

Ausgewählte klassische und moderne Kompositionen für Klavier zu vier Händen

Classical and modern Piano Duets

l = leicht (easy). m = mittelschwer (medium difficult). s = schwer (difficult).

aus dem Verlage der * * * * *

Schlesingerschen
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TRIO

in leichterem Spielweise

für

Pianoforte, Violine u. Violoncello

componirt

von

OTTO SCHMIDT.

Op. 17.

Pr. M. 6. —

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[1883]

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TRIO.

I.

Otto Schmidt, 17.

Allegro con brio.

Violino.

Violoncello.

Allegro con brio.

Piano.

f

p

molto cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

ff

ff

ff

a tempo

a tempo

2 3

b2

M 3/12
S 3/4
Op. 17

This page of musical notation consists of seven systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line (treble and bass clefs) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The piano part features a dense texture of chords and sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamic markings include *cresc.* (crescendo). The second system continues the vocal and piano parts, with a *non legato* marking in the piano part. The third system shows the vocal line continuing, with a *p* (piano) marking in the piano part. The fourth system features a *p* *leggiero* (piano, light) marking in the piano part, followed by a *molto cresc.* (much crescendo) marking. The fifth system includes a *f* *cresc.* (forte, crescendo) marking in the vocal line and a *ff* (fortissimo) marking in the piano part. The sixth system features a *ff* marking in the piano part, followed by a *decresc.* (decrescendo) marking. The seventh system includes a *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking in the vocal line and a *mf* marking in the piano part. The page concludes with a copyright notice: S 7558.

espress.

This musical score is written for piano and voice. It consists of ten systems of staves. The piano part is written in treble and bass clefs, while the voice part is in a single treble clef. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *f* (forte). Articulations include *espress.* (expressive), *dolce* (sweet), and *molto cresc.* (very increasing). The piano part features complex chordal textures and melodic lines, while the voice part has a more melodic and lyrical quality. The score is marked with a first ending bracket at the top left.

dolce

p dolce

p

mf

mf

mf

mf

cresc.

molto cresc.

poco a poco decresc. *dolce*
poco a poco decresc. *p* *dolce*
poco a poco decresc. *p*
poco rit. *a tempo* *molto*
poco rit. *a tempo* *molto*
f marcato *molto*
cresc. *ff*
cresc.
f
poco a poco cresc.
poco a poco cresc.
poco a poco molto cresc.

7354

This image shows a page of musical notation, likely for a piano and voice piece. The notation is arranged in systems, each containing a vocal line (soprano and bass clefs) and a piano accompaniment (treble and bass clefs). The music is in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs. Dynamic markings are present throughout, including 'ff' (fortissimo), 'mf' (mezzo-forte), 'espress.' (espressivo), 'poco a poco' (little by little), and 'molto cresc.' (much crescendo). The page number 'S. 7558' is visible at the bottom center.

This image shows a page of musical notation for a piano piece. The notation is arranged in several systems, each consisting of multiple staves. The music is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from piano (p) to fortissimo (ff), with some markings like 'molto cresc' (much crescendo) and 'espress' (expressive). There are also markings like 'marcato' (marked) and 'sul G' (on G). The notation is complex, with many beamed notes and slurs, indicating a fast and technically demanding piece. The page is numbered '8' in the top right corner.

5

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It consists of five systems of staves. The first system has a vocal line in treble clef and a piano accompaniment in bass clef. The second system has a vocal line in treble clef and a piano accompaniment in bass clef. The third system has a vocal line in treble clef and a piano accompaniment in bass clef. The fourth system has a vocal line in treble clef and a piano accompaniment in bass clef. The fifth system has a vocal line in treble clef and a piano accompaniment in bass clef. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs. Dynamics include *espress.*, *p dolce*, *mf*, and *cresc.*. Articulations include *8va* and *8vb*. The piano accompaniment features complex rhythmic patterns and chordal textures.

espress. *p dolce*

p dolce

mf *cresc.*

mf *cresc.*

mf *cresc.*

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a vocal line (treble and bass clef) and a piano accompaniment (treble and bass clef). The vocal line features a melodic line with a crescendo (*cresc.*) and a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a *poco* marking. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern with a crescendo (*cresc.*) and a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a *poco* marking. There is an 8-measure rest indicated by a dashed line in the piano part.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a vocal line (treble and bass clef) and a piano accompaniment (treble and bass clef). The vocal line features a melodic line with a *a poco decresc.* marking, a *dolce* marking, and a *poco rit.* marking, followed by a *a tempo* marking. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern with a *poco a poco decresc.* marking, a *p* dynamic, a *dolce* marking, a *poco rit.* marking, and a *a tempo* marking. There is an 8-measure rest indicated by a dashed line in the piano part. The system ends with a *f marc.* marking and a 3-measure rest.

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a vocal line (treble and bass clef) and a piano accompaniment (treble and bass clef). The vocal line features a melodic line with a *f* dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern with a *f* dynamic. There is an 8-measure rest indicated by a dashed line in the piano part.

Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of three staves: a vocal line (treble and bass clef) and a piano accompaniment (treble and bass clef). The vocal line features a melodic line with a *ff* dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern with a *ff* dynamic. There is an 8-measure rest indicated by a dashed line in the piano part.

Intermezzo.

II.

Un poco Allegretto.

Un poco Allegretto.

p

più f *cresc.*

più f *cresc.*

più f *cresc.*

f

First system of musical notation. The piano part (bottom) begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic, and then a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The violin part (top) also starts with *f*, includes a *pizz.* (pizzicato) marking, and ends with a *Fine* instruction. The piano part concludes with a *Fine* instruction.

Trio.

Trio section of the musical score. The piano part (bottom) features a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic and a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The violin part (top) includes an *espress.* (espressivo) marking and a *mf* dynamic. The section concludes with a *Fine* instruction. The piano part includes a *mf* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking. The violin part includes a *mf* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking. The section concludes with a *Fine* instruction. The piano part includes a *mf* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking. The violin part includes a *mf* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking. The section concludes with a *Fine* instruction.

Andante con moto.

p *espress.*
Andante con moto. *cresc.*
p *cresc.*
cresc. *espress.*
cresc.
tr.
cresc.
cresc.
dim.
dim.
dim.

Un poco agitato.

Un poco agitato.

*cresc.**cresc.**cresc.**cresc.**mf**mf*

This musical score is written for piano and voice. It consists of eight systems of staves. The piano part is written in a grand staff (treble and bass clef), and the voice part is written in a single staff (treble clef). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings. The dynamics include *cresc.* (crescendo), *ff* (fortissimo), *poco a poco decresc.* (poco a poco decrescendo), and *ff* (fortissimo). The score is numbered 11 in the top left corner.

rit. *Tempo I.*

rit. *Tempo I.*

p *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

pizz. *arco* *p dolce* *dim.* *p*

dim. *pizz.* *arco* *pizz.* *p dolce* *pizz.* *arco* *pizz.* *pp*

Rondo.

Allegro.

Allegro.
p con gusto

cresc. *p*

mf

mf

mf *pizz.* *f*

cresc.

dim. *arco* *p*

dim. *p*

This musical score page contains eight systems of staves, each with a treble and bass staff. The music is written in a key with two sharps (F# and C#) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs. Dynamics are indicated by *cresc.*, *f*, *ff*, *marcato*, *pizz.*, *arco*, and *mf*. The score shows a progression of musical ideas, with some systems featuring more complex rhythmic patterns and others focusing on melodic lines. The overall structure suggests a single melodic instrument (like a violin or flute) accompanied by a piano.

cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
f
f
cresc.
ff
marcato
ff
marcato
f
pizz.
arco
mf
mf

This page of musical notation is for a string quartet, featuring two systems of staves. The notation includes various musical elements such as dynamics, articulation, and performance instructions.

System 1:

- Staff 1 (Violin I): *espress.*
- Staff 2 (Violin II): *espress.*
- Staff 3 (Viola): *mf*, *cresc.*
- Staff 4 (Cello): *cresc.*
- Staff 5 (Double Bass): *pizz.*, *p*, *arco*

System 2:

- Staff 1 (Violin I): *arco*, *f*
- Staff 2 (Violin II): *pizz.*, *arco*, *f*
- Staff 3 (Viola): *ff*
- Staff 4 (Cello): *ff*
- Staff 5 (Double Bass): *ff*

The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs, indicating a complex and expressive piece of music.

This page of musical notation consists of seven systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line (treble and bass clefs) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The piano part features a complex, rhythmic pattern in the left hand and a more melodic line in the right hand. Dynamic markings include *ff* and *molto cresc.*. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with a *f* marking. The third system introduces a new melodic line in the vocal part, marked *f marcato*, while the piano accompaniment continues with a *ff* marking. The fourth system shows the vocal part with a *cresc.* marking and the piano part with a *f* marking. The fifth system features a *cresc.* marking in the vocal part and a *f* marking in the piano part. The sixth system shows the vocal part with a *f* marking and the piano part with a *f* marking. The seventh system continues the piano accompaniment with a *f* marking.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely from a 19th-century repertoire. It consists of several systems of staves, each containing a vocal line (soprano and bass) and a piano accompaniment (treble and bass clef). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *pp* (pianissimo) to *ff* (fortissimo). Articulations like *stacc.* (staccato) and *pizz.* (pizzicato) are used. The piece is in a key with one flat (B-flat major or D minor) and a common time signature. The notation is written in a clear, elegant style typical of the period.

ff

ff

p

p

dim.

pp

stacc.

dim.

sul G

p

con gusto

pp

p

pizz.

p

8.7558

arco
8

mf

mf

cresc.

ff

Piu mosso.

Piu mosso.

ff

ff

cresc.

cresc.

piu lento
pizz.

p

arco

ff

arco

ff

piu lento
p

ff

Presto.

Presto.

TRIO.

1

Violoncello.

Allegro con brio.

I

Otto Schmidt, Op. 17.

f *p* *molto cresc.* *ff* *a tempo* *1* *2* *3* *4* *5* *6* *7* *cresc.* *f* *ff* *mf espress.* *p dolce* *mf* *mf* *cresc.* *f* *poco a poco decresc.* *p dolce* *poco rit.* *a tempo* *marc.* *3* *2* *1* *2* *molto cresc.* *ff* *f* *poco a poco cresc.* *ff* *5* *4* *3* *2* *1* *ff* *mf espress.* *3* *2* *1* *poco a poco molto cresc.* *mf* *marc.* *ff* *6*

Violoncello.

cresc. *ff* *espr.* *mf*
p dolce
mf
cresc. *poco a poco dim.*
poco rit. *a tempo* *3* *mf* *f marcato* *3* *molto cresc.*
ff *3* *3*

Intermezzo.

II.

Un poco Allegretto.

15 *16* *piuf* *cresc.* *f* *cresc.* *legg.* *p* *pizz.* *Fine*
mf *espress.* *mf* *cresc.* *mf* *cresc.*
2 *1* *1* *2*
Intermezzo da Capo al Fine.

Violoncello.

3

Romanze.

Andante con moto.

III.

pespress. *cresc.*

p

p

dim. *f*

mf

molto cresc.

rit.

poco a poco decresc.

p *p* *cresc.*

pizz. *arco* *pizz.* *pp*

p espress.

Rondo.

Allegro.

IV.

p

mf

pizz. *f*

arco *cresc.* *f*

cresc. *ff*

Violoncello.

pizz. arco
mf cresc. *espress.*
 1 pizz. arco
p *p*
 1 pizz. arco
f
 1 *ff* *molto cresc.*
f *cresc.*
ff
 7 8 9 *p* *con gusto* *cresc.*
 pizz. arco
p 1
cresc. *ff*
 Più mosso.
ff *cresc.*
 più lento pizz. Presto.
p *arco* *ff*

TRIO.

Violino.

Allegro con brio.

I.

Otto Schmidt, Op. 17.

The musical score for Violino I is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It begins with a tempo marking of 'Allegro con brio'. The score is divided into 12 staves. Key features include:

- Staff 1: Starts with a triplet of eighth notes, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. Dynamics include *f* and *p*.
- Staff 2: Continues the melodic line with slurs and accents. Dynamics include *più f* and *ff*.
- Staff 3: Features a triplet of eighth notes and a tempo change to 'a tempo'. Dynamics include *p* and *cresc.*
- Staff 4: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *f* and *p*.
- Staff 5: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *f*, *ff*, and *mf*.
- Staff 6: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *espress.*, *p dolce*, and *mf*.
- Staff 7: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *più f*, *cresc.*, and *mf*.
- Staff 8: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *cresc.*, *f*, and *dim. poco a*.
- Staff 9: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *poco rit.*, *a tempo*, *marcato*, *poco dolce*, and *p*.
- Staff 10: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *molto cresc.*, *ff*, and *f*.
- Staff 11: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *f* and *poco a poco cresc.*
- Staff 12: A series of eighth notes with slurs. Dynamics include *ff* and *f*.

Violino.

espress.
mf *poco a poco molto cresc.*
cresc. *ff*
p *f*
cresc. *espress.* *ff*
2 *sul G* *mf* *p dolce*
più f
cresc. *mf* *cresc.* *f*
poco a poco decresc. *dolce* *p* *a tempo*
3 *mf* *f marcato* *3* *molto cresc.*
ff *3* *3* *3*

Intermezzo.

Un poco Allegretto.

II.

14
 15
p
più f *cresc.*

Violino.

3

f
f *pizz.* *Fine*
ff *pleggiere* *p*

Trio.

cantando
mf espress. *mf*
cresc. *mf* *Intermezzo da Capo al Fine*

Romanze.

III.

Andante con moto. *espress.*
p dolce *cresc.* *Un poco agitato.* *f* *cresc.* *molto cresc.* *rit.* *Tempo I.* *p* *pizz.* *arco* *p* *pizz.* *pp*

Violino.

Rondo.

Allegro.

IV.

con gusto

Violino. Rondo. Allegro. IV. Musical score for violin. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. It consists of 12 staves of music. The tempo is marked "Allegro." and the mood is "con gusto". The score includes various dynamic markings such as *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), *leggero*, *legg.*, *dim.* (diminuendo), *cresc.* (crescendo), *ff* (fortissimo), *marcato*, *espress.* (espressivo), *pizz.* (pizzicato), *arco*, and *molto cresc.* (molto crescendo). The score also features several first and second endings, indicated by the numbers 1 and 2. The music is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note passages, slurs, and dynamic contrasts.

Violino.

Violino.

8

f marcato

cresc.

f

1

ff

stacc.

p

dim.

3

sul G

pp

p

p

2

mf

ff

Più mosso.

cresc.

ff

ff

più lento pizz.

p

Presto.

arco

ff