

COLLECTION MUSICALE EN FORMAT NUMÉRIQUE  
POLYPHONIES VOCALES DE LA RENAISSANCE

**Pierre de Villiers (fl.1532 - fl.1556)**

# **Faut-il pour ung verre cassé**

à quatre voix



Faul-t'il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors la cham - - - bri -  
 Fault-il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors, met - tre de-hors la cham-bri -  
 Faul-t'il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors la  
 Faul-t'il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors la cham - bri-

Detailed description: The image shows a musical score for four voices. The top staff is a soprano line in treble clef with a C-clef. The second staff is an alto line in treble clef with a C-clef. The third staff is a tenor line in bass clef with an F-clef. The bottom staff is a bass line in bass clef with an F-clef. All staves are in common time (C). The lyrics are in French and are written below each staff. The lyrics are: 'Faul-t'il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors la cham - - - bri -' for the soprano; 'Fault-il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors, met - tre de-hors la cham-bri -' for the alto; 'Faul-t'il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors la' for the tenor; and 'Faul-t'il pour ung ver - re cas - sé Met-tre de - hors la cham - bri-' for the bass. There are some musical notations like rests and a fermata in the soprano part.

8

e - re, Met - tre de - hors, Met - tre de-hors la cham - bri - e - re, Et ung chap-

e - - - re Met-tre de - hors la cham - bri - e - re, Et ung chap-

8 cham-bri - e - re, Met - tre de-hors la cham - bri - e - re,

8 e - re, Met - tre de - hors la cham - bri - e - re,

16

pe - ron de - pres - sé Que sois du tout mis en \_\_\_\_\_ ar - rie - re, que sois du

pe - ron de - pres - sé Que sois du tout, que sois du tout mis en ar - rie - - -

Et un chap - pe - ron de - pres - sé Que sois du tout mis en ar - rie -

Et un chap - pe - ron de - pres - sé Que sois du tout mis en ar - rie - re,

24

tout, Que sois du tout mis en ar - rie - re? L'a - my - tié

re Que sois du tout mis en ar - rie - re? L'a - my - tié se - roit

re, Que sois du tout mis en ar - rie - re? L'a - my - tié se - roit

Que sois du tout mis en ar - rie - re? L'a - my - tié se - roit

32

se - roit bien le - ge - re, Non pas fon - dée sur pi - lo - tis,

bien le - ge - re, Non pas fon - dée sur pi - lo -

bien le - ge - re, Non pas fon - dée sur pi - lo - tis,

bien le - ge - re, Non pas fon - dée sur pi - lo - ris,

41

Qui par \_\_\_\_\_ cou - roux met - trait \_\_\_\_\_ der - rie - re,

tis, Qui par \_\_\_\_\_ cou - roux met - trait der -

Qui par \_\_\_\_\_ cou - roux met -

Qui par \_\_\_\_\_ cou - roux

49

mert-troit der - rie - - - - - re

rie - re, met-troit der - rie - - - re, met - - - troit der - rie - re

troit der - rie - re, met-troit der - rie - - - - - re

met - troit der - rie - re, met - troit der - rie - re

Detailed description: This is a musical score for four voices, likely a choir or quartet. It consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a common time signature. The lyrics are written below the notes. The first staff begins with the number '49'. The lyrics are: 'mert-troit der - rie - - - - - re'. The second staff continues with: 'rie - re, met-troit der - rie - - - re, met - - - troit der - rie - re'. The third staff continues with: 'troit der - rie - re, met-troit der - rie - - - - - re'. The fourth staff continues with: 'met - troit der - rie - re, met - troit der - rie - re'. The music features various note values, including quarter, eighth, and half notes, with some notes beamed together. There are also rests and slurs used throughout the piece.

58

— Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - - - - - mys, des —

— Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys —

8 Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys,

8 — Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, des —

Detailed description: This is a musical score for four voices, likely SATB. The score is written on four staves. The first staff uses a soprano clef (C1), the second an alto clef (C3), the third an alto clef (C3), and the fourth a bass clef (F1). The music is in a common time signature. The lyrics are: 'Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - - - - - mys, des' for the first voice; 'Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys' for the second; 'Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys,' for the third; and 'Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, des' for the fourth. There are several rests and long notes throughout the piece.

67

The image shows a musical score for four voices, likely a choir or quartet. The score is written on four staves, each with a treble clef. The lyrics are written below the notes. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second and third staves have a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The fourth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The lyrics are: "bons a - mys. Qui par cou - des bons a - mys. Qui par des bons a - mys. Qui par bons a - mys." The lyrics are written below the notes, with some words split across lines. The first staff has "bons a - mys. Qui par cou -". The second staff has "des bons a - mys. Qui par". The third staff has "des bons a - mys. Qui par". The fourth staff has "bons a - mys.".

bons a - mys. Qui par cou -

des bons a - mys. Qui par

des bons a - mys. Qui par

bons a - mys.

75

roux met-trait — der - rie - re, mert-troit der - rie - re, met -

— cou - roux met - troit der - rie - re, met-troit der - rie - re, met -

— cou - roux met - troit der - rie - re, met-troit der - rie - re, met -

8 Qui par — cou - roux met - troit der - rie - re, met -

84

The image shows a musical score for four voices, likely a choir or quartet. It consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music is written in a style that suggests a 19th-century setting. The lyrics are in French and are distributed across the staves. The first staff has lyrics: "re Le pa - ran - gon des bons a -". The second staff has lyrics: "troit der - rie - re Le pa - ran -". The third staff has lyrics: "re Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, le". The fourth staff has lyrics: "troit der - rie - re Le pa - ran - gon des". The music features various note values, including quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes, as well as rests and slurs. The lyrics are written below the notes, with hyphens indicating syllables that span across multiple notes.

- - - - - re Le pa - ran - gon des bons a -

- - - - - troit der - rie - re Le pa - ran -

- - - - - re Le pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, le

8  
troit der - rie - re Le pa - ran - gon des

93

mys, des \_\_\_\_\_ bons \_\_\_\_\_ a - mys.  
 gon des bons a - mys \_\_\_\_\_ des bons \_\_\_\_\_ a - mys.  
 pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, des bons \_\_\_\_\_ a - mys.  
 bons a - mys, des \_\_\_\_\_ bons a - mys.

Detailed description: This is a musical score for four voices, likely a choir or quartet. It consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music is written in a style that suggests a 19th-century French setting. The lyrics are in French and are distributed across the four staves. The first staff begins with a series of dashes, indicating a vocal line that starts with a rest. The second staff begins with the word 'gon'. The third staff begins with 'pa - ran - gon'. The fourth staff begins with 'bons'. The lyrics are: 'mys, des \_\_\_\_\_ bons \_\_\_\_\_ a - mys.', 'gon des bons a - mys \_\_\_\_\_ des bons \_\_\_\_\_ a - mys.', 'pa - ran - gon des bons a - mys, des bons \_\_\_\_\_ a - mys.', and 'bons a - mys, des \_\_\_\_\_ bons a - mys.'. The music features various note values, including quarter notes, eighth notes, and half notes, with some notes beamed together. There are also rests and fermatas at the end of phrases.