

ALPHABETVM  
AVLICVM INCERTI  
AVTHORIS, HACTENVS NVL-  
LIBI TYPIS EXCVSVM.

PER EXCELLENTISSIMVM MV-  
SICVM IACOBVM REINERVVM VINEA-  
rum Symphonistam, artificiosa compositione  
concinnatum.

DISCANTVS.



B  
n° 1329. 4°

ꝝ DILINGAE, ꝝ  
Excudebat ADAMVS MELTZER.

or M. D. CIV. so

Res. Vm. 53



NOBILITATE, PRVDETIA,  
VIRTVTVMQVE ORNAMENTIS  
CONSPICVO VIRO, HIERONYMO KLOCKLER,  
Sacrae Cæsareæ Maiestati, Amplissimæq; Domui Austria-  
cæ à consilijs, superioris, ac inferioris Sueviæ Iudici Prouinciali &c.  
Domino sibi ynaice complectendo.



Vm fortè fortuito in Alphabetum ab incerto authore in aulicorum gratiam conscriptum, incidissem. Nobilis Domine, illud mihi attente legenti ac relegenti dignum visum est, Musis condere modulis & in vulnus emittere, non quod Aulam vel Aulicos aspernari, nigroq; lapillo notare velim, sed ut illis utilitatis & iucunditatis simul, permixta musices suauitate aliquod argumentum in medium afferrem. Tibi vero Nobilis Domine, has meas lucubrations inscribere deferre, ac dedicare volui, vt à morsibus Zoilorum omnia sinistrè carpentium atq; canino dente arrodentium, ob celeberrimi nominis tui famam, virtutumq; tuarum clarissimam lucem illes& conseruarentur. Quod si hunc ingenij mei fœtum ( quem tanquam grati animi beneficiorumq; memorem testem ad te mitto.) tibi gratum acceptumq; fuisse declaraueris, mihi vberiorem, animum tuum Musico concentu permulcendi atq; recreandi occasiōnem præbebis. Bene vale, meq; tuo favore prosequi perge. Date in Vinois.  
Anno M. D. CIV.

N T.

addictus

Jacobus Reinerius.

**Discantus.**

**Prima pars.**



Vlæ eadem est, ij om-

nino fides Aulæ eadem est, omnino fides, ij

quæ mobilis au ræ, blanditur sed

post mordet ceū scorpius aula, consi li js rarō meli-

oribus, vtitur vtitur Aula, dissimulet regnare di u

qui poscit in Aula, ij

A 2

Discantus.

Secunda pars.

Xulat ij integritas  
probitas & candor in Au... la Ferre moram, grande  
sophos ij grande sophos ij ridere bonos ri-  
de re bonos, censetur in Aula ij cen-  
setur ab Aula, horrent ij vera loqui cupiunt qui  
crescere in Aula, in Aula.

**Discantus.**

**Tertia pars.**



Nuidiam q ferre neqt. Inuidiam qui ferre ne-

quit Kyrie ij Kyrie qui senuere canant eley-

son in Au- la, Languent virtutes scelus at omne reg-

nat in Au- la Munc- tribus Homi-

num mentes capiuntur in Aula in Aula ij

in Au- la.

Discantus.

Quarta pars.



A musical score for two voices: Discantus (top) and Quarta pars (bottom). The music is written on five-line staves using black note heads. The Discantus part begins with a large decorative initial 'N'. The lyrics are written below the notes. The Quarta pars part begins on the third staff. The music consists of several measures of music, with the Discantus part ending on the fifth staff and the Quarta pars part continuing on the sixth staff.

Vgas Aula leues & fumos vendit in a-

nes, o tia quisquis honesta cupit procule ex-

eat Aula in terris Aula, & tua Tantale pœna est, &

tua, & tua Tantale pœna est quæstus, pri-

mus in Au- la, primus in Aula primus in

Aula, ij primus in

Aula, ij

Discantus.

Quinta pars.



Musical notation for the Quinta pars, featuring four staves of music with black note heads and vertical stems. The lyrics are written below the staves.

Ara Auis in toto est, Sinceris & Simpli-  
cibus, vœ semper in Au- la Turpe senex & in ops,  
quando in colit Aulicus Au- lam, Vitœ difficilis  
methodus benedi citur Aula, Aula.

Sexta pars.



Musical notation for the Sexta pars, featuring four staves of music with black note heads and vertical stems. The lyrics are written below the staves.

Ante retroi- bis y-  
dra aula est. capitum multorum horrenda venenis, Ze-  
nones fatue sunt, atque Trafones in Aula at que Trafo-

### **Discantus.**

### Sextapars.



**FINIS.**

