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WILHELM HANSEN
EDITION

No. 1450.

HARTMANN-
ALBUM

POUR
VIOLONCELLE ET PIANO
(JULIUS RÖNTGEN)

KJØBENHAVN & LEIPZIG
WILHELM HANSEN, MUSIK-FORLAG.
KRISTIANIA
NORSK MUSIK-FORLAG.
(BRØDRENE HALS WARMUTH-WILHELM HANSEN)

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WILHELM HANSEN EDITION.

Hartmann-Album

Compositions choisies

de

J. P. E. Hartmann

pour

Violoncelle et Piano

par

Julius Röntgen.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| 1. Prélude. | 5. Cavatine. |
| 2. Menuet. | 6. Étude. |
| 3. Feuille d'Album. | 7. Pastorale. |
| 4. Scherzino. | 8. Capriccio. |

EIGENTUM DES VERLEGERS FÜR ALLE LÄNDER — PROPRIÉTÉ POUR TOUS PAYS
AUFFÜHRUNGSRECHT VORBEHALTEN — DROITS DE REPRÉSENTATION RÉSERVÉS

KJØBENHAVN & LEIPZIG
WILHELM HANSEN, MUSIK-FORLAG
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PARIS BRUXELLES
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1. PRÉLUDE.

Allegretto grazioso.

J. P. E. Hartmann.

Violoncello. *p* *m. s.* *m. d.* *dolce* *con Ced.*

Piano. *p* *p dolce* *mf* *mf* *mf* *p* *espr.*



First system of musical notation. The top staff is a vocal line in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a 3/4 time signature. It contains a melodic line with some accidentals and a fermata. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves: the right hand in treble clef with a complex, arpeggiated texture, and the left hand in bass clef with a simpler, more rhythmic accompaniment. The word *espr.* is written above the first measure of the piano right hand.



Second system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a more active right hand with arpeggiated figures and a left hand with a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic marking *p* (piano) appears in both the vocal and piano right hand staves.



Third system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a more active right hand with arpeggiated figures and a left hand with a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic marking *mf p* (mezzo-forte piano) appears in both the vocal and piano right hand staves.



Fourth system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a more active right hand with arpeggiated figures and a left hand with a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic marking *mf p* (mezzo-forte piano) appears in both the vocal and piano right hand staves.

This musical score is arranged in four systems, each containing three staves. The top staff of each system is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The middle and bottom staves are in bass clef with the same key signature. The piano part (bottom staff) is marked with a *p* (piano) dynamic. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and chords. There are also some markings that appear to be *tr* (trills) and *tr* (trills) in the piano part. The notation is complex, with many beamed notes and slurs, suggesting a fast and intricate piece.

First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). It contains a melodic line with slurs and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The bottom two staves are in bass clef with the same key signature, featuring a piano accompaniment with chords and a *p* (piano) dynamic marking.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with a *II* (second ending) marking. The bottom two staves continue the piano accompaniment with a *p* (piano) dynamic marking.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with *smorz.* (sforzando) and *espr.* (espressivo) markings. The bottom two staves feature a piano accompaniment with *smorz.* and *pp smorz.* (pianissimo sforzando) markings.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with *pizz.* (pizzicato) and *arco* (arco) markings. The bottom two staves feature a piano accompaniment with *pp* (pianissimo) and *rit.* (ritardando) markings.

2. MENUET.

The musical score is for a Minuet in 3/4 time, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. It consists of five systems of staves. The first system shows the violin and piano parts. The violin part begins with a *pizz.* (pizzicato) instruction. The piano part is marked *p*. The second system continues the melody, with the violin part marked *arco* (arco) and *p*. The third system features a *pizz.* instruction for the violin and an *arco* instruction for the piano. The piano part is marked *mf* 8va basso ad lib. and *dim.* (diminuendo). The fourth system is marked *Red. segue* (Reduction follows). The fifth system shows the violin part marked *p* and the piano part marked *p*. The tempo markings *poco rit.* (poco ritardando) and *a tempo* are present. The score concludes with a *pizz.* instruction for the violin and a *p* dynamic for the piano.

arco. *pp*

pp

Red. *

pizz.

sempre p *pp* *pp*

arco *poco rit.* *a tempo* *f* *dim.* *p*

cresc. *f* *poco rit.* *a tempo* *dim.* *p*

cresc. *p* *pizz.* *arco* *pp* *smors.*

cresc. *p* *pp* *rit.*

p *pizz.* *dim.* *pp*

p *dim.* *pp*

3. FEUILLE D'ALBUM.

Andantino sostenuto.

p dolce

p dolce.

p

cresc.

cresc.

resc.

p

p

cresc.

p

a tempo

poco rit.

dim.

pp

a tempo

poco rit.

dim.

pp

Fed. *

4. SCHERZINO.

Allegro agitato assai.

The musical score is for a piece titled "4. SCHERZINO." in 3/8 time, marked "Allegro agitato assai." It consists of four systems of music, each with a piano (p) and violin (v) part.

The first system begins with the piano part marked *p* and *pe leggero assai*. The violin part starts with a *Red.* (Reduction) and a *segue* (follows) instruction. The second system features a *frisol* (trill) in the piano part, followed by *pizz.* (pizzicato) and *arco* (arco) markings in the violin part. The third system includes *cresc.* (crescendo) markings in both parts. The fourth system starts with a *f* (forte) dynamic in both parts, followed by a *dim.* (diminuendo) in the piano part, and ends with a *f* dynamic and a *Red.* (Reduction) instruction.

The score is marked with various dynamics including *p*, *pp*, *f*, and *dim.*, and includes articulations such as *frisol*, *pizz.*, *arco*, and *cresc.*. The piece concludes with a *Red.* (Reduction) instruction.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff is a single melodic line in treble clef, marked *p*. The lower staff is a piano accompaniment in grand staff (treble and bass clefs), also marked *p*, featuring arpeggiated chords.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melody, marked *p* and *dim.*. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment, marked *p* and *dim.*.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff features a melodic line with a repeat sign and a key signature change to one sharp (F#). The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment, marked *p*. Below the system, the text "Led. * segue" is printed.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff features a melodic line with a key signature change to two sharps (F# and C#). The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment, marked *ff*. Below the system, the text "Led. * Led. * Led. * Led." is printed.

First system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a single bass staff at the top and a grand staff (treble and bass) below. The top staff begins with a rest, followed by a melodic line marked *poco rit.* and *a tempo*. The grand staff features a piano introduction marked *p* in the bass, followed by a melodic line in the treble marked *poco rit.* and *a tempo*. The system concludes with a piano accompaniment in the bass marked *p*. There are three asterisks (*) below the staves, with the word "Red." appearing under the first and second ones.

Second system of the musical score, consisting of a single treble staff and a grand staff. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a long slur. The grand staff features a piano accompaniment with a melodic line in the treble and a bass line in the bass, both marked with slurs.

Third system of the musical score, consisting of a single treble staff and a grand staff. The treble staff begins with a melodic line marked *dim.*, followed by a piano accompaniment marked *p*, then *dim.*, and finally *pp legg.*. The grand staff features a piano accompaniment with a melodic line in the treble marked *dim.*, followed by a piano accompaniment marked *p*, then *dim.*, and finally *pp*. The system concludes with a piano accompaniment marked *Red.*

Fourth system of the musical score, consisting of a single treble staff and a grand staff. The treble staff begins with a melodic line marked *pizz.*, followed by a piano accompaniment marked *smorz.*. The grand staff features a piano accompaniment with a melodic line in the treble marked *smorz.*, followed by a piano accompaniment marked *smorz.*. The system concludes with a piano accompaniment marked *smorz.*. There is an asterisk (*) at the bottom right of the system.

5. CAVATINE.

Andante tranquillo.

p il canto ben espress., ma dolce

p sempre legato

sempre p

pp

First system of musical notation. The top staff is a single melodic line. The bottom two staves are a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The bass staff contains whole notes, while the treble staff contains a continuous eighth-note accompaniment.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and ends with a *dim. e rit.* marking. The bottom two staves begin with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and end with a *rit.* marking.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff is marked *a tempo* and *p dolce a tempo*. The bottom two staves begin with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line. The bottom two staves continue the accompaniment.

Fifth system of musical notation. The top staff includes first and second endings, marked 1. and 2. The bottom two staves continue the accompaniment.



First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature. It contains a few notes with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a continuous, rapid sixteenth-note melody, also marked *pp*.



Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues with sparse notes and rests. The bottom staff continues the rapid sixteenth-note melody in the bass clef.



Third system of musical notation. The top staff features long horizontal lines, possibly indicating sustained notes or a specific performance technique. The bottom staff continues the rapid sixteenth-note melody.



Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff includes the markings *dim.* (diminuendo) and *rit.* (ritardando). The bottom staff concludes the piece with a final chord and a *rit.* marking.

6. ÉTUDE.

Allegro vivace.

The musical score is written for piano and violin. The piano part is in the right hand of the grand staff, and the violin part is in the single staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major), and the time signature is 2/4. The tempo is marked 'Allegro vivace.'.

The score is divided into three systems. The first system shows the piano part with a continuous eighth-note accompaniment in the right hand, starting with a *mf* dynamic. The violin part enters in the second measure with a *p* dynamic. The second system continues the piano accompaniment, with the violin part featuring a melodic line. The third system shows the piano part with a *p* dynamic, followed by a *cresc.* and *f* section, and then a *dim.* section. The violin part also follows this dynamic structure, with a *f* section and a *dim.* section.

Dynamic markings include *mf*, *p*, *f*, *cresc.*, and *dim.*. The score also features slurs, accents, and various articulations.



First system of musical notation. The top staff is in 3/4 time with a key signature of two flats. It contains a melodic line with dynamics *p*, *f*, *dim.*, and *p*. The bottom staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a piano accompaniment. The piano part has dynamics *p*, *f*, *dim.*, and *p*.



Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with dynamics *f* and *p*. The bottom staff continues the piano accompaniment with dynamics *f* and *p*.



Third system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The bottom staff continues the piano accompaniment with dynamics *f* and *p*.



Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff includes a first ending bracket marked "1." and dynamics *p*. The bottom staff continues the piano accompaniment with dynamics *p*.

2.

p *cresc.* *f*

p *p*

poco rit. *a tempo cresc.*

poco rit. *a tempo cresc.*

f *cresc.* *ff*

f *ff*

7. PASTORALE.

Moderato.

p dolce *mf* *p*

p

con Ped.

p

pp

Ped.



First system of musical notation. The top staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with slurs and dynamic markings *mf* and *p*. The bottom two staves are in treble and bass clefs, respectively, with a key signature of one sharp. They contain a piano accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The system concludes with a double bar line.



Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with slurs and dynamic markings *p* and *sost.*. The bottom two staves continue the piano accompaniment, with the bass staff featuring a *sost.* marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.



Third system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with slurs and dynamic markings *p* and *espress.*. The bottom two staves continue the piano accompaniment, with the bass staff featuring a *mf* marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.



Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melodic line with slurs and dynamic markings *p*, *dim.*, and *rit.*. The bottom two staves continue the piano accompaniment, with the bass staff featuring a *dim.* and *rit.* marking. The system concludes with a double bar line.

8. CAPRICCIO.

Piger og Knøse lege „tag fat“,
 Skjult har Amor i Hækken sig sat,
 Amor er med, naar Hjertet er ungt,
 Kjærligheds Guld er saa rigt og saa tungt.

Agitato.

p leggiere e staccato *segue*

p *leggiere e staccato* *segue*

p

sempre p

sempre p

dim.

dim.

p accel. *cresc.*

p *cresc.* *p*

p *cresc.* *f*

rit. *dim.* *p con anima* *cresc.* *f*

rit. *dim.* *p* *con anima* *cresc.* *f* *p*

p *f* *p* 1. 2.



First system of musical notation. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and the instruction *leggero e staccato*. The bottom staff is in bass clef with the same key signature and begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The instruction *segue* appears above the top staff, and *sempre legato* appears above the bottom staff. Both staves contain eighth-note patterns.



Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the treble clef part with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The bottom staff continues the bass clef part with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The notation consists of eighth-note patterns.



Third system of musical notation. The top staff continues the treble clef part. The bottom staff continues the bass clef part. The notation consists of eighth-note patterns.



Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff continues the treble clef part. The bottom staff continues the bass clef part. The notation consists of eighth-note patterns.



Fifth system of musical notation. The top staff continues the treble clef part. The bottom staff continues the bass clef part. The notation consists of eighth-note patterns.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. Treble and bass staves with piano accompaniment.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. Treble and bass staves with piano accompaniment. Includes *pizz.* and *arco* markings.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. Treble and bass staves with piano accompaniment. Includes *p* and *pp* markings.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. Treble and bass staves with piano accompaniment. Includes *pp assai accel.* markings.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 17-20. Treble and bass staves with piano accompaniment. Includes *pizz.*, *smorz.*, and *Red.* markings.

NORDISCHE GEIGEN-ERFOLGE

FÜR VIOLINE UND KLAVIER.

J. AMBERG. Zwei Charakterstücke.
1. Traumeswirren. 2. Scherzo capriccioso.

JOHAN BARTHOLDY. Strophe
(Richard Lange).

H. BEDINGER. Ode Érotique.

L. BIRKEDAL-BARFOD. Op. 18.
Petits Poèmes.

Berceuse. Tristesse. Valse. Gavotte.
Menuetto.

T. BOHEMAN. Op. 12. Romance.

E. BORREGAARD. Berceuse.

G. C. BOHLMANN. Lyrische Stück-
chen (1. Position) mit leichter
Klavierbegleitung.

1. Warum? 2. Jägerlied. 3. Ro-
manze. 4. Kleine Erzählung.

— Potpourri über Melodien von J.
P. E. Hartmann u. Niels W.
Gade.

OLE BULL. Sæterjentens Søndag —
Schäferins Sonntag (Carl
Sander).

OLE BULL — JOHAN S. SVENDSEN.
Solitude sur la montagne — Seh-
sucht der Sennerin.

WILLY BURMESTER. Freie Bear-
beitungen: Sinding Op. 50.

No. 2. Vöglein im Hain. No. 5.
Gavotte. No. 11. Andante religioso.

HAKON BØRRESEN. Op. 4. Ro-
manze (D-dur).

— Op. 11. Konzert in G-dur.

FRITZ CROME. Op. 3. Sonate
(G-moll).

AUGUST ENNA. Violinkonzert
(D-dur) mit Orchester. Prinzipal-
stimme mit Klavierbegleitung.

NIELS W. GADE. Berceuse, bearb.
von Hans Sitt.

LOUIS GLASS. Op. 29. 2te Sonate.

OTTO MALLING. Op. 55. Faust-
Suite, Fantasiebilder.

Faust. Mephistopheles. Siebel.
Margarete.

SULO HURSTINEN. Album.

GEORG HØBERG. Op. 1. Sonate
(G-dur).

— Op. 3. Romance (G-moll).

E. KALLSTENIUS. Op. 7. Sonate
(E-moll).

G. WASHINGTON MAGNUS. Op. 13.
Sonate (G-moll).

WAAGE MATTHIASSEN-HANSEN.
Drei Fantasiestücke.

Der Sommer. Schwärmerel. Die 3
Schwestern.

AUGUST MEINIG. Op. 12. Sorenade.

JEAN MEYER. Sérénade.

— Berceuse.

— Mazurek.

A. MØLLER. Romanze.

EDMUND NEUPERT. Resignation.
Studie, bearbeitet von Anton
Svendsen.

CARL NIELSEN. Op. 2. Romanze
für Oboe, bearbeitet von Hans
Sitt.

— Op. 9. Sonate (A-dur).

LUDOLF NIELSEN. Berceuse
(D-dur).

IKA PEYRON. Drei kleine Stücke
(für die studierende Jugend).

1. Zeitvertreib. 2. Die Wachtpa-
rade. 3. Vertrauliches Plaudern.

HERMAN SANDBY. Danish Song.

CHR. SCHIØRRING. 25 dänische
Melodien.

— 25 schwedische, norwegische u.
finnische Melodien.

— Übungen in den verschiedenen
Positionen.

EMIL SJØGREN. Op. 40. Poème
(C-dur).

— Op. 45. Morceau de Concert sur
deux mélodies populaires sué-
doises.

K. STEENSEN. Op. 5. Lyrische
Stücke. 2 Hefte.

ADOLF WIKLUND. Op. 5. Sonate
(A-moll).

— Op. 6. Andante (D-dur).

AUG. WINDING. Op. 35. Sonate No. 2.

CHR. SINDING.

Op. 9. Romance (E-dur).

Op. 12. Sonate (C-dur).

Op. 14. Suite (F-dur).

Op. 43. Quatre morceaux.

1. Prélude. 2. Ballade. 3. Berceuse.

4. Fête.

Allgemeine Musikzeitung: Die neuen
Stücke v. Sinding (Op. 43) sind alle durch-
aus violingerecht geschrieben und setzen
eine sehr volle und vornehme Tongebung
voraus. Das Präludium enthält eine
schöne breite Melodie, die Ballade zeich-
net sich durch besondere sonore Klang-
färbung aus. Sehr innige, herzenswarme
Töne werden in der Berceuse angeschla-
gen. Den Beschluss der Reihe macht
ein äusserst temperamentvoll gehaltenes
und Fête benanntes Stück im freien Po-
lonaisenstile.

Op. 45. Konzert No. 1 (A-dur).
Prinzipalstimme mit Klavier.

Bremer Nachrichten: Der geniale nord-
ische Komponist hat mit diesem Werke
endlich einmal wieder ein echtes und
rechtes Violinkonzert geschaffen, welches
Tiefe und Schönheit der Gedanken mit
Dankbarkeit der Solopartie in glücklich-
ster Weise vereint.

Op. 46. Legende (B-dur).
Solostimme mit Klavier

Allgemeine Musikzeitung: „Ein ganz
wundervolles Stück“.

Op. 51. Scènes de la vie. Suite
No. 3 (G-dur).

I. Deciso. II. Romanze. III. Inter-
mezzo. IV. Finale.

Op. 89. Drei Stücke.

1. Ständchen. 2. Alte Weise. 3.
Abendlied.

Die Musik: Während die bisher von
Sinding veröffentlichten Werke für Vi-
oline, trotzdem sie durchaus geigenmäßig
sind, doch schon eine größere Technik
verlangen, sind diese drei Stücke, die ich
besonders der heranreifenden Generation
empfehlen möchte, durchaus einfach und
leicht gehalten. Musikalisch am wert-
vollsten ist No. 2 „Alte Weise“, ein echt
nordisches Stimmungsbild; recht reizvoll
ist das „Ständchen“ (No. 1), von großer
Innigkeit das „Abendlied“ (No. 3).

JOHAN HALVORSEN.

Op. 22. Kleine Tanz-Suite. I. Französisch (Gavotte). II. Italienisch
(Tarantelle). III. Spanisch. IV. Norwegisch (Springtanz). V. Ungarisch.

Andante religioso.

Capriccio, Allegro de Concert.

Dances norvegiennes.

Elégie.

Crépuscule.

Air norvégien.

Einzug der Bojaren, Intermezzo, bearbeitet von Anton Svendsen

Mosaïque. Suite de morceaux caractéristiques.

1. Intermezzo oriental. 2. Entr'acte. 3. Scherzino. 4. Chant de „Veslemöy“.

5. Fête nuptiale rustique.

Berceuse.

Andante tranquillo. Emil Hartmann-Sitt.

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75 Auflage.

Op. 26.

Berühmte Romance.

G-dur.

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Violine und Klavier.

Andante funèbre,

bearbeitet von

Fini Henriques.

Das Veilchen,

(La violette)

bearbeitet von

Richard Lange.

„Til Sæters“,

(Zur Senne)

Walzer.

FINI HENRIQUES.

Op. 10. Sonate (B-dur).

Op. 12. Romance (E-dur).

Op. 20. Kleine bunte Reihe. Leichte Charakterstücke.

1. Der Hirtenknabe. 2. Pantomime. 3. Nickpuppen. 4. Menuetto.

5. Mückentanz. 6. Erotik.

Op. 22. Ensemblespiel. Zehn leichte Charakterstücke zum Gebrauch
beim Unterricht.

Heft 1. (Sehr leichte) Marsch. Menuetto. Romanze. Das artige
Kind. Ein fixer Junge. Melodie.

Heft 2. (Leichte) Wiegenlied. Der Großvater tanzt. Andante
religioso. Bauerntanz.

Op. 26. Novelletten (I-IV).

Op. 27. Canzonetta (D-dur).

Op. 34. Religioso, Andante.

WILHELM HANSEN, MUSIK-VERLAG. KOPENHAGEN & LEIPZIG.

Musik für Violoncell und Klavier.

LUIGI ARDITI.
Geduld! Walzer.

FR. BENDEL.
Frühlingsmorgen.
Gute Nacht.
Liebesgruss.
Tyrolenne.
OLE BULL - JOH. S. SVENDSEN.
Solitude sur la montagne - Sehnsucht der Sennerin (Aug. Reinhardt).

HAKON BØRRESEN.
Op. 4. Romance (D-dur).
Deux Pièces.
1. Élégie. 2. Sérénade.
ARCANGELO CORELLI (1653-1713).
Sonate, revue et doigtée par Jacques van Lier.
Prélude. Allemanda. Tempo di Sarabande. Tempo di Gavotta.

FR. DUE.
Après midi.
JAKOB FABRICIUS.
Ballade (c-moll).

FR. NERUDA.
Op. 38. Mazurka und Ungarisch, zwei Konzertstücke. Nr. 1, 2.
AUG. NÖLCK.
Op. 43. Salon-Album. Sechs melodische Vortragsstücke im leichten Stil.
1. Frühlingslied. 2. Spanischer Marsch. 3. Romanze. 4. Gavotte. 5. Studie. 6. Nocturne.
Op. 60. Legende (im Volkston).
- 88. Konzert-Mazurka.
- 90. Gnomensagen (A-moll).

Die Musik: Hübsche, ungekünstelte Stücke, von denen namentlich der „Gnomensagen“ als effektiv, zierlich und nicht allzu schwer Freunde unter den Virtuosen finden dürfte. Das Salon-Album enthält 6 ansprechende melodische Kleinigkeiten von einfacher Form und leichter Behandlung des Celloparts.

Neue Zeitschrift für Musik: Die Stücke entsprechen den Namen ihrer Benennung, dienend für angehende Violoncellspieler, sind trotz ihrer Schlichtheit geschmackvoll und werden den Spielern Freude bereiten.

Signale: Der Inhalt zeigt natürliches gesundes Wesen; sie sind gut gearbeitet und verlangen von dem Spieler keine hohen technischen Fertigkeiten.

Tagestragen: Sehr schöne, feine, pikante Musik und dabei nicht schwer. Geeignete Faktur.

OTTO OLSEN.
Op. 7. Romanze.
FRANCESCO POLLINI.
Adagio cantabile mit Fingersatz und Vortragszeichen von Georg Wörl.

GEORG PREHN.
Op. 11. Drei Stücke.
1. Ballade. 2. Élégie. 3. Impromptu.

ALFRED RASMUSSEN.
Op. 11. Stimmung und Nocturne, zwei Solostücke.

B. ROMBERG.
Andante grazioso aus dem 2. Konzert, herausgegeben von L. Hegyesi.
Orchester-Partitur und Orchester-Stimmen.

CORNELIUS RÜBNER.
Rosaline, Nocturne.

LOUIS GLASS.
Op. 81. Frühlingslied.
Orchester-Partitur. — Neu! —
Orchester-Stimmen. — 1913. —

JOHAN HALVORSEN.
Chant de „Veslemøy“ (Jacques van Lier).
Dances norvégiennes (Herman Sandby).

ROBERT HANSEN.
Op. 4. Nr. 1. Serenade.
- 2. Mazurka.

- 5. Konzert (D-dur).
- 7. Introduction et Tarentelle.
HARTMANN-ALBUM.
Compositions choisies par Julius Röntgen. — Neu! 1913. —
Nr. 1. Prélude. 2. Menuet. 3. Feuille d'Album. 4. Scherzino. 5. Cavatine. 6. Étude. 7. Pastorale. 8. Capriccio.

LUDVIG HEGNER.
Élégie.

L. HEGYESI.
Op. 9. Nr. 1. Slavische Melodien.
- 2. Sérénade espagnole.
P. HEISE.

Sonate (A-dur), kritisch revidiert von V. Bendix.
Neue Zeitschrift für Musik: Klar in der Form, natürlich, doch ohne Trivialität in Harmonie und Melodie, dazu handlich und dankbar in der Spielart für beide Instrumente, stellt es einen wirklich lebensfähigen und daher beachtenswerten Zuwachs auf seinem Gebiete dar. Fantasiestücke. Heft 1, 2.

WILLY HERRMANN.
Op. 82. Drei einfache Vortragsstücke.
1. Abschied. 2. Kleine Gavotte. 3. Stilles Glück.

GUSTAV HOLLAENDER.
Op. 48. Für die Jugend. Leichte Vortragsstücke (A. Rüdinger).
Nr. 1. Melodie. 2. Geburtstagsmarsch. 3. Schäfers Klage. 4. Kinderlied. 5. Gavotte. 6. Walzer.
Neue Zeitschrift für Musik: Auf die sechs allerliebsten leichten Vor-

tragsstücke von Gustav Hollaender (Op. 48) möchte ich ganz besonders hinweisen. Eigentlich für Violine bestimmt, sind sie von A. Rüdinger in ebenso geschmackvoller wie geschickter Weise für das Violoncell übertragen worden und tragen in ihrer anheimelnden Melodik wie bequemen und technikfördernden Spielart das Ihrige redlich zur Ausbildung jugendlicher Spieler bei. G. Hollaender ist die beneidenswerte Gabe in reichem Masse verliehen, gefällig und leicht und dabei doch immer musikalisch interessant zu schreiben.

EILER JENSEN.
Op. 4. Tarantelle (D-dur).
- 5. Rastlos, Scherzo.
- 6. Rêverie (G-dur).
- 7. Polonaise de Concert (D-moll).
Gavotte (D-dur).
Mazurka (A-dur).

J. MOSSEL.
Drei kleine Stücke.
1. Lied. 2. Gavotte. 3. Walzer.

SIEGFRIED SALOMON.
Op. 3. Trois Morceaux.
1. Nocturne. 2. Intermezzo. 3. Mazurka.
Signale: Die Salomonschen Stücke haben den Vorzug, vortrefflich zu klingen und daher gewiss für den Unterricht und bei besseren musikalischen Unterhaltungszwecken gute Dienste zu leisten.

Neue Musik-Zeitung: Ein melodisches Nocturne, ein gefälliges Intermezzo grazioso und eine temperamentvolle Mazurka bilden den Inhalt dieser Sammlung, die dem Komponisten für seine vornehme Art alle Ehre macht.

Op. 7. Legende.
HERMAN SANDBY.
Danish Song. (Roselli).
- (Elverhøj).
- (Agnete og Havmanden).
- (Valtravnen).
- (Svalin og hvalfin).
1913.

CARL SCHULER.
Op. 22. Élégie.
ROB. SCHUMANN.
Lied (aus den Kinderszenen Op. 15).
Transkription von Robert Henriques.

HILDA SEHESTED.
Drei Fantasiestücke.
1. Caprice. 2. Alla romanesca. 3. Humoreske.

CHRISTIAN SINDING.
Op. 46. Legende (Jacques van Lier).
EMIL SJÖGREN. Neu!
Op. 53. Sonate (A-dur). 1913.

JOHAN S. SVENDSEN.
Op. 26. Romanze in G-dur (David Popper).

JULES SZÉKACS.
Op. 17. Nr. 3. Choral (C-moll).

EMIL SÖCHTING.
Op. 82. „La Sérénade“.
G. VALENSIN. Neu!
Menuet (A. Rüdinger). 1913.

C. E. F. WEYSE.
10 Melodien, bearb. von Fritz Bendix.

Romance.

VIOLONCELLO.

Hakon Børresen, Op. 4.

HAKON BØRRESEN.
Op. 4. Romance D-dur für Violoncell und Klavier.

Neu!
(1913).

JOSEPH MALKIN.
DIX ÉTUDES POUR VIOLONCELLO.

Neu!
(1913).

WILHELM HANSEN, MUSIK-VERLAG. KOPENHAGEN & LEIPZIG.

WILHELM HANSEN EDITION.

Hartmann-Album

Compositions choisies

de

J. P. E. Hartmann

pour

Violoncelle et Piano

par

Julius Röntgen.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| 1. Prélude. | 5. Cavatine. |
| 2. Menuet. | 6. Étude. |
| 3. Feuille d'Album. | 7. Pastorale. |
| 4. Scherzino. | 8. Capriccio. |

EIGENTUM DES VERLEGERS FÜR ALLE LÄNDER — PROPRIÉTÉ POUR TOUS PAYS
AUFFÜHRUNGSRECHT VORBEHALTEN — DROITS DE REPRÉSENTATION RÉSERVÉS

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WILHELM HANSEN, MUSIK-FORLAG

KRISTIANIA. NORSK MUSIK-FORLAG
(BRØDRENE HALS-WARMUTH-WILHELM HANSEN)

PARIS BRUXELLES
ROUART LEROLLE et Cie. J. B. KATTO

LONDON SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES
SCHOTT & Co. THE BOSTON MUSIC COMPANY

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1. PRÉLUDE.

VIOLONCELLO.

Allegretto grazioso.

J. P. E. Hartmann.

p dolce *mf* *p* *espr.* *p* *mf* *p* *p* *dim.* *smorz.* *pizz.* *arco* *pp* *rit.*



2. MENUET.

3

VIOLONCELLO.

Violoncello score for '2. MENUET.' in 3/4 time, key of D major. The score consists of ten staves. The first staff begins with a *p* dynamic and a *pizz.* instruction. The second staff includes *arco* and *p* markings. The third staff features *arco*, *mf* (8^{va} basso ad lib.), *dim.*, and *p*. The fourth staff has *poco rit.* and *p a tempo*. The fifth staff includes *pizz.*, *p*, and *arco* with *restez.*. The sixth staff is a treble clef staff with no dynamic markings. The seventh staff includes *pizz.* and *1*. The eighth staff has *arco*, *poco rit.*, *a tempo*, *f*, *dim.*, *p*, and *cresc.*. The ninth staff includes *pizz.*, *arco*, *pp*, *smorz.*, and *p*. The tenth staff includes *pizz.*, *dim.*, and *pp*. Fingerings and bowings are indicated throughout the score.

3. FEUILLE D'ALBUM.

Andantino sostenuto.

p dolce *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *poco rit.* *a tempo* *dim.* *pp poco rit.*

4. SCHERZINO.

Allegro agitato assai.

p e leggiero assai. *f risol.* *pizz.* *arco* *pp* *p* *f* *p* *dim.*

VIOLONCELLO.

5

p

ff

poco rit. p

dim. p

pp leggiero

pizz.

5. CAVATINE.

Andante tranquillo.

p il canto ben espress., ma dolce

sempre p

f

sf p dolce

1. 2.

pp

dim. rit.

6. ÉTUDE.

VIOLONCELLO.

Allegro vivace.

The score is written for Violoncello in 2/4 time, key of B-flat major. It consists of 10 staves of music. The tempo is marked "Allegro vivace." The dynamics range from *mf* (mezzo-forte) to *f* (forte), with *p* (piano) and *dim.* (diminuendo) also present. The piece includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and fingerings (1-4). The score is marked with "cresc." (crescendo) and "dim." (diminuendo) in several places. The piece concludes with a repeat sign and a first ending.

VIOLONCELLO.

1 2

1 16 > 1

1 3 3 3

p

a tempo

cresc.

f *cresc.* *ff* *f*

poco rit.

7. PASTORALE.

Moderato.

p dolce

mf *p*

p

pp

mf *p*

sost.

p

espress. *p*

rit. *dim.*

8. CAPRICCIO.

Agitato.

VIOLONCELLO.

p leggiero e staccato *segue*

p

sempre p

dim.

p cant. *cresc.*

p *cresc.* *p*

cresc. *f* *rit.*

p con anima *f* *p* *f* *p*

1.

2.

p leggiero e staccato

segue *p*

This page contains a musical score for the Violoncello, consisting of 12 staves of music. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/8. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings. The score is divided into several measures, with some measures containing multiple staves. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The music is characterized by its melodic lines and rhythmic complexity. The score includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings. The music is written in a standard musical notation style, with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The score includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings. The music is written in a standard musical notation style, with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp.

15283

NORDISCHE GEIGEN-ERFOLGE

FÜR VIOLINE UND KLAVIER.

J. AMBERG. Zwei Charakterstücke.
1. Traumeswirren. 2. Scherzo capriccioso.

JOHAN BARTOLDY. Strophe
(Richard Lange).

H. BEDINGER. Ode Érotique.

L. BIRKEDAL-BARFOD. Op. 18.
Petits Poèmes.

Berceuse. Tristesse. Valse. Gavotte.
Menuetto.

T. BOHEMAN. Op. 12. Romance.

E. BORREGAARD. Berceuse.

G. C. BOHLMANN. Lyrische Stück-
chen (1. Position) mit leichter
Klavierbegleitung.

1. Warum? 2. Jägerlied. 3. Ro-
manze. 4. Kleine Erzählung.

- Polpourri über Melodien von J.
P. E. Hartmann u. Niels W.
Gade.

OLE BULL. Sæterjentens Søndag -
Schäferins Sonntag (Carl
Sander).

OLE BULL - JOHAN S. SVENDSEN.
Solitude sur la montagne - Seh-
nsucht der Sennern.

WILLY BURMEISTER. Freie Bear-
beitungen: Sinding Op. 50.
No. 2. Vöglein im Hain. No. 5.
Gavotte. No. 11. Andante religioso.

HAKON BØRRESSEN. Op. 4. Ro-
manze (D-dur).

- Op. 11. Konzert in G-dur.

FRITZ CROME. Op. 3. Sonate
(G-moll).

AUGUST ENNA. Violinkonzert
(D-dur) mit Orchester. Prinzipal-
stimme mit Klavierbegleitung.

NIELS W. GADE. Berceuse, bearb.
von Hans Sitt.

LOUIS GLASS. Op. 29. 2te Sonate.

OTTO MALLING. Op. 55. Faust-
Suite, Fantasiebilder.

Faust. Mephistopheles. Siebel.
Margarete.

SULO HURSTINEN. Album.

GEORG HØBERG. Op. 1. Sonate
(G-dur).

- Op. 3. Romance (G-moll).

E. KALLSTENIUS. Op. 7. Sonate
(E-moll).

G. WASHINGTON MAGNUS. Op. 13.
Sonate (G-moll).

WAAGE MATTHISON-HANSEN.
Drei Fantasiestücke.

Der Sommer. Schwärmerel. Die 3
Schwestern.

AUGUST MEINIG. Op. 12. Sorenade.

JEAN MEYER. Sérénade.

- Berceuse.

- Mazurk.

A. MØLLER. Romanze.

EDMUND NEUPERT. Resignation.
Studie, bearbeitet von Anton
Svendsen.

CARL NIELSEN. Op. 2. Romanze
für Oboe, bearbeitet von Hans
Sitt.

- Op. 9. Sonate (A-dur).

LUJOLF NIELSEN. Berceuse
(D-dur).

IKA PEYRON. Drei kleine Stücke
(für die studierende Jugend).

1. Zeitvertreib. 2. Die Wachtpa-
rade. 3. Vertrauliches Plaudern.

HERMAN SANDBY. Danish Song.

CHR. SCHJØRRING. 25 dänische
Melodien.

- 25 schwedische, norwegische u.
finnische Melodien.

- Übungen in den verschiedenen
Positionen.

EMI SJÖGREN. Op. 40. Poème
(C-dur).

- Op. 45. Morceau de Concert sur
deux mélodies populaires sué-
doises.

K. STEENSEN. Op. 5. Lyrische
Stücke. 2 Hefte.

ADOLF WIKLUND. Op. 5. Sonate
(A-moll).

- Op. 6. Andante (D-dur).

AUG. WINDING. Op. 35. Sonate No. 2.

CHR. SINDING.

Op. 9. Romance (E-dur).

Op. 12. Sonate (C-dur).

Op. 14. Suite (F-dur).

Op. 43. Quatre morceaux.

1. Prélude. 2. Ballade. 3. Berceuse.

4. Fête.

Allgemeine Musikzeitung: Die neuen
Stücke v. Sinding (Op. 43) sind alle durch-
aus violingerecht geschrieben und setzen
eine sehr volle und vornehme Tongebung
voraus. Das Präludium enthält eine
schöne breite Melodie, die Ballade zeich-
net sich durch besondere sonore Klang-
färbung aus. Sehr innige, herzengewarme
Töne werden in der Berceuse angeschla-
gen. Den Beschluss der Reihe macht
ein äusserst temperamentsvoll gehaltenes
und Fête benanntes Stück im freien Po-
lonaisenstile.

Op. 45. Konzert No. 1 (A-dur).

Prinzipalstimme mit Klavier.

Bremer Nachrichten: Der geniale nord-
ische Komponist hat mit diesem Werke
endlich einmal wieder ein echtes und
rechtes Violinkonzert geschaffen, welches
Tiefe und Schönheit der Gedanken mit
Dankbarkeit der Solopartie in glücklich-
ster Weise vereint.

Op. 46. Legende (B-dur).

Solistimme mit Klavier

Allgemeine Musikzeitung: „Ein ganz
wundervolles Stück“.

Op. 51. Scènes de la vie. Suite
No. 3 (G-dur).

I. Deciso. II. Romanze. III. Inter-
mezzo. IV. Finale.

Op. 89. Drei Stücke.

1. Ständchen. 2. Alte Weise. 3.
Abendlied.

Die Musik: Während die bisher von
Sinding veröffentlichten Werke für Vi-
oline, trotzdem sie durchaus gelingend
sind, doch schon eine größere Technik
verlangen, sind diese drei Stücke, die ich
besonders der heranreifenden Generation
empfehlen möchte, durchaus einfach und
leicht gehalten. Musikalisch am wert-
vollsten ist No. 2 „Alte Weise“, ein echt
nordisches Stimmungsbild; recht reizvoll
ist das „Ständchen“ (No. 1), von großer
Innigkeit das „Abendlied“ (No. 3).

JOHAN HALVORSEN.

Op. 22. Kleine Tanz-Suite. I. Französisch (Gavotte). II. Italienisch
(Tarantelle). III. Spanisch. IV. Norwegisch (Springtanz). V. Ungarisch.

Andante religioso.

Capriccio, Allegro de Concert.

Danses norvegiennes.

Elégie.

Crépuscule.

Air norvégien.

Einzug der Bojaren, Intermezzo, bearbeitet von Anton Svendsen

Mosaique. Suite de morceaux caractéristiques.

1. Intermezzo oriental. 2. Entr'acte. 3. Scherzino. 4. Chant de „Veslemöy“.

5. Fête nuptiale rustique.

Berceuse.

Andante tranquillo. Emil Hartmann-Sitt.

VIOLON.

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JOHAN SVENDSEN.

75 Auflage.

Op. 26.

Berühmte Romance.

G-dur.

Für

Violine und Klavier.

Andante funèbre,

bearbeitet von

Finii Henriques.

Das Veilchen,

(La violette)

bearbeitet von

Richard Lange.

„Til Sæters“,

(Zur Senne)

Walzer.

FINII HENRIQUES.

Op. 10. Sonate (B-dur).

Op. 12. Romance (E-dur).

Op. 20. Kleine bunte Reihe. Leichte Charakterstücke.

1. Der Hirtenknabe. 2. Pantomime. 3. Nickpuppchen. 4. Menuetto.

5. Mückentanz. 6. Erotik.

Op. 22. Ensemblespiel. Zehn leichte Charakterstücke zum Gebrauch
beim Unterricht.

Heft 1. (Sehr leichte) Marsch. Menuetto. Romanze. Das artige
Kind. Ein fixer Junge. Melodie.

Heft 2. (Leichte) Wiegenlied. Der Großvater tanzt. Andante
religioso. Bauerntanz.

Op. 26. Novellen (I-IV).

Op. 27. Canzonetta (D-dur).

Op. 34. Religioso, Andante.

WILHELM HANSEN, MUSIK-VERLAG. KOPENHAGEN & LEIPZIG.