

CANZONETTE A QUATTRO VOCI . . .
COMPOSTE DA DIVERSI ECCELLENTI MUSICI
CON L'INTAVOLATURA DEL CEMBALO ET DEL LIVTO
(SIMONE VEROVIO ROMA, 1591)

STUDY AND TRANSCRIPTION

BY

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Essay presented for the course History of Music 31: Renaissance Music.

652

CANZONETTA A QUATTRO VOCI
COMPOSTE DA DIVERSI ECCELLENTI MUSICI
CON L'INTAVOLATURA DEL CIMBALO ET DEL LIVTO

Simone Verovio
Roma, 1591

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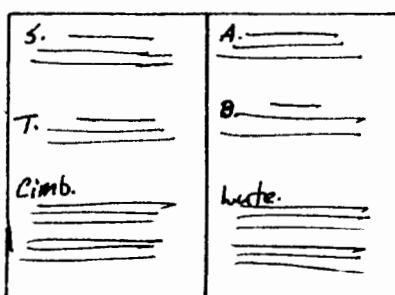
FOREWORD

The Canzonette a Quattro Voci published in Rome by Simone Verovio in 1591, is a collection of twenty four-voice songs and their intabulations for cimbalo and lute. The book was printed by the copper plate engraving method and is one of the first music books to have been printed by this method.

S/ak. Gft of author

In 1586 Verovio published a collection of three and four voice canzonette with sacred texts under the title Viletto Spirituale. This is the earliest known example of copper plate engraving applied to music publication. The engraving for this work was done by Martin van Buyten, a Dutch engraver. Verovio himself was from 's Hertogenbosch, and his real name may have been Simon Werrewick.

Each song in the Canzonette a Quattro Voci collection is printed with the four vocal parts at the top of the page and the keyboard and lute parts below. The songs are for SATB or SSAT. The first and third vocal parts are printed on the left hand page with the keyboard tablature below them, and the second and fourth parts are on the right page with the lute tablature below them.



The vocal parts are on five-line unmeasured staves in the C and F clefs, and are printed in modern black notation with the exception of a few Renaissance ligatures. The keyboard tablature has two staves, from six to eight lines each, and generally has two clefs on each staff. The lute tablature used is the Italian lute tablature with six lines representing the six strings on the lute. Numbers on the lines designate the fret to be stopped. The frets are a half tone apart; thus 3 on the a string would be c \natural . The strings are tuned to great G, small c, f, a, one line d, g - the intervals of 4th, 4th, 3rd, 4th, 4th. The top line of the tablature represents the lowest string on the lute. This appears to be illogical, but when the player holds the instrument on his lap, the lowest pitched string is at the top. Thus the position of the numbers on the staff corresponds to the position of the note on the finger-board. Occasionally a seventh string tuned to great D is used, and is notated on a ledger line above the staff.

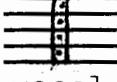
Kinkeldey¹ points out that the book was intended for the amateur musician, as a professional would have been able ^{to play} a lute or keyboard part at sight from the vocal parts. The keyboard transcriptions are very simple, and consist generally of the four vocal parts plus a few other tones to fill out the harmony and an occasional ornamental figure. The lute parts show less similarity to the vocal parts due

1. Kinkeldey, O. Orgel und Klavier in der Musik des 16. Jahrhunderts
Pg. 126

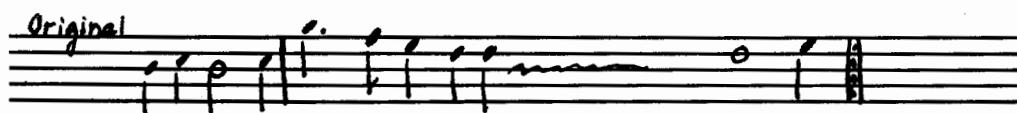
the nature of the instrument.

The keyboard and lute intabulations are often in a different key than the original vocal parts, in order to have the piece in a better range for the instruments. This occurs in songs 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 12, 17, and 19. In 18 only the lute part is in another key. In this transcription these parts have been transposed into the key of the vocal parts in order to facilitate a comparison of the various parts. This transposition is mentioned in a footnote wherever it occurs.

The most significant discrepancy between the parts is in the application of musica ficta. In numerous instances two parts have a musica ficta notation which is different from the third part. These have also been indicated by footnotes.

The notation of the repeats are very unusual. The repeat is indicated by a double bar with dots between the two lines:  In many instances the last measure in each of the vocal parts contains an insufficient number of beats, and often each part ~~lacks~~ lacks a different number of beats. There is a bar line earlier in the part, and the singer is to repeat to this bar line when he comes to the end of his part.

Original



Transcription



This type of repeat has been changed to a first and second ending in this transcription, but the original repeat has been indicated with pencil lines.

The last song in the collection is very different from any of the others. The majority of the songs are of a rather contrapuntal nature, and the texts are secular, dealing for the most part with love. The last song however, has a sacred text in which the Virgin is compared to a rose. In the setting, the three lower voices move in slow note values and outline the harmonies, while ^{the} upper voice has a very florid melismatic line. The printing of this song is also different from any of the others. There are no intabulations for keyboard or lute, and the four vocal parts are arranged on the page with the bass part at the top, then the tenor and alto, with the cantus at the bottom.

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#1. Hor che vezzosa e bella

Felice Anerio

A handwritten musical score for six voices and two instruments. The voices are arranged in two staves: Soprano I (Sop. I) and Soprano II (Sop. II) in the top staff; Alto and Tenor in the middle staff; and Bass (Lute) in the bottom staff. The instruments are Cimbalo (Cimbalom) and Lute. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts sing a four-line phrase: "Hor che vezzosa e bel-la scuo-pre sue pom-pe la stagion". The Cimbalo part consists of vertical strokes on a single staff, and the Lute part shows a bass line with chords above it.

Cimbalo and lute parts were originally in F Major:

* $\text{F}^{\#}\text{4}$ in cimbalo and vocal parts

A handwritten musical score consisting of two systems of music. The top system is for voice and piano, featuring a treble clef vocal line with lyrics in Italian. The lyrics are: "no-vel --- ia", "Veg-non tra 'l herbe e fio-", "stagion no- vel --- ia", "Veg-non tra 'l herbe e fio-", "pom-pe la sta-gion no-vel --- ia", "Veg-non tra 'l herbe e fio-", "sta-gion no- vel - ia", "Veg-non tra 'l herbe e fio-". The piano part is indicated by a bass staff with various notes and rests. The bottom system shows a continuous piano accompaniment with a bass staff containing eighth-note patterns.

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves. The top three staves are for voice (soprano, alto, tenor/bass) and the bottom three are for piano. The vocal parts are in common time, G clef, and mostly common time, while the piano part is in common time, F# clef. The vocal parts sing "ze-fi-ro va-go amoreggiano e" twice, then "ri ze-fi-ro va-go amoreggian - - - - do e clar-", followed by "mi ze-fi-ro va-go amoreggiano e clo-mi e clo-ri". The piano part features sustained notes and chords.

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano C-clef, common time, with lyrics in Italian. The piano part is in bass F-clef, common time. The score consists of six systems of music. The lyrics are as follows:

Clori Nin- fe e pas- tori al suon di cor- na Mu- se al
Clo- mi Nin- fe e pas- to- ri al suon di cor- na Mu- se al
--- mi Nin- fe e pas- tori al suon al
-- Nin- fe e pas- to- ri al suon di cor- na

* D Major chord in vocal and lute parts

§ F Major chord in lute, d minor in vocal and keyboard parts

A handwritten musical score for a four-part vocal arrangement. The score consists of six staves, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in common time. The lyrics are written below the notes in a single column:

-do le sit- ves-tri Mu-se
-do le sit- ves-tri Mu-se
le sit- ves-tri mu-se mu - se
do le sit ves-tri mu - - se

The score includes a brace grouping the first two voices and another brace grouping the third and fourth voices. There are also several rests and dynamic markings (e.g., forte, piano) throughout the piece.

II

In ascoltando intenti
Stagnar vedi il rucel tacere i venti
Sdegna i paschi la greggia
E l'ariete al suon cozza e garreggia
Schivano gl'augelletti l'esca e l'onda
E volan per rdir di fronda in fronda.

#d. Così soave stile

Felice Anerio

Sop. I

Sop. II

Alto

Tenor

Cimbalo

Lute

Cimbalo and lute parts were originally in F Major.

Handwritten musical score for five voices and lute, page 9. The score consists of six staves. The top four staves are vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) in common time, treble clef, and key signature of one sharp. The bottom two staves are for lute in common time, bass clef, and key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts sing in Italian, and the lute part provides harmonic support. A brace groups the vocal parts. A note in the lute part is marked with an asterisk (*).

* B 4 in Vocal and lute parts

A handwritten musical score consisting of five systems of music. The top four systems feature three vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and a piano part, while the bottom system is for the piano alone. The vocal parts are written in treble clef, and the piano part is in bass clef. The vocal parts sing in unison, with lyrics in Spanish. The piano part includes dynamic markings like forte (F), piano (P), and sforzando (sf). The score is written on five-line staves with vertical bar lines indicating measures. The vocal parts begin with "Cin-thia sen- ten-do in-tor-no cor-", followed by "la fa-re-", "cor-", "re la scian-", and conclude with "FFF". The piano part begins with a forte dynamic and continues with various chords and dynamics.

-re la scian-do la fa-ret-ta e'l cor-no cor-
 tra e'l cor-no cor-re la scian-do la fa-re tra'e'l cor
 -re la scian-do la fa-re tra'e'l cor-no cor-re la scian-
 -do la fa-re tra'e'l cor-no cor-re la scian-do la fa-re
 {
 * G# in vocal and lute parts

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano.

Top System:

- Two staves for voice (Soprano C clef).
- Text lyrics in Spanish: "re la scian- do la far- et rac'l cor- no E di cer-
- Refrain lyrics: "no la fa-re- tra e'l cor- no E dico- va se-guir E-
- Refrain lyrics: "do la fa-re- tra e'l cor- no E di cer- va se-guir da-
- Refrain lyrics: "- tra e'l cor- no E di cer- va se-guir da-

Piano Accompaniment:

- Bottom staff: Bass clef, common time.
- Accompanied by eighth-note chords.
- Key signature: F major (one sharp).

Bottom System:

- Three blank staves for continuation.

va se-guir da-ma o cinghia - - - le suo pri-mie -

di cer-va se-guir da-ma o cinghial - - le 340 pri-mie -

quir da-ma o cin- ghia-le da-ma o cin - ghia - le suo pri -

ma o cin - ghia-le da-ma o cin - ghia - le suo pri -

- ro de - sir met - te in non ca -

- ro dé - fin met - te in non ca -

mier o de - sir met - te in non ca -

mie - ro de - sir met - te in non ca

* C♯ in vocal and lute parts

Handwritten musical score for two voices (1st and 2nd) on five-line staves. The score consists of six systems of music. The first system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics are "o : -le". The second system starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics are "-le". The third system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics are "le, f dicer - le". The fourth system starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics are "-le E dicer - le". The fifth system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics are "o : -le". The sixth system starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics are "-le". The score concludes with three blank five-line staves.

II

Così dolce sarmonia

Così bene alternata melodia

Imagine son vere

Del raggirar delle celesti sfere

Che girando la sù co' suoi concordi

Fan che godan qua giù le humane mente.

#3. Questi capelli d'oro

Paolo Bellasio

Sop. I

Sop. II

Alto

Tenor

Cimbalo

Lute

The musical score consists of six staves. The top four staves represent vocal parts: Soprano I, Soprano II, Alto, and Tenor. The bottom two staves provide harmonic support with the Cimbalo (zither) and Lute. The vocal parts sing in Italian, with lyrics including "Questi capelli d'oro", "Per cui ri-nas", and "co e mo-ro". The Cimbalo part features rhythmic patterns primarily consisting of eighth-note chords. The Lute part is characterized by sustained notes and occasional eighth-note chords. The score is written on a grid of measures, with each measure containing four beats.

Handwritten musical score for a three-part setting (SATB or similar) in common time, featuring lyrics in Italian. The score consists of five systems of music, each with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature.

System 1:

- Top part: "Per cui ri-nas-co e mo-ro Quand'i veg-gio on-
- Middle part: "ro per cui ri-nas-co e mo-ro Quan-do i veg-gio on"
- Bottom part: "Per cui ri-nas-co e mo-ro Quand'i

System 2:

- Top part: "mo-ro per cui ri-nas-co e mo-ro Quan-d'i veg-gio on"
- Middle part: "Quand'i
- Bottom part: "veg-gio on"

System 3:

- Top part: "veg-gio on"
- Middle part: "veg-gio on"
- Bottom part: "veg-gio on"

System 4:

- Top part: "veg-gio on"
- Middle part: "veg-gio on"
- Bottom part: "veg-gio on"

System 5:

- Top part: "veg-gio on"
- Middle part: "veg-gio on"
- Bottom part: "veg-gio on"

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, and Bass) on five staves. The music consists of measures of sixteenth-note patterns. The lyrics are written below each staff.

Soprano (Top Staff):

- deg-giar a l'aer chia-ro Io benedico il
- deg-giar a l'aer chia-ro Io benedico il di Che
- Veg-gio on deg-giar al'a er chia-ro Io be-ne-dico il
- deg-giar a l'aer chia-ro Io be-ne-dico il di che

Alto (Second Staff):

- (Measures 1-4)

Bass (Bottom Staff):

- (Measures 1-4)

* F# in the sixteenth note ornamentation.

*

The musical score is organized into five systems. The first system starts with a vocal entry. The second system begins with a vocal entry. The third system starts with a vocal entry. The fourth system starts with a vocal entry. The fifth system starts with a vocal entry.

* G[#] in cimbalo and lute parts

II

E que sto rago viso
 Quest' occhi e'l dolce viso
 Quan' i veggio apparir nel suo splendore
 Io benedico il di che m'arse Amore

III

Questi rubini e perle
 Ch' io moro per verdele
 Quando l'apri al cantar le movi al viso
 Io benedico il di che m'hanno vecchio

IV

E questi guancio belle
 Che aventano fiammelle
 Mentr' io le veggio ardermi sento il core
 Ma la dolcezza supera l'ardore

#4. Io non so come vivo

Annibale Stabile

Sop. I

Sop. II

Alto

Tenor

Cimbalo

Lute

Cimbalo and lute parts were originally in F Major.

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano.

Top System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Che quand'ho più gran fo- co all'hor più agg- hia- cio E ri- ta o".

Second System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Che quand'ho più gran fo- co all'hor più agg- hia- cio E vita e mor-".

Third System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "più gran fo- co all'hor più agg- hia- cio E".

Fourth System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "più gran fo- co all'hor più agg- hia- cio E vita e mor-".

Piano Accompaniment:

- The piano part consists of two staves.
- The top staff uses a treble clef and includes dynamic markings like 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte).
- The bottom staff uses a bass clef and also includes dynamic markings like 'p' and 'f'.

A handwritten musical score consisting of six systems of music. The top five systems feature five vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Contratenor/Bass) and a basso continuo part. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass clefs, with stems generally pointing down except for the soprano. The basso continuo part is in bass clef. The music is set in common time. The lyrics, written in Italian, are as follows:

- System 1: mor-te e mor-te E vita e mon-te in un me-de-
- System 2: -te F vita e mor-te in un me-de-
- System 3: vita e mor-te E vita e mor-te in un me-
- System 4: -te E vita e mor-te E vita e mor-te in un me-de-
- System 5: (continuation of System 4)
- System 6: (continuation of System 5)

The score includes several performance markings such as dynamic changes (e.g., ff, f, +, o), fermatas, and slurs. A bracket groups the first four systems. The fifth system begins with a basso continuo bass clef. The sixth system continues the vocal parts.

* Half note is not dotted in MS

* 1st ending bar has only 2 beats because melody occurs on a different part of the measure on pg.

II

Veggio senz' occhi e senza orecchie ascolto
 libertà vò cercando e corro all' hamo
 Chi m'ama fuggo e chi m'ha in odio io bramo.

III

Per contraria fortuna piango erido
 Cerco la pena mia quando è più nuova
 Vuo dar rimedio al mal quando non giova.

IV

Non mi parto di terra e volo al cielo
 Perduto ho me sol per amar altri
 E dolor mi vorrei, ne so di cu.

#5. Fuggite amanti amor

Annibale Stabile

Sop.

Fug-gi-te a-man-ti Amor co-me mor te Ch'alt-ro non e ques-to cru-

Alto

Fug-gi-te a man-ti A mor co-me mor te Ch'alt-ro non e ques-to cru-

Tenor

Fug-gi-te a- man-ti A mor co-me mor te Ch'alt-ro non e ques-to cru-

Bass

Fug-gi-te a- man-ti A mor co-me mor te Ch'alt-ro non e ques-to cru-

Cimbalo

Lute

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Vocal, Keyboard, Lute) and basso continuo. The vocal parts sing "del A-mo-re ch'u-na dol-cez-za" in four staves. The keyboard part consists of chords. The lute part has six staves with various rhythmic patterns. The basso continuo part has two staves at the bottom. Figured bass notation is provided below the continuo staff.

* f# in vocal and lute parts

§ f# in keyboard and lute parts

+ C# in vocal and keyboard parts

Handwritten musical score for two voices (1st and 2nd) with lyrics in French. The score consists of six systems of music, each with two staves. The lyrics are written below the notes.

System 1:

- 1st staff: -na dol-chazza ch'a-ve-le- nail co- te Ch'alt-ro non -re
- 2nd staff: - nail co- re Ch'a-ve-le-nail co- re Ch'alt-ro no -re
- 3rd staff: ch'a-ve-le-nail co- - - - - re Ch'alt-ro non -re
- 4th staff: ch'a-ve-le-na il co- re Ch'alt-ro non -re

System 2:

1st staff: (empty)

2nd staff: (empty)

3rd staff: (empty)

4th staff: (empty)

System 3:

1st staff: (empty)

2nd staff: (empty)

3rd staff: (empty)

4th staff: (empty)

System 4:

1st staff: (empty)

2nd staff: (empty)

3rd staff: (empty)

4th staff: (empty)

System 5:

1st staff: (empty)

2nd staff: (empty)

3rd staff: (empty)

4th staff: (empty)

System 6:

1st staff: (empty)

2nd staff: (empty)

3rd staff: (empty)

4th staff: (empty)

II

Invisibil catena grata morte
 Dolce ch'apporta ogni amarozza seco
 Naven cont' occhi et noster sempre cieco.

III

Liberta cinta dinsolubil laccio
 Stanco riposo niso pien di pianto
 Tristo conforto, e lagrimoso canto

IV

Nor se produce questi frutti Amore
 Fuggasi un tal tiranno empio signore
 Ch'in lui perdon le fatiche, e l'hore

#6 Men-tr'io fuggiro

Geo. Andrea Dragoni

Sop.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Lute

Cimbalo

OBERTO

Handwritten musical score for voice, cello, and lute. The vocal part is in soprano C-clef, common time, with lyrics in Italian. The cello part is in bass F-clef, and the lute part is in treble G-clef.

The score consists of six systems of music. The first four systems show the vocal line with lyrics: "Mi tro-vai pre-so con il cri-ci", followed by a repeat sign and another line of the same lyrics. The fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics: "Mi tro-voi pre-so con il cri-ci". The sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics: "Mi tro-voi pre-so con il cri-ci".

The cello part (bass F-clef) is mostly rests, with some eighth-note patterns in the middle section. The lute part (treble G-clef) has a continuous eighth-note pattern throughout, indicated by a brace and a single measure example below it.

A note at the bottom left indicates: * F# in cimbalo and lute parts.

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano C major, common time, with lyrics in Italian. The piano part includes bass and treble staves with various dynamics and markings like forte (F), piano (P), and accents.

ne d'o-ro Da voi sig-no-ra mia Da voi sig-no-ra
 - ne do-ro Da voi sig-no-ra mia Da voi sig-no-ra
 cri-ne d'o-ro Da voi sig-no-ta mia Da voi sig-no-ra
 Da voi sig-no-ra mia Da voi sig-no-ra

*F^q in vocal and cimbalo parts

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves of music. The vocal part (top staff) has lyrics: "mia che tan-- to ho- no - ro : ♫ ♪". The cimbalom part (bottom staff) features a continuous eighth-note pattern. Measure numbers 1 through 6 are indicated above the staves.

*F# in vocal and cimbalo parts

II

I duo beg l'occhi mi rubbaro il core
Gl'andamenti il bel volto e le parole
Mi fecer diventar qual ghiaccio al sole.

III

Vissi felice al par d'ogn' altro amante
Et hor misero ohime debbo morire
Ben mio che mi convien da voi partire.

IV

Ma se il doloro a morte non mi dona
Arderò lunge se vicino agghiaccio
Mai sempre avolto nello amato impaccio.

#7. Spesso il canto ad amare Haratio Griffi

Op.

Soprano
Alto
Tenor
Bass
Cello
Cimbalo
Viola

\S Cimbalo and late parts originally in F Major.

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves of music. The music is written in common time (indicated by 'C') and uses a soprano clef. The lyrics, written in Italian, are as follows:

- re Mo- veil del fin
- re Mo- re il del fin nel ma - re
- re Mo- veil del fin nel ma - re Mo- ve il del fin
- re Mo- veil del fin nel ma - re

The score includes various musical markings such as dynamic changes (e.g., ff , f , p , pp), rests, and slurs. The lyrics are placed below the notes, corresponding to the vocal line.

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The score consists of six systems of music. The vocal parts are written in soprano and alto clef, with lyrics in Italian. The piano part is written below the vocal staves. The lyrics include "Mo-ve il del fin nel ma-", "Mo-ve il del fin nel ma-", "nel ma- re", "Mo-ve il del fin nel", "Mo-ve il del fin nel", and "Mo-ve il del fin nel ma-". The music includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with some slurs and grace notes. The score is on five-line staff paper.

- - - re Ond' al li- to ne vie- nc Per
 re Ond' al li- to ne vie- ne
 ma- re Ond' al li- to ne vic- ne per tem-prar
 re Ond' al li- to ne vie- ne Per
 re Ond' al li- to ne vie- ne Per

1st 2nd

tem-prar le sue pe-ne Per tem-prar le suo pe-ne sue pe-
ne ond-ne

Per tem-prar le sue pe-ne le sue pe- - - - - ne ond-ne

le sue pe-no per tem-prar le sue pe-ne le sue pe-
ne ond-ne

tem-prar le sue pe-ne le sue pe-
ne ond-ne

1st 2nd

II

E sopra gl'arboscelli
 Cantano ancor gl'angelli
 Sol per scemar l'ardore
 Che in loro accende Amore.

III

E i travagliati amanti
 Con dolci suoni e canti
 Hanno spesso piegato
 Donne, don kello ingrato.

IV

Se dunque il dolce canto
 Giova à gl'amanti tanto
 Ogni amante si dia
 Alla dolce harmonica.

#8 Posse un gran foco

Gio. da Pellestrina

Sop.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbalo

Lute

§ Keyboard and lute parts were originally in d min.

* A minor chord in vocal and keyboard parts

† F# in vocal and keyboard parts

- ** C# in cimbalo and lute parts

m'ar-se un tempo il cor con ri-va for-za;

che m'ar-se un tempo il cor con vi-va for-za; mas de gno giusto o-gni gran

che m'ar-se un tempo il cor con vi-va for-za; ma sdegno giusto o-gni gran

ma sdegno giusto o-gni gran

ma sdegno giusto o-gni gran foco am-mor-za
fo-co am-mor-za
foco ammor-za ma sdegno giusto o-gni gran fo-co ammor-za
fo.co ammor-za ma sdegno giusto o-gni gran fo-co am-mor-za

* C# in cimbalo and lute parts

§ F# in cimbalo and lute parts

-! Repeats in keyboard part only

II

Fu l'ardor grave ch'ogni di cresceva
 Or non mi scalda più, non pur rinforza,
 Che sdegno giusto ogni gran foco ammazza.

III

O me felice che d'Amor la fiamma
 A sospirare e a pianger non mi sfiorza,
 Che sdegno giusto ogni gran foco ammazza.

IV

Pero contento io godo, io rido e canto,
 Or che lo sdegno al cor dolcezza apporta.
 Sdegno può più chi Amor, quando ira il porta.

#9 O time crudele Amore Rhoadiana Barera

104.

Soprano: Ohi- me cru-de- le A-mo- re Fe-ce sa-lit-

Alto: Ohi- me cru-de-le A-mo re fe-ce sal-ir - mi in

Tenor: Ohi- me cru- de-le A mo- re Fe-ce sal-ir- mi in

Bass: Ohi- me cru-de- le A-mo- re Fe-ce sa-lir-mi in al-

Cimbalo:

Lute:

§ Cimbalo and lute parts were originally in C

* F# in cimbalo and lute parts

- Dot missing in 4's

A handwritten musical score on five staves. The top four staves represent vocal parts, each with lyrics in Italian: "mi in at- to Non per dar pa-ce al travagliato co-re", "al- to Non per dar pa-ce al travagliato co-", "al- to Non per dar pa-ce al travagliato co-", and "to Non per dar pa-ce al travagliato co-re". The bottom staff represents three instruments: Cimbalo (zither), Key board, and Lute. The score includes various musical markings such as dynamic signs, key changes (indicated by sharps and flats), and performance instructions like "pacca! travagliato". The time signature varies between measures, including common time and 6/8.

* C# in cimbalo and lute parts

§ F# in key board and lute parts

Mà per far-mi pe-rir
Mà per far-mi pe-rir
Mà per far-mi pe-rir
Mà per far-mi pe-rir di mag-gior sal-re
Mà per far-mi pe-rir
Mà per far-mi pe-rir

* Written as quarter notes in the original

§ ♪ missing in the original

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano clef, common time. The piano part is in common time. The score consists of six systems of music. The vocal line includes lyrics in Italian: "sal-", "-to di maggior sal-", "di maggior sal-", and a repeat of the first two lines. The piano accompaniment features various chords and rhythmic patterns. Measure numbers 1st and 2nd are indicated above certain measures.

* Sixteenth notes are written as eighths in the original

II

Non mi spiace il morire
 Per cagion così bella
 Mi doglio sol che il mio soverchi ardore
 habbia turbata la mia regia stella.

III

Però in felice vivo
 Però il dolor m'accora
 Però spargo da gl'occhi un largo rivo
 Però averra che sconsolato io mora.

IV

Pur con qualche conforto
 Fuor di vita usciria
 Se quella che nel cor scolpita io porto
 Placar potessi con la morte mia.

#10 Vedrassi prima senza luce

Gio da Pellestrina

Sopr.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbale

Wute

The vocal parts sing the following lyrics:

Soprano: Ve - drassi pri - ma sen - za luce il so - le, sen - za

Alto: Ve - drassi pri - ma sen - za luce il so - le, sen - za

Tenor: Ve - drassi pri - ma sen - za luce il so - le, sen - za

Bass: Ve - drassi pri - ma sen - za luce il so - le, sen - za

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and two instruments (Cimbalo and Lute). The vocal parts sing in Italian, while the Cimbalo and Lute parts provide harmonic support. The score includes lyrics such as "gi-re-manno in ciel tut-tu le stel-", "za luce il so-le", and "za luce il so-le". The Cimbalo part features a prominent bass line with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The Lute part provides harmonic support with chords and single-note melodic lines.

* B \natural in cimbalo and lute parts

§ C \sharp in vocal and cimbalo parts. C \sharp creates a diminished fifth

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves of music. The top four staves are for voice (soprano) and piano (right hand). The bottom two staves are for piano (left hand). The vocal parts have lyrics in Italian. The piano parts show harmonic progression with various chords and rests.

le, e gi-re-ranno in ciel tut-te le stel-le men lu-ci-dee men

le, e gi-re-ranno in ciel tut-te le stel-le men lu-ci-dee men

10 le gi-re-ranno in ciel tut-te le stel-le men lu-ci-dee men

e gi-re-ranno in ciel tut-te le stel-le men lu-ci-dee men

bel-le; che voi che voi sia-te da me ser-ri- ta e a-ma-ta,

bel-le; che voi sia-te da me ser-ri- ta e a-ma-ta,

bel-le; che voi sia-te da me ser-ri- ta e a-ma-ta,

bel-le;

bel-le; che voi sia-te da me ser-

* a minor chord in vocal and cimbalo parts

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of five systems of music. The top system has lyrics "don-na, sopra o-gni don-na" in soprano clef. The second system continues the lyrics and adds "in- - guista e in-gra-". The third system continues the lyrics and ends with a long dash. The fourth system starts with "don-na sopra o-gni" and ends with a long dash. The fifth system concludes the lyrics with "in- - guista & in-gra- - - -". The piano part is written below the vocal line, featuring bass and treble staves with various dynamics and rests.

A handwritten musical score consisting of two systems of music. The top system is for voice (soprano) and piano. The vocal line is in common time, treble clef, with lyrics in Italian: "don-na sovra o-gni don-na in-giusta e ingra-ta e ingra-ta, don-na sovra o-gni don-na in-giusta e ingra--- ta, don-na sovra o-gni don-na in--- giusta e ingra--- ta, don-na sovra o-ani do-na in guista e ingra--- --- ta". The piano accompaniment consists of bass and harmonic chords. The bottom system is for piano, featuring bass and harmonic chords in common time, bass clef.

II

Prima redransi i monti andar voltando,
 E sarà più ch'assenzio amaro il miele,
 Qual nettar dolce il fiele;
 Che voi siate da me ecc.

III

Prima vedrassi arder nel foco il ghiaccio,
 E spireranno senza noti i venti;
 Starean fermi i torrenti;
 Che voi siate da me ecc.

IV

Godete dunque il vostro amante primo,
 Ch'a più bella di voi donato ho il core,
 Ch'arde sol nel mio amore,
 E non m'inganna, e non mi da tormento;
 E però canto e rido e son contento.

#11 Di che cor mio

Gio. Maria Nanino

Sopr.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbalo

Wute

The score is in common time, key signature of A major (three sharps). Measures 1 through 6 are shown.

Soprano part lyrics:

- sprez-zi hor ma- don- na i tuoi tor- men -
- che sprez-zi ogn' hor ma- dona i tuoi tor- men
- Ogn' hor ma- don i tuoi tor- men -
- sprez-zi ogn' hor mad - donai tuoi tor- men -

Piano part dynamics and instructions:

- Flat missing in 4s in alto part but not in bass part.
- f, p, forte, dynamic markings, instruction.

it? Se-gui non dis-per-ar che cer-to ho-ma-i Mu-

tri? Se-gui non dis-pe-rar che cer-to ho-ma-

ti? seg-ui non dis-per-ar che cer-to ho-

ti? se-gui non dis-per-ar che cer-to ho-

* Note head missing in Ms - only stem

♪ F# in vocal and cimbalo parts

Handwritten musical score for two voices and lute, page 61. The score consists of six staves of music. The top two staves are for voices (soprano and alto), the middle two staves are for basso continuo (lute/bassoon), and the bottom two staves are for basso continuo (lute/bassoon). The music includes various note heads, rests, and dynamic markings like forte (f) and piano (p). The vocal parts have lyrics written below them. The lute parts show complex chords and bass lines. Measure numbers 1st and 2nd are indicated above some measures.

* B⁴ in vocal and lute parts

II

Che se di pietra al pianto
 Tuo restar più non più ch'è lungo tanto
 Cede a continua goccia per ventura
 Talhor pietra aspra e dura.

III

E se di ferro, il foco
~~Ond'anti~~ stempreràlla à poco à poco
 Che il foco per natura taglio e spezza
 Al ferro ogni durezza.

IV

Ardisci ardisci o core
 Che haverà presto fine il tuo dolore
 Non si nega giamai, cor mio, mercede
 A chi serve con fede.

#12 Se dal tuo foco attiero

Francesco Sestiano

Sopr.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbalo

Harpa

* B flat not carried across the bar line in vocal and cimbalo parts in Ms
§ Cimbalo and harp parts were originally in C Major.

lan guis-coe pe- ro co-mè che à po-co à po- co Non ti scal-

- quis-co è pe- ro comè che à po-co à po- co Non ti scal-

- co è pe- ro comè che à po-co à pu- co Non ti scal-

co è pe- ro comè che à po-co à po- co Non ti scal-

*F Major chord in vocal and cimbalo parts

§ B $\frac{4}{4}$ not carried across the bar line in vocal and cimbalo parts in MS

|- F $\frac{4}{4}$ in vocal and lute parts

1st 2nd

-di il tuo fo-co co-m'è che à -co

-di il tuo fo-co co-m'è che à -co

di il tuo fo-co co-m'è che à -co

di il tuo fo-co com'è che à -co

1st 2nd

1st 2nd

1st 2nd

II

E seda te l'adore
 Viene in me tal che mi consuma il core
 Com' è che tu non senti
 L'arte tue fiamme ardenti?

III

E fors' pietra il petto
 Ond' hai tra il duro e il ghiaccio il foco astretto.
 Che il tuo gel non offende
 Ma ogn' altro abbrucchia e incende!

IV

O pur qual serpe altrove
 Che gonfia di velen a se non noce
 Ma s'altri tocca à sorte
 Empio conduce a morte!

#13 *Bella d'Amor**Ruggerio Giovannelli*

Sop.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbalo

Lute

* B^b in vocal and cimbalo parts§ C^A in vocal and cimbalo parts

mi fus-te dol-ce et hor-sdeg-no- sa Per qual mio
 +
 pria-mi fus-te dol-ce et hor-sdeg-no- sa Per qual mio
 pria-mi fus-te dol-ce et hor-sdeg-no- sa Per qual mio
 pria-mi fus-te dol-ce et hor-sdeg-no- sa Per qual mio

* B^b in vocal and cimbalo parts

§ C[#] and F[♯] in vocal and cimbalo parts

-|- C[#] in cimbalo and lute parts

* * B^b in vocal and cimbalo parts

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and three instruments (Cimbalo, Lute, Violin). The score consists of four systems of music. The vocal parts have lyrics in Spanish. The instruments play chords and rhythmic patterns. The score is written on five-line staves with various clefs and time signatures.

* C# in cimbalo and lute parts

§ lute is only part which contains the chord third.

stra-te du-

ra Mi vi mo- stra-te du-

Mo- stra-te du- ra Mi vi mo- stra-te du-

Mo- stra-te du-

* B^b in Cimbalo and vocal parts

§ B^b in cimbalo and vocal parts

* Lute - only part which contains the chord third

\S B^b in cimbalo part

II

Altra cagion non posso imaginare
 Senon che odiato io sia per troppo amare
 Pur io merto perdono se l'arde
 Altri non scuopre il core

III

Mà segua ciò che avol spreggiato e amato
 Sarò vostra signora in ogni stato
 Che se ben sono per me stesso rile
 Amor mi fa gentile

IV

Se poi bramante il mio maggior tormento
 Fatemi d'un favore almen contento
 Siate crudeli a me quanto potete
 Così m'ucciderete

#14 Quando miro il bel volto

Paolo Quagliato

Sopr.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbalo

Wute

Quan-do mi-ro il bel vol-to
Do-ve ha na-tu-ra og-ni suo ben rac-

Quan-do mi-ro il bel vol-to
Do-ve ha na-tu-ra og-ni suo ben rac-

Quan-do mi-ro il bel vol-to
Do-ve ha na-tu-ra og-ni suo ben rac-

Quan-do mi-ro il bel vol-to

Quan-do mi-ro il bel vol-to

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano.

Top System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Do-re-ha-na-tu-ra-g-ni suo ben rac- col- to".
- Pedal point: A bass note (F) is sustained throughout the measure.

Second System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Do-re-ha-na-tu-ra-g-ni suo ben ru- col- to".
- Pedal point: A bass note (F) is sustained throughout the measure.

Third System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Do-re-ha-na-tu-ra-g-ni suo ben ra- col- to".
- Pedal point: A bass note (F) is sustained throughout the measure.

Fourth System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Do-re-ha-na-tu-ra-g-ni suo ben ra- col- to".
- Pedal point: A bass note (F) is sustained throughout the measure.

Piano Part (Bottom Staves):

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The piano part consists of eighth-note chords.
- Pedal point: A bass note (F) is sustained throughout the measure.

* # missing in Ms.

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano.

Top System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Di-co dall' Indo al-le Mau-reon-de es tre-me Non vi-de"

Second System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Di-co dall' Indo al-le Mau-reon-de es tre-me Non vi-de il"

Third System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Di-co dall' Indo al-le Mau-reon-de es tre-me Non vi-de il"

Fourth System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time (indicated by 'C').
- Notes: The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords.
- Text: "Di-co dall' Indo al-le Mau-reon-de es tre-me"

Piano Accompaniment (Bottom Staves):

- The piano part consists of two staves, one for the right hand and one for the left hand.
- The right-hand staff uses a treble clef and includes markings such as 'p' (piano), 'f', and 'ff' (fortissimo).
- The left-hand staff uses a bass clef and includes markings such as 'p' and 'ff'.
- Chords are indicated by vertical bar lines with Roman numerals (I, II, III, IV) above them.

il sol tan-te bel-lez-ze in sie-me Non vi-de il sol tan-
 sol tan-te bel-lez-ze in sie-me Non vi-de il sol tan-
 sol tan-te bel-lez-ze in sie-me Non vi-de il sol tan-
 Non vi-de il sol tan-

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves. The top four staves are for a single vocal part, likely soprano, with lyrics in German: "te bel-lez-ze in-sie-me". The vocal parts are in common time, with measures separated by vertical bar lines. The first three staves begin with a treble clef, the fourth with an alto clef, and the fifth with a bass clef. The vocal parts end with a colon and a quarter note. The bottom two staves represent the piano accompaniment, featuring a bass line with eighth-note patterns and a harmonic progression indicated by Roman numerals I, IV, V, and II. The piano parts end with a square休止符 (rest) and a double bar line.

II

Quando odo le parole
 Uniche al mondo graticose e sole
 Dico se il sol dal sommo ciel te ascolta
 O ferma il carro o cade un'altra volta

III

Quando miro il bel viso
 Che addoppia la beltà nel suo bel viso
 Ardisco dir che non è in questo mondo
 Altro a veder più grato e più giocondo

IV

Ma sè dal capo al piede
 Miro quel bel che in ogni parte siede
 Ardisco dir che in questa humana veste
 D'ogn' altra donna le bellezze haveste

#15 Tal da vostri occhi foco esce

Paolo Quagliato

Sop.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbalo

Wute

Es-ce che mi dis-trug-ge a po-co a po-
co

Es-ce che mi dis-trug-ge a po-co a po-

Es-ce che mi dis-trug-ge a po-co a po- co

Es-ce che mi dis-trug-ge a po-co a po- co

Es-ce che mi dis-trug-ge a po-co a po- co

Es-ce che mi dis-trug-ge a po-co a po- co

* E♭ not carried over the bar line in vocal and cimbalo parts

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves. The top four staves are for voice (soprano) and the bottom two are for piano. The vocal parts are in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The piano part includes bass and treble clefs. The lyrics in Italian are:

Mà si gra-to e soa-ve è quell' ar- do
Mà si gra-to e soa-ve è quell' ar- do
Mà si gra-to e soa-ve è quell' ar- do
Mà si gra-to e soa-ve è quell' ar- do

che non sen-to do - lo - re
che non sen-to do -

- re che non sen-to do - lo - re che non

re che non sen-to do - lo - re che non sen - to che non

- re che no sen - to che non sen - to do -

che non sen - to do -

Handwritten musical score for a three-part instrument, likely a harpsichord or organ. The score consists of six staves of music with various notes, rests, and dynamics. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by 'C') and the third staff is in 6/8 time (indicated by '6/8'). The fourth staff is in common time. The fifth staff is in common time. The sixth staff is in common time. The music includes notes on the treble clef staff, bass clef staff, and alto clef staff. There are several rests and dynamic markings such as 'ff' (fortissimo), 'f' (forte), 'd' (diminuendo), 'p' (pianissimo), and 'pp' (pianississimo). The lyrics 'sen-todo-' and '10.' appear in the vocal parts.

II

Le vostro freccie d'oro
 Mi stringono si l'alma ond' io ne more
 Ma si grata e soave e il laccio forte
 Che mi è dolce la morte.

III

Il v'no aspetto altiero
 Mi rende tal che ne languisco e pero
 Ma si grata è la pena e'l mio martire
 Che mi è dolce il languire.

IV

Ahi se tanto potete
 A un cenno sol perche si cruda siete !
 Deti siate prego per salute mio
 O men bella o più pia.

#16 O mio sole favo

Pompeo Stabile

Sopr.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Cimbalo

Wute

The score is handwritten on five systems of five-line music staves. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are written in G clef, while the Cimbalo and Wute parts are written in F clef. The vocal parts sing the lyrics 'O mio so-a-ve fo-co o gra-to-e' in a melodic line. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with eighth-note chords and patterns.

dol-ce io- co o- ve de - la mia don- nail cas-to a- mo-
 dol-ce io- co o- ve del - la mia don- nail cas-to a- mo-
 dol-ce io- co o. ve del - la mia don- nail cas-to a mo-
 dol-ce io- co o- ve del - la mia don- nail cas-to a- mo-

* C# not carried over bar line in vocal and cimbalo parts

1st 2nd

1st 2nd

1st 2nd

1st 2nd

1st 2nd

1st 2nd

* B flats not carried across bar line in vocal and cimbalo parts

II

O notte alma e serena
 O' ogni dolcezza piena
 Ragion è ben che le tue glorie io canti
 Tra tutti gl' altri amanti.

III

O felici sospiri
 O graditi martiri
 Poiche (v'ra merce) pietà trovai
 A gl'amorosi guai.

IV

Così cantava un giorno
 Alessi a pie d'un orno
 E per dolcezza ridicean gl'accenti
 L'Aura soave e i venti.

#17 Se'l raggio de' vostri occhi Luca Marantio

Sop. I

Sop. II

Alto

Tenor

Cimbalo

Hute

* F# in vocal and cimbalo parts

§ Cimbalo and Hute parts were originally in C Major.

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano.

Top System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time.
- Notes: Whole note, half note, whole rest, quarter note, eighth note, sixteenth note.
- Text: "Per che es-tin- ger l'in-cen-dio".

Second System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time.
- Notes: Whole note, half note, whole rest, quarter note, eighth note, sixteenth note.
- Text: "Per che e-stin-".

Third System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time.
- Notes: Whole note, half note, whole rest, quarter note, eighth note, sixteenth note.
- Text: "per che e-stin- guerlin-cen-dio non vo- k-".

Fourth System:

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time.
- Notes: Whole note, half note, whole rest, quarter note, eighth note, sixteenth note.
- Text: "per che e-stin- guerlin-cen-dio non vo- le-".

Piano Part (Bottom Staff):

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time.
- Notes: Whole note, half note, whole rest, quarter note, eighth note, sixteenth note.
- Figures: #8, #8, #8, #8.

Bottom Staves:

- Three blank staves for continuation.

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano.

Top Staff (Soprano/Voice):

- Measures 1-5: *non vo-le-te*
- Measures 6-10: *non vo-le-te*
- Measures 11-15: *non vo-le-te*
- Measures 16-20: *non vo-le-te*
- Measures 21-25: *non vo-le-te*
- Measures 26-30: *per che e-stin-*
- Measures 31-35: *guerlin-cen-*
- Measures 36-40: *dio non vo-le-*
- Measures 41-45: *-te*
- Measures 46-50: *per che e-stin-*
- Measures 51-55: *guerlin-cen-*
- Measures 56-60: *dio non vo-le-*
- Measures 61-65: *-te*
- Measures 66-70: *per che e-stin-*
- Measures 71-75: *guerlin-cen-*
- Measures 76-80: *dio non vo-le-*
- Measures 81-85: *-te*
- Measures 86-90: *per che e-stin-*
- Measures 91-95: *guerlin-cen-*
- Measures 96-100: *dio non vo-le-*

Piano Accompaniment:

- Measures 1-5: *p*
- Measures 6-10: *f*
- Measures 11-15: *p*
- Measures 16-20: *f*
- Measures 21-25: *p*
- Measures 26-30: *f*
- Measures 31-35: *p*
- Measures 36-40: *f*
- Measures 41-45: *p*
- Measures 46-50: *f*
- Measures 51-55: *p*
- Measures 56-60: *f*
- Measures 61-65: *p*
- Measures 66-70: *f*
- Measures 71-75: *p*
- Measures 76-80: *f*
- Measures 81-85: *p*
- Measures 86-90: *f*
- Measures 91-95: *p*
- Measures 96-100: *f*

A handwritten musical score consisting of six staves. The first five staves represent vocal parts: Soprano (top), Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Baritone. The lyrics are written below each staff. The sixth staff is a basso continuo part, indicated by a bassoon clef, featuring a bassoon part with slurs and a harpsichord part with a basso continuo symbol.

Staff 1: Soprano (C-clef), lyrics: te

Staff 2: Alto (C-clef), lyrics: le -

Staff 3: Tenor (F-clef), lyrics: te

Staff 4: Bass (F-clef), lyrics: ---

Staff 5: Baritone (F-clef), lyrics: te

Staff 6: Bassoon (Bassoon clef), lyrics: 2

* Fill in vocal and lute parts

II

Se mi vien da beg l'occhi e morte e vita
 Perche più tosto per mia trista sorte
 Crudel mi date sempiterna morte !

III

Sa de beg l'occhi scende un chiaro lume
 Perche ferito il sol altrove fisso
 E me in un cieco e lagrimoso abissos !

IV

Questa fia la cagion che 'l cor di tigre
 Vostro si pasce del mio amaro pianto
 E desser empio gode haver il vanto.

#18 *O miser quel che spera in donna* Paolo Bellasio

Soprano
Alto
Tenor
Bass
Cimbalo
Lute

- Lute part originally in F Major. Keyboard in C Major.
- * Five eighth notes on third and fourth beats.

- G ♫ in vocal and keyboard parts.
- ** C♯ - C ♫ line in lute only.

de sin-ce-ra che quanto el-lahà più gra-tia e più bel-lez-

de sin-ce-ra che quanto el-lahà più gra-tia e più bel-lez-

de sin-ce-ra che quanto el-lahà più gra-tia e più bel-lez-

de sin-ce-ra che quanto el-lahà più gra-tia e più bel-lez-

* G♯ in vocal and lute parts

za Tan-to men tro-va in lei Tan-to men tro-va in lei fe-

-za

Tan-to men tro-va in lei fe-de-o fer-

*
za Tan-to men tro-va in lei Tan-to men tro-va in lei fe-de-o

-za

Tan-to men tro-va in lei Tan-to men tro-va in lei fe-

Tan-to men tro-va in lei Tan-to men tro-va in lei fe-

Tan-to men tro-va in lei Tan-to men tro-va in lei fe-

Tan-to men tro-va in lei Tan-to men tro-va in lei fe-

*Rest missing in Ms

Handwritten musical score for two voices and piano.

The score consists of six systems of music, each with two staves (treble and bass) and a piano staff below. The vocal parts are in common time. The piano part is in 2/4 time.

System 1:

- Vocal Part 1: "de o fer- mez- za Tan - za".
- Vocal Part 2: "- mez- za za".
- Piano: 1st ending (1st measure), 2nd ending (2nd measure).

System 2:

- Vocal Part 1: "fer- mez- za Tan - to - za".
- Vocal Part 2: "za".
- Piano: 1st ending (1st measure), 2nd ending (2nd measure).

System 3:

- Vocal Part 1: "de o fer- mez- za".
- Vocal Part 2: "za".
- Piano: 1st ending (1st measure), 2nd ending (2nd measure).

System 4:

- Vocal Part 1: "de o fer- mez- za".
- Vocal Part 2: "za".
- Piano: 1st ending (1st measure), 2nd ending (2nd measure).

System 5:

- Vocal Part 1: "de o fer- mez- za".
- Vocal Part 2: "za".
- Piano: 1st ending (1st measure), 2nd ending (2nd measure).

System 6:

- Vocal Part 1: "de o fer- mez- za".
- Vocal Part 2: "za".
- Piano: 1st ending (1st measure), 2nd ending (2nd measure).

II

O quanto grave errore
 Commette chi si fa servo d'Amore
 Poiche godeno dell' altrui tormento
 La donna ovol tener in gioco centro.

III

O quante arti Cinganni
 Usa la donna sol per nostri danni
 Che quanti vede vorria far accessi
 E tenerli quai pesci all' hanno presi.

IV

Dunque fuggite hormai
 Giovani incanti gl'amorosi quai
 Ch' altro non può trovar ch' in donna crede
 Ch' una finta bellezza e poca fede.

19 Donna nel vasto rotto

Paolo Bellasio

Sop. I

Sop. II

Alto

Tenor

Cimbalo

Lute

Don-na nel vast-ro vol-to D'A-mor-

Don-na nel vast-ro vol-to D'A-mor- e è tutt'

Don-na nel vast-ro vol-to D'A-mor- e è tutt'il bel-

D'A-mor- e è tutt'il bel-

§ Cimbalo and Lute parts originally in F.

.....

.....

.....

Handwritten musical score for five voices and lute, page 101. The score consists of five systems of music. The top system has lyrics: "e è tutt' il bel-lo in sie-me ac- col-to" and "Ma quand' io". The second system has lyrics: "il bel-lo in sie-me ac-col-to" and "Ma quand' io io". The third system has lyrics: "-lo in sie-me ac-col-to" and "Ma quand' io io". The fourth system has lyrics: "lo in sie-me ac-col-to" and "Ma quand' io io". The fifth system ends with a basso continuo part.

*F# in vocal and lute parts
§G# in vocal and lute parts

Io ri-mi-ro
 Per so-ver-chio do-lore
 Mi-mi-ro Per so-ver-chio do-lor pian-go e
 ri-mi-ro Per so-ver-chio do-lor pian-go e
 (*)
 F# G#

* F# missing in cimbalo part
 \$ G# in vocal and cimbalo parts

A handwritten musical score for piano solo, page 103. The score consists of six staves of music. The first five staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the key signature is one sharp (F#). The lyrics are written below the first four staves:

-lor pian-goe sos-pi-ro : |

pian-goe sos-pi-ro : |

sos-pi-ro : |

sos-pi-ro : |

The sixth staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps (G#), and a common time signature. It features a basso continuo line with a bass clef and a 'P' dynamic, indicated by a bass drum symbol.

II

A me sol donna attiera
 senza cagion vi dimostrate fiera
 Che il mio fedel servire
 Altro premio non ha che ogn' hor languire.

III

Ani che stratiate a torto
 Un che u' honora e per voi vive morto
 E senza haver pietade
 S'accresce in voi ogn' hor più crudeltade.

IV

Come sopporti Amore
 Se de gl'amanti sei giusto signore
 Che questa inqua e via
 Si glory e vanti della pena mia.

#20 La Verginella è simile a la rosa

Sopr.

Alto

Tenor

Bass

La ver-gi-----nel-la è simile al la

La ver- gi- nella è simile al la

La ver - gi - nella è simile al la

La ver - gi - nella è simile al la

Mo - sa Che'n bel giardin sù la na-

Mo - sa Che'n bel giardin sù la na-

Mo - sa Che'n bel giardin sù la na-

Mo - sa Che'n bel giardin sù la na-

A handwritten musical score for three voices, likely for soprano, alto, and bass. The music is written on four staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The vocal parts are labeled with their respective names above the staves: Soprano (S), Alto (A), and Bass (B). The lyrics "ti-va spi-na" are repeated across the four measures. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 2 and 3 show melodic patterns with eighth and sixteenth note figures. Measure 4 concludes with a half note followed by a fermata. Measure 5 begins with a forte dynamic. Measures 6 and 7 show melodic patterns similar to the first section. Measure 8 concludes with a half note followed by a fermata. The score includes vertical bar lines and horizontal repeat signs.