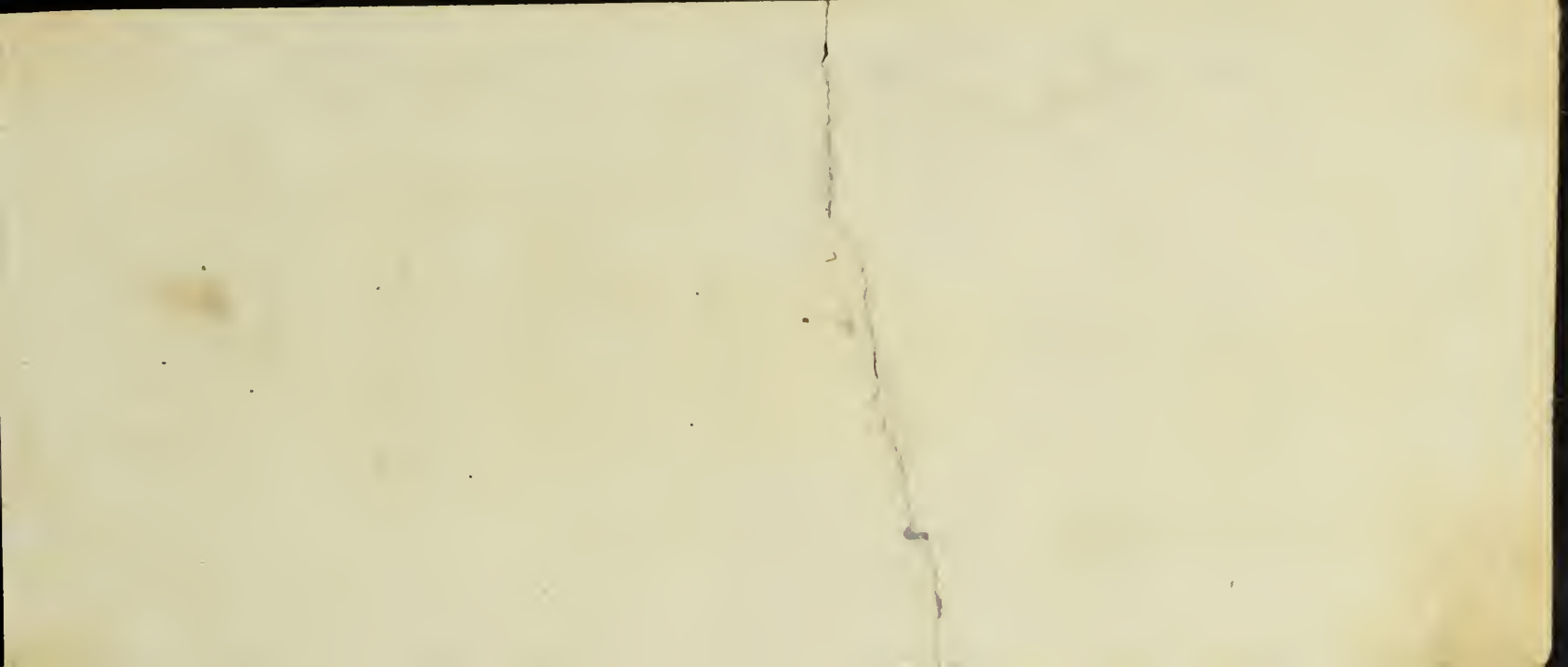




— 23 B.

$11.5 = 1005.$

$0.9 = 100.$

$9.9 = 100.$

$10 \times 98 = 2764.$

$(10.5 \times 66) = 10000.$

$110 \times 90 = 1530.$

$12 \times 13 = 220.$

$18 \times 11 = 1990$

$19 \times 6 = 702$

$\times 111 =$

$10 \times 35 = 4130$

$165 \times 160 =$

$167 \times 163 =$

$161 \times 163 =$

$164 \times 162 =$

$162 \times 165 =$

$177 \times 22 =$

$178 \times 167 =$

$181 \times 67 =$

$183 \times 222 =$

$187 \times 22 =$

$189 \times 227 =$

$190 \times 228 =$

$2 \times 228 = 23$

$2 \times 228 =$

$22 \times 25 =$

$27 \times 249 =$

$54 \times 67 =$

$117 \times 22 =$

$257 \times 21 =$

$52 \times 28 =$

$202 \times 27 =$

$211 \times 268 =$

$264 \times 146 =$

$301 \times 303 =$

$76 \times 302 =$

$303 \times 5 = 1515$

$70 \times 304 = 3040$

$305 \times 104 = 31720$

$105 \times 306 = 32130$

$207 \times 128 = 42366$

$373 \times 125 =$

$151 \times 315 = 47250.$

$316 \times 3107 =$

$145 \times 319 =$

$369 \times 623 =$

$572 \times 570 =$

$573 \times 61 = 57313+$

$132 \times 574 = 11681+$

$575 \times 313 = 72515+$

$413 \times 576 = 23066+$

1, 2, 3, 12, 15, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

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 $\times 607$
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 609×613

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W. WOOD
Music and Musical Instrument
Warehouse,
No. 4, Nassau-street,
(Near Grafton-street,)
Dublin.

$647 \times 113.65 =$
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 $680 \times 113.65 =$

2 = B.2.

Book for Irish Airs —

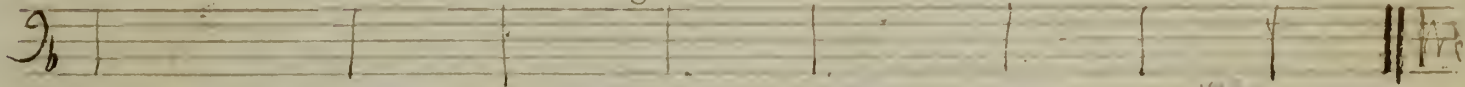
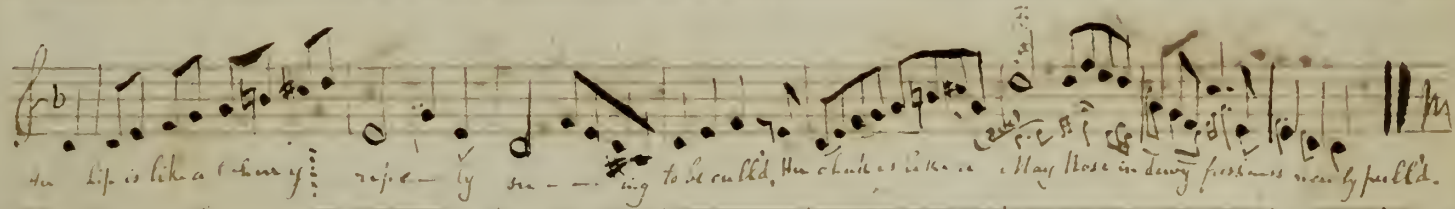
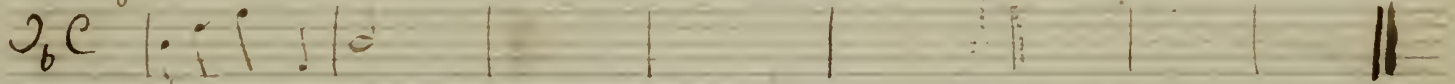
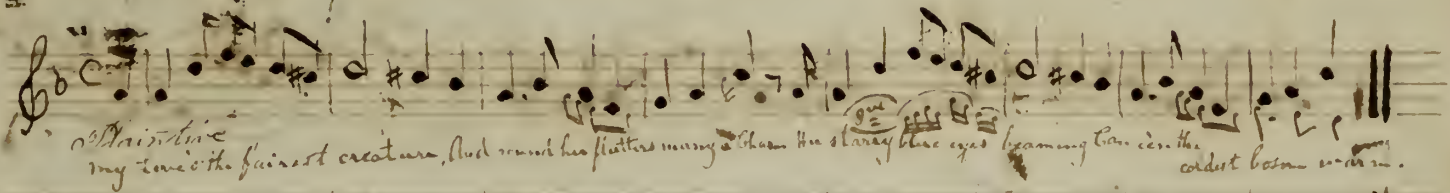
The Hudson = 1000 8

Brinnea's song to
"Hundred old Hag" —

Schol.
Feb 16 03
B.

5 v.

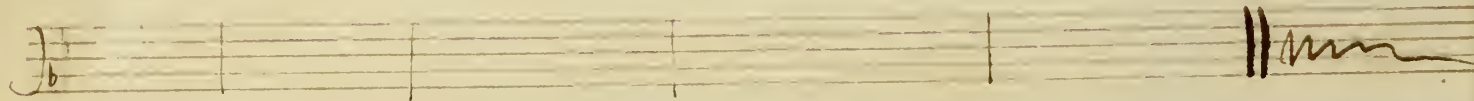
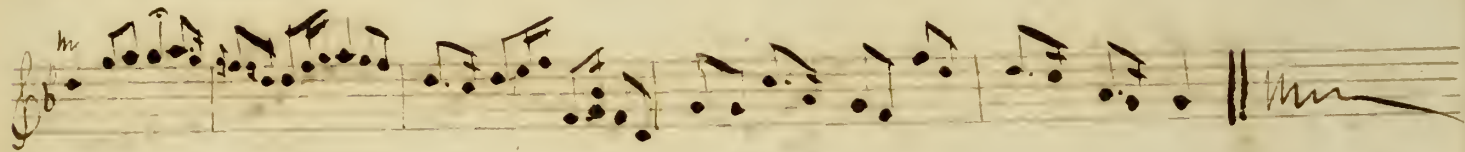
Sile keaz w Condensation $\frac{1}{2}$ Little Lilia (Lentian) $\frac{1}{2}$ Lilia's the finest Creation.



Uzayma Waize - Lord Mayo -

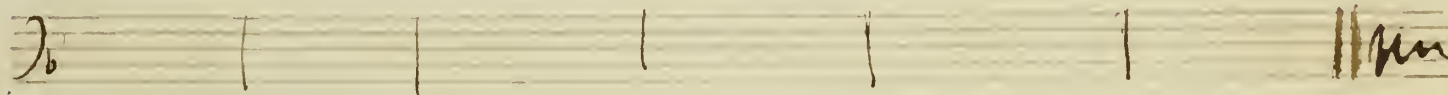
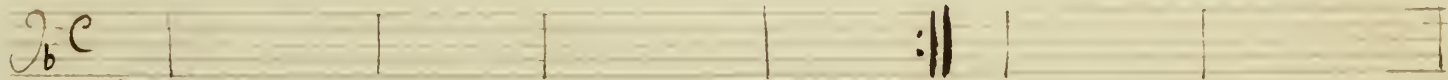
Murphy -

2

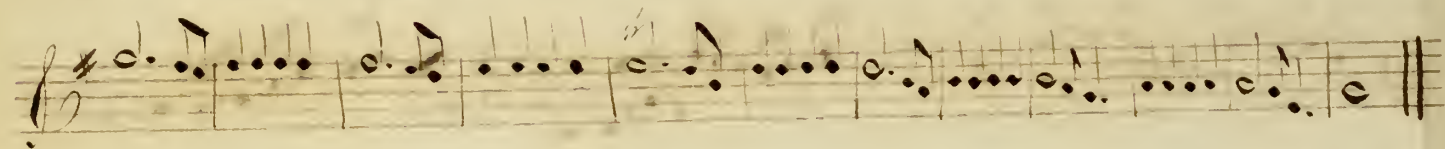
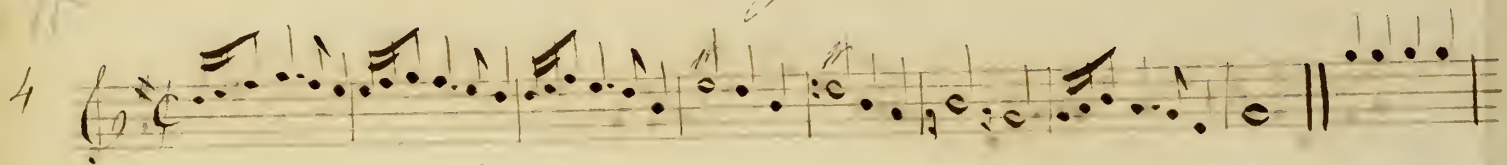


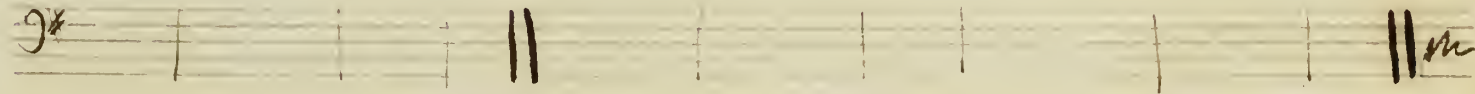
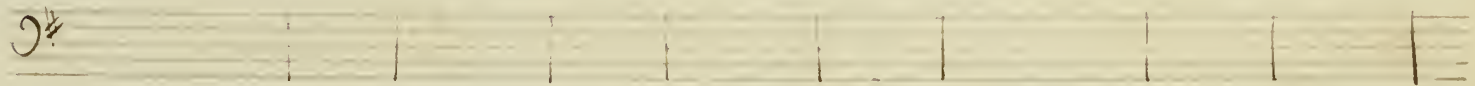
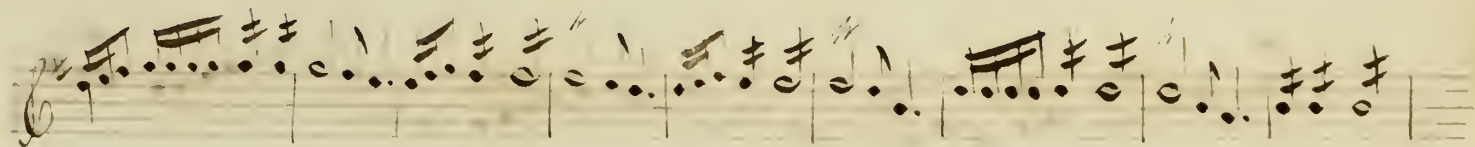
Trághama Mairge an Lord Mayo — *Wm. H. and Irish Society, New York.*

3 -



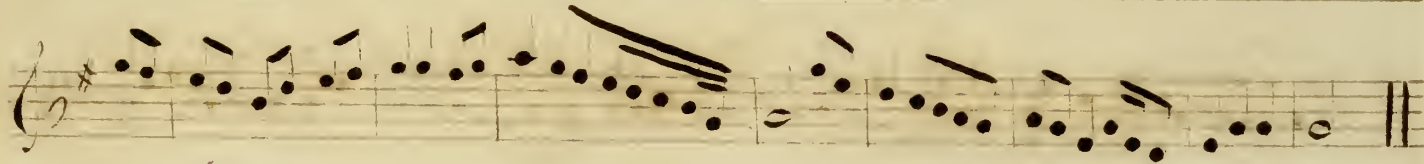
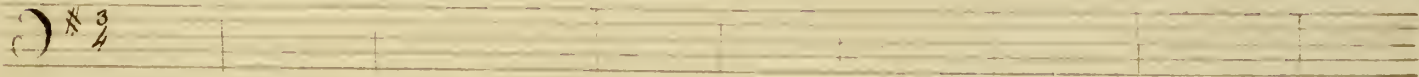
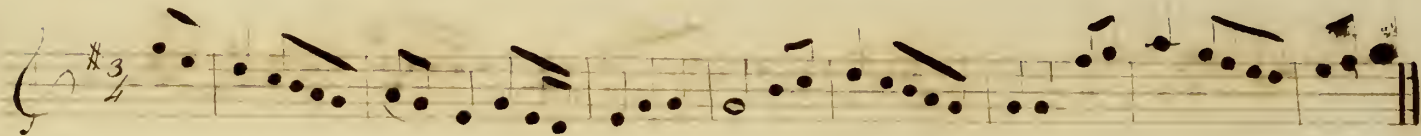
Cuoine Epponaig. Irish cry —





Cupān, e d g p d — C. Hara's cup —

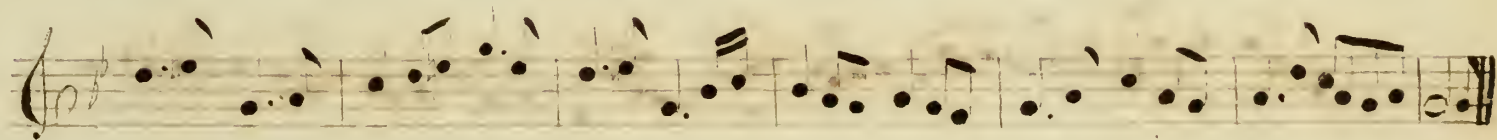
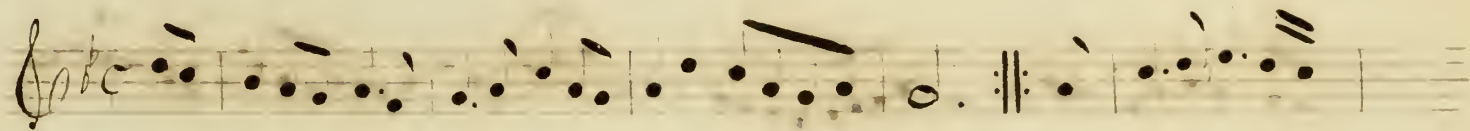
5



Улы и Медеталл — Alice Chacottain —

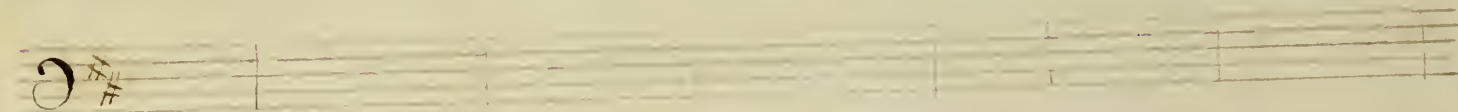
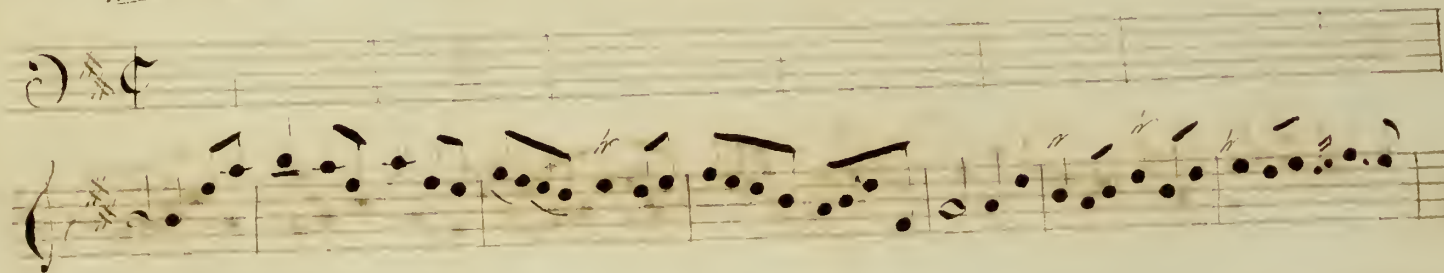
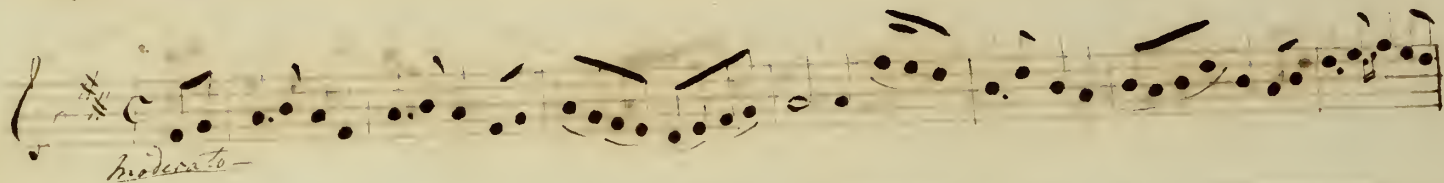
Улы и Медеталл

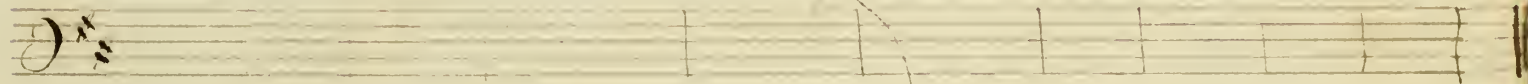
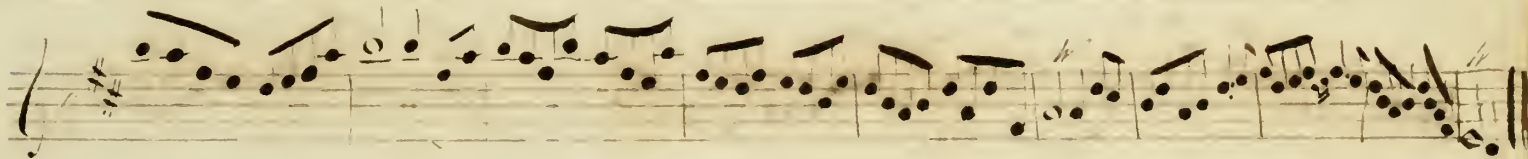
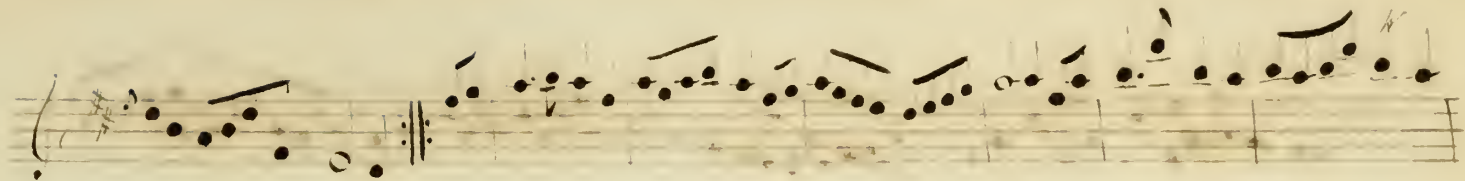
8

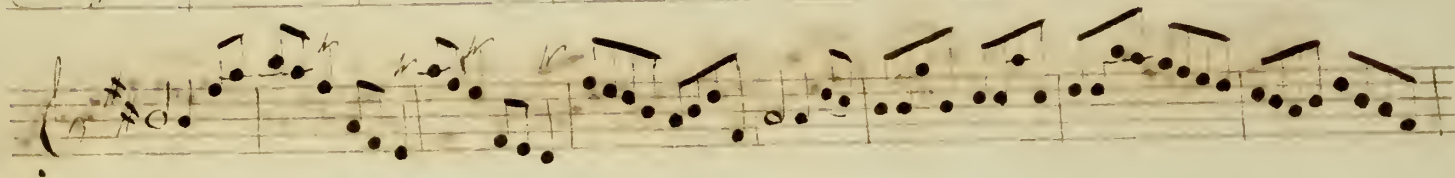
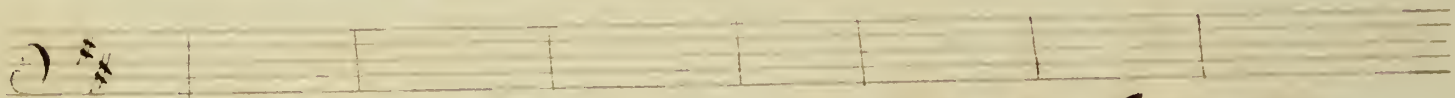


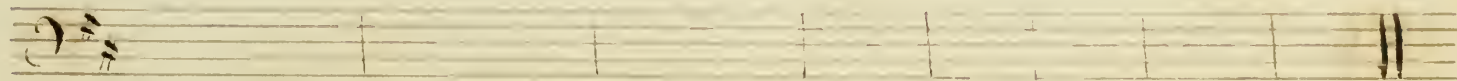
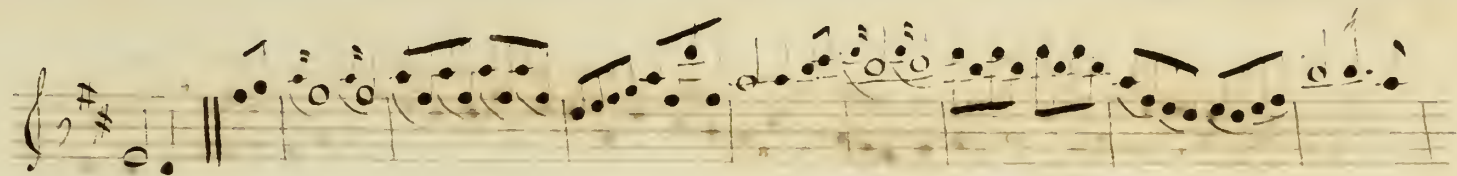
Gjolla

7



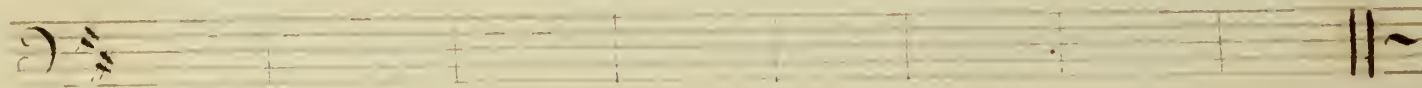
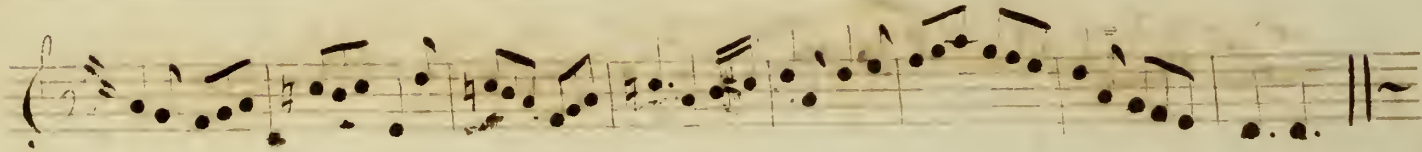
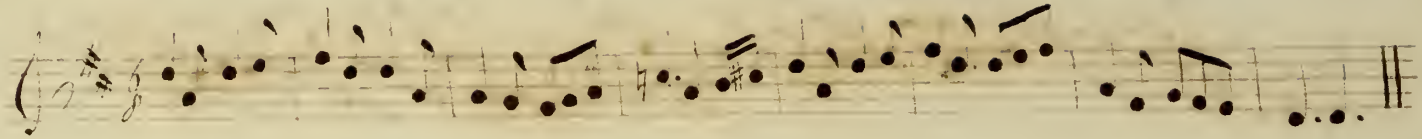






Campyze bayne. — White rocks —

8



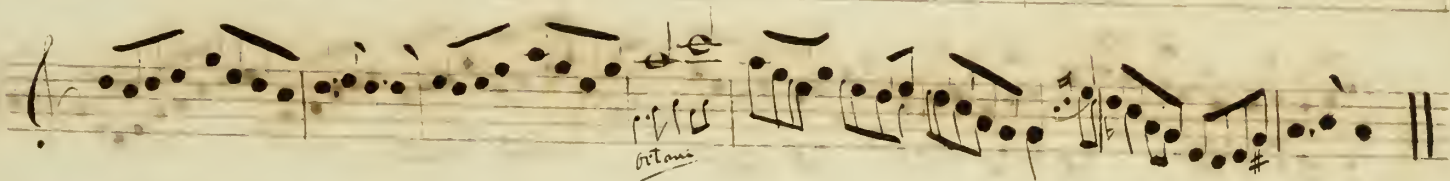
Concubas na Razallays Connors & Heilly -

Irish

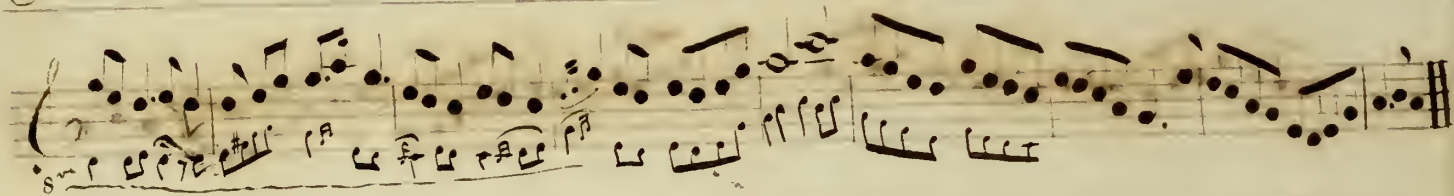
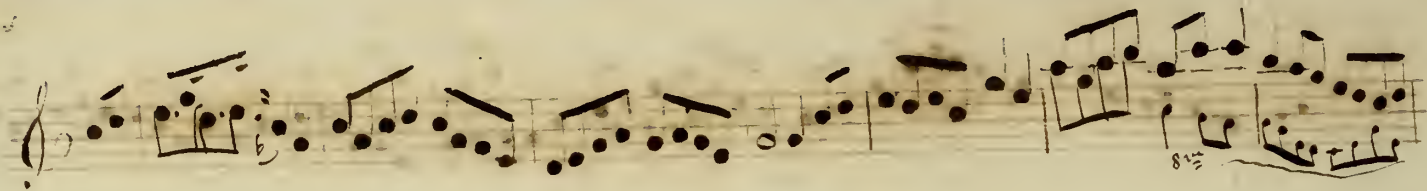
9



DC

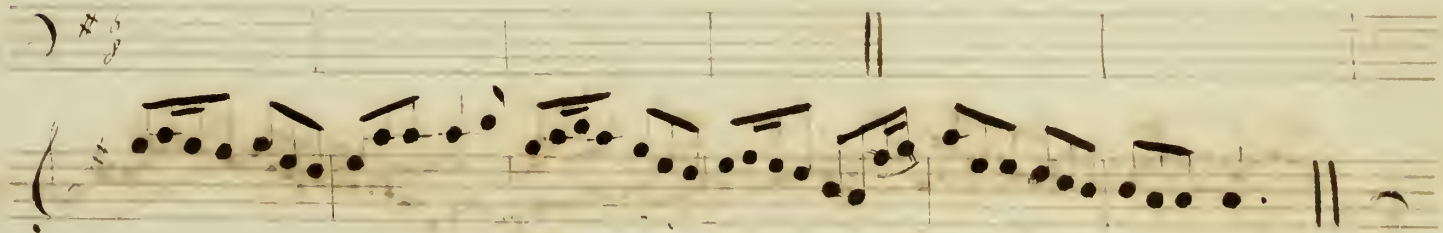
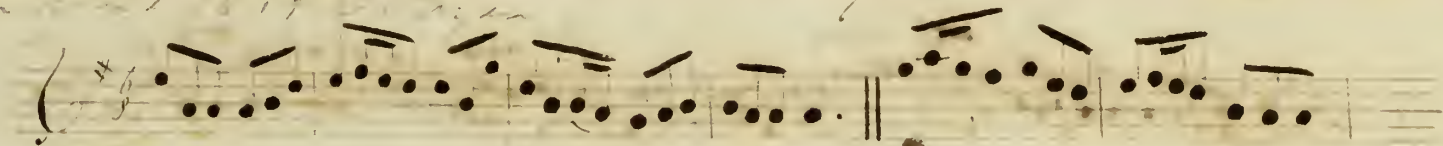


The setting with "tails down" is from N° 12 from The Gannan Westport. & called "Ho a nig na na Heanna"
? This is the red thing of Ireland.



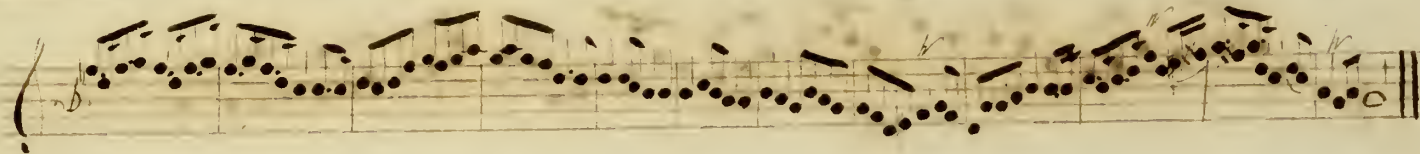
Concobaí na MacGallaghs Chath - Connor & Healy of Clonmel - Barolan —

10



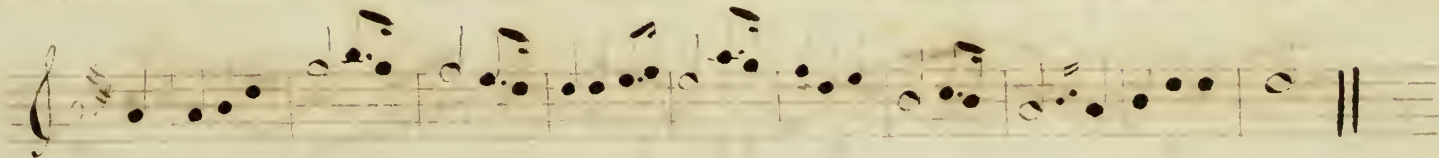
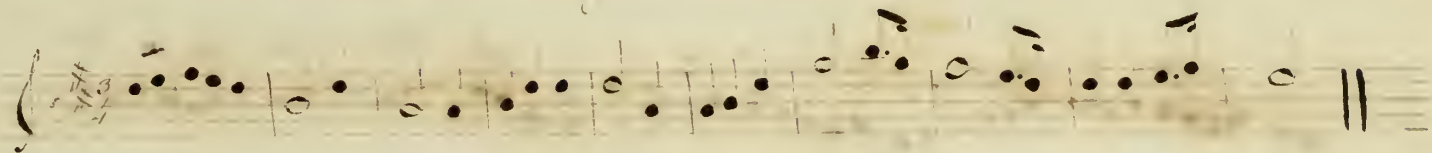
Mr. Ragsdale's new Carol - Chorus of 4th Corn -

Carol -

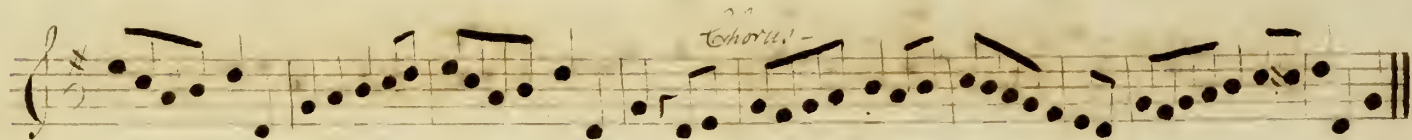
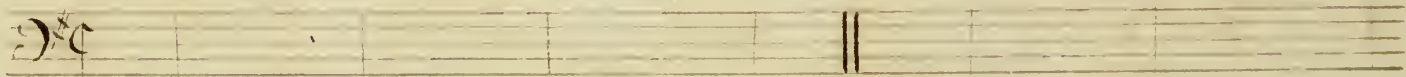
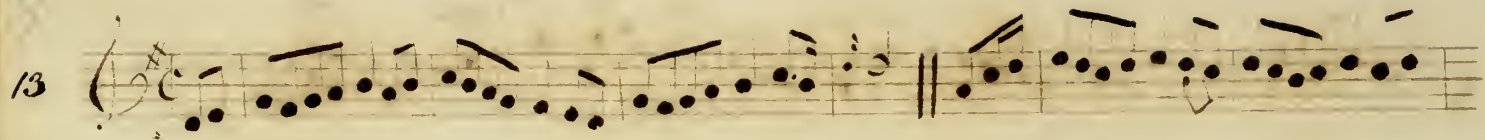


peapla deay an tylest hiyn - Lovely pearl of the whole mountains - (5x2) + (5x2)

12



13 An éiríseán lán — The full little pitcher —



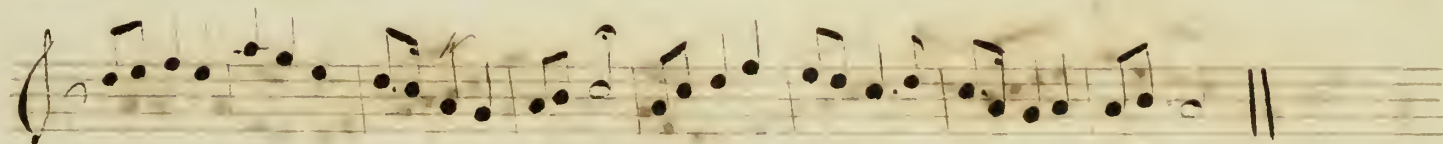
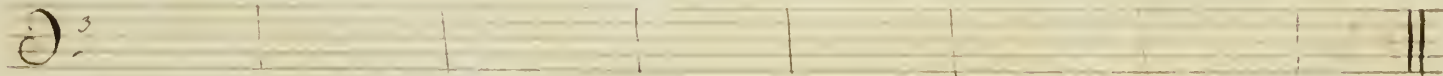
Ross beag Dub

Little black rose —

(3^d Bunt? h² 18 & 19.)

erhij in april 1842

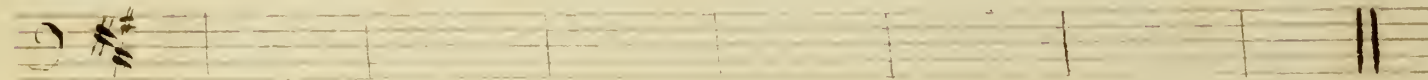
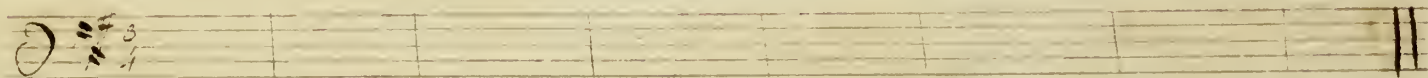
X¹⁴



Suyrín bán In White Blauket

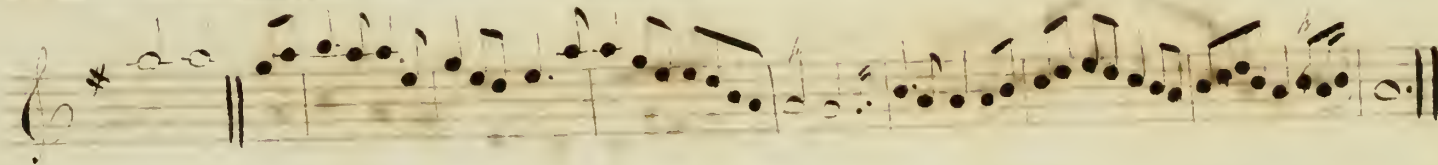
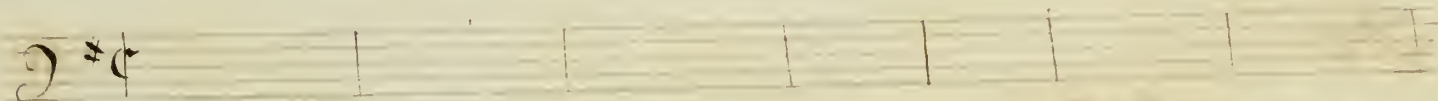
3^d Bm. 1271.

(7 Bars.)



Ana n, Mea Sabayn — Aaron Smith —

16



Gile na puas — Whiteness of virtue —

17



2d
leaf



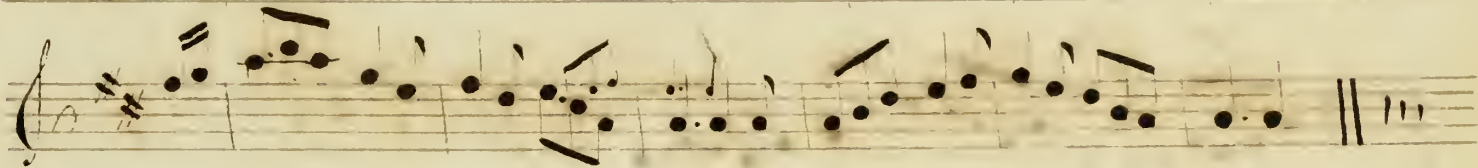
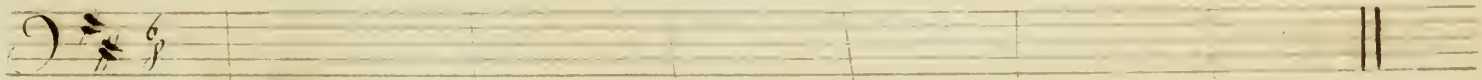
2nd
leaf



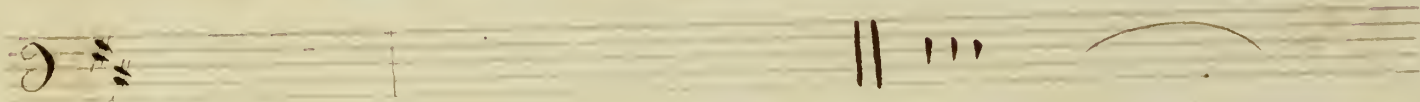
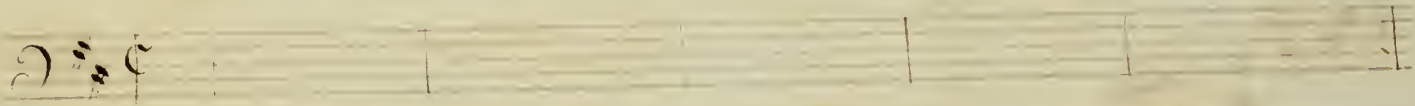
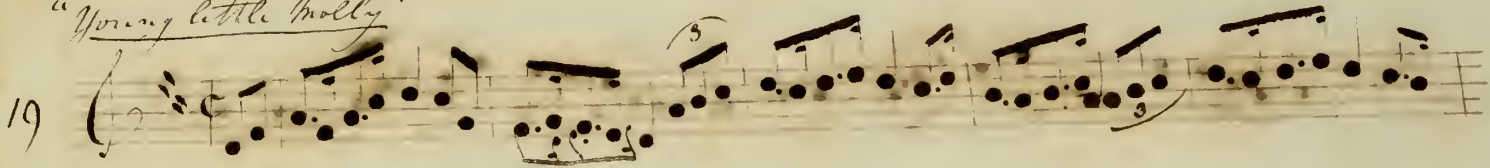
x

The cabin door is open - Each handsome young unmarried girl -

18

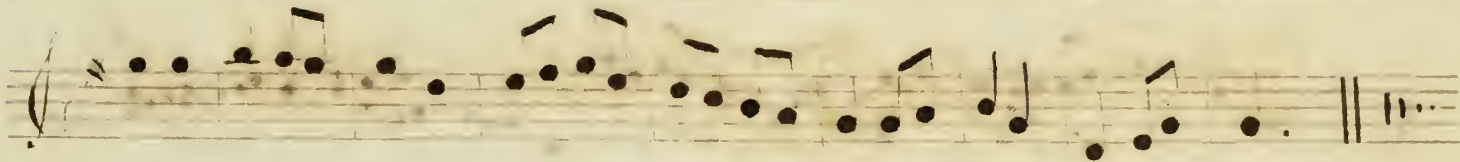
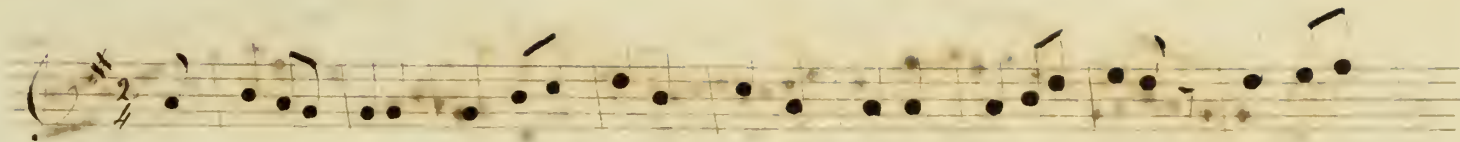


Molly beaz óg, no, Capa mo éroide an speirbean — $3\frac{4}{13}\frac{2}{90}$ "little Molly" $3\frac{4}{4}$
"Young little Molly"



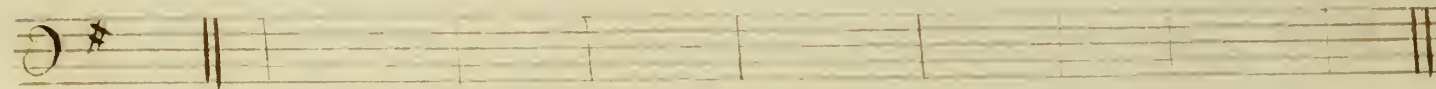
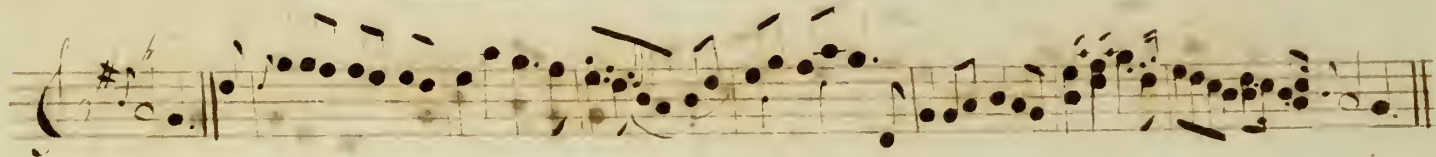
пѣснь Свѣтъ бѣло —

20 -



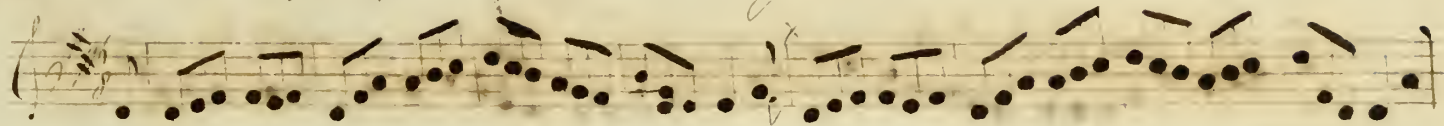
Wolffp. — — — 2te Minstrol. Stg. — — — — — Moore's Collection —

21



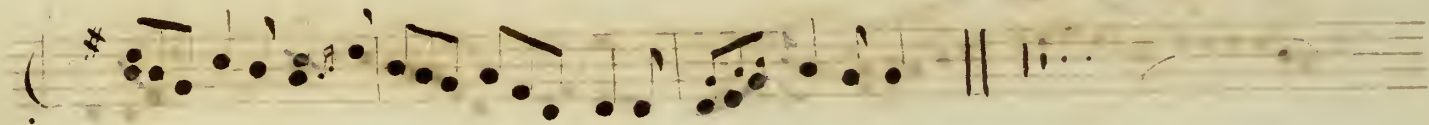
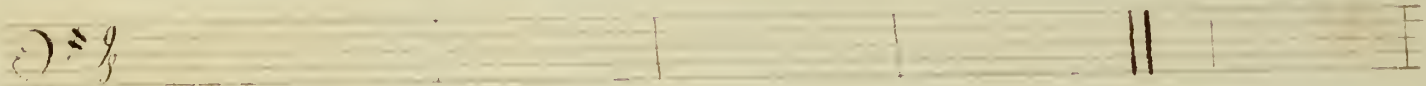
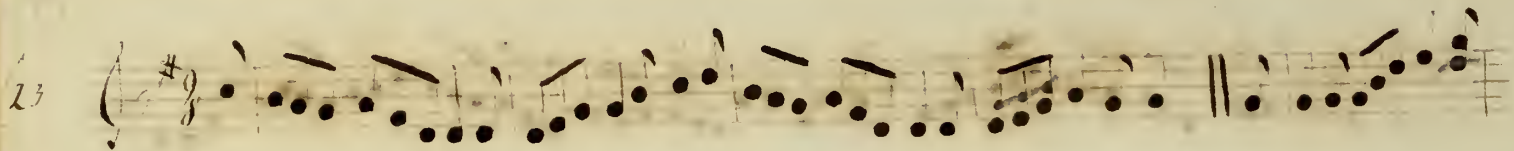
In April 1841 the first time I heard the song of the "Toucan"
"Vigilant and zealous of its Diversion everywhere"

22



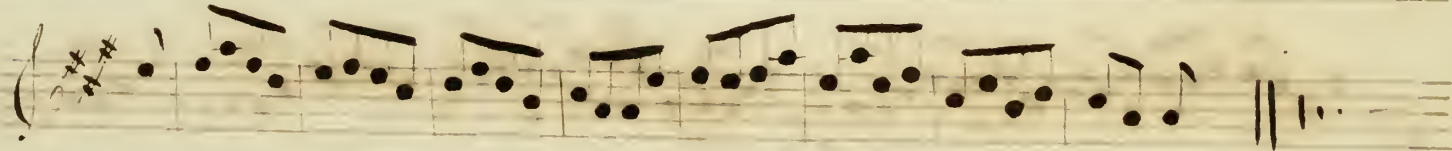
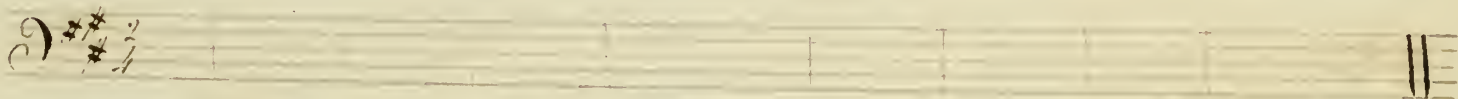
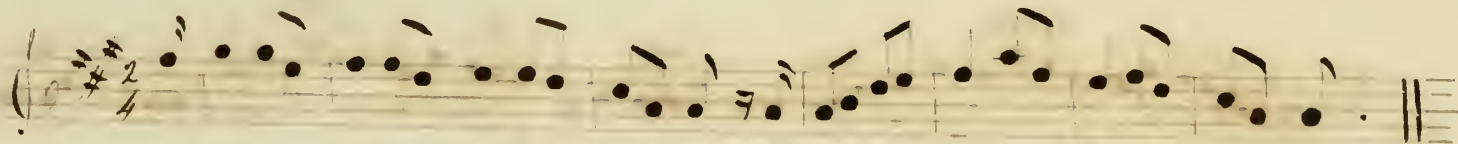
31. I'll feed me bapac na lly.

"I will not stretch tow nor floc"
spin



26, 27, 28 —

21



preana dlyf—

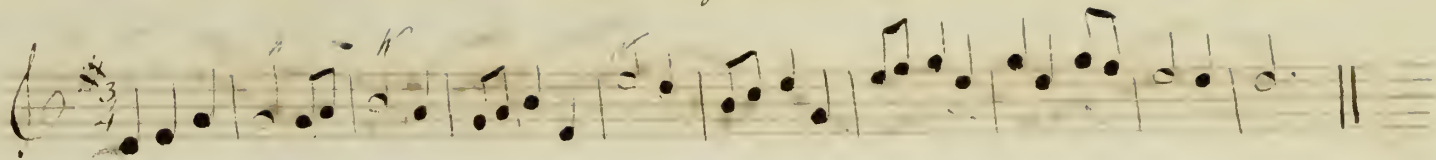
25



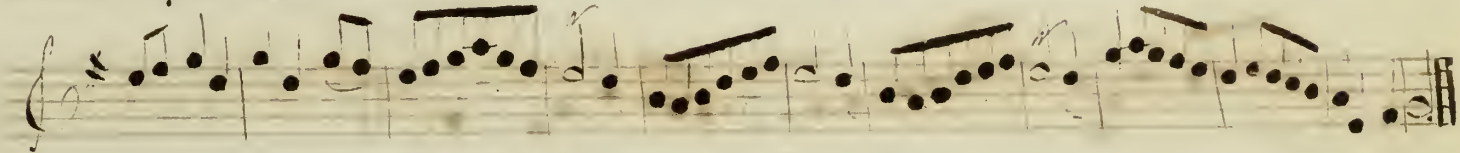
26 rpp e

"Winged Victory"

26



2nd ending



60219 pua

"The Red Road" ?

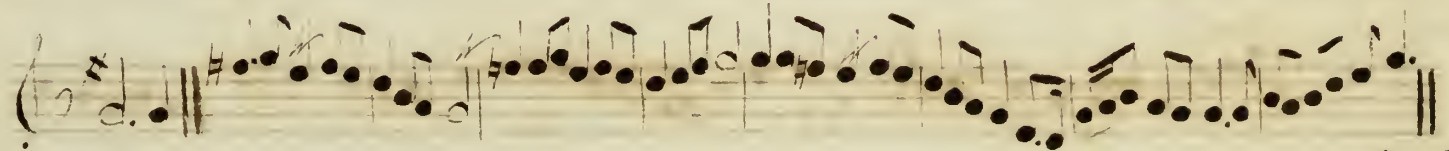
27



Wagden 24d hom — *Singe dem herten clere mit me) ce ce pajo: gungel v. vander 3. it me.*

see 2. page Dec- 1647

28 -

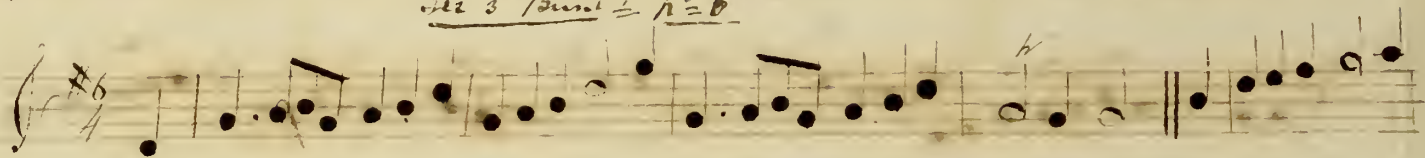


D:C:

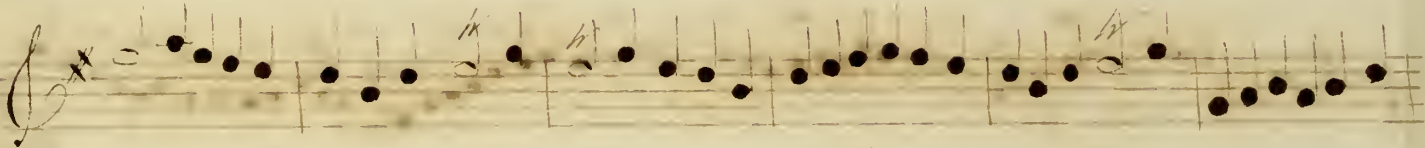


Spacatu an ycaruys Dubi "Did you see the black royme"
see 3^d Bunt 7 Re 6

29

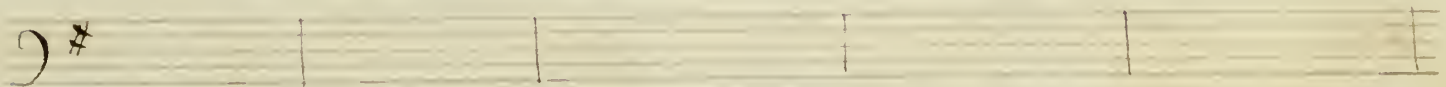


D[#]6
4



D[#]



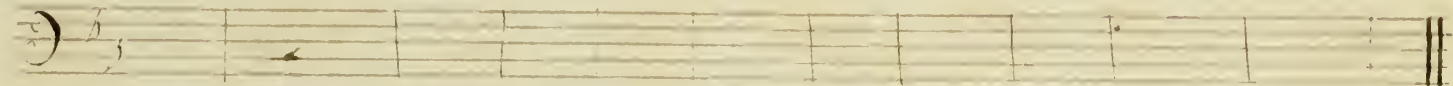
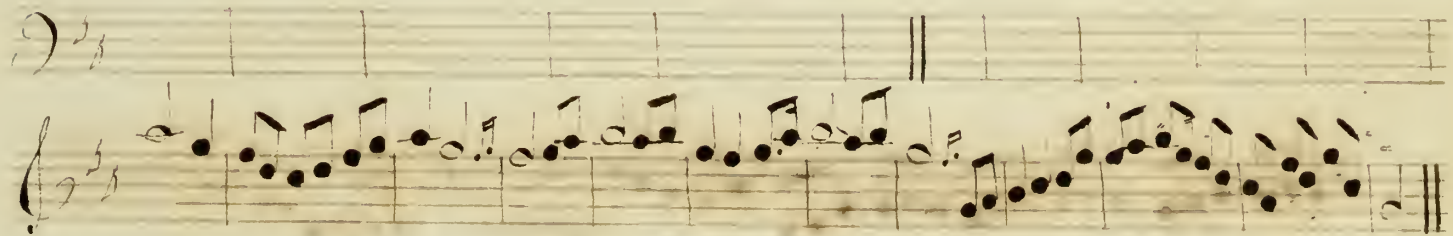
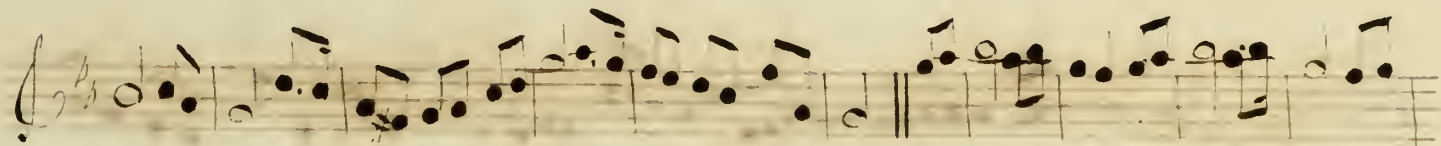


Spannen duß -



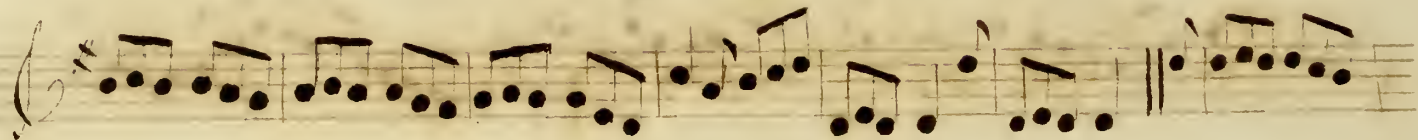
Spannen duß -

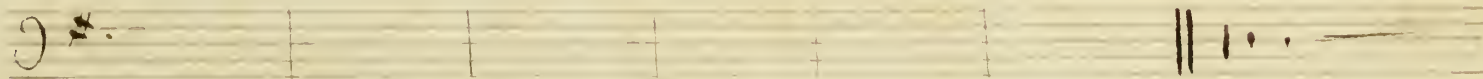




Πολύ τρεπνά/ς -

Ανωνύμ -





Pleștea cu na Rușene -

Carolul -

33.

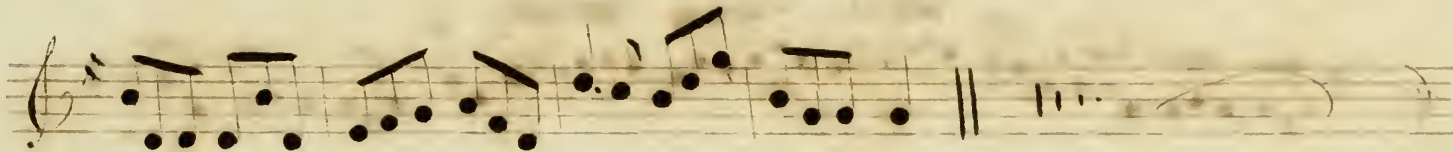
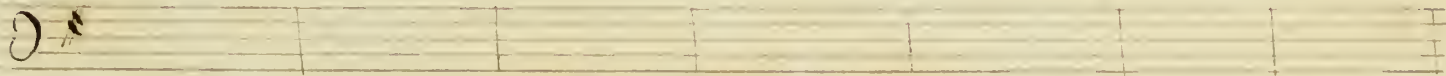


Handwritten musical notation for the second staff, showing a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 6/8 time signature.



Handwritten musical notation for the fourth staff, showing a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 6/8 time signature.

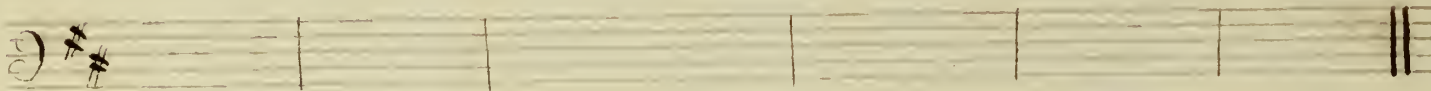


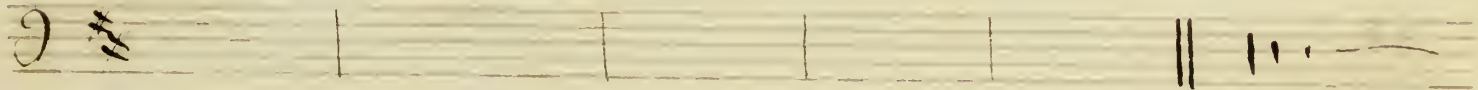
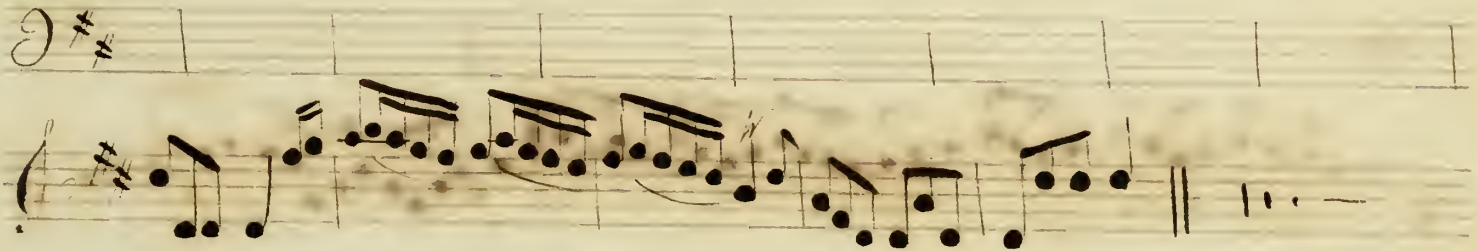


Rjč pač na Dymneac —

"The King of Mountain Folk"

34-

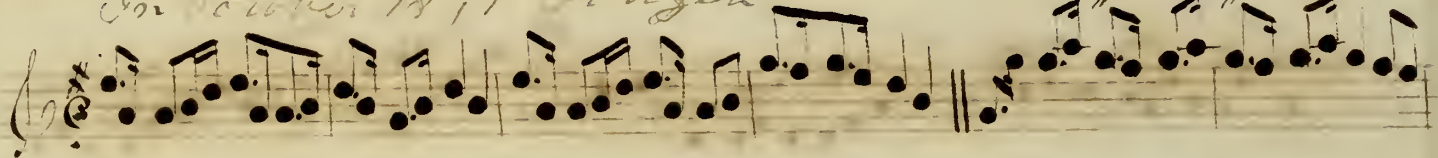




Plan Mac Dharma-da -

In October 18, 1871

Carolans



D#



D#



An euzlyn euzen ? An euzrealyn euzpen The sweet with the distink': (Walden 34.)

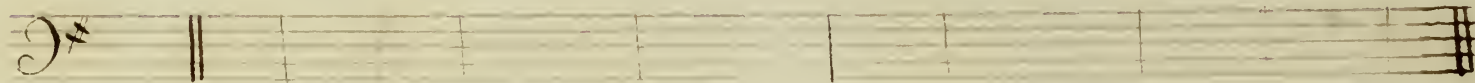
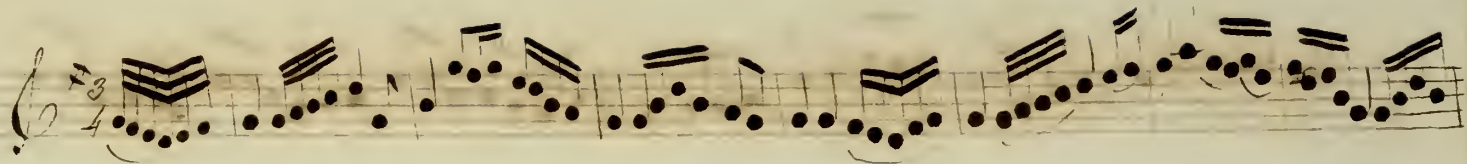
36.

Handwritten musical score for a four-part setting of a hymn. The score is written on four staves. The first staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. It contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a double bar line. The second staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature, mostly empty with a double bar line. The third staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature, containing a melody similar to the first staff, ending with a double bar line. The fourth staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature, mostly empty with a double bar line.

Ваморн на Чужо —

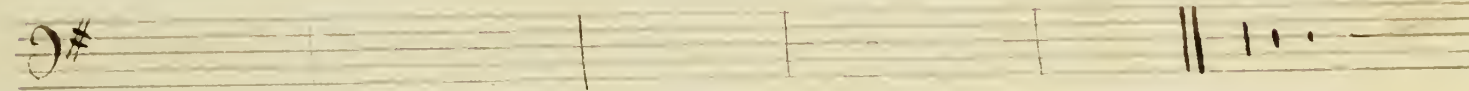
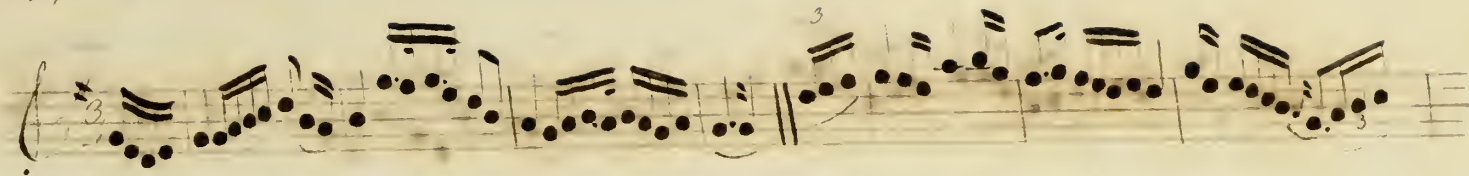
1st of the kind —

37



Витязи на Чмоје -

38 -



jean n. ceallajg-

(Car^o = 11^o 3.)

na^o an

39



Plumetier et Decob

(Gangsterm... 10. 19.)

Violon -

40



~~Handwritten title and date~~ Bunting, 1792. Holly St. George. Con-fer-

Handwritten notes on the left margin.

Musical staff with treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and 3/4 time signature. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. Handwritten annotations below the staff include "cresc." and "dim.".

Empty musical staff with treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and 3/4 time signature.

Musical staff with treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and 3/4 time signature. The melody continues with eighth and sixteenth notes. Handwritten annotations below the staff include "cres-" and "dim-".

Empty musical staff with treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and 3/4 time signature.

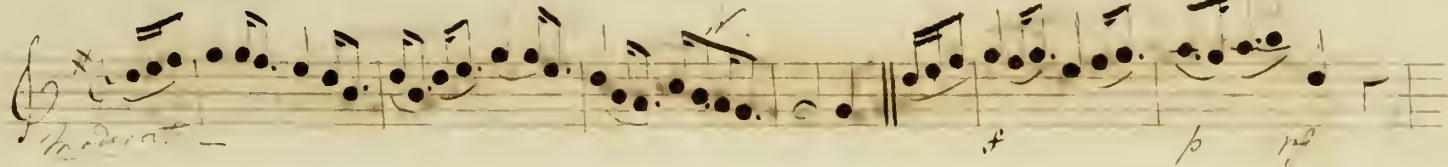
X

Codlad m r

L. Foss. Sleep.

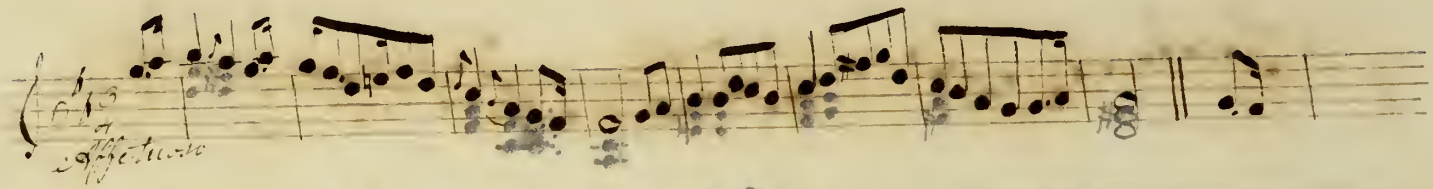
In Thorne's collection

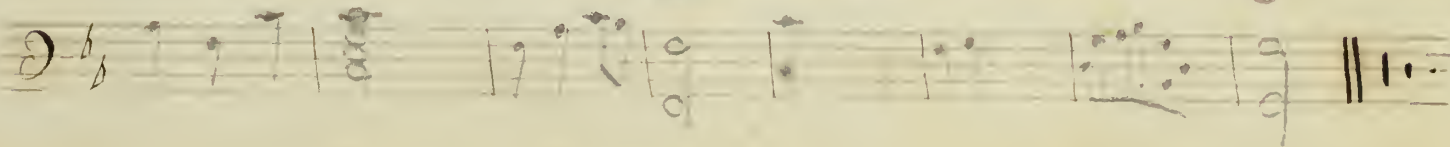
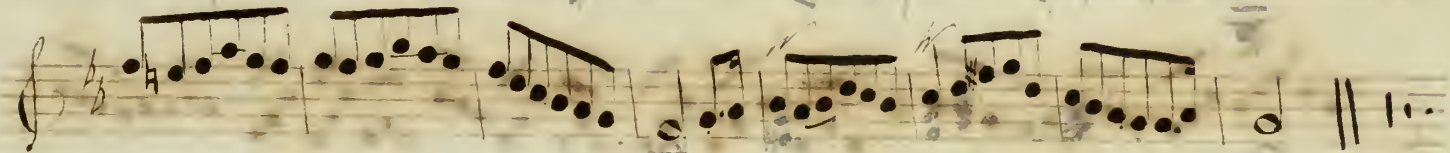
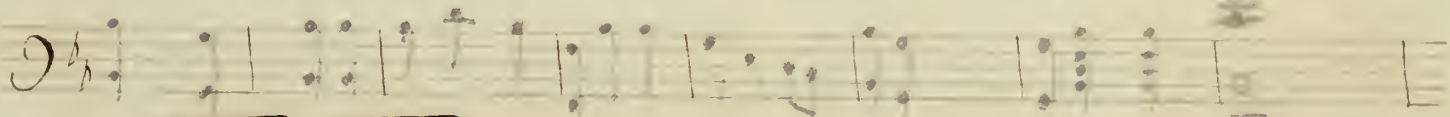
42-



43.

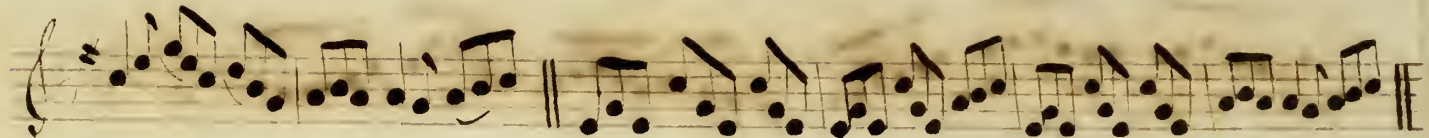
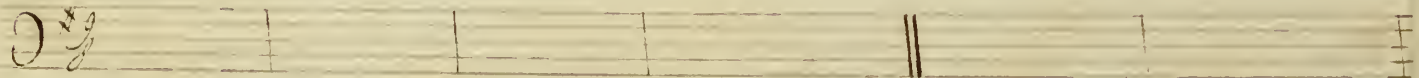
Andante



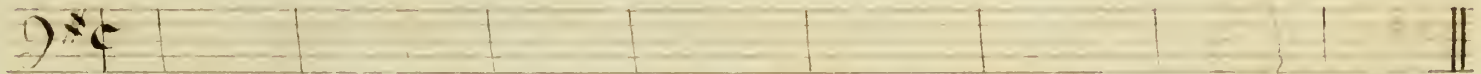


499 Polka. -

44

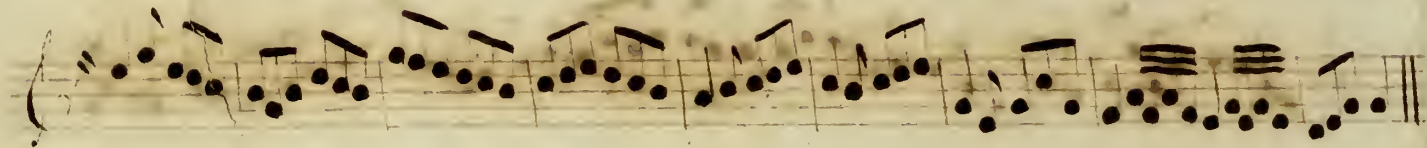
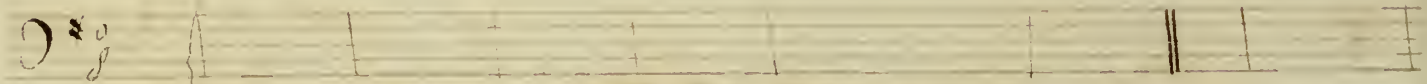
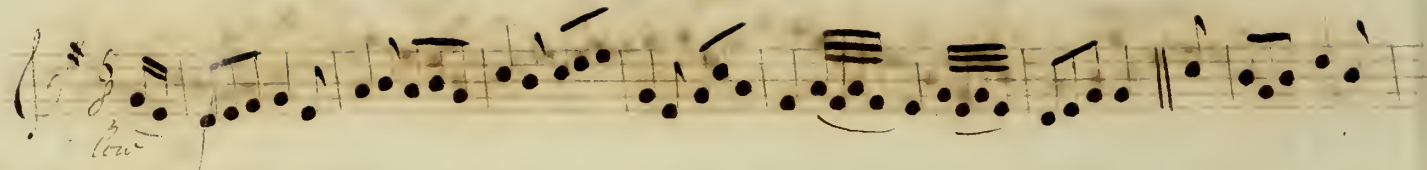


45

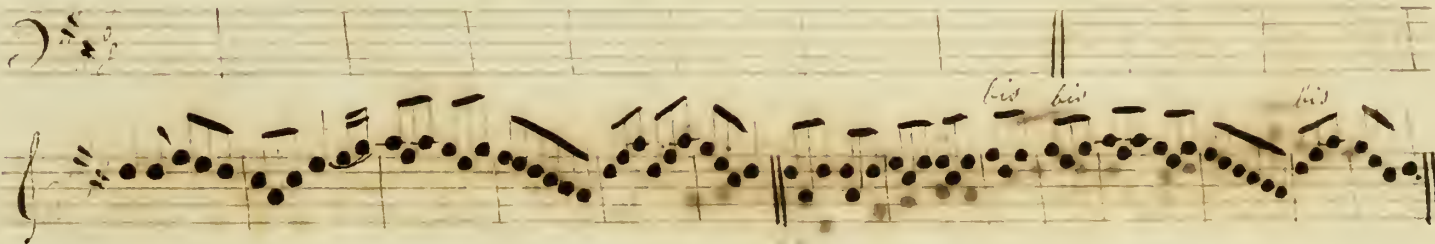
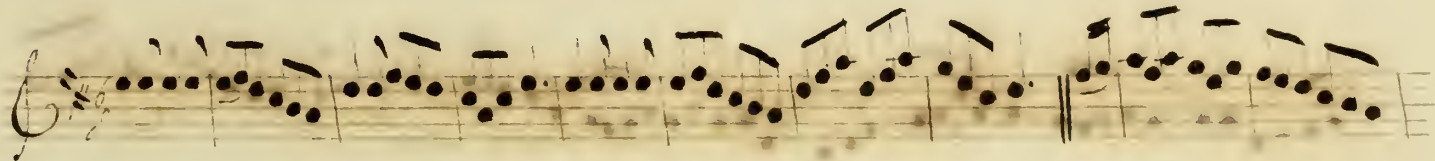


Staccato

46



47

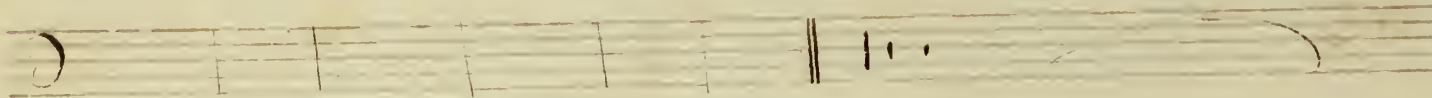


Con. H. Grand Piano 1st Movement, No. 37

18



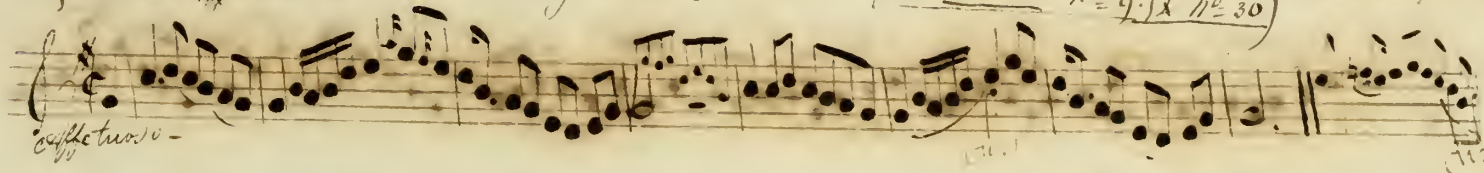
Larghetto p



##

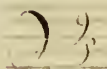
49

Called "The song of Simon" in Rome
U, Heaceany Sub C - "Oh my black Simon" (see Number No. 9.) & No. 30) In Rome's the basis



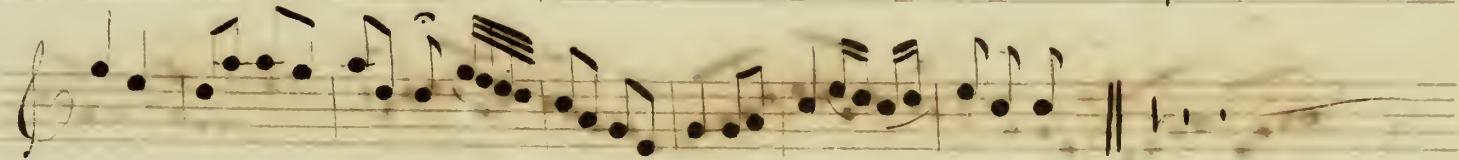
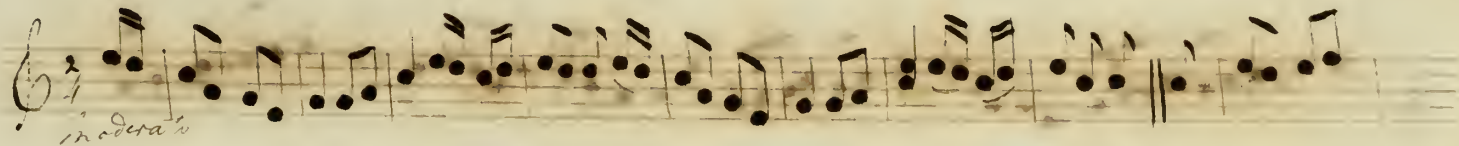
Cum a hom

50



X

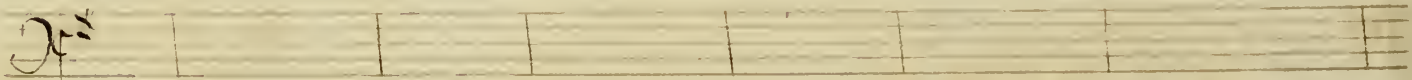
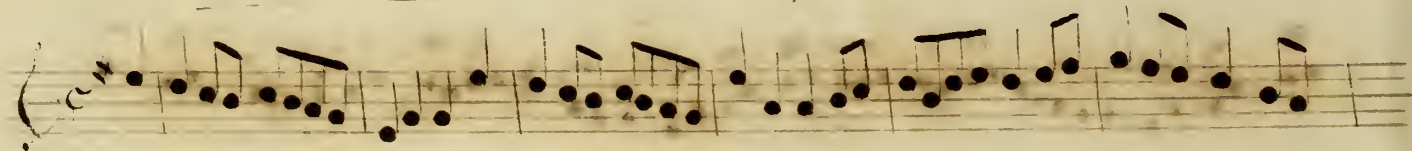
51

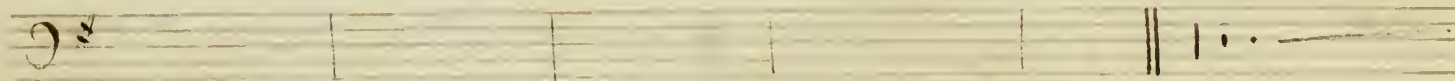
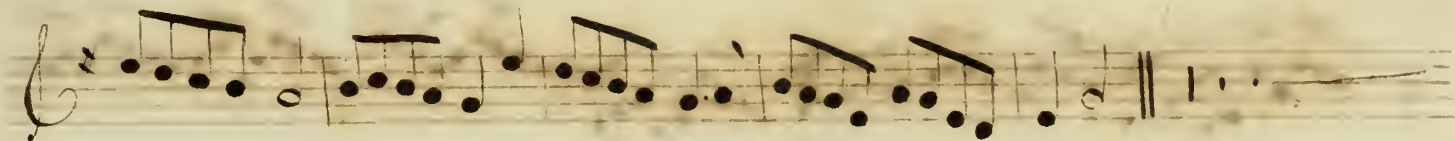
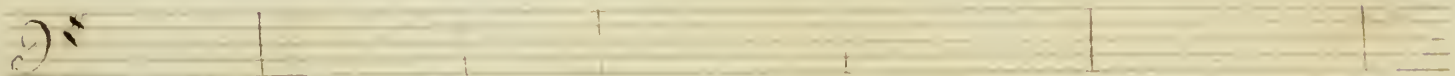
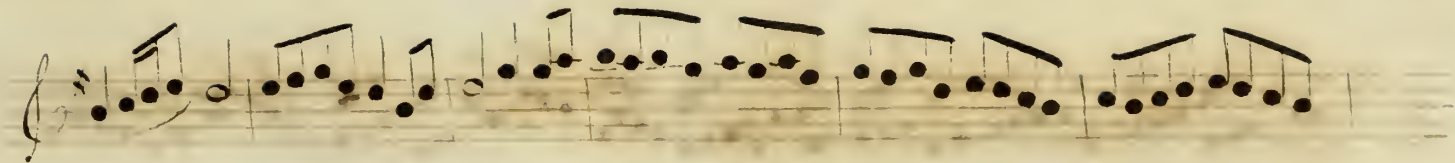
The Rose Tree.in Rose collection.

Handwritten title: *Handwritten Manuscript*

See Can^{no} - 12.

52



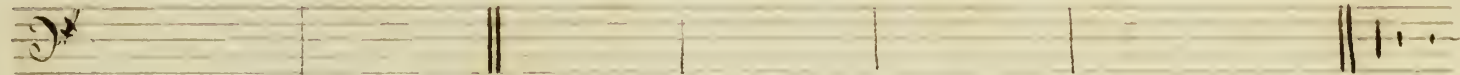


Dance

Trüben Dec 2 1841

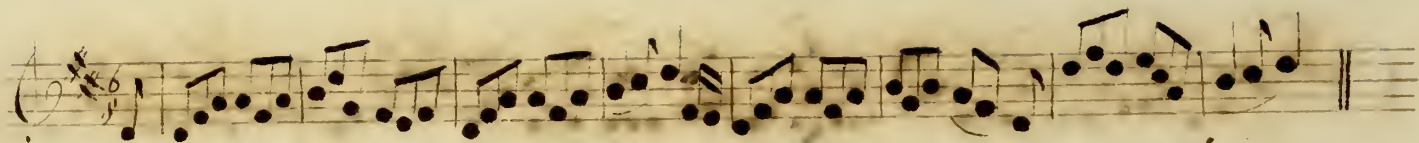
53-





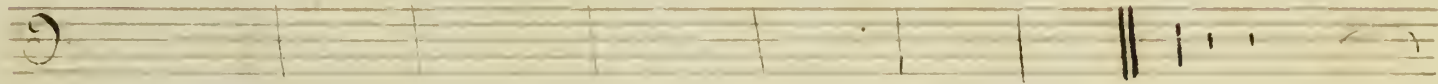
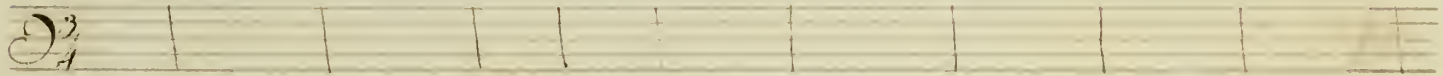
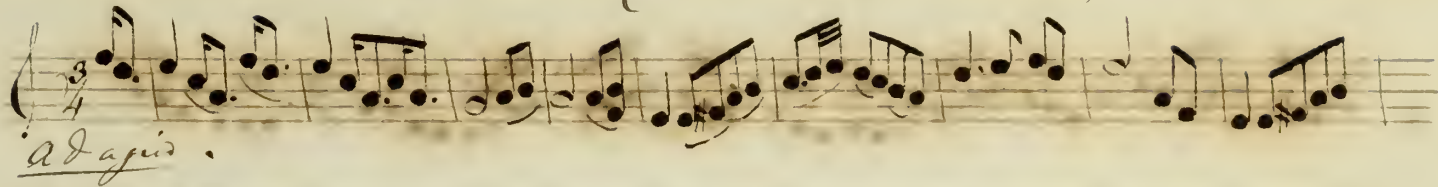
sehr hüde

54



Oh howe what's this = (No. 5 from M'Lean.)

55



46

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff. The notation begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. There are several slurs and dynamic markings: *colla pila* (written below the first few notes), *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *p/p* (pianissimo), and a final *p* (piano) marking. The notation ends with a double bar line.

Empty musical staff with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C).

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff. The notation begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. There are several slurs and dynamic markings: *dim.* (diminuendo), *Cres.* (crescendo), *f* (forte), and *dim.* (diminuendo). The notation ends with a double bar line.

Empty musical staff with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C).

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notation consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. There are two handwritten annotations: "pp." (pianissimo) and "Cres." (Crescendo). The staff ends with a double bar line.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The staff is mostly empty, with a few vertical lines indicating measure boundaries.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notation consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. There is a handwritten annotation "3" under a triplet of notes. The staff ends with a double bar line.

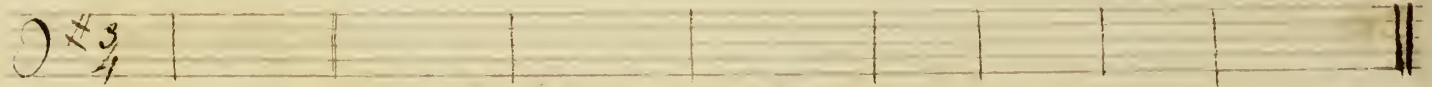
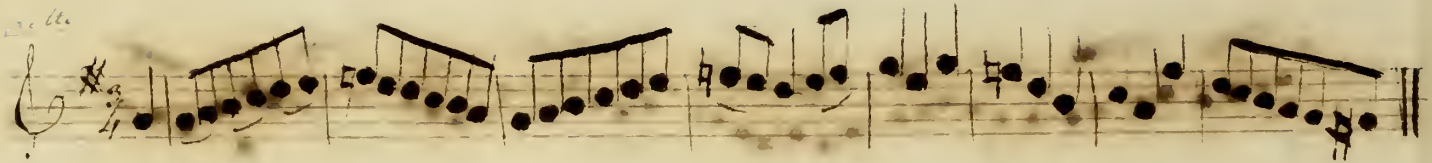
Handwritten musical notation on a single staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The staff is mostly empty, with a few vertical lines indicating measure boundaries.

11 hours 1st & 2nd time

11. 12 hours 1st & 2nd time

11. 12 hours

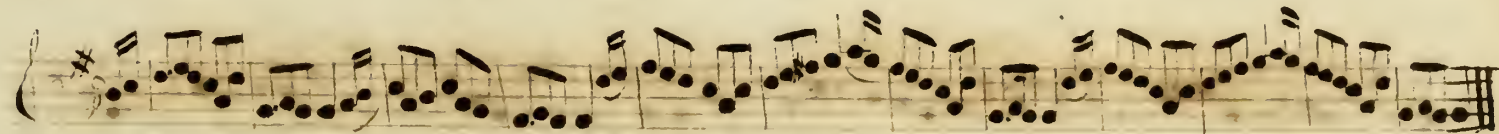
57



Stäyngs Brud

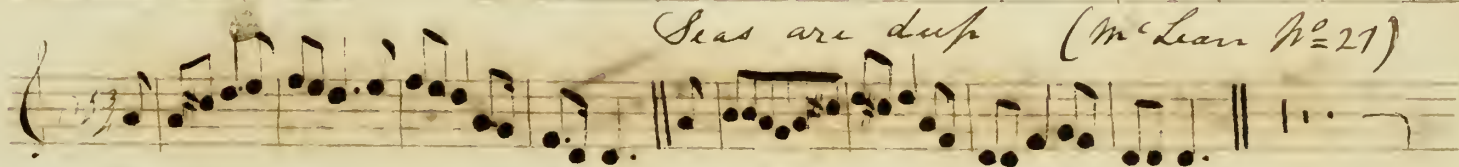
Grænna Brud.

58-



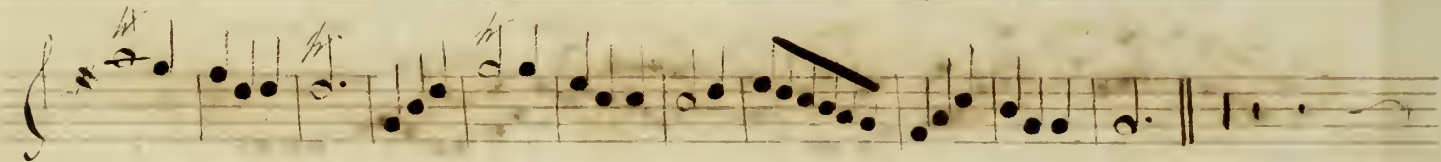
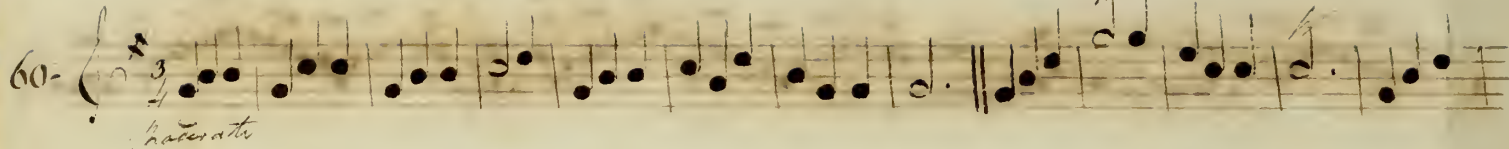
D#3

59-

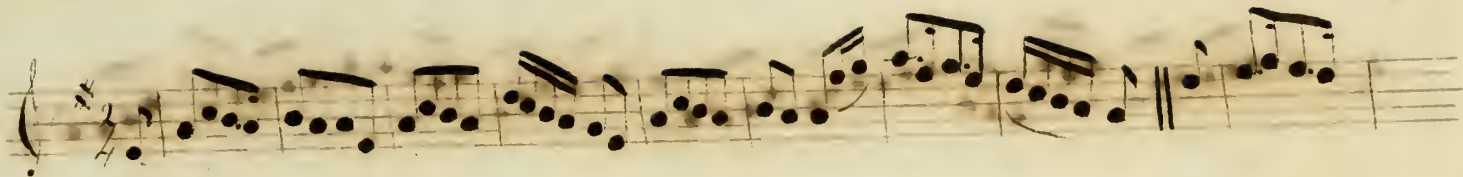


D#4

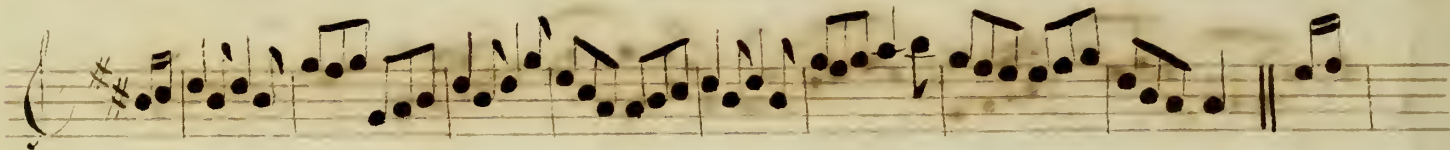
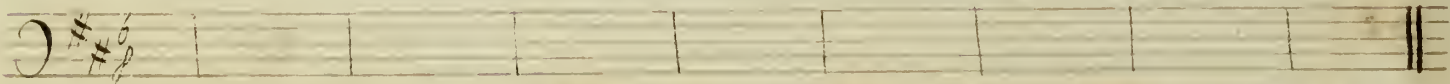
Kulak Sa Dunia -

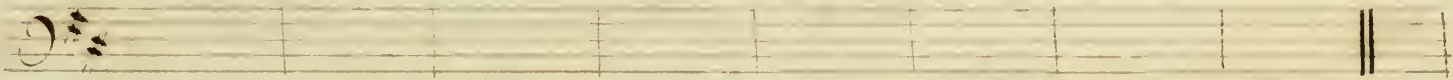
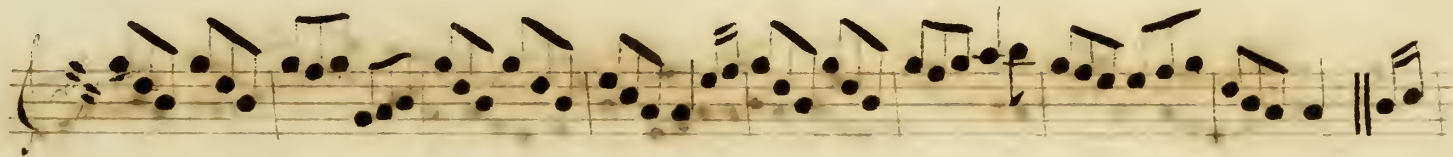


61



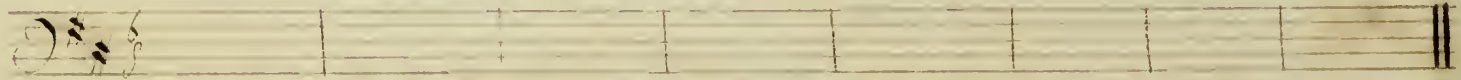
62





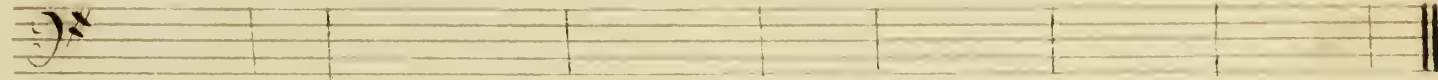
Paddy O'Hoperty

63



64. Planxty by M^r Greene?

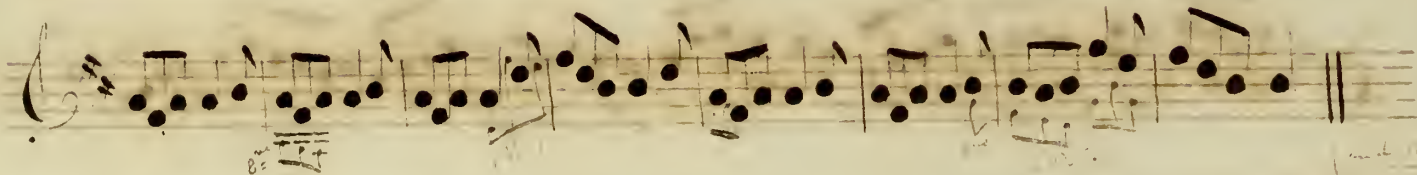
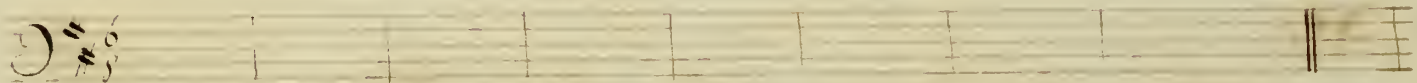
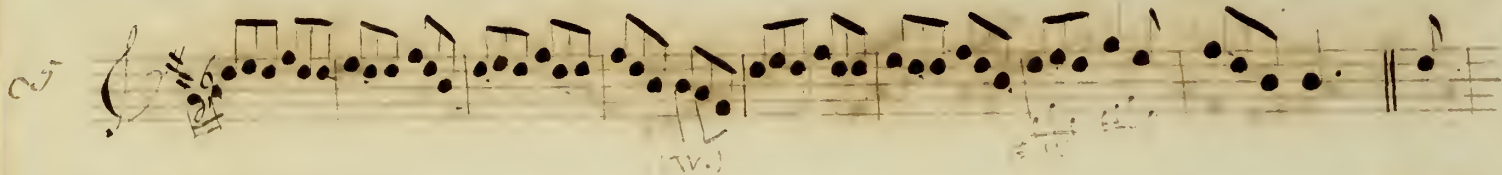
64-

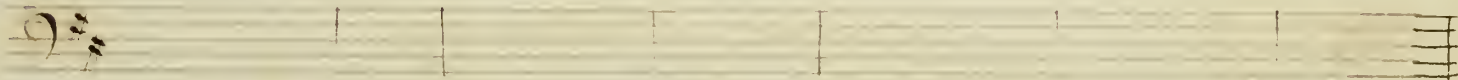
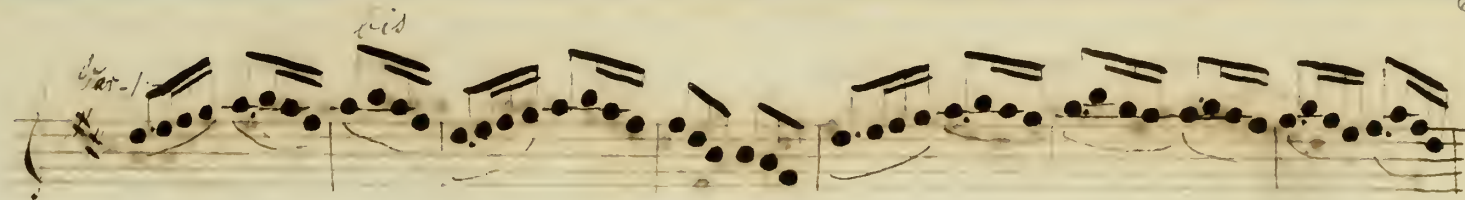


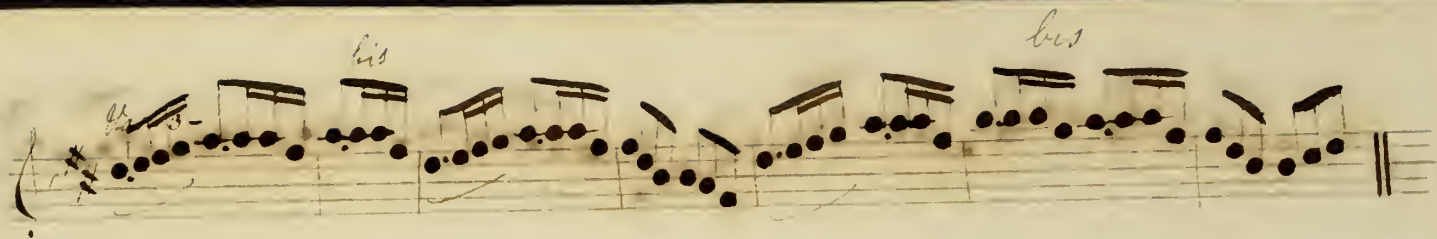
huculm hyde.

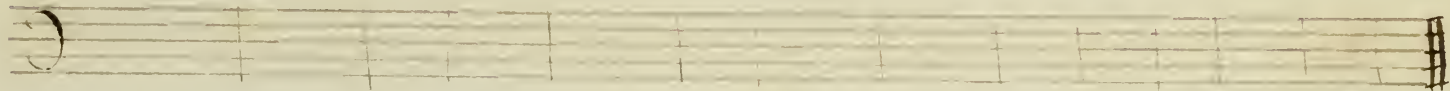
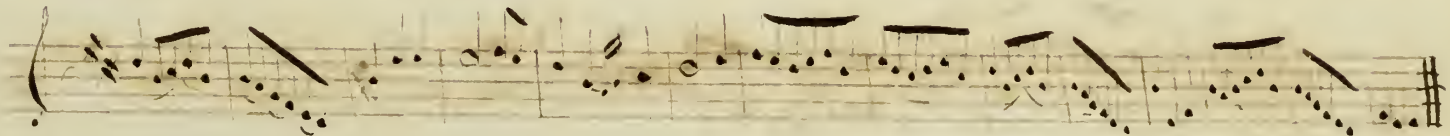
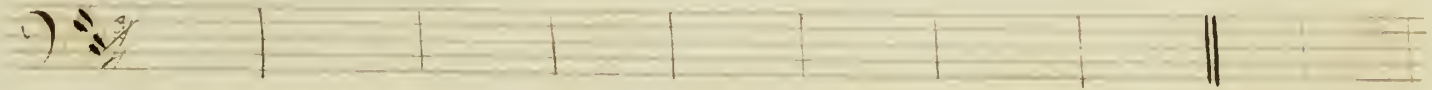
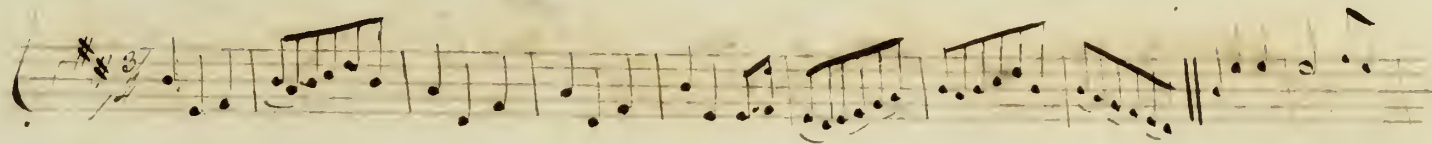
huculm hyde.

The Yellow Boy

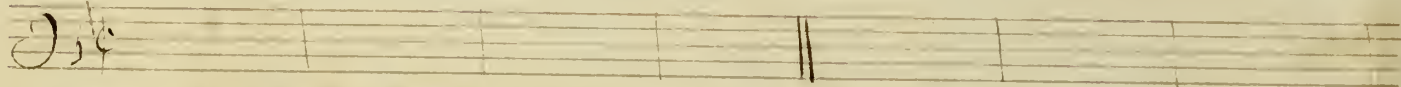








Lad Mayo —



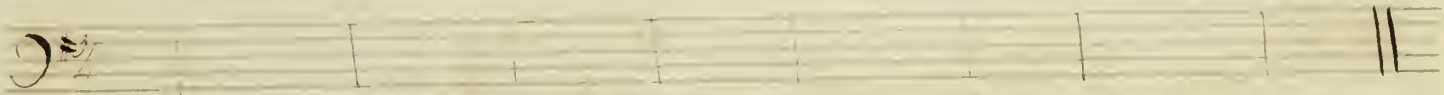
68

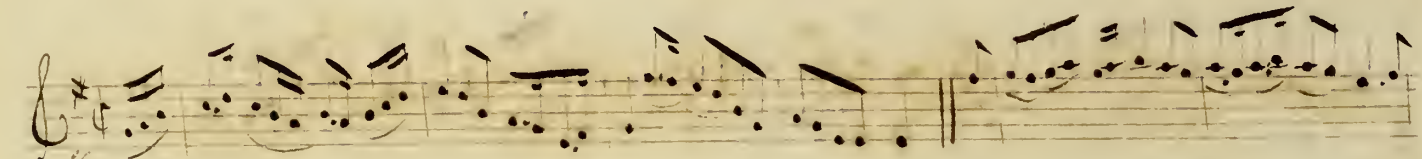
The Great the Ladies (see Walker's 10)

The Ladies 157

"The youth with the young, glowing cheeks."

Col. 157

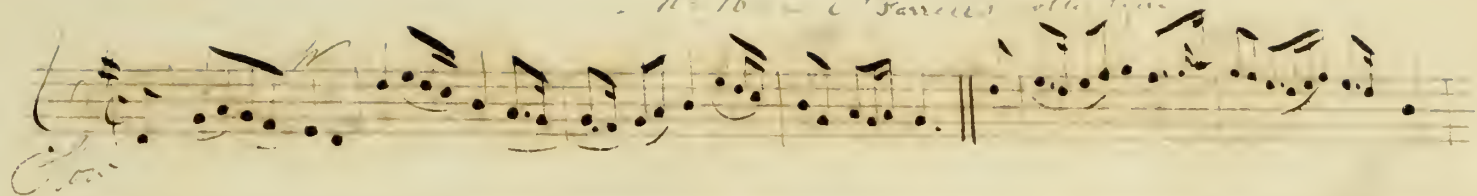


*Flow*

D#4



9. Farniente
H. 16 - e' rancore alla fine



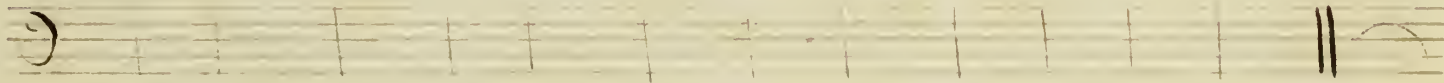
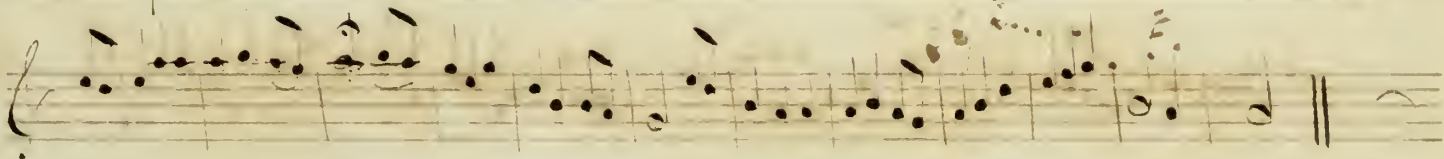
D^{re}

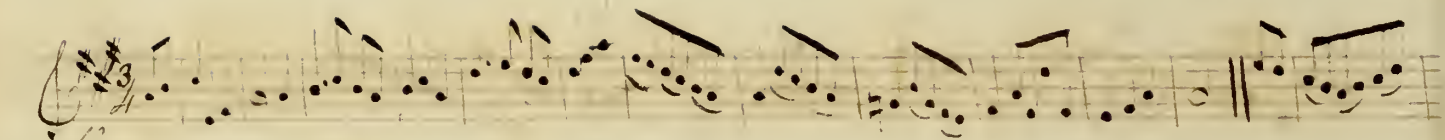


D^{re}

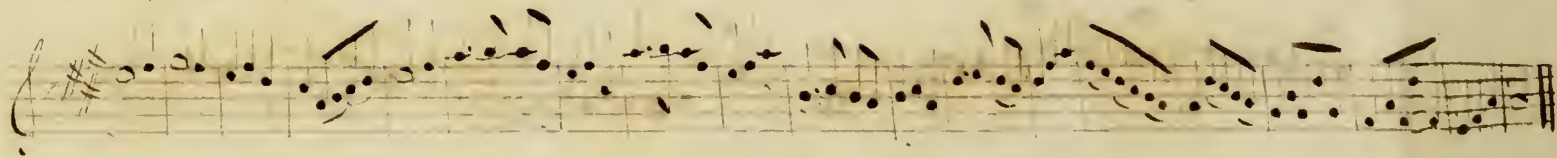
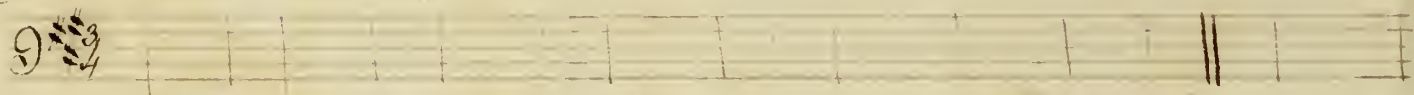


Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring two systems of staves. The first system has a treble staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C), and a bass staff. The second system also has a treble staff with a key signature of one sharp and a common time signature, and a bass staff. The music is written in a cursive, handwritten style. There is a large, dark, irregular stain on the left side of the page, partially obscuring the notation. The paper is yellowed and shows signs of age.

D³/₄

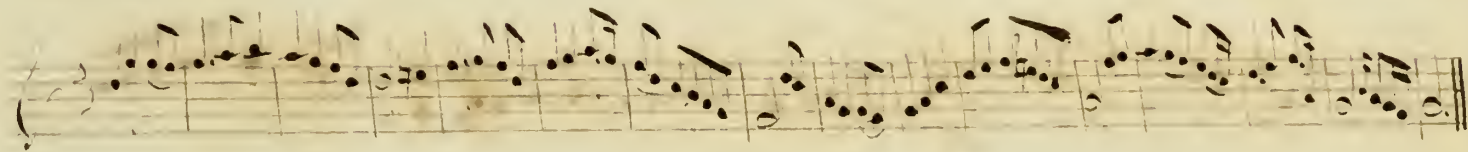
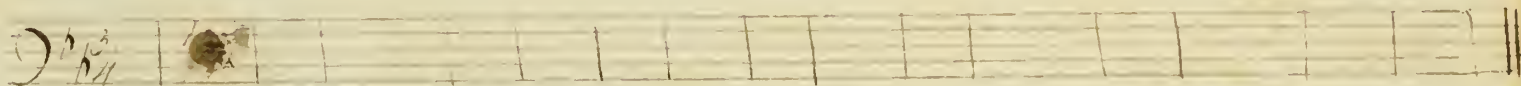


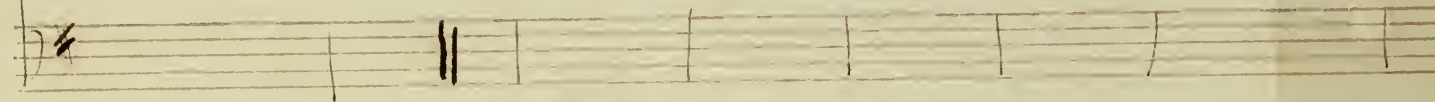
Alto

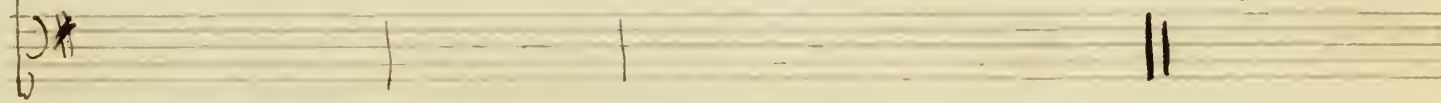
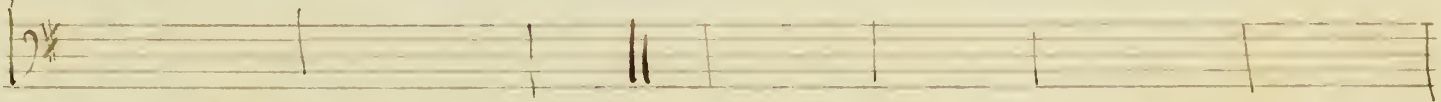


74

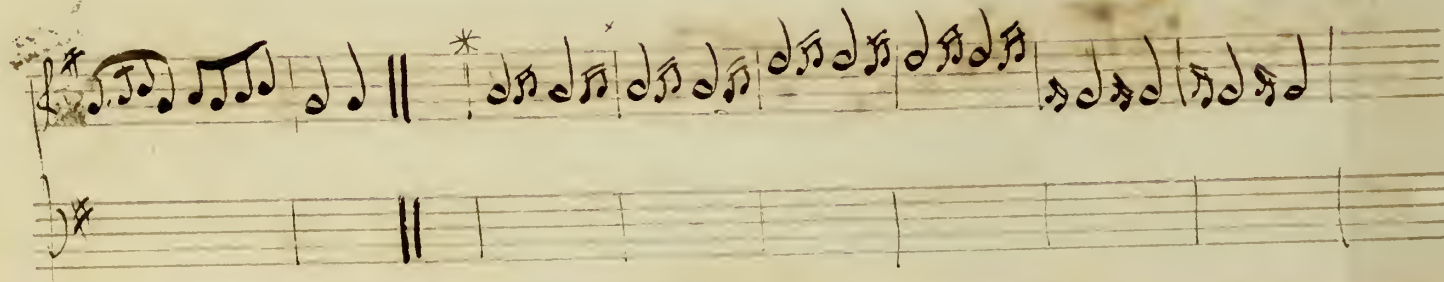
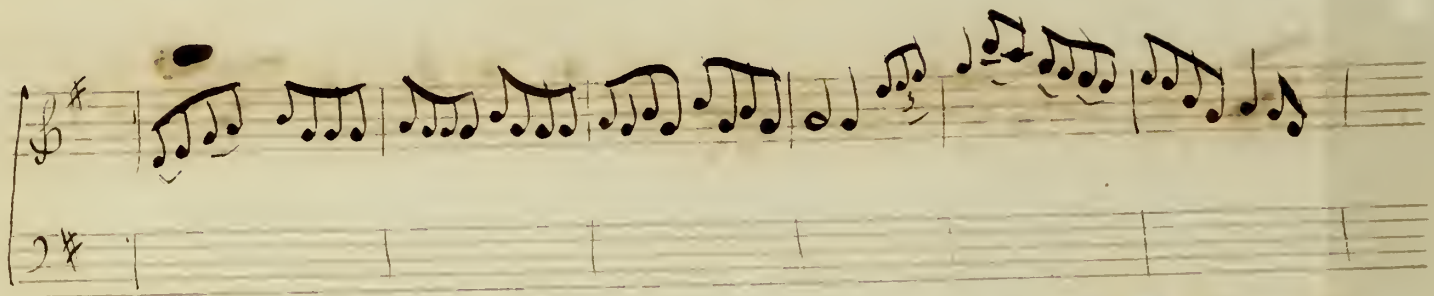
Spring Dub 03

The Young Black Blasphemy Town - (see Hickey's Irish Dances
= 11:1 in 6 'Funnels' p. 39)



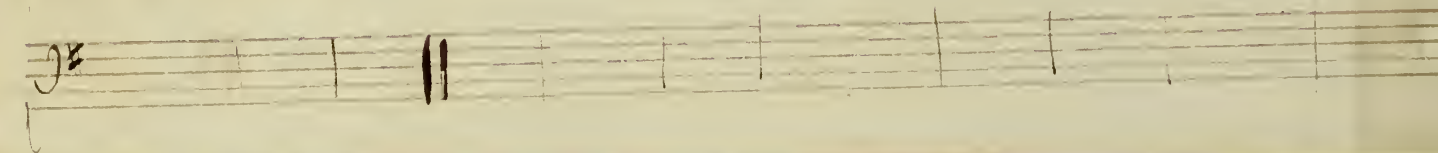


V. S.

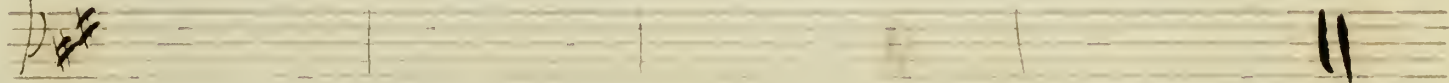
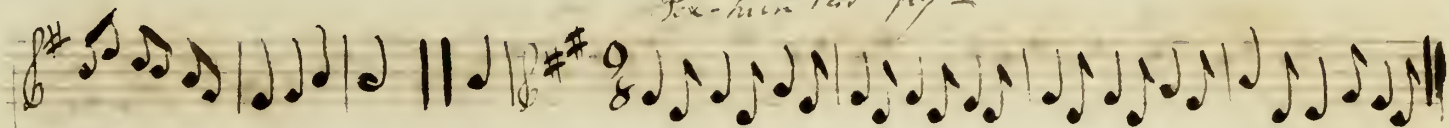


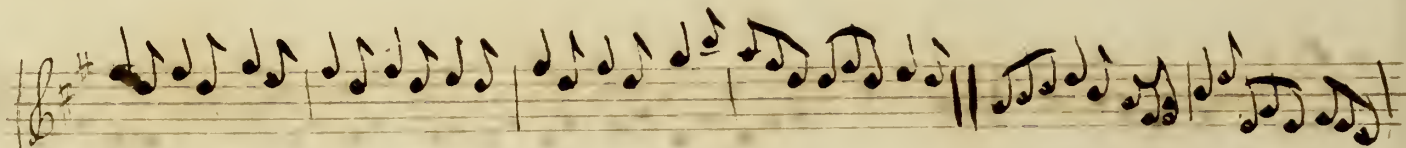
Handwritten musical score on three staves. The top staff contains a melody in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The middle staff is empty, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) indicated at the beginning. The bottom staff contains a melody in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score concludes with a double bar line and the instruction "V. S." (Verso).

Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The top staff contains a melody in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The middle staff is empty, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) indicated at the beginning. The bottom staff contains a melody in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score concludes with a double bar line and the instruction "V. S." (Verso).



Ex-hun-ter jig -

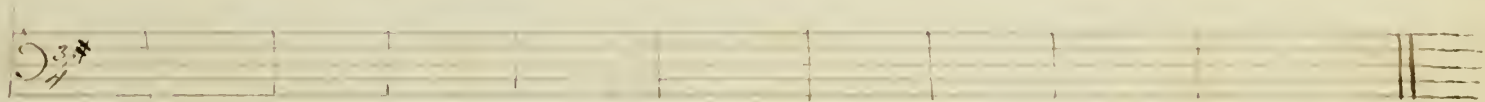
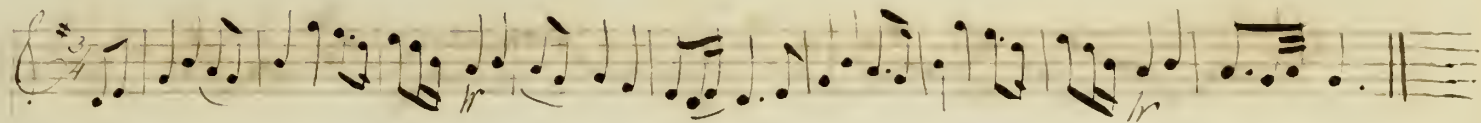




end of O'hailly's collection.

Emmon na Enaie.

whole - no no not of the col -



77

(See Black and White = 11 = 28.)

1. Grow from faith to love.



read, a p a p o z a i r e p z a d.

(See Black and White = 11 = 36.)

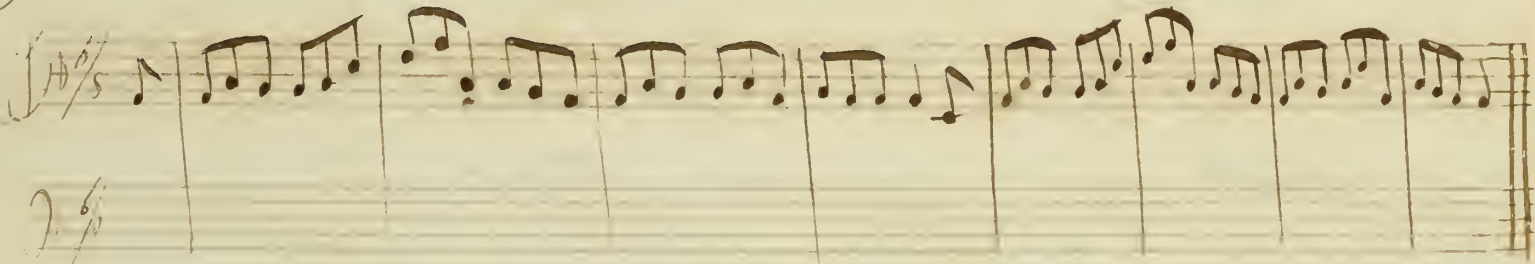
(Stop, grow from faith to love)

78

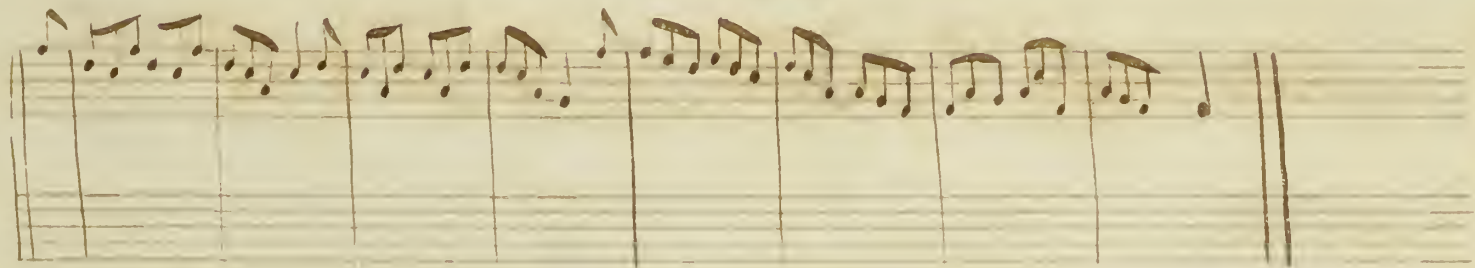


all the Airs down to this were taken down accurately (errors included) from O'Reilly's Mss. Collection by H.H. 1812.

79

There was an old Woman.

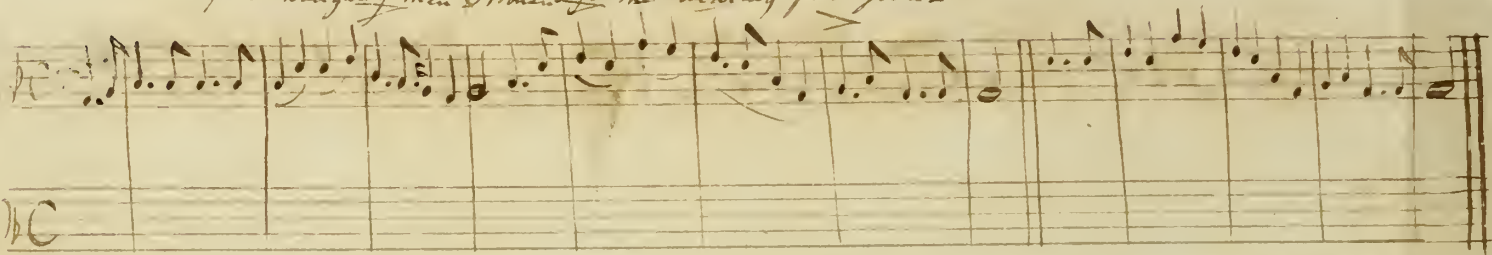
2. 6/8



80

I met one the happy Sandy; he took me by the hand...
 Saying "How is old Ireland now our native land?"
 "The most distressed Country that ever I have seen"
 "They are hanging Men & Women for the wearing of the Green"

(2^d Part)



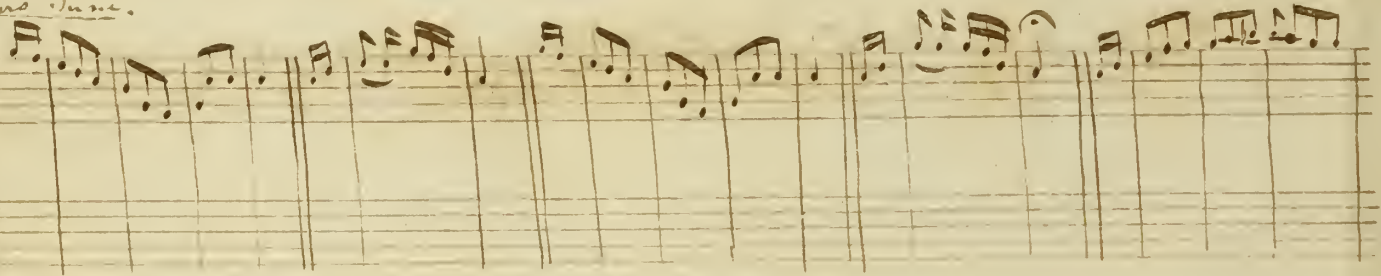
is Fife's Tune.

81

3/8

Criticize

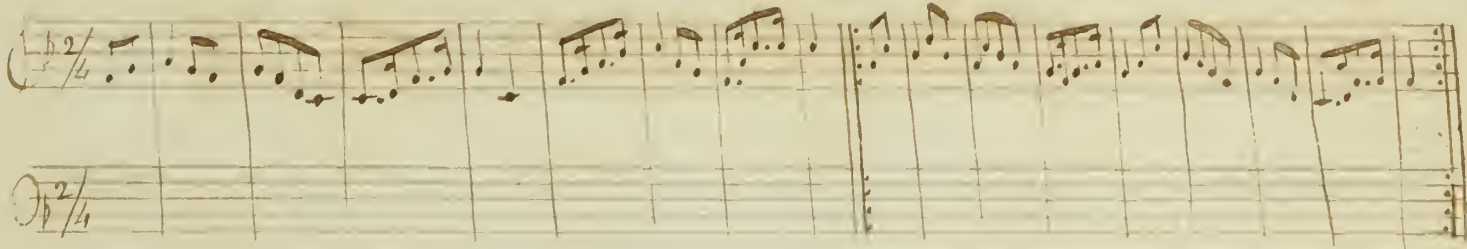
2 3/8





82

Feb 2, 1821.



"When the War is all over"

13

Handwritten musical score for the song "When the War is all over". The score is written on three systems of staves. The first system consists of a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff, both in 2/4 time. The treble staff contains the melody, which begins with a quarter rest followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bass staff is empty. The second system also consists of a treble and bass staff in 2/4 time, with the melody continuing in the treble staff. The third system continues the melody in the treble staff, ending with a double bar line. The notation is in brown ink on aged paper.

84/

Handwritten musical score for 'Bath of Borne'. The score is written on three systems of staves. The first system consists of two staves, both starting with a treble clef and a common time signature 'C'. The first staff contains a melodic line with various note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The second staff is empty. The second system also consists of two staves, both starting with a treble clef and a common time signature 'C'. The first staff contains a melodic line, and the second staff is empty. The third system consists of two staves, both starting with a treble clef and a common time signature 'C'. The first staff contains a melodic line, and the second staff is empty. The notation is handwritten and appears to be a sketch or a first draft.

85

Long to his long -

Handwritten musical score for two systems, each consisting of two staves. The first system features a treble staff with a $2/4$ time signature and a bass staff with a $2/4$ time signature. The second system features a treble staff with a $2/4$ time signature and a bass staff with a $2/4$ time signature. The music is written in brown ink on aged paper.

86

Haydn's Song

Handwritten musical score for "Haydn's Song" on page 86. The score is written on three systems of staves. The first system has a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and 3/4 time signature. It contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a triplet of eighth notes marked with a "3". The second system has a bass clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and 3/4 time signature, and is mostly empty. The third system has a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and 3/4 time signature, and contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a triplet of eighth notes marked with a "3". The bottom staff of the third system is empty.

Gouverneur Supt

Violin. ^{Solap^{an}} ^{the} ^{little} ^{goat.} ^{yuaype}
~~Violin. ^{the} ^{little} ^{goat.} ^{yuaype}~~

"The Merry Goat clipping the Green"

87

Violin

6/8

6/8

1/16² Casey or "Sure my blackguard has lied"

38

Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Casey or 'Sure my blackguard has lied'". The score is written on three staves. The first staff is in treble clef with a 2/4 time signature. It contains a melody with several triplet markings (indicated by a '3' over the notes) and a double bar line. The second staff is in bass clef with a 2/4 time signature and contains a single note. The third staff is in treble clef and contains a melody with a triplet marking. The score is written in ink on aged paper.

Irish Minuet. "Fire upon the Mountains."  | *тебе ой зрляваби ?*
зрляби

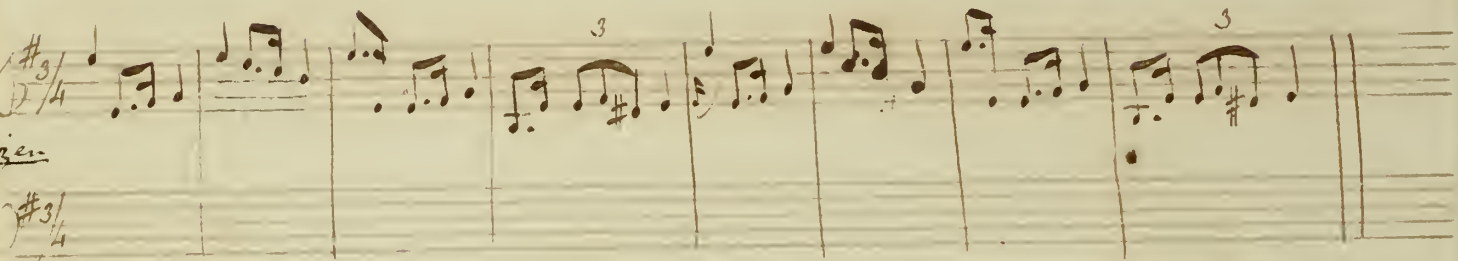
89

For 2nd

1841

Citizen

#3/4



"Pia la" or

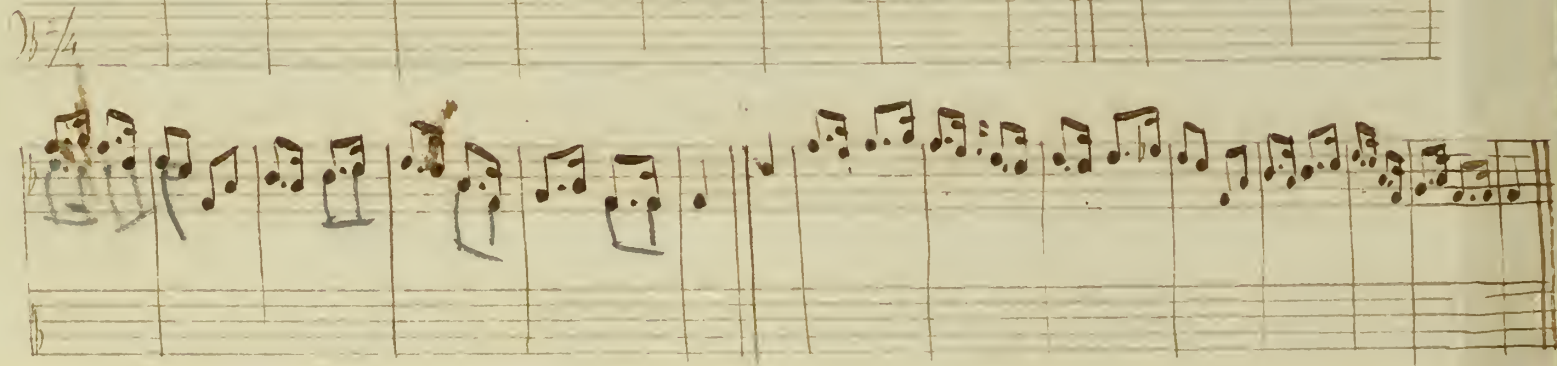
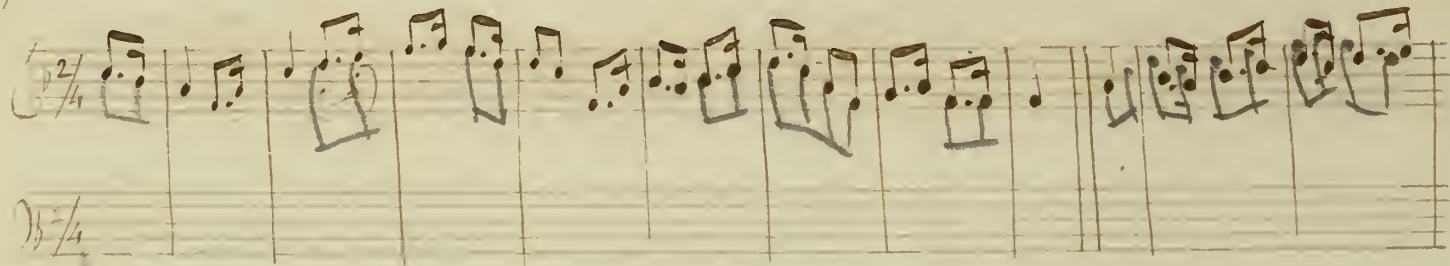
What shall our poor Yamen do?

90

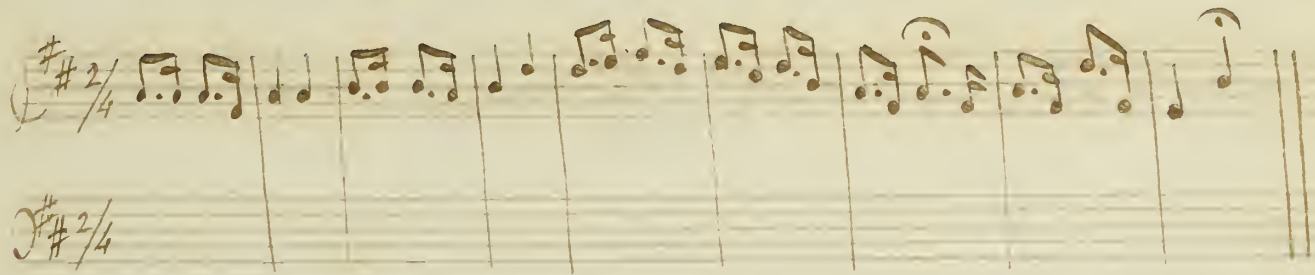
Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Pia la" or "What shall our poor Yamen do?". The score is written on three staves. The first staff is in 2/4 time and contains the main melody, which is a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The second staff is in 2/4 time and contains a bass line, which is a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The third staff is in 2/4 time and contains a bass line, which is a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The score is written in a simple, handwritten style. The first staff has a treble clef and a 2/4 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a 2/4 time signature. The third staff has a bass clef and a 2/4 time signature. The music is written in a simple, handwritten style. The first staff has a treble clef and a 2/4 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a 2/4 time signature. The third staff has a bass clef and a 2/4 time signature. The music is written in a simple, handwritten style.

"When 7 long years were over and past"

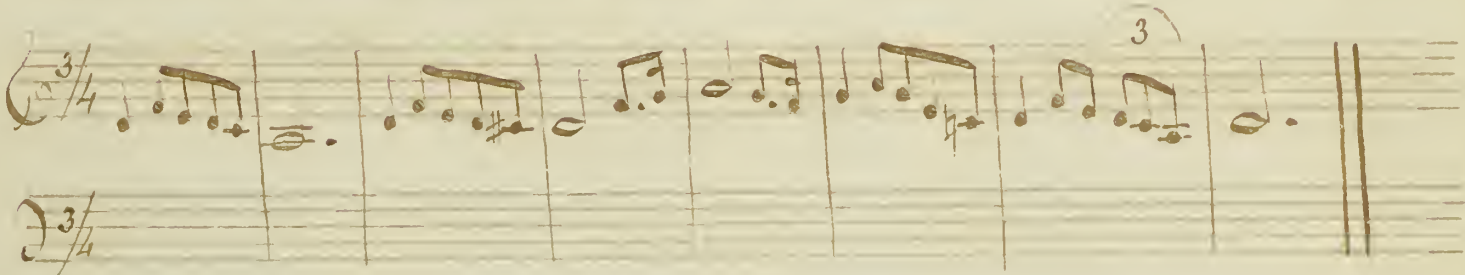
91



92



93



"Sink' all the world over"

4-1

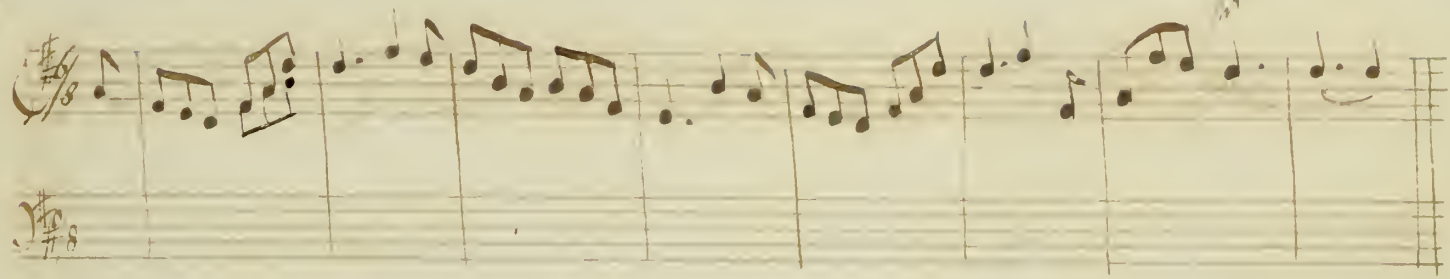


15

2a an 3man an ayde

"The Sun is up"

2.



96 Va cadast mer me

"Don't sleep any more"

27



17

Cja mbealac a deacai8 m

new.

"Which way did she go?"

2. (11.11.)

Critique

Handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Cja mbealac a deacai8 m" with the English translation "Which way did she go?". The score is written on three staves. The first staff is in 3/4 time and contains a melody with various note values and rests. The second staff is also in 3/4 time and contains a melody. The third staff is empty. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

98

b'p'ap'p'ham a be'z map'.

Maj. M. H. H. = 72

"I had rather be dead".

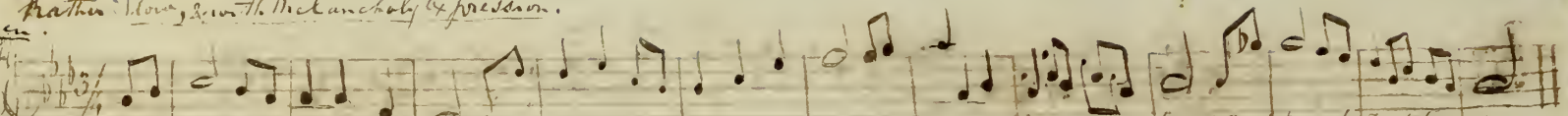
2? (H.H.)

Celtigen

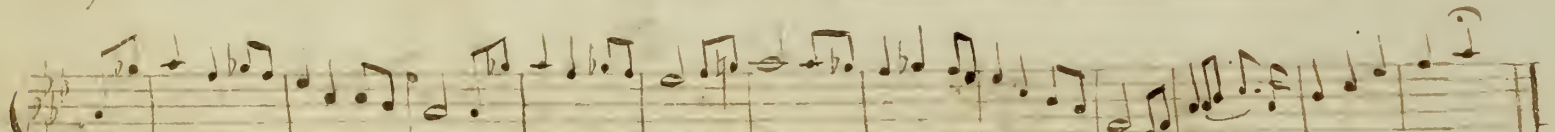
mch

1847

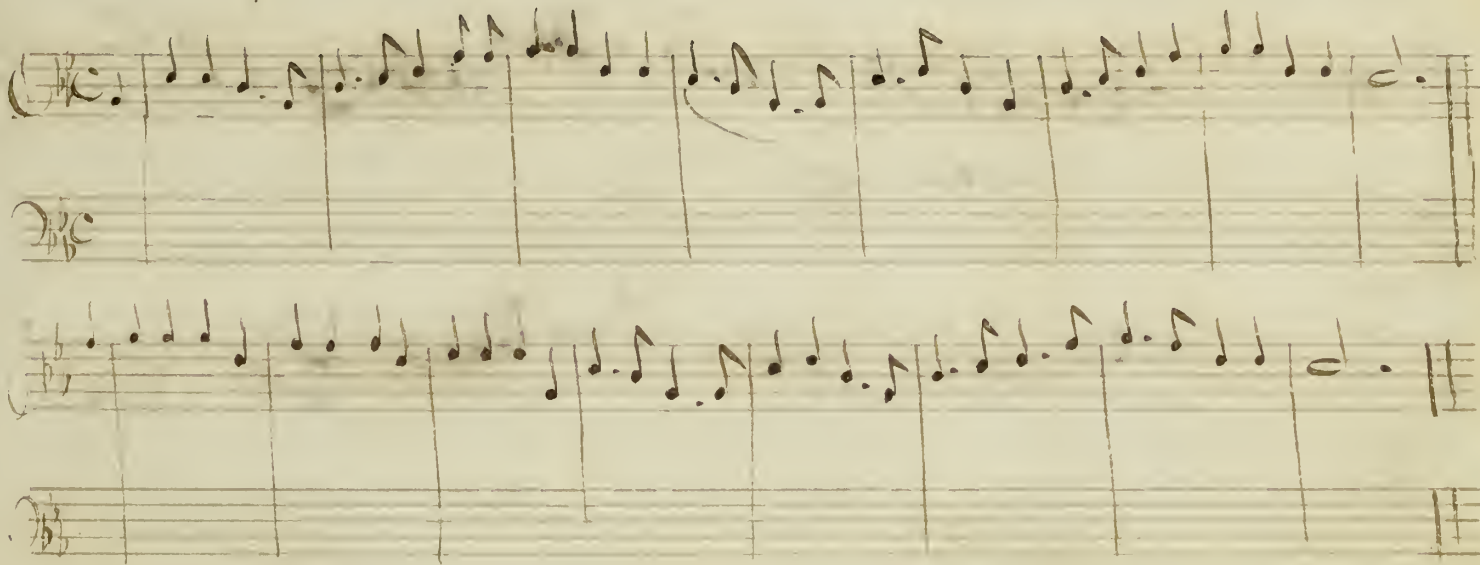
rather slow, & with Melancholy expression.



3d On the evening was gloomy and still And breast hail with many a
 2d Thin & pale grew the cheek of my child, but she labored her Father to
 1st In the gloom of a cold winters Moon Fairy drove me with all I could
 sigh As I gazed on the death-cov'ring hill Where the bones of my Father lie,
 cheer And the Wife of my bosom still smild, While in her eyes was dim with a tear,
 best From the roof of my Father was born, And I hold in my old age to rest



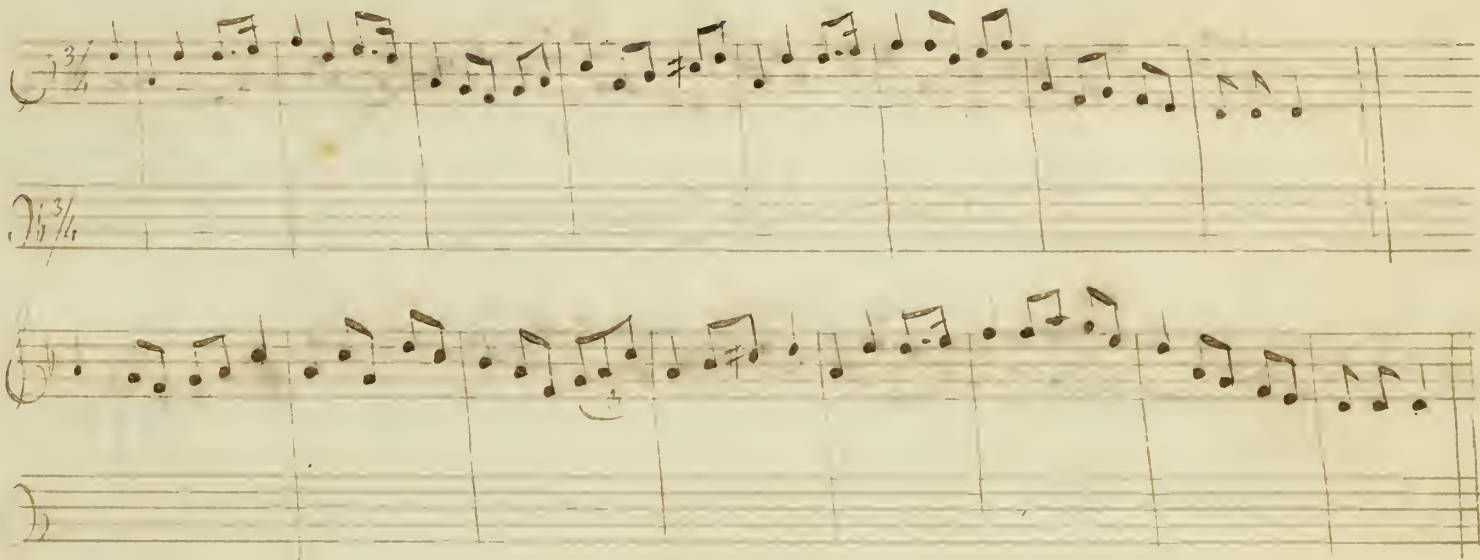
3d But the ruthless destroyer pass'd by Whiling home lay in Ruins be- fore me, & in vain I had wish'd I might die
 2d Though Gorrow and Famine were here Yet the Spirit pass'd scathless before me, I had lost all on Earth that was dear Ere the wild dream of Vengeance o'er me
 1st We were wrong'd we were scorn'd & spelt, Whiling Lord our stor'men in before me, Had I died with that I was blest





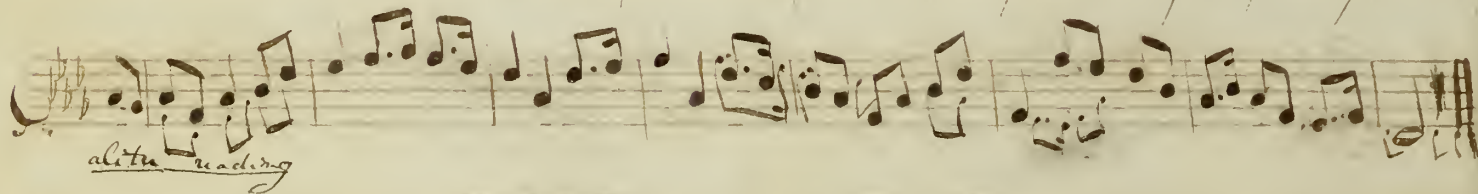
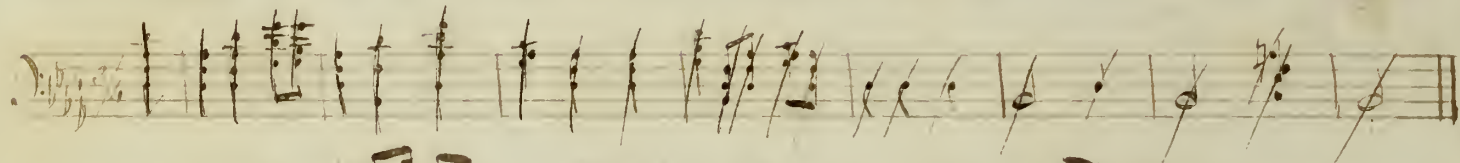
No 1 N. 1 213 11am, a dul 1/6

"I cannot go with you"



102 Ta ye abpa'o ona zj3
Dublin Monthly
Tray.

"He is far from his house" 2?



(1 book.) Dennis O'Donoghue's.
103

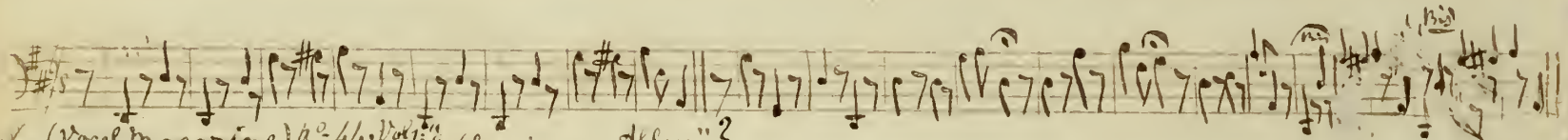


(2nd) Courtin. 104.

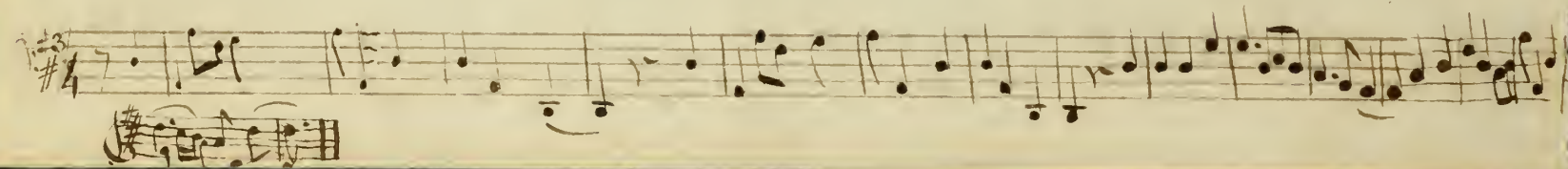
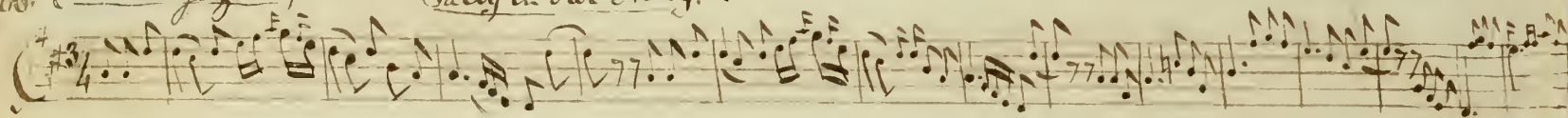


(Vocal Magazine) in F# Major

105

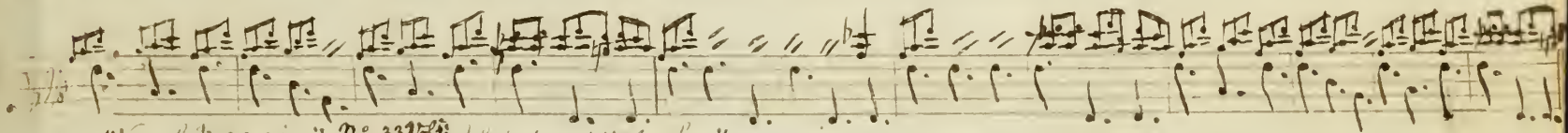


106. (Vocal Magazine) No. 44. Vol. 1. "Gally in our Alley"?

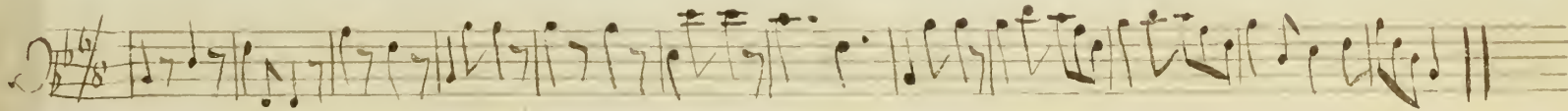


ed back.) "But the bowl you have" words by J. M.

107.



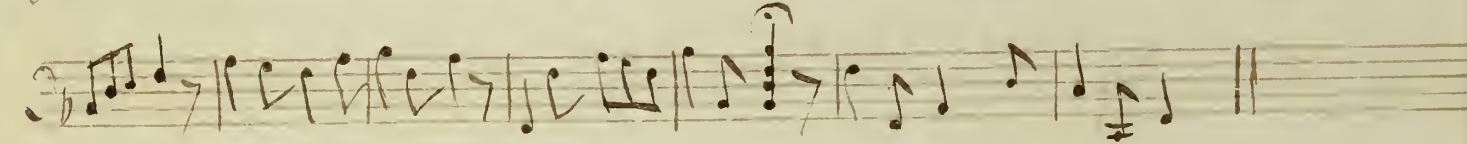
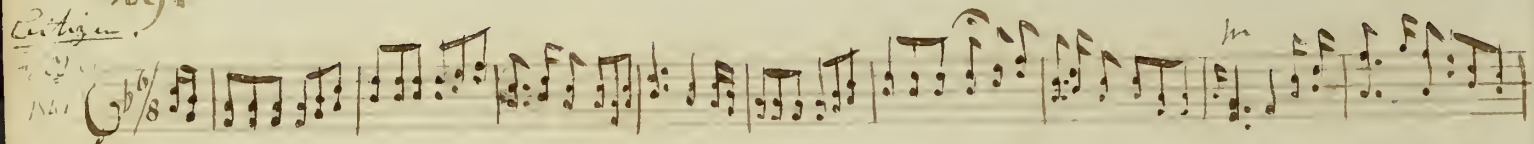
108. "Vocal Magazine" No 33124: "Up of good W. L. S. Key"



(From old Book)

"No Union" for our dear native island

109.
Lithgen.



110.

Nac' Kpacatuê?

Kather St. Joe.

"Did you not see him?"

??

F. Llin
W. H. H. H.
Mag.

G# 3/4

The waves are sleeping the breeze are still & in sight are waves in the
 the sun now the central dot comes and down to the sea you have known
 in the stream of this wave are waves the To the sea of the world is the

D: # 3/4

G#

The moon is now leaving stars brightly in the Then come to the casement is
 come to the wonder and what you are One place of the dark eye one
 what I love then I love you are - Can it be far - were there may near the, in

F#

f map. a crown

Citizen. Slow. $\text{♩} = 72$

Handwritten musical notation for the first system of the song "The Name". The notation is on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "Slow" and the time signature is $\text{♩} = 72$. The melody begins with a half note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, and then a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics "I have heard the name of Jesus" are written below the staff, with "I have" under the first measure, "heard" under the second, "the name" under the third, and "of Jesus" under the fourth. The notation includes dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *pl* (piano). The system ends with a double bar line.

An empty musical staff, likely a second part or a placeholder for a different instrument.

Handwritten musical notation for the second system of the song "The Name". The notation is on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody continues from the first system, with lyrics "I have heard the name of Jesus" written below the staff. The notation includes dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *pl* (piano). The system ends with a double bar line.

An empty musical staff, likely a second part or a placeholder for a different instrument.

2 Outer Plates = $L = 0$
Punching $q = q = 0$
 $\bar{f} \bar{q} = 0 \times 3 = \underline{\underline{f \bar{q} = 0}}$

Value of Penetration $\frac{1}{100} = 0.01$
 $1 = 100 = 0$

2 Copper Plates =
Punching &c =

value of copper =

[illegible]

