

1. Magnificat.

à 13. 4 voc., 6 Instr., 2 Trombe, Tymp.

Neujahr 1695.

Clarino I.

Clarino II.

Tympana.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola I.

Viola II.

Viola III.

Fagotto.

Soprano.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Continuo.

Generalbaß.

Andante ($\text{♩} = 120$)

mf

C. solo

Ma - - - gni - fi - cat a - - ni - ma me - a

Do - mi - num, et ex-ul-ta-vit spi-ritus meus in De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o, in

Et ex-ul-ta-vit spi-ritus meus in De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o, in

Et ex-ul-ta-vit spi-ritus meus in De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o, in

Et ex-ul-ta-vit spi-ritus meus in De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o, in

Cap. 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 3 6

(♩ = 88)

pian.

p

f

De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o. Qui-a re-spexit hu-mi-li-ta-tem an-cil-lae su-ae; ecce

De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o. Qui-a re-spexit hu-mi-li-ta-tem an-cil-lae su-ae;

De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o. Qui-a re-spe-xit hu-mi-li-ta-tem an-cil-lae su-ae;

De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o.

Solo

mp *mf*

e - nim ex hoc be - a - tam me di - cent o - mnes ge - ne - ra - ti - o nes.
 be - a - tam me di - cent o - mnes ge - ne - ra - ti - o nes.
 o - mnes, o - mnes ge - ne - ra - ti - o nes.
 o - mnes, o - mnes ge - ne - ra - ti - o nes. Quia fe - cit mi - hi ma - gna,

6 6 6 7 8 Solo

Violini.
 Soprano.
 Basso.
 Et mi - se - ri - cor - di - a e - jus
 qui - a fe - cit mi - hi ma - gna, qui po - tens est, et sanctum no - men e - jus.

7 8 7 6 # 6

cresc. f p

Soprano.

a pro-ge-ni-e in pro-ge-ni-es, ti-menti-bus, ti-menti-bus e-um.

mf

Adagio

Fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam in brachi-o su-o.

Fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam in brachi-o su-o.

Fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam in brachi-o su-o.

Fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam, fe-cit po-ten-tiam in brachi-o su-o.

Tutti

Solo

Solo

Allegro (♩ = 108)*Adagio* (♩ = 72)*Allegro* (♩ = 88)

f *mf*

di - sper - sit, di - spersit, di - spersit su -

di - sper - sit, di - spersit su -

di - sper - sit su -

di - sper - sit, di - spersit, di - spersit, di - spersit su -

Cap.

cresc. *f*

perbos, su-per - - bos, di-spersit su-perbos, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit su-
perbos, su-per - - bos, di-sper - - sit, di-spersit su-
perbos, su-per - - bos, di-spersit su-perbos, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit su-
perbos, di-sper - - sit, di-spersit, di-spersit su-per-bos, di-

mf *cresc.*

-perbos, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit superbos mente cordis, mente cordis su - i.
 -perbos, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit superbos mente cordis, mente cordis su - i.
 -perbos, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit, di-spersit superbos mente cordis, mente cordis su - i.
 -sper - - - - sit superbos mente cordis, mente cordis su - i.

rit.
ff

Clarini.

Alto.

Tenore.

De - po - - - - - suit po - ten - tes de se - - -

De - po - - - - - suit po - ten - tes de se - - -

Solo

Allegro ($\text{♩} = 132$)

f

Violini.

de.

de.

Basso.

Et exal - ta - - - - - vit - hu - mi - les.

rit.

Allegro.

E-su-ri-en - - - tes im-ple - - vit bo - nis, e-su-ri-en - - - tes im -

E-su - ri-en - - - - - tes im-ple - vit bo-nis, e -

E - su - ri-en - - - - - tes im-ple-vit bo - nis,

E - su - ri-en - - - - - tes,

Tutti

Allegro ($\text{♩} = 132$)

mf *cresc.*

*Adagio**Ritornello*

ple-vit bo - nis, im-ple-vit bo - nis, et di-vites di-mi-sit in - a - nes.

su - ri - en - tes im-ple-vit bo - nis, et di-vites di-mi-sit in - a - nes.

e - su - ri - en - tes im - ple - vit bo - nis, et di - vites di-mi-sit in - a - nes.

e - su - ri - en - tes im-ple-vit bo - nis, et di-vites di-mi-sit in - a - nes.

6 6 5 4 # Conc. 9

Adagio (♩ = 63)*Andante* (♩ = 88)

f *ff* *p* *pp* *f*

Soprano.

Alto.

Suscepit

Suscepit

mf *cresc.* *f* *p*

Is - ra-el pu - e-rum su - um, re-cor - da - tus, re-cor - da - tus mi -

Is - ra-el pu - e-rum su - um, re-cor - da - tus, re-cor - da - tus mi -

Ritornello.

Clarini.

Tymp.

se-ri-cor-dia-e su - ae, re-cor-da - tus mi-se-ri-cor-dia-e su - ae.

se-ri-cor-dia-e su - ae, re-cor-da - tus mi-se-ri-cor-dia-e su - ae.

6 # 6 b 6 7 4 # 6 6 6 7 4 3

cresc. f

mf cresc. f

6 6 b 6 6 6 4 3

Sic - ut lo - cu - tus est ad pa - tres no - stros, A - braham et se - mi - ni e - jus, A - braham et

Sic - ut lo - cu - tus est ad pa - tres no - stros, A - braham et se - mi - ni e - jus,

Sic - ut lo - cu - tus est ad pa - tres no - stros, A - braham et se - mi - ni e - jus,

Sic - ut lo - cu - tus est ad pa - tres no - stros, A - braham et se - mi - ni e - jus, A - braham et

Tutti # # 5 6 6

f *mf* *cresc.*

Ritornello

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system contains three staves: a vocal line (treble clef) and two piano accompaniment staves (treble and bass clefs). The second system contains five staves: three vocal staves (treble clef) and two piano accompaniment staves (treble and bass clefs). The lyrics are in Latin and are written below the vocal staves.

Vocal Lyrics:

se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - la, e - jus in se - cu - la.
 A - braham et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - la.
 A - braham et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - la.
 se - mi - ni e - jus, et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - la.

Piano Accompaniment:

The piano accompaniment consists of two staves (treble and bass clefs) in each system. The first system features a melodic line in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The second system features a more complex texture with multiple voices in both hands, including a prominent melodic line in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Dynamic Markings:

f (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte) are indicated in the piano accompaniment staves.

Rehearsal Markers:

Rehearsal markers are present at the beginning of the first system and at the start of the piano accompaniment section in the second system.

Musical score for piano and strings, measures 1-10. The score is written for piano (right hand) and strings (left hand). The piano part features a complex, rhythmic melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The strings provide a steady accompaniment. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Musical score for Basso and piano, measures 11-15. The Basso part is written in bass clef and features a melodic line with lyrics: "Glo - ri - a, glo - ri - a". The piano part is written in treble and bass clefs and features a complex, rhythmic melody. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes dynamic markings: *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *rit.* (ritardando). The piano part ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

ri - a Pa - tri et fi - li - o, glo -

ri - a et Spi - ri - tu - i san - cto, et Spi -

ri - tu - i san - cto.

rit.
passagio
cresc.
rit.
f

Ritornello

Clarini.

Tymp.

Tenore.

Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o et nunc, et nunc et sem - per, et nunc, et nunc et sem - per,

T. s. 6 7 7 6 6 6

Andante (♩ = 88)

mf
f

Et in se.cula se . cu.

Et in se.cula se . cu.

Et in se.cula se . cu.

Et in se.cula se . cu.

mf *f* *f*

6 6 6 6 6 4 3 Tutti 6 7 6

lo-rum, a - - - men, a - men,

lo-rum,

lo-rum,

lo-rum, a - - - men, a - men,

Solo. 6 6 6 4 3 7 6 #

mf

The image shows a musical score for a 6-part setting of 'The Lord's Prayer' in G major, Op. 107, No. 1. The score is for voices and piano. It features six staves: Soprano, Alto, Tenor 1, Tenor 2, Bass, and Piano. The piano part includes a prelude and a postlude. The vocal parts enter in the fifth measure with the text 'The Lord's Prayer'.

men, a - men,

a - - - men,

a - - - men,

a - - -

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in three systems. The first system features a single staff in bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, with a final measure marked 'Cap:' indicating a capriccio or a change in tempo. The second system is a grand staff with a treble and bass clef, showing a harmonic accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The third system continues the grand staff, with the bass line mirroring the melody of the first system and the treble line providing harmonic support. The score is written in a clear, legible style with standard musical notation.

musical score for page 21, featuring vocal and instrumental parts. The score is written for a large ensemble, including vocalists and instruments (likely brass and woodwinds). The lyrics are "a - - - men, a - - men". The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *mf* and *Solo*. The bottom of the page features a series of musical symbols: 6, #, 4, #, Solo, 6, 6.

[illegible]

Adagio.

men, a - men, a - men, a - men.

men, a - men, a - men, a - men.

men, a - men, a - men, a - men.

men, a - men, a - men, a - men.

Solo 6 Cap: 4 3 4 3

Adagio.