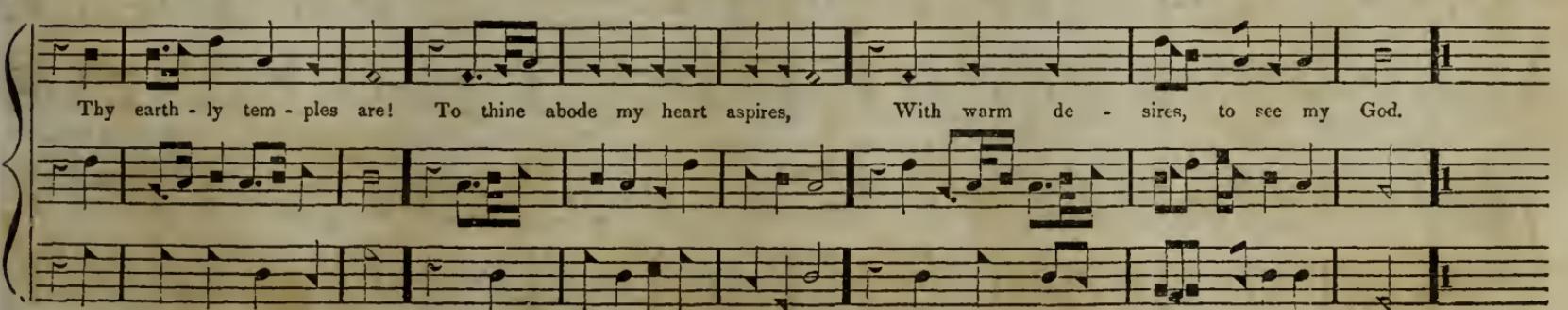
Lord, dismiss us with thy blessing, Hope and comfort from above; Let us each, thy peace possessing, Triumph in redeeming love.
Arr. Fla. Coss.

BETHESDA, P. M. Sharp Key on G.

91



Lord of the worlds a - bove, How plea - sant and how fair, The dwell - ings of thy love,



Thy earth - ly tem - ples are! To thine abode my heart aspires, With warm de - sires, to see my God.

SPRING, P. M. 8s. Flat Key on A.

How sweetly along the gay mead, The daisies and cowslips are seen; The flocks, as they carelessly feed, Rejoice in the beautiful green.

DEVIZES, C. M. Sharp Key on A.

Pia.
For.

With my whole heart I'll raise my song, Thy wonders I'll proclaim; Thou, sovereign Judge of right and wrong, Wilt put my foes to shame, Wilt put my foes, &c.

LEEDS, L. M. Sharp Key on F

98

Great God, whose universal sway,
The known and unknown worlds obey,
Extend the kingdom of thy Son,
Till every land his law shall own.

BRENTFORD, L. M. Sharp Key on G.

Buried in shadows of the night,
We lie, till Christ restores the light;
Wisdom descends to lead the blind,
And chase the darkness of the mind.

ALCESTER, 7s. Sharp Key on F

When the morning paints the skies, When the stars of evening rise, We thy praises will record, Sovereign Ruler, mighty Lord.

ST. THOMAS, S. M. Sharp Key on A.

To bless thy cho - sen race, In mer - ey, Lord, incline, And cause the brightness of thy face On all thy saints to shine.
Air.

BETHLEHEM, 11, 10, 11, 10. Sharp Key on D.

Van Deventer.

95

Brightest and best of the sons of the morning,
Stars of the east, the horizon adorning,
Dawn on our darkness, and lend us thine aid:
Guide where our Infant Redeemer is laid.

FOUNTAIN, 6 12s. Sharp Key on A.

Van Deventer.

The voice of free grace cries, escape from the mountain,
For sin and uncleanness and every transgression, His blood flows so freely in
For all that believe Christ has open'd a fountain,

Chorus.

streams of salvation. Hallelujah to the Lamb who has purchased our pardon! We'll praise him again, when we pass over Jordan.

LITCHFIELD, C. M. Sharp Key on E ♯

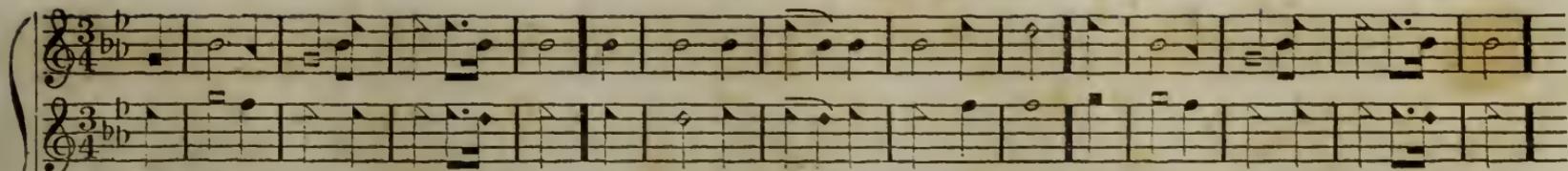
Musical score for LITCHFIELD, C. M. Sharp Key on E ♯. The score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (C) and the fourth staff is in 2/4 time (2). The key signature is one sharp (F♯). The vocal line is as follows:

Ye hearts with joyful vigour warm,
In smiling crowds draw near;
And turn from every mortal charm,
A Saviour's voice to hear.

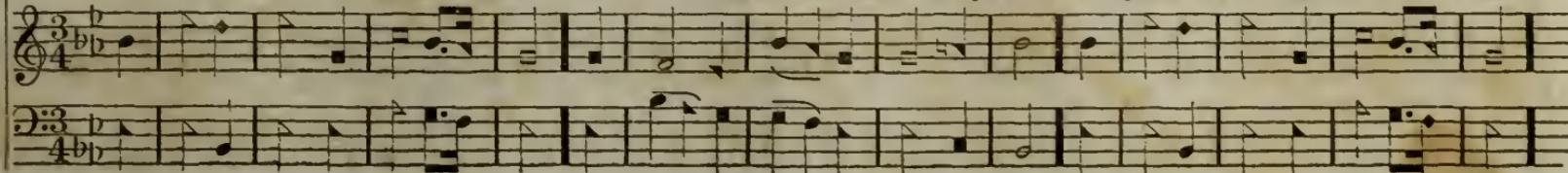
BANGOR, C. M. Flat Key on E.

Musical score for BANGOR, C. M. Flat Key on E. The score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (C) and the fourth staff is in 2/4 time (2). The key signature is one flat (B♭). The vocal line is as follows:

Let me to some wild desert go,
And find a peaceful home,
Where storms of malice never blow,
Temptations never come.



No more fatigue, no more distress, Nor sin, nor death shall reach the place; No groans shall mingle with the songs,



Fer.

Which war - ble from im - mor - tal tongues, Which war - ble from im - mor - tal tongues.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The music is in common time, flat key on C. The vocal parts are in 3/4 time. The piano part is in 3/4 time for the first section and 2/4 time for the second section.

The vocal parts sing:

Who from the shades of gloomy night, When the last tear of hope is shed,
Can bid the soul re - turn to light, And break the slum - ber of the dead.

ST. BRIDGES, S. M. Flat Key on A.

99

Musical score for the hymn "ST. BRIDGES, S. M. Flat Key on A." The score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in 2/2 time (indicated by a '2'). The music is written in a flat key signature, indicated by a single flat sign on the treble clef staff. The lyrics are as follows:

From low - est depths of wo, To God I send my cry, Lord, hear my sup - pli - cat - ing voice, And gra - cious - ly re - ply.

CAMBERWELL, C. M. Sharp Key on C.

Musical score for the hymn "CAMBERWELL, C. M. Sharp Key on C." The score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the last two staves are in 3/4 time (indicated by a '3'). The music is written in a sharp key signature, indicated by two sharps on the treble clef staff. The lyrics are as follows:

Behold the morning sun, Be - gins his glo - rious way; His beams through all the nations run, And life and light convey.

MORETON, L. M. Sharp Key on C

A musical score for two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/2 time, and the bottom staff is in bass clef, 3/2 time. The music consists of six measures of notes and rests. The lyrics begin with "O may thy Church, thy turtle-dove, Mourful, yet chaste, thy pity move; To birds of prey expose her not, Though poor, too dear to be forgot." An "Air." label is placed above the first measure of the top staff.

BROOKFIELD, L. M. Flat Key on D.

A musical score for two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/2 time, and the bottom staff is in bass clef, 3/2 time. The music consists of six measures of notes and rests. The lyrics begin with "Look down in pity, Lord, and see The mighty woes that burden me; Down to the dust my life is brought, Like one long buried and forgot." An "Air." label is placed above the first measure of the top staff.

ST. DAVID'S, C. M. Sharp Key on F

101

Arise, O King of grace, arise,
And enter to thy rest;
Lo thy Church waits with longing eyes,
Thus to be own'd and blest.

BATH, L. M. Sharp Key on A.

He breaks the bow, he cuts the spear,
Chariots he burns with heavenly flame,
Keep silence, all the earth, and hear
The sound and glory of his name.

JUDGMENT, P. M. Sharp Key on C

Behold, the Judge descends, his guards are nigh,
Tempest and fire attend him down the sky,
Heaven, earth and hell draw near, let all things come,

To hear his justice, and the sinner's doom.
But gather first my saints, the Judge commands,
Bring them, ye angels, from their distant lands.

HOTHAM 7s. Sharp Key on F

108.

Air.
For.
Fin.

Air.
For.
Fin.

WORSHIP, P. M. Sharp Key on D

Also. Cheerful.

Air. How pleased and blest was I, To hear the peo - ple cry, Come, let us seek our God to-day.

The musical score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and sharped by one sharp sign. The bottom two staves are also in common time and sharped by one sharp sign. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are arranged in a 2x2 grid above the piano part. The piano part is indicated by a treble clef and a bass clef, with 'Pia.' (piano) and 'For.' (forte) markings. The vocal parts sing a hymn tune, and the piano provides harmonic support.

Pia.

For.

Yes, with a cheerful zeal, We haste to Zion's hill, And there our vows and honours pay, And there our vows and honours pay.

The continuation of the musical score follows the same structure as the first section. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) sing the second line of the hymn, and the piano accompaniment continues with its harmonic patterns. The vocal parts sing 'Yes, with a cheerful zeal,' followed by 'We haste to Zion's hill,' and then repeat the phrase 'And there our vows and honours pay.'

ST. GEORGE, L. M. Sharp Key on D

105

God of my life, through all its days, My grateful tongue shall sound thy praise, The sound shall wake with dawning light, And warble through the silent night.

NEWRY, L. M. Sharp Key on F.

Loud hallelujahs to the Lord, From distant worlds where creatures dwell; Let heaven begin the solemn word, And sound it dreadful down to hell.

Jesus, let thy pitying eye Call back a wandering sheep; False to thee, like Pe - ter, I, Would fain like Peter weep.

Let me be by grace restored, On me be all its freeness shown, Turn and look upon me, Lord, And break my heart of stone.

MIDDLETON, 8, 7, D. Sharp Key on G.

Toss'd upon life's raging billow, Sweet it is O Lord to know, Never slumbering, never sleeping, Though the night be dark and drear.
Thou didst press a sailor's pillow, And canst feel a sailor's wo.

Thou the faithful watch art keeping, "All, all's well," thy constant cheer.

D.C. capo.

RICHMOND, L. M. 2 verses. Sharp Key on A.

107

Pis.

Whon we our wearied limbs to rest, Sat down by proud Euphrates' stream, We wept, with doleful cares oppress'd, And Sion was our mournful theme.

Cres.

Our harps that, when with joy we sung, Were wont their tuneful parts to bear, With silent strings neglected hung On willow trees that wither'd there.

WARWICK, C. M. Sharp Key on E.

Pia.

How shall I praise the eternal God,
That in - fi - nite un - known?
Who can ascend his high abode,
Or venture near his throne.

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (C) and G major (two sharps). The middle staff is also in common time (C) and G major (two sharps). The bottom staff is in common time (C) and A major (one sharp). The vocal line is in the soprano range, and the piano accompaniment is in the bass and harmonic ranges. The lyrics are written below the middle staff.

DUNKENFIELD, L. M. Flat Key on D.

Thee we a - dore, e - ter - nal name,
And humbly own to thee,
How feeble is our mortal frame,
What dying worms are we!

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (G) and F major (one flat). The middle staff is in common time (G) and F major (one flat). The bottom staff is in common time (G) and E major (no sharps or flats). The vocal line is in the soprano range, and the piano accompaniment is in the bass and harmonic ranges. The lyrics are written below the middle staff.

CHARMOOUTH, C. M. Sharp Key on E.

109

My Saviour, my almighty friend, When I begin thy praise, Where will the growing numbers end, The numbers of thy grace?

COVENTRY, C. M. Sharp Key on C.

Lo, what an entertaining sight, Are bre - thren that a - grec, Brethren whose cheerful hearts unite, In bands of pi - e - ty.

Musical score for the first stanza of 'DEVOTION'. The music is in common time, sharp key on F, with three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

Great God, the heaven's well order'd frame, Declares the glories of thy name, Here thy rich works of won - der shine,

Continuation of the musical score for the first stanza. The music continues in common time, sharp key on F, with three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The melody continues with eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Musical score for the second stanza of 'DEVOTION'. The music is in common time, sharp key on F, with three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

A thousand starry beauties there, A thousand radiant marks appear, Of boundless power and skill divine, Of boundless power and skill divine.

Continuation of the musical score for the second stanza. The music continues in common time, sharp key on F, with three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The melody continues with eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

MARTIN'S LANE, 6 8s. Sharp Key on F

111

I'll praise my Maker while I've breath, And when my voice is lost in death, Praise shall em - ploy my no - bler

powers. My days of praise shall ne'er be past, While life and thought and being last, Or im - mor - tal - i - ty en - dures.

1st ver. Ye ransom'd souls, arise, With all the dead, a - wake; Up to salvation wise, Oil in your ves - ses take.

2d ver. Go, meet him in the sky, Your ev - er - last - ing friend, Your head to glorify, With all his saints ascend;

Up start - ing at the mid - night cry, Up start - ing at the mid - night cry, Be - hold, Be - hold, the heavenly bridegroom migh.

Ye pure in heart, Ob - tain the grace, Ye pure in heart, Ob - tain the grace, To see, To see, without a veil, his face.

O come, loud anthems let us sing, Loud thanks to our Almighty King; For we our voices high should raise, When our salvation's rock we praise.

PRESCOT, S. M. Sharp Key on A.

Sing on your heavenly way, Ye ransom'd sinners, sing; Sing on re - joic - ing eve - ry day, In Christ your heavenly King.

SAVANNAH, 8, 8, 8, 8. Flat Key on C.

A musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The music is in common time, flat key, and consists of four staves. The vocal parts are in soprano and alto clefs, and the piano part is in bass clef. The lyrics are as follows:

The moment a sinner believes, And trusts in his crucified Lord, His pardon at once he receives, Redemption in full through his blood.

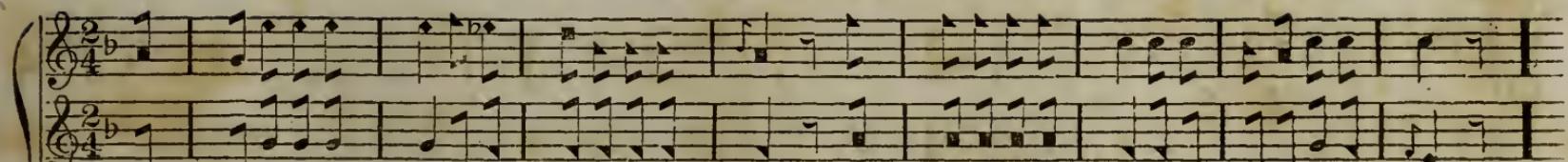
DANVILLE, C. M. Sharp Key on G.

A musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The music is in common time, sharp key, and consists of four staves. The vocal parts are in soprano and alto clefs, and the piano part is in bass clef. The lyrics are as follows:

Lord, in the morning thou shalt hear My voice ascending high, To thee will I direct my prayer, To thee lift up mine eye, To thee lift up mine eye.

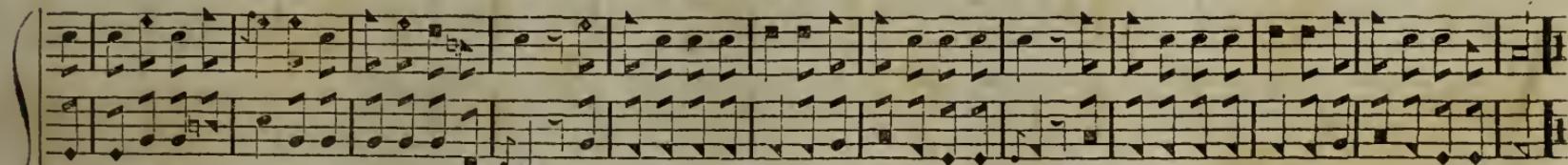
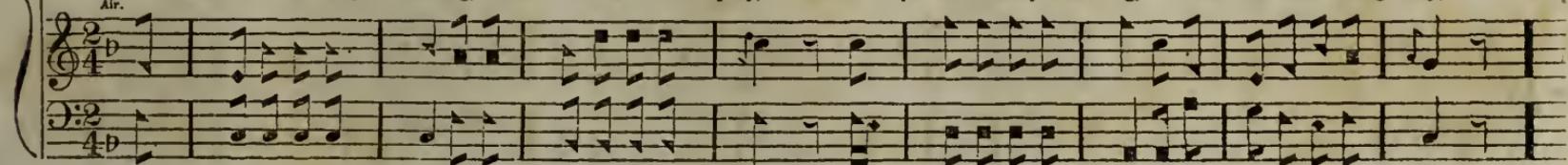
SHREWSBURY, 6, 7. Sharp Key on F.

115

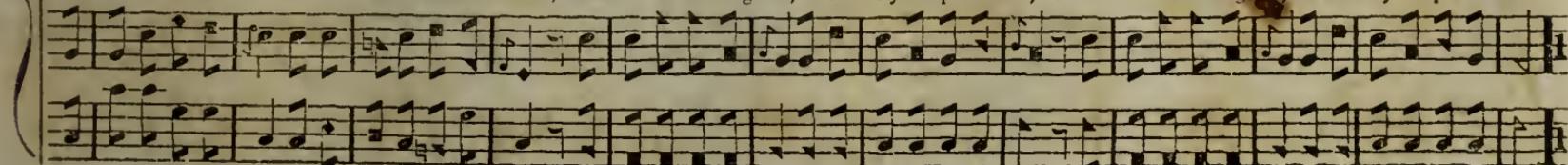


To thee in each bright morning, Father of all, we pray, While hope and fancy dawning, Lead on the rising day,

Air.



To thee in life's last even, We'll tune our feeble breath, Hear all our sins forgiven, And softly sleep in death, Hear all our sins forgiven, And softly sleep in death.



WAREHAM, C. M. Sharp Key on G

How large the pro - mise, how di - vine, To A - bra'm and his seed! I'll be a God to thee and thine,
Supply - ing all their need; I'll be a God to thee and thine, Supply - ing all their need.

WELKIN, C. M. Sharp Key on F.

115

In - dul - gent Fa - ther, how di - vine, How bright thy glories are; Through nature's ample round they shine, Thy goodness to declare.

WARRINGTON, L. M. Sharp Key on D.

Just are thy ways and true thy word, Great rock of my secure abode. Who is a God beside the Lord, Or where's a refuge like our God.

ALL-SAINTS, L. M. Sharp Key on C.

3/2 time signature, treble clef, key of C major (one sharp). The music consists of three staves. The lyrics are:

God of the sabbath, hear our vows, On this thy day, in this thy house; And own, as grateful sacrifice, The songs that in thy temple rise.

KENDALL, C. M. Sharp Key on E b.

3/2 time signature, treble clef, key of E-flat major (one flat). The music consists of three staves. The lyrics are:

Lord, when together here we meet, And taste thy heavenly grace, Thy smiles are so divinely sweet, We're loath to leave the place.

MONMOUTH, L. M. Sharp Key on A

119

In robes of judgment, lo he comes, Shakes the wide earth, and cleaves the tombs; Be - fore him

burns de - vor - ing fire, The moun - tains melt, the seas re - tire, The moun - tains melt, the seas re - tire.

ARMLY, L. M. Flat Key on A

Thou who my soul admires above All earthly joys, all earthly love, Tell me, dear shepherd, let me know, Where do thy sweetest pastures grow?

COMMUNION, S. M. Sharp Key on G.

Second Treble.

The Lord my shepherd is, I shall be well supplied; Since he is mine and I am his, What can I want beside.

Air.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The lyrics are as follows:

Welcome, sweet day of rest,
That saw the Lord arise,
Welcome to this reviving breast,
And these rejoicing eyes.

WESTMORELAND, C. M. 2 Stanzas. Sharp Key on D.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The key signature is two sharps (D#). The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The lyrics are as follows:

I'm not ashamed to own my Lord,
Or to defend his cause,

Fine.

Maintain the honour of his word,
The glo-ry of his cross. Jesus, my God! I know his name,
His name is all my trust;

De Capo.

Nor will he put my soul to shame,
Nor let my hope be lost.

Q

Bright - est and best of the sons of the morn - ing, Dawn on our dark - ness and lend us thine aid.

Star of the east, the ho - ri - zon a - don - ing, Guide where our in - fant Re - deem - er is laid

STONEFIELD, L. M. Sharp Key on E.

128

Musical score for "STONEFIELD, L. M. Sharp Key on E." featuring three staves of music. The first staff uses treble clef, G major key signature, and common time. The second staff uses bass clef, G major key signature, and common time. The third staff uses bass clef, G major key signature, and common time. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some notes connected by horizontal lines.

God of the seas, thine awful voice, Bids all the rolling waves rejoice; And one soft word of thy command Can sink them silent on the sand.

SOMERVILLE, S. M. Sharp Key on E b.

R. L. Cooke.

Musical score for "SOMERVILLE, S. M. Sharp Key on E b." featuring three staves of music. The first staff uses treble clef, F major key signature, and common time. The second staff uses bass clef, F major key signature, and common time. The third staff uses bass clef, F major key signature, and common time. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some notes connected by horizontal lines.

Awake and sing the song Of Moses and the Lamb, Wake every heart and every tongue, To praise the Saviour's name.

MARTIERS, C. M. Flat Key on F

The year rolls round and steals away The breath that first it gave; Whate'er we do, where'er we be, We're hast'ning to the grave.

NINETY-SEVENTH, L. M. Sharp Key on E b.

Darkness and clouds of awful shades, His dazzling glory shroud in state; Justice and truth his guards are made, And fix'd by his pavilion wait.

3/2
2
3/2

Throned on a cloud, our God shall come; Bright flames pre - pare his way; Thun - der and

3/2
2
3/2

3/2
2
3/2

dark - ness, fire and storm, Lead on the dread - ful day, Lead on the dread - ful day.

3/2
2
3/2

LEROY, S. M. Sharp Key on F.

Second Treble.

Not all the blood of beasts, On Jewish altars slain, Can give the guilty conscience peace, Or wash away the stain.

Air.

MILAN, C. M. Sharp Key on C.

Wel - come, de - light - ful morn, Thou day of sa - cred rest, I hail thy kind re - turn, Lord, make these mo - ments

Air.

blest. From the low - train of mor - tal toys, I soar to reach immortal joys, I soar to reach im - mor - tal joys.

CONTRITION, S. M. Flat Key on E.

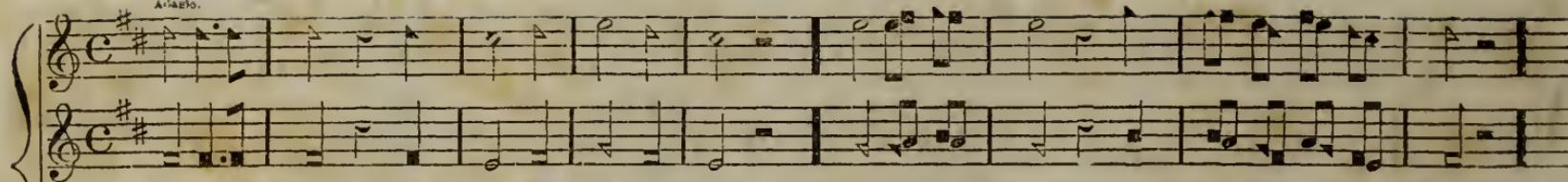
Tenor.

Air. Andantino. Allegro.

When overwhelm'd with grief, My heart within me dies; Helpless, and far from all relief, To Heaven I lift mine eyes, To Heaven I lift mine eyes,

DIRGE, 10s. Sharp Key on D.

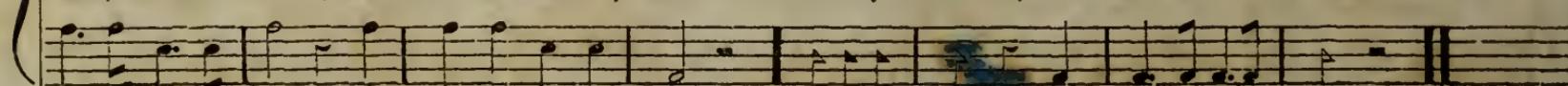
Adagio.



Few are our days, those few we dream a - way, Sure is our fate, to moul - der in the clay.



Rise, im - mor - tal soul, a - bove thine earth - ly fate! Time yet is thine, but soon it is too late.



INSPIRATION, C. M. Sharp Key on D

129

*Moderato.**For.**Pia.*

Now shall my in - ward joys a - rise, And burst in - to a song, And burst into a song, Al - migh - ty love in -

Pia.

And pleasure tune my tongue

spire my heart, Cres.

For.

And plea - sure tune my tongue.

And plea - sure tune my tongue, And plea - sure tune my tongue, And plea - sure tune my tongue.

R

BEVERLY, H. M. Sharp Key on D

Blow ye the trum - pet, blow, The glad - ly so - lemn sound, Let all the na - tions know, To earth's remotest bound.
The year of ju - bi - lee is come, The year of ju - bi - lee is come, Return,
The year of ju - bi - lee, of ju - bi - lee is come, Return, ye ransom'd
The year of ju - bi - lee 's come, The year of iu bi - lee is come, Return,

BEVERLY, Concluded

131

Return, Return,
sin - ners home,

Cres.

Return, ye ransom'd sin - ners, home.
Return, ye ran - som'd sin - ners, home.

Return, Return,
Re - turn, ye ransom'd sinners, home.

ST ANNE'S, C. M. Sharp Key on D.

Sing to the Lord, ye distant lands, Ye tribes of every tongue, His new discover'd grace demands A new and nobler song.

DENMARK, L. M. Sharp Key on D.

Andante. Macaron.

A musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) in common time, featuring a key signature of one sharp. The soprano part begins with a melodic line starting on A. The alto part begins with a melodic line starting on E. The tenor part begins with a melodic line starting on G. The bass part begins with a melodic line starting on C. The vocal parts are supported by a harmonic basso continuo line at the bottom of the page.

Be - fore Je - ho - vah's aw - ful throne, Ye na - tions, bow with sa - cred joy, Know that the Lord is

Q

A musical score for piano and voice. The piano part consists of two staves of music with various dynamics and markings like 'Pia.' and 'For.'. The vocal part has lyrics: 'God a - lone, He can cre - ate, and he de - stroy, He can cre - ate, and he de - stroy.' The score is on page 10, with measure numbers 11 and 12 indicated.

God a - lone, He can cre - ate, and he de - stroy, He can cre - ate, and he de - stroy.

DENMARK, Continued.

133

?no.

His sove - reign pow - er, with - out our aid, Made us of clay, and form'd us men, And when like wand'ring

sheep we stray'd, He brought us to his fold a - gain, He brought us to his fold a - gain.

DENMARK, Continued.

For. Chorus, with spirit.

Pia. For.

We'll crowd thy gates with thankful songs, High as the heavens our voices raise, And earth, and earth, with her ten thousand, thousand

Pia.

For.

Pia. For. Pia. For.

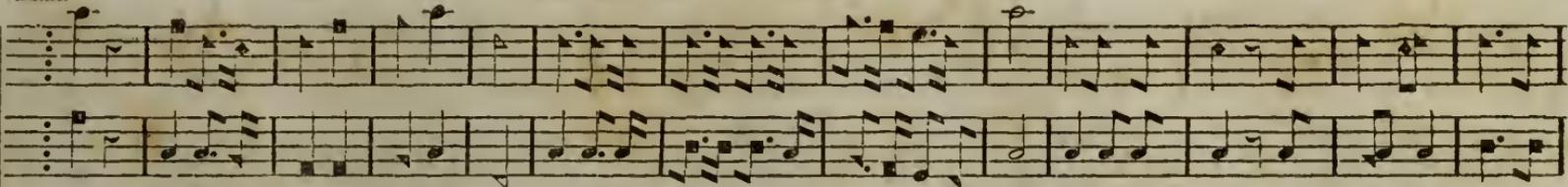
tongues, Shall fill thy courts with sounding praise, Shall fill thy courts with sounding praise, shall fill, shall fill thy courts with sounding praise.

Pia. For. Pia. For.

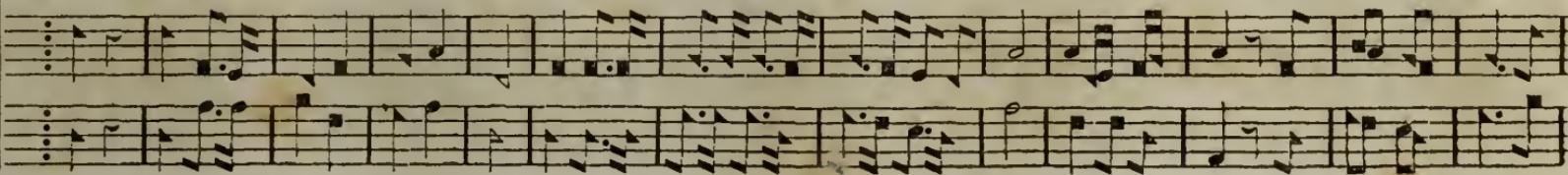
DENMARK, Concluded

135

Narrator.



Wide, wide as the world is thy command, Vast as e - ter - ni - ty, e - ter - ni - ty thy love, Firm as a rock thy truth shall stand, When



Pia.

Fox.



roll - ing years shall cease to move, shall cease to move, When rolling years shall cease to move, When rolling years shall cease to move.



GREENVILLE, 8, 7. Sharp Key on F

Gent - ly, Lord, O gent - ly lead us Through this low - ly vale of tears; And, O Lord, in mer - cy, give us Thy rich
grace in all our fears: O, re - fresh us, O, re - fresh us, O, re - fresh us with thy grace.

grace in all our fears: O, re - fresh us, O, re - fresh us, O, re - fresh us with thy grace.

"COME, YE DISCONSOLATE." Sharp Key on D.

Webbe.

137

1. Come ye dis - con - so - late, Where'er you lan - guish, Come, at the shrine of God Fer - vent - ly kneel,
2. Joy of the com - fort - less, Light of the stray - ing, Hope, when all others die, Fade - less and pure,

Here bring your wounded hearts, here tell your an - guish; Earth has no sorrow that Heaven cannot heal.
Here speaks the Comforter in God's name say - ing, "Earth has no sorrow that Heaven cannot cure."

1. Here bring your wounded hearts, here tell your an - guish; Earth has no sorrow that Heaven cannot heal.
2. Here speaks the Comforter, in God's name saying, "Earth has no sorrow that Heaven cannot cure."

A musical score for three voices. The top voice (Soprano) is in G major (indicated by a G clef), common time (indicated by a 'C'), and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). The middle voice (Alto) is also in G major, common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The bottom voice (Bass) is in C major (indicated by a C clef), common time, with a key signature of zero sharps or flats. The lyrics for the first verse are: "Hark! the song of Ju - bi - lee! Loud' as mighty thunders roar, Or the fulness of the". The bass part begins with a melodic line: "sea, When it breaks up - on the shore."

The musical score continues for the second verse. The top voice (Soprano) starts with a melodic line: "Hal - le - lu - jah! Hal - le - lu - jah, for the Lord". The middle voice (Alto) joins in with the same melody. The bottom voice (Bass) continues its harmonic support. The lyrics for the second verse are: "Con Spirito.", "Hal - le - lu - jah! Hal - le - lu - jah, for the Lord".

Musical notation for the first part of "Hark! The Song of Jubilee! Continued." The music consists of two staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are:

God oon - ni - po - tent doth reign; Hal - le - lu - jah! Let the word, Echo 'round the earth and main.

DUNBAR, S. M. Flat Key on D.

Musical notation for the hymn "When overwhelm'd with grief". It features three staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are:

When overwhelm'd with grief, My heart with - in me dies, Helpless and far from all relief, To heaven I lift my eyes.

Musical score for the first part of the hymn 'UILFORD'. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and sharp key on F (indicated by 'F#'). There are two staves. The lyrics are:

Thou art gone to the grave, but we will not de - plore thee; Though sorrows and darkness encompass the tomb,

Musical score for the second part of the hymn 'UILFORD'. The music continues in common time (C) and sharp key on F (F#). There are two staves. The lyrics are:

The Saviour has pass'd through its portals before thee, And the lamp of his love is thy guide through the gloom.

VESPER HYMN, Sharp Key on F

Russian Air.

141

Solf.

Ju - bi - la - te, A - men, A - men.

- 1st. Hark! the Vesper Hymn is stealing, O'er the waters soft and clear,
 2d. Now like moonlight waves retreating, To the shore it dies along,

Nearer yet and nearer pealing, Now it bursts upon the ear.
 Now like angry surges meeting, Breaks the mingled tide of song.

Ju - bi - la - te, A - men, A - men.

Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, Ju - bi - la - te, Amen.

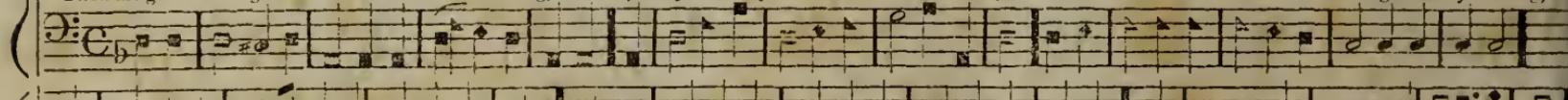
Further now, now further stealing, Soft it fades upon the ear.
 Hush, again like waves retreating, To the shore it dies along.

Ju - bi - la - te, A - men, A - men.

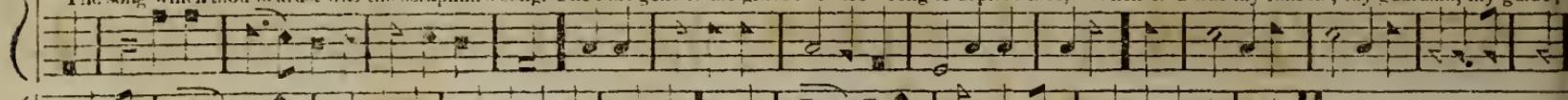
HERMIT, 13s and 11s. Flat Key on D



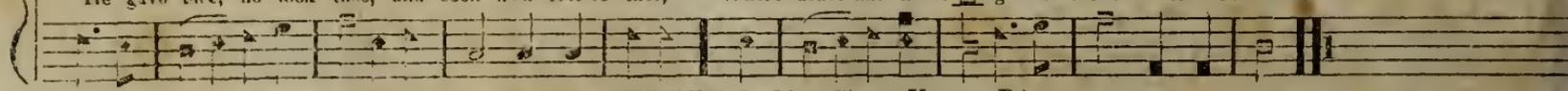
Thou art gone to the grave! but we will not deplore thee, Though sorrows and darkness encompass the tomb, For the Saviour has pass'd through its portals before thee,
Thou art gone to the grave! and its mansion forsaking, Perhaps thy tried spirit in doubt linger'd long. But the sunshine of heaven beam'd bright on thy waking,



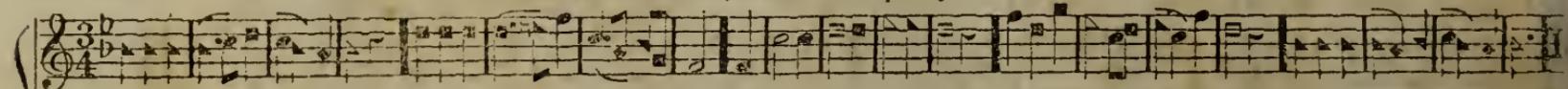
The lamp of his love is thy guide through the gloom. Thou art gone to the grave! we no longer behold thee. Nor tread the rough path of the world by thy side;
The song which thou heardst was the seraphim's song. Thou art gone to the grave! 'twere wrong to deplore thee, When God was thy ransom, thy guardian, thy guide;



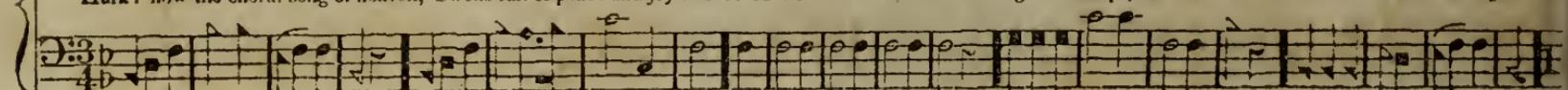
But the wide arms of mercy are spread to enfold thee, And sin - ners may hope, since the sin - less has died.
He gave thee, he took thee, and soon held restore thee, Where death has no sting since the Sa - viour has died.



PARK-STREET, L. M. Sharp Key on B D.



Hark! how the choral song of heaven, Swells full of peace and joy above! Hark! how they strike their golden harps, And raise their tuneful notes of love. :-:



SPENCER, C. M.

143

T. & T. D. Co.

With reverence let the saints appear, And bow be - fore the Lord ; His high commands with reverence hear, And tremble at his word.

FRANKLIN, C. M.*

L. Mason.

Hope looks beyond the bounds of time, When, what we now deplore, Shall rise in full im - mortal prime, And bloom to fade no more.

DANVERS, L. M.*

L. Mason.

Awake, my tongue, thy tribute bring, To Him who gave thee power to sing ; Praise Him who is all praise above, The source of wisdom and of love.

UXBRIDGE, L. M.*

L. Mason.

At anchor laid, remote from home, Toiling, I cry, sweet Spirit, come; Celestial breeze, no longer stay, But swell my sails, and speed my way.

A musical score for a three-part setting. The top part consists of two staves in treble clef, 3/4 time, and B-flat major. The middle part has one staff in treble clef, 3/4 time, and B-flat major. The bottom part has one staff in bass clef, 3/4 time, and B-flat major. The lyrics are as follows:

In the floods of tri - bu - lation, When the waters o'er me roll, Jesus whispers conso - lation, And supports my fainting soul.

Pia. Pia.

LYONS, 10s & 11s.

Haydn.

A handwritten musical score for four voices. The score is arranged in four staves, each representing a different vocal part: Soprano (top), Alto, Tenor, and Bass (bottom). The music is written in common time. The notation uses a unique system of dots and dashes to represent pitch and rhythm. The score includes lyrics in the center of the page.

PILESGROVE, L. M.*

Awake, my soul, to hymns of praise, To God the song of triumph raise; Adorn'd with majes - ty di - vine, What pomp, what glory, Lord, are thine!

HADDAM, H. M.*

L. Mason.

The Lord Jehovah reigns; His throne is fix'd on high; The garments he assumes Are light and majesty: His glory shines with beams so bright, No mortal eye can bear the sight.

There is a stream, whose gentle flow Supplies the ci - ty of our God; Lift, love, and joy still gliding through, And watering our di - vine a - bode.

ALTON. 8 & 7's.

From the fount of glory beaming, Light ce - les - tial cheers our eyes: Mercy from a - bove proclaiming, Peace and pardon from the skies.

SECOND TREBLE.

From Greenland's icy mountains, From India's coral strand; Where Afric's sunny fountains Roll down their golden sand,

TREBLE.

What though the spicy breezes Blow soft o'er Ceylon's isle; Though ev'ry prospect pleases, And coly man is vile:

BASS.

3 Shall we, whose souls are lighted By wisdom from on high, Shall we, to men benighted, The lamp of life deny?

WAFT, WAFT ye winds, his story, And you, ye waters, roll, Till, like a sea of glory, It spreads from pole to pole;

1 From many an ancient river, From many a palmy plain, They call us to deliver Their land from error's chain.

2 In vain with lavish kindness The gifts of God are strown; The heathen in his blindness bows down to wood and stone.

SALVATION! O SALVATION! The joyful sound proclaim, Till earth's remotest nation, Has learnt Messiah's name.

4 Till o'er our ranso'n'd nature, The Lamb for sinners slain, REDEEMER, KING, CREATOR, Returns in bliss to reign.

DAUGHTER OF ZION." [Hymn.]

L. Mason.

149.

Bell.

Daughter of Zion, Awake from thy sadness, Awake, for thy foes shall oppress thee no more; Bright o'er thy hills dawns the day star of gladness, A-

Told.

rise! for the night of thy sorrow is o'er, Daughter of Zion, a - wake from thy sadness, Awake, for thy foes shall oppress thee no more..

Strong were thy foes, but tho arm that subdued them And scatter'd their legions was mightier far; They fled like the chaff from the scourge that pursued them,

Tutti.

Vain were their steeds and their chariots of war. Daughter of Zion, a - wake from thy sadness, A - wake, for thy foes shall op - press thee no more.

"DAUGHTER OF ZION"....CONTINUED.

151

Roll.

Daughter of Zion, the pow'r that hath sav'd thee, Extoll'd with the harp and the timbrel shall be; Shout! for the foe is destroy'd that enslav'd thee, Th' oppressor is vanquish'd and

Zion is free. Daughter of Zion, Awake from thy sadness, Awake! for thy foes shall oppress thee no more, shall oppress thee no more, no more, no more.

O PRAISE GOD IN HIS HOLINESS.* [Anthem, Ps. 150.]

L. Mason.

TENOR.

The musical score consists of four staves, each with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of common time (indicated by '3').

- Tenor:** The first staff, starting with a treble clef. It contains lyrics: "O praise God in his holi - ness, Praise him in the firmament of his pow'r;"
- Second Treble:** The second staff, starting with an alto clef. It continues the lyrics: "O praise God in his holi - ness, Praise him in the firmament of his pow'r; Praise him in his noble acts, Praise him in his noble acts,"
- Treble:** The third staff, starting with a soprano clef. It continues: "O praise God in his holi - ness, Praise him in the firmament of his pow'r;"
- Base:** The fourth staff, starting with a bass clef. It continues: "O praise God in his holi - ness, Praise him in the firmament of his pow'r;"

The music concludes with three stanzas of lyrics:

- "Praise him ac - cording to his ex - cellent greatness; Praise him in the sound of the trumpet, of the trumpet, Praise him upon the lute and harp,"
- "Praise him according to his excellent greatness; Praise him in the sound of the trumpet, of the trumpet, Praise him upon the lute, upon the lute and harp,"
- "Praise him, &c."

O PRAISE GOD IN HIS HOLINESS....CONTINUED.

153

The musical score consists of four systems of music, each with three staves (treble, middle, bass) and a piano staff at the bottom. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves in groups of three lines. The first system starts with the lyrics: "Praise him in the cymbals, in the cymbals and dances, Praise him on strings, on strings and pipes, Let ev'ry thing that hath". The second system continues with: "Praise him in the cymbals, in the cymbals and dances, Praise him on strings, on strings and pipes, Let every thing that hath breath, Let ev'ry thing that hath". The third system begins with: "Let ev'ry thing that hath breath praise the Lord, That hath breath praise the Lord, PRAISE THE LORD, PRAISE THE LORD". The fourth system concludes with: "breath, Let ev'ry thing that hath breath that hath breath praise the Lord, That hath breath praise the Lord, PRAISE THE LORD, PRAISE THE LORD. breath, that hath breath praise the Lord, That hath breath praise the Lord, PRAISE THE LORD, PRAISE THE LORD". The music features various note heads, including circles, squares, and diamonds, and includes rests and dynamic markings like "p" (piano).

THE VOICE OF FREE GRACE.

Dr. Clark.

SECOND TREBLE. Pia.

Larghetto. Pia.

The voice of free grace cries, es - cape to the mountain! For Adam's lost race, Christ has open'd a fountain,

For sin and un - cleanness, and ev'ry transgression; His blood flows so freely in streams of sal - va - tion.

THE VOICE OF FREE GRACE....CONTINUED

155

CHORUS.

SECOND TREBLE.

His blood flows so freely, in streams of sal - va - tion; Halle - - lu - jah! to the Lamb, who has bought us our pardon.

For.

We'll praise him a - gain when we pass o - ver Jor - dan, We'll praise him a - gain when we pass o - ver Jordan.

THE PARTING.

W. F. Miller.

Larghetto.

Musical score for 'The Parting' by W. F. Miller. The score consists of three systems of music. The first system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (indicated by the number 6). The vocal line begins with 'Our souls by love to - ge - ther knit,' followed by 'Ce - ment - ed, mix'd in one,' and 'One hope, one heart, one'. The piano accompaniment has a bass clef and a common time signature (indicated by the number 6).

mind, one voice, 'tis heaven on earth be - - gun.

Our hearts have burn'd while Jesus spake, and

glow'd with sa - cred fire: He stopp'd, and talk'd, and fed, and bless'd, and fill'd th' en - larg'd de - - - sire.

The second system continues the melody and accompaniment from the first system. The vocal line resumes with 'mind, one voice, 'tis heaven on earth be - - gun.' The piano accompaniment continues with its bass line.

THE PARTING....CONTINUED.

157

CHORUS. Allegretto.

A Saviour, let crea - a - tion sing, A Saviour let all heaven ring; He's God with us, we
feel him ours, This ful - ness in our souls he pours; 'Tis almost done, 'tis almost o'er, We're
joining those who're gone before, We then shall meet to part no more. We then shall meet to part no more.

A musical score for four voices (SATB) in common time and C major. The vocal parts are arranged in two staves: soprano (top), alto (second from top), tenor (third from top), and bass (bottom). The music consists of eight measures of piano-vocal score. The lyrics are as follows:

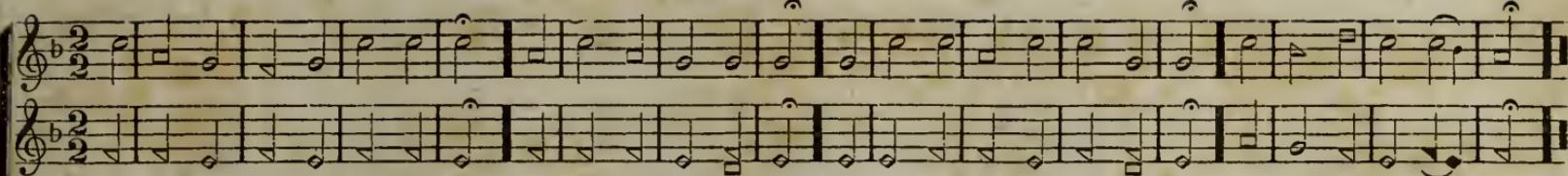
The days of my exile are passing a - way; The time is approach - ing when Je - sus will say,

A continuation of the musical score for four voices (SATB) in common time and C major. The vocal parts are arranged in two staves: soprano (top), alto (second from top), tenor (third from top), and bass (bottom). The music consists of eight measures of piano-vocal score. The lyrics are as follows:

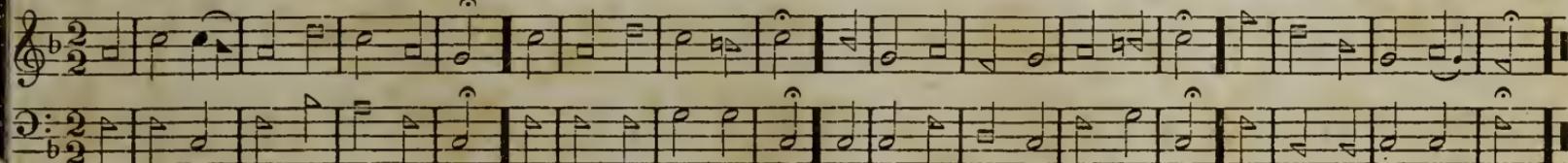
Well done, faithful ser - vant, sit down on my throne, And dwell in my presence for - e - ver at home.

RESIGNATION. C. M.

159

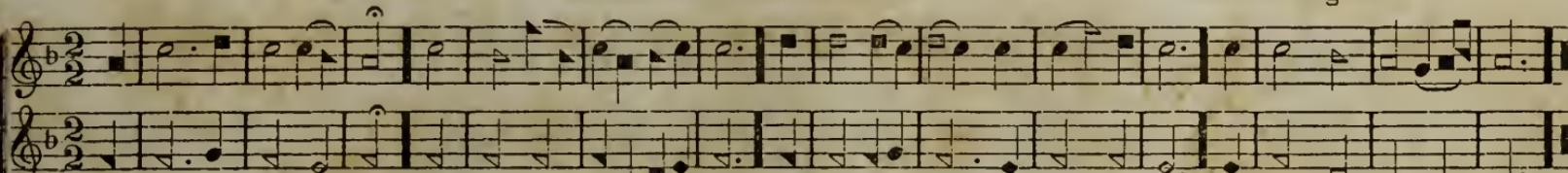


Peace, 'tis the Lord, Je - ho - vah's hand, That blasts our joys in death; Changes the vis - age once so dear, And gath - ers back our breath.

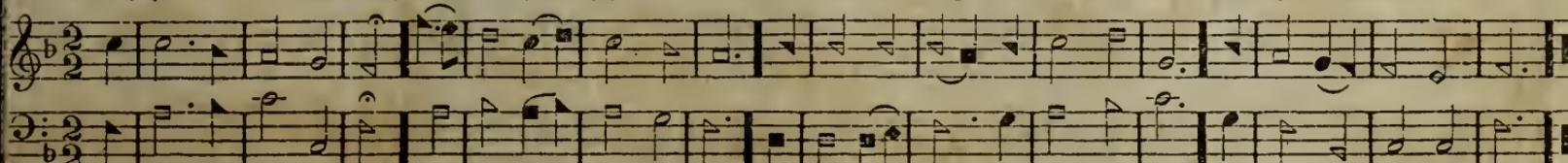


MORNINGTON. S. M.

Lord Mornington.



Come, ye that love the Lord, And let your joys be known; Join in a song with sweet ac - cord, While ye sur-round the throne.



ALEXANDRIA. C. M.

Pia.
Pft.

See Is-rael's gen - tle Shep-herd stands, With all en - ga-ging charms, Hark! how he calls the ten - der lambs, And folds them in his arms.

ALFRETON. L. M.

W. Beastall.

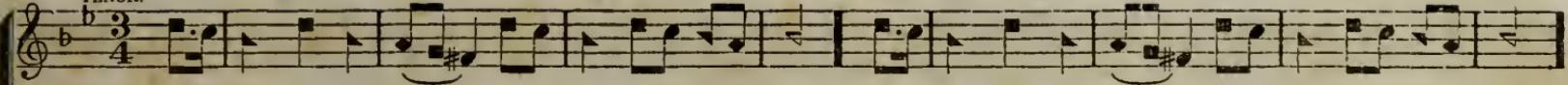
Pia.
Fur.

His hand will smooth my rugged way, And lead me to the realms of day, To mild - er skies and brighter plains, Where ev - er - last - ing plea - sure reigns.

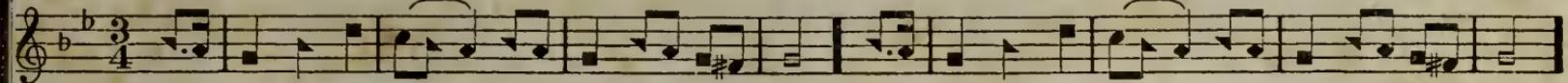
HAMILTON. 10s & 11s

161

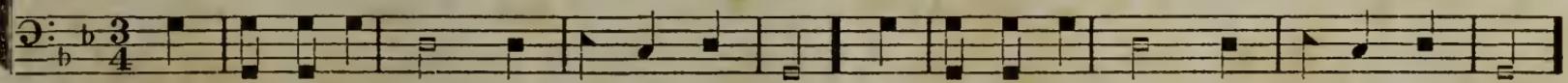
TENOR.



1. The day is far spent, the eve - ning is nigh, When we must lay down this bo - dy and die;



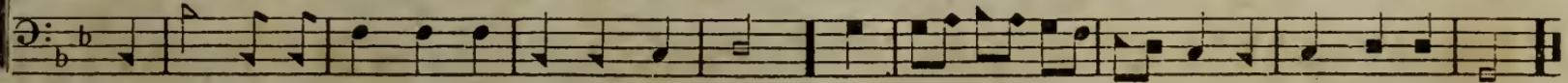
2. The hours that re - main, oh, with us a - bide, And in the dark vale of death, be our guide;



Great God, we sur - ren - der our dust to thy care, But, oh! for the sum - mons our spi - rit pre - pare.



Through life's wea - ry jour - ney, thou still hast been near; And in our last mo - ments, Lord, for us ap - pear.



Moderato

Musical score for "AITHLONE" hymn, first section. The music is in common time (indicated by '2' over '4') and G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp). The vocal line consists of two staves: soprano (treble clef) and alto (bass clef). The lyrics are:

O Thou that hear'st the pray'r of faith, Wilt thou not save a soul from death, That casts it - self on thee?

Musical score for "AITHLONE" hymn, second section. The music continues in common time (indicated by '2' over '4') and G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp). The vocal line consists of two staves: soprano (treble clef) and alto (bass clef). The lyrics are:

I have no me - rit of my own, But fly to what my Lord hath done, And suf - fer'd once for me.

BROADMEAD. L. M. 6 lines.

Shoel.

163

My soul, the great Creator praise, When clothed in his celestial rays; He in full majesty appears,

And like a robe his glory wears: Great is the Lord; what tongue can frame An equal honor to his name!

2 2

2 2

1. Hearts of stone, re - lent, re - lent! Break, by Je - sus' cross sub - dued! See his bo - dy man - gled, rent, Cov - er'd with a gore of blood!

2 2

3: 2 2

2 2

2 2

Sin - ful soul, what hast thou done? Mur - der'd God's E - ter - nal Son!

2 2

3: 2 2

2. Yes, our sins have done the deed !
Drove the nails that fix'd him there !
Crown'd with thorns his sacred head !
Pierced him with a soldier's spear !
Made his soul a sacrifice !—
For a sinful world he dies.

3. Will you let him die in vain,
Still to death pursue your Lord ;
Open tear his wounds again;
Trample on his precious blood ?
No ! with all my sins I'll part,
Saviour, take my broken heart.

BAVARIA. Ss & 7s. 8 lines.

German Air.

165

Sweet the moments, rich in blessing, Which be-fore the cross I spend; Life, and health, and peace possess-ing, From the sin - ner's dy-ing Friend:

Pia.

For.

Love and grief my heart di - vid - ing, With my tears his feet I'll bathe; Con-stant still in faith a - bid - ing, Hope de - riv - ing from his death.

My God, my King, thy various praise Shall fill the rem-nant of my days; Thy grace em-ploy my hum-ble tongue, Till death and glo-ry raise the song.

O thou, from whom all goodness flows, I lift my heart to thee; In all my sor-rows, con-flicts, woes, Dear Lord, re - mem - ber me.

COLUMBIA. C. P. M., or S, S, 6, 8, 8, 6.

167

Musical score for Columbia, C. P. M., or S, S, 6, 8, 8, 6. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The key signature is two sharps (#). The vocal line begins with a melodic line that includes eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

Fa - ther of all, e - ter - nal mind, In un - cre - a - ted light en - shined, Im - mense - ly good and great;

The score continues with another section of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The key signature changes to one sharp (#). The vocal line begins with a melodic line that includes eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

Thy, chil - dren form'd and bless'd by thee, With fil - ial love and rev - 'rence pay Their ho - mage at thy feet.

Dolce.

1. How sweet the name of Je - sus sounds In a be - liev - er's ears; It soothes his sor - rows, heals his wounds,

For.

And drives a - way his fears, And drives a - way his fears.

2. It makes the wounded spirit whole,
And calms the troubled breast;
'Tis manna to the hungry soul,
And to the weary rest.
3. Weak is the effort of my heart,
And cold my warmest thought,
But when I see thee as thou art,
I'll praise thee as I ought.
4. Till then I would thy love proclaim
With every fleeting breath;
And may the music of thy name
Refresh my soul in death.

MUSIC. S. M.

Spirituoso.

Harmon.

169

2/2 time signature, key signature of one flat. The music consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The melody is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Grace! 'tis a charm-ing sound, Har-mo-nious to the ear; Heav'n with the e - cho shall re-sound, And all the earth shall hear.

2/2 time signature, key signature of one flat. The music consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The melody is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

FAIRFIELD. S. M.

Rev. J. Harrison.

3/2 time signature, key signature of one flat. The music consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The melody is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Great is the Lord our God, And let his name be great; He makes the church-es his a - bode, His most de - light - ful seat.

3/2 time signature, key signature of one flat. The music consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The melody is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

W

Let this vain world en-gage no more; Be - hold the op'-ning tomb! It bids us seize the pre - sent hour; To - mor - row death may come.

Say, how may earth and heaven unite, And how shall man with an-gels join? What link harmonious may be found, Dis-cor-dant na - tures to com - bine?

LYSTRA, or SPRING. 8s. 4 lines.

T. Clark.

171

Iu-spi-er and hear-er of prayer, Thou Shepherd and Guardian of thine, My all to thy co-ven-tant care, I sleeping or wa-king re-sign.

GILGAL. L. M.

My dear Re-deem-er and my Lord, I read my du-t-y in thy word; But in thy life the law ap-pears, Drawn out in liv-ing cha-rac-ters.

GOSPEL JUBILEE. 8, 7, 8, 7, 7, 7.

Hark! the so - lem - trum - pet sound - ing; Loud pro - claims the Ju - bi - lee; 'Tis the voice of grace a - bound - ing,

Grace to sin - ners rich and free: Ye who know the joy - ful sound, Pub - lish it to all a - round.

HEBRON. L. M.

L. Mason.

173

Thus far the Lord hath led me on, Thus far his pow'r pro-longs my days; And eve-ry evening shall make known Some fresh memo-rial of his grace.

EASTBURN. S. M.

Harwood.

For.

Pia.

To God in whom I trust, I lift my heart and voice; O let me not be put to shame, Nor let my foes re-joice.

LOVING KINDNESS. L. M.

A - wake, my soul, in joy - ful lays, And sing thy great Re - deem - er's praise; He just - ly claims a song from thee,

His lov - ing kind - ness, O how free! His lov - ing kind - ness—lov - ing kind - ness— His lov - ing kind - ness, O how free!

PELHAM. S. M. [Double.]

Giardini.

175

My soul, re - peat his praise, Whose mer - cies are so great; Whose an - ger is so slow to rise, So rea - dy to a - bate!

For. Pia. For.

High as the heav'ns are raised, Above the ground we tread, So far the rich - es of his grace, Our high-est tho'ts ex - ceed, Our high - est tho'ts ex - ceed.

Chil-dren of the heav'nly King, As ye jour-ney sweet-ly sing; Sing your Sa-viour's wor-thy praise, Glo-rious in his works and ways.

* When sung to four lines, the repeat should be omitted.

OLMUTZ. S. M.

Gregorian Chant.

Your harps, ye trembling saints, Down from the wil-lows take: Loud to the praise of love di-vine, Bid eve-ry string a-wake.

HOWARD'S. C. M.

Mrs. Cuthbert.

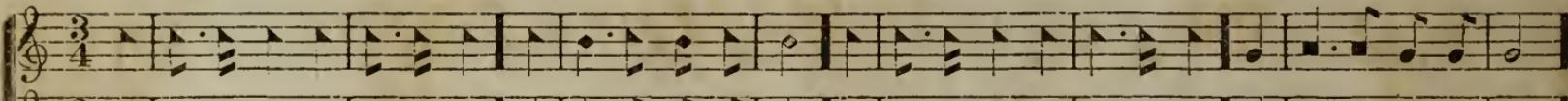
177

Lord, hear the voice of my complaint; Ae - cept my se-cret pray'r; To thee a - lone, my King, my God, Will I for help re-pair.

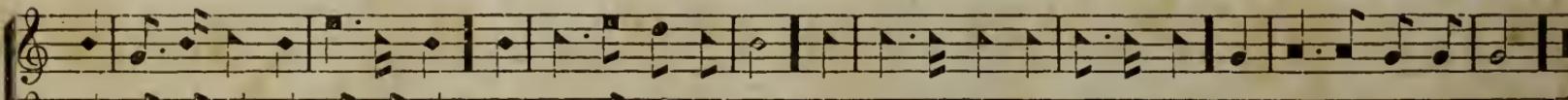
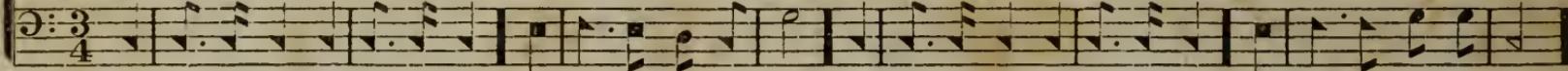
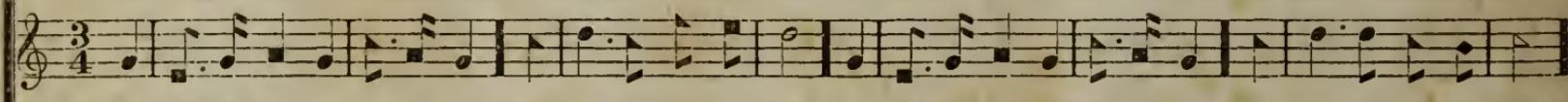
NORWICH. 7s.

I. Mason.

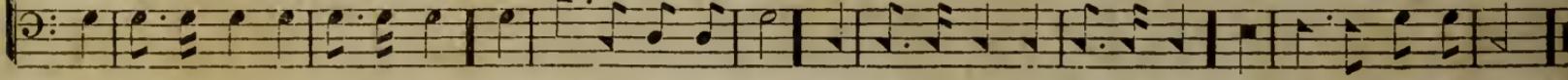
Gently glides the stream of life, Oft a - long the flowe-ry vale; Or im - pet - uous down the cliff, Rushing roars where storms as - sail.



When I can read my ti - tle clear To mansions in the skies, I'll bid fare - well to eve - ry fear, And wipe my weep-ing eyes:



Should earth a - gainst my soul en - gage, And hell - ish darts be hurl'd, Then I can smile at Sa - tan's rage, And face a frown-ing world.



ROCK OF AGES. 7s.

From Spiritual Songs,—by permission.

179

Second Treble.

Rock of Ages, cleft for me, Let me hide my-self in thee; Let the wa-ter and the blood, From thy wounded side that flow'd,
Be of sin the per-fect cure; Save me, Lord, and make me pure.

Fine.

D. C.

D. C.

D. C.

RETURN, O WANDERER, RETURN.

From Spiritual Songs,—by permission.

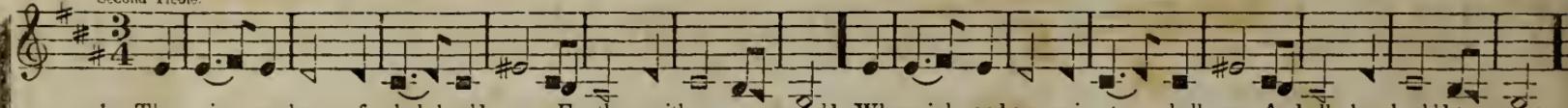
Second Treble.—*Moderato. Dolce. Pia.**Cres.*

1. Re-turn, O wand'r'er, to thy home, Thy Fa-ther calls for thee; No longer now an ex - ile roam In guilt and mi - se-ry: Re-turn, Re-turn!

2. Re-turn, O wand'r'er, to thy home, 'Tis Je-sus calls for thee: The Spi-rit and the Bride say, come: O now for re - fuge flee: Re-turn, Re-turn!

3. Re-turn, O wand'r'er, to thy home, 'Tis madness to de-lay: There are no pardons in the tomb, And brief is mer - cy's day: Re-turn, Re-turn;

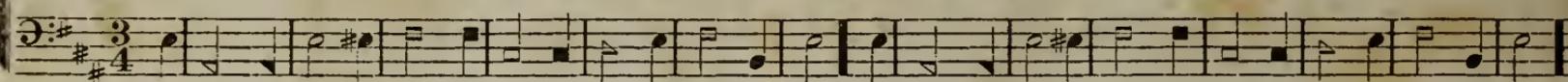
Second Treble.



1. There is an hour of hal-low'd peace, For those with care oppres's'd; When sighs and sorrowing tears shall cease, And all be hush'd to re-st:



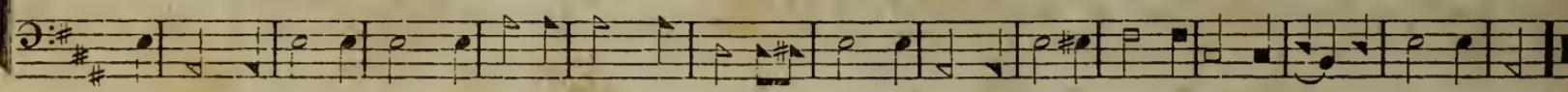
2. There is a home of sweet re-pose, Where storms as-sail no more; The stream of end-less plea-sure flows On that ce-les-tial shore:



'Tis then the soul is freed from fears And doubts that here an-noy: Then they that oft had sown in tears, Shall reap a-gain in joy.



There pu-ri-ty with love ap-pears, And bliss with-out al-loy; There, they that oft had sown in tears, Shall reap e-ter-nal joy.



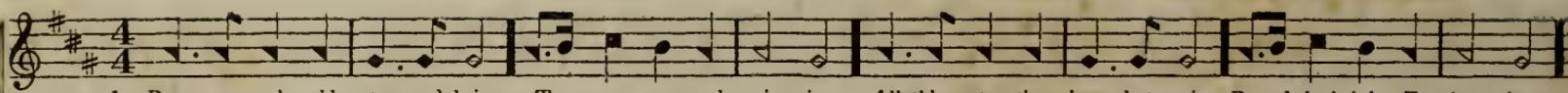
To Je-sus the crown of my hope, My soul is in haste to be gone; O, bear me, ye che-ru-bim, up, And waft me a-way to his throne.

WAYLAND. 8s & 4.

1. Hark ! hark ! the gospel trumpet sounds, Thro' earth and heav'n the echo bounds ; Pardon and peace by Jesus' blood ; Sin-ners are reconciled to God, By grace di-vine.

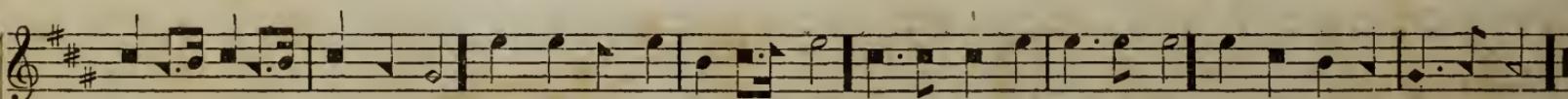
2. Come, sinners, hear the joyful news, No longer dare the grace refuse ; Mer - cy and jus - tice here combine, Goodness and truth harmonious join, T' invite you near.

3. Ye saints in glory, strike the lyre ; Ye mortals, catch the sacred fire ; Let both the Saviour's love proclaim, For ev - er wor - thy is the Lamb, Of end-less praise.

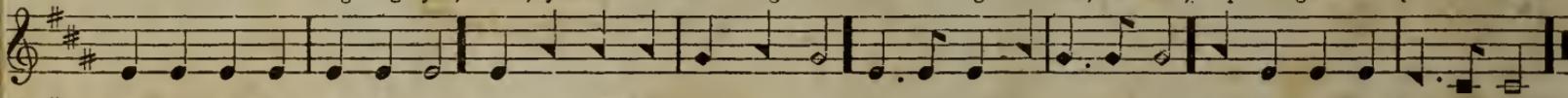


Musical notation for the second stanza of Merdin. The music continues in common time, key signature of two sharps. The melody consists of three staves, each with a treble clef and a sharp sign. The lyrics are:

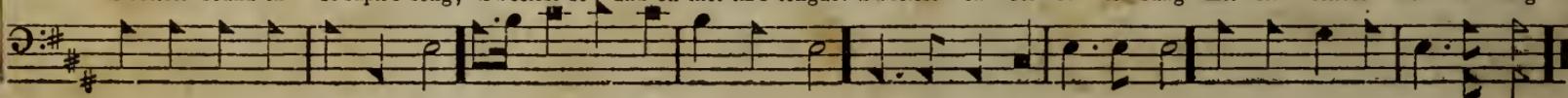
2. Hark! the thrill-ing sym - pho - nies, Seem, me-thinks, to seize us; Join we, too, the ho - ly lays— Sing of him who saves us:



Lo! we lift our long - ing eyes; Break, ye in - ter - ve - ning skies: Sun of Righteous-ness, a - rise, Ope the gates of pa - ra - dise.



Sweetest sound in se-raph's song; Sweetest so und on mor-tal's tongue: Sweetest ca - rol ev - er sung—Let its echoes flow a - long.



WOODLAND. 8, 6, 8, 8, 6.

From the National Church Harmony.

183

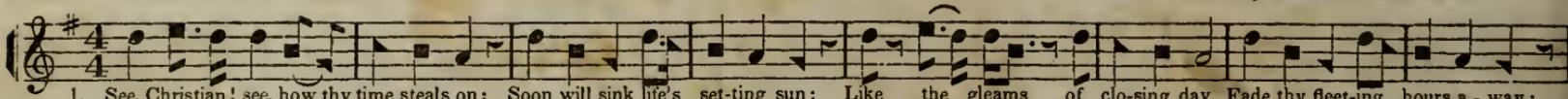
1. There is an hour of peace - ful rest, To mourn - ing wand - 'ers given; There is a tear for souls dis - tress'd,

A balm for eve - ry wound - ed breast, 'Tis found a - lone in heaven.

2. There is a home for weary souls,
By sins and sorrows driven;
When toss'd on life's tempestuous shoals,
Where storms arise and ocean rolls,
And all is drear but heaven.
3. There faith lifts up the tearless eye,
The heart with anguish riven;
It views the tempest passing by,
Sees evening shadows quickly fly,
And all serene in heaven.
4. There fragrant flowers immortal bloom,
And joys supreme are given;
There rays divine disperse the gloom;
Beyond the dark and narrow tomb
Appears the dawn of heaven.

The Christian's Welcome Home.

Words by Rev. Charles Denison.



Then, up! let us toil till our toil - ings are o'er, Till we shall be borne to e - ter - ni - ty's shore; Our fi - nal summons having come,
 Then, up! fel-low Chris-tian, let mourning be o'er, Re - joice in thy Sa - viour, re - joice ev - er - more! Our an - gel - convoy ha - ving come,

How sweet the Chris-tian's wel-come ho - me! Home, home, home, the Christian's welcome home; Sweet, O, sweet the Christian's wel-come home!

Then, up! let us toil till our toil - ings are o'er, Till we shall be borne to e - ter - ni - ty's shore; Our fi - nal summons hav - ing come,
 Then, up! fel-low-Christian, let mourning be o'er, Re - joice in thy Sa - viour - re - joice ev - er - more! Our an - gel con-voy hav - ing come,

The Christian's Welcome Home.—[Concluded.]

185

How sweet the Christian's welcome home ! Home, home, home ; the Christian's welcome home ; Sweet, O, sweet the Christian's welcome home, welcome home, welcome home, welcome home !

How sweet the Christian's welcome home ! Home, home, home ; the Christian's welcome home ; Sweet, O, sweet the Christian's welcome home, welcome home, welcome home, welcome home !

WILMOT. 7s.

Second Treble. Slow and soft.

1. Je - sus, save my dy - ing soul; Make the bro-ken spi - rit whole: Humbled in the dust I lie; Saviour, leave me not to die.

2. Je - sus, full of eve-ry grace, Now re-veal thy smi - ling face: Grant the joy of sin for - given, Foretaste of the bliss of heaven.

3. All my guilt to thee is known ;
Thou art righteous, thou alone :
All my help is from thy cross;
All beside I count but loss.

4. Lord, in thee I now believe ;
Wilt thou—wilt thou not forgive ?
Helpless at thy feet I lie;
Saviour, leave me not to die!

Y

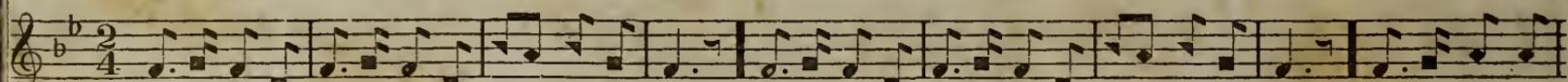
EVENING SONG.

From Spiritual Songs, - by permission.

Alto. Voice.



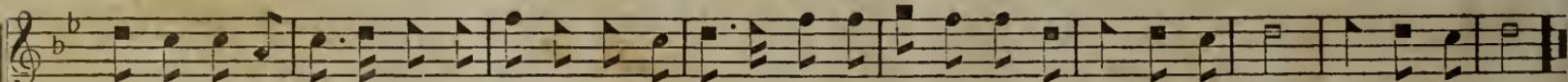
1. God of evening and of morning, Great Source of all! While our hearts with love are burning, Pros - rate we fall: Now thy sa - cred



2. Thou that ru - lest earth and hea-ven, Dark-ness and light; Who the day for toil has giv-en, For rest the night: May thine an - gel



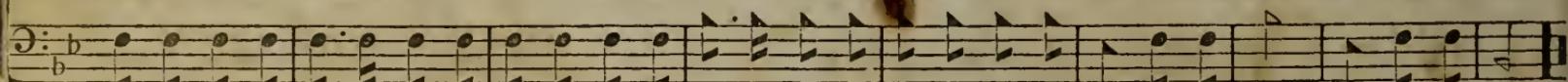
3. Ob-ject of our seal's de - vo-tion, Thee we a - dore; Fill our hearts with sweet emo - tion, This sa - cred hour: Je - sus, Mas - ter,



throne ad - dress-ing, And our fol - lies all con - fess-ing, We en - treat a Fa - ther's bless-ing; Lord, hear our call! Lord, hear our call!



guards de - fend us; Slumbers sweet, thy mer - cy send us; Ho - ly dreams and hopes at - tend us This live-long night— This live-long night.



thou art wor - thy; All the heavenly hosts a - dore thee; Saints shall cast their crowns before thee, Now, and evermore— Now, and evermore.

GENERAL INDEX.

Amherst,	12	Bevaria,	165	Dirge,	128	Kendall,	118	Old Hundred,	27	Stamford,	80	Worthing,	84
Aylesbury,	22	Condolence,	11	Denmark,	132	Litchfield,	9	Olmutz,	176	Shoel,	85	Walsal,	88
Arcadia,	28	China,	14	Dunbar,	139	Lavington,	28	Oulney,	181	Spring,	92	Worship,	104
Arundel,	40	Coleshill,	19	Danvers,	144	Lu顿,	38	Portuguese Hymn,	15	St. Thomas,	94	Warwick,	108
Abridge,	49	Consolation,	20	Effingham,	30	Limehouse,	58	Peckham,	18	Surry,	97	Wareham,	116
Amsterdam,	64	Cranbrook,	23	Eaton,	44	Little Marlborough,	72	Plymouth,	29	St. Bridges,	99	Welkin,	117
Arlington,	66	Christmas,	25	Egypt,	77	Leeds,	93	Praise,	32	St. Davids,	101	Warrington,	117
Alcester,	94	Cambridge,	26	Elgin,	170	Litchfield,	96	Portsmouth,	42	St. George,	105	Westmoreland,	124
All-Saints,	118	Colchester,	30	Ellenhthorpe,	170	Lebanon,	106	Piety,	46	Sterling,	113	Ward,	147
Army,	120	Clifford,	45	Eastburn,	173	Leroy,	126	Paradise,	48	Savannah,	114	When I can read my	
Alton,	147	Calvary,	60	Evening song,	180	Lyons,	145	Poland,	62	Shrewsbury,	115	title clear,	178
Alexandria,	160	Clifton,	70	Forty-sixth,	87	Lystria,	171	Portugal,	71	Stonefield,	123	Wayland,	181
Alfreton,	160	Condescension,	71	Fountain,	95	Loveing Kindness,	174	Peace,	87	Somerville,	123	Woodland,	183
Athlone,	162	Castle Street,	78	Franklin,	143	Margate,	38	Prescot,	113	Swanwick,	125	Wilmot,	185
Brunswick,	9	Cookham,	82	Fairfield,	169	Morning Hymn,	50	Park Street,	142	St. Anns,	131	Zion,	66
Blendon,	11	Camberwell,	99	German Air,	58	Near,	82	Pilesgrove,	146	Spencer,	143	ANTHEMS. &c.	
Bristol,	12	Charmouth,	109	Ganges,	76	Mount Pleasant,	90	Pelbam,	175	Saints Home,	153	Come ye disconsolate,	137
Bradford,	13	Coventry,	109	Greenville,	136	Morcton,	100	Quercy,	34	Spring,	171	Daughter of Zion,	149
Benevento,	24	Communion,	120	Guilford,	140	Middleton,	106	Queensborough,	47	Somerville,	178	Dying Christian,	53
Berwick,	51	Contrition,	127	Gilgal,	171	Martin's Lane,	111	Retirement,	10	Tallis,	12	Denmark,	182
Brooms Grove,	52	Come ye disconsolate,	137	Gospel Jubilee,	172	Monmouth,	119	Rochester,	27	Turin,	20	Evening Song,	180
Beneficence,	65	Carey,	166	Hclmsley,	18	Martyrs,	124	Romain,	33	Tamworth,	26	From Greenland's Icy	
Barby,	67	Canterbury,	166	Horseley,	19	Milan,	126	Richinond,	107	Truro,	84	mountains.	148
Bedford,	77	Columbia,	167	Harleigh,	22	Mornington,	150	Resignation,	159	Thatcher,	59	Hark! the Song of	
Brewer,	81	Chester,	168	Hotham,	103	Mount Calvery,	164	Rock of Ages,	179	Trinity,	67	Jubilee,	136
Braintree,	83	Darwell,	39	Heber,	122	Music,	169	Return O Wanderer,	179	Tilden,	88	Hark! the Vesper	
Blanford,	83	Dalston,	40	Hark! the Song of	122	Merden,	182	Riverston,	180	The Christian wel-		Hymn, &c.	141
Brooms Grove,	86	Dying Christian,	53	Jubilec.	138	New-Sabbath,	10	St. Martins,	13	come home.	184	Loveing Kindness,	174
Bethesda,	91	Despondence,	74	Hermit,	142	New-Londen,	25	Stratford,	16	Uxbridge,	144	O praise God in his	
Brentford,	93	Devonshire,	75	Hiddam,	146	New-Brunswick,	32	Shiland,	17	Vesper Hymn,	141	holiness,	152
Bethlehem,	95	Dundee,	89	Hamilton,	161	Newmark,	52	St. Johns,	29	Windham,	14	Return O Wanderer,	179
Bangor,	96	Dismission,	90	Hebron,	173	Newcourt,	73	Sweet Home,	36	Westminster Abbey,	21	Thou art gone to the	
Brookfield,	100	Deizes,	92	Howards,	177	Norwich,	76	Stephens,	49	Walworth,	33	grave, &c.	142
Bath,	101	Darwin,	98	Invocation,	35	Newton,	87	Stroudwater,	59	Warsaw,	41	The voice of Free	
Brahnam,	112	Duncanfield,	108	Irish,	84	>Newry,	105	St. Philips,	61	Watchman,	43	grace,	154
Beverly,	130	Devotion,	110	Inspiration,	129	Nincty-seventh,	124	St. Albans,	69	Wakefield,	68	The parting,	156
Berne,	145	Danville,	114	Judgment,	102	Nurenbergh,	176	St. Peters,	69	Wells,	72	The Christian Wel-	
Broadmead,	163	Dover,	121	Knaresborough,	31	Norwich,	177	St. Michaels,	79	Winter,	91	come home,	181

METRICAL INDEX.

L. M. MAJOR.	Stonefield,	123 Franklin,	143 Duncanfield,	108 Forty-sixth,	37 Hotham,	103 8s & 7s, or 8, 7, & 4.
All Saints,	118 Tallis,	12 Harleigh,	22 Elgin,	170 Martin's Lane,	111 Hark ! the Song of	Calvary,
Alfreton,	160 Truro,	34 Howards,	177 Martyrs,	124 Newcourt,	73 Jubilee,	Dismission,
Blendon,	11 Tilden,	88 Irish,	84 Plymouth,	29	S. P. M.	New-Brunswick,
Berwick,	51 Uxbridge,	144 Inspiration,	129 Walsal,	88 Dalston,	40 Norwich,	Tamworth,
Brewer,	81 Westminster Abbey,	21 Judgement,	102 S. M. MAJOR.	Worship,	104 Rock of Ages,	Worthing,
Brentford,	93 Wells,	72 Knaresborough,	31 Cranbrook,	83 C. P. M.	179 Turin,	20 8, 8, 6, 8, 8, 6.
Bath,	101 Warrington,	117 Kendall,	118 Camberwell,	120 Aithlone,	162 7 & 6.	Ganges,
Condolence,	11 Ward,	147 Lavington,	28 Communion,	121 Columbia,	167 Amsterdam,	8, 7, 8, 7, 7, 8, 8.
Castle Street,	78 L. M. MINOR.	120 Litchfield,	96 Dover,	173 S. M. D.	64 Invocation,	Invocation,
Carey,	166 Army,	120 Milan,	26 Eastburn,	169 Pelham,	175 7, 6, 8:	8, 7, 8, 7, 7, 7.
Denmark,	132 Brookfield,	100 Mear,	82 Fairfield,	175 C. M. D.	Lebanon,	Praise,
Danvers,	144 Darwin,	98 Mount Pleasant,	90 Leroy,	126	106 Mount Calvery,	Gospel Jubilee,
Effingham,	30 Limehouse,	58 New-London,	25 Margate,	38 Riverston,	7s, 6 Lines.	8 6s, & 2 8.
Eaton	44 Windham,	14 Newmark,	52 Mornington,	159 Somerville,	178 Nuremburgh,	164 Peace,
Ellenthorpe,	170 C. M. MAJOR.	Piety,	46 Music,	169 H. M.	7s, 4 or 6 Lines.	10s.
German Air,	58 Arcadia,	28 Paradise,	48 Newton,	67 Burnham,	112 Beverly,	Despondence,
Gilgal,	171 Arundel,	40 Poland,	62 Olmutz,	176 Bethesda,	130 7, 6 & 7.	Dirge,
Horseley,	19 Abridge,	49 Retirement,	10 Peckham,	18 Darwell,	91 Merden,	Judgement,
Hebron,	173 Arlington,	66 Rochester,	27 Prescot,	113 Haddam,	39 8s.	Walworth,
Ltcfield,	9 Alexandria,	160 Resignation,	159 Shirland,	17 Portsmouth,	146 Broomsgrove,	10s & 11s.
Lu:on,	38 Bristol,	12 St. Martins,	13 St. Thomas,	94 St. Philips,	86 Oulney,	Hamilton,
Leeds,	93 Bradford,	13 St. Johns,	29 Somerville,	61 St. Michaels,	181 Spring,	Lyons,
Morning Hymn,	50 Broomsgrove,	52 Stephens,	49 Thatcher,	79 Savannah,	92 Savannah,	114 11, 11, 11, 11.
Moreton,	100 Barby,	65 Stroudwater,	59 Watchman,	43 Warsaw,	114 Consolation,	Consolation,
Middletown,	106 Bedford,	77 St. Albans,	69 Wakefield,	41 P. M.	171 Norwich,	29
Monmouth,	119 Braintree;	83 St. Davids,	101 S. M. MINOR.	Amherst,	171 Spring,	Saints Home,
New-Sabbath,	10 Blandford,	83 Swanwick,	125 Aylesbury,	22 Devonshire,	75 8s. & 4s.	158
Newry,	105 Cbina,	14 St. Anns,	131 Contrition,	127 Helmsley,	18 Wayland,	11, 10, 11, 10.
Ninety-seventh,	124 Cambridge,	26 Spencer,	143 Dunbar,	139 Portugucse Hymn,	18 8 & 7.	Bethlehem,
Old Hundred,	27 Colchester,	30 Winter,	81 Egypt,	77 Romain,	181 8 & 7.	Heber,
Portugal,	71 Clifford,	45 Warwick,	108 Little Marleborough,	72 Stratford,	35 Alton,	11, 11, 11, 11, 5, II.
Park Street,	142 Clifton,	70 Wareham,	116 St. Bridges,	99 6, 7.	147 Berne,	145 Sweet Home,
Pilesgrove,	146 Condescension,	71 Welkin,	117 L. M. 2 Verses.	Shrewsbury	145 Queensborough,	II, 8, II, 8.
Quercy,	34 Charmouth,	109 Westmoreland,	121 Richmond,	107 6, 6, 4, 6, 6, 6, 4.	47 Zion,	66
Richmond, 2 verses,	107 Coventry,	109 When I can read my	178 L. M. 6 Lines.	Trinity,	80 Stamford,	I2, 12, 12, 12, -12, 12.
St. Peters,	69 Canterbury,	title clear,	Eaton,	7s.	82 Bevaria,	Fountain,
Shoel,	85 Chester,	168 C. M. MINOR.	Broadmead,	163	165 13s and 11s.	Guilford,
Surry,	97 Dundee,	89 Brunswick,	9 Morning Hymn,	44 Alcester,	8, 6, 8, 8, 6.	Hermit,
St. George,	105 Devizes,	92 Bangor,	96 L. P. M.	50 Benevnto,	24 Woodland,	140
Sterling,	113 Danville,	114 Coleshill,	19 Devotion,	Beneficence,	65 8, 6, 6, 8, 8, 6.	142
				110 Cookham,	82 Christmas,	25





BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY



3 9999 06508 886 4

JONES' PRINTING.

KEEPED CONTINUALLY FOR SALE.

Mason's Sacred Harp, Mason's Choir, The Handel and Haydn Society's Collection of Church Music, Music Drama, and the Manhattan Collection of Sacred Music, by Dr. Hastings; Spiritual Songs, The Christian Lyre, Kingsley's Social Choir, &c. &c., together with a large assortment of

THEOLOGICAL, CLASSICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

which are offered at reduced prices.

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

WEBSTER'S ELEMENTARY SPELLING BOOK.

Published by the author.

THE EASY WAY TO LEARN TO READ.

THE EASY WAY TO LEARN TO READ.

