

Catalogued.

12<sup>th</sup> Symphonic Poem

in C

Ferdinand Praeger.

Twelfth Symphonic Poem Ferdinand Praeger

in C



2

Handwritten musical score for two systems. The first system consists of two staves with notes and rests. The second system also consists of two staves, with the right staff containing the instruction "legno Allegro con fuoco". There are various annotations like "ritardando" and "all".

Ten empty musical staves.



*Allegro con fuoco*

*Ferdinand Praeger*

This is a handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of six systems of staves. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

- System 1:** Features a treble and bass clef. The tempo is marked *Allegro con fuoco*. The music begins with a series of notes in the right hand, followed by a more complex rhythmic pattern in the left hand.
- System 2:** Continues the melodic and harmonic development. There are several slurs and accents throughout.
- System 3:** Includes dynamic markings such as *dim* (diminuendo) and *meno* (meno mosso). There are also some numerical markings like '3' and '5' above notes, possibly indicating fingerings or ornaments.
- System 4:** Shows a change in texture with more complex chordal structures. A marking *meno mosso* is visible.
- System 5:** The music becomes more rhythmic and driving. There are several slurs and accents.
- System 6:** The final system includes a *ritto* (ritardando) marking and ends with a double bar line. There are some additional markings like *meno* and *ritto* near the end.

4

This is a handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of six systems of staves. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, various note values (quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in ink on aged paper and contains several performance instructions:

- dim* (diminuendo) is written in the second system.
- rall* (rallentando) is written in the fifth system.
- rit* (ritardando) is written in the fifth system.
- meno mosso* (less motion) is written in the fifth system.
- A Tempo* is written in blue ink at the bottom of the sixth system.

The score shows complex harmonic structures with frequent changes in key signature and time signature. There are also some corrections and scribbles throughout the manuscript.

Handwritten musical score system 1, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *bat* and *mf*. There are some corrections and annotations in the score.

Handwritten musical score system 2, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *mf*. The word *aggrava* is written in the left margin.

Handwritten musical score system 3, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *mf*. The word *pesante* is written in the right margin.

Handwritten musical score system 4, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *mf*. The word *sempre fin* is written in the right margin.

Handwritten musical score system 5, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *mf*. The words *rall. dim* and *sempre fin* are written in the left margin.

Handwritten musical score system 6, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *mf*. The words *p flebiliter cresc* and *si* are written in the left margin.

5

This page contains a handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of six systems of staves. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a cursive style typical of 19th-century manuscripts. The systems are as follows:

- System 1:** Features a treble and bass staff. The treble staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The bass staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. Performance instructions include *and*, *and b*, *and f*, *and b*, *and f*, *rall*, *dim*, and *dim*.
- System 2:** Continues the piece with similar notation and dynamics.
- System 3:** Shows further development of the musical themes.
- System 4:** Includes the instruction *maestoso* in the treble staff and *dim* in the bass staff.
- System 5:** Features the instruction *dim* in the bass staff.
- System 6:** The final system on the page, ending with a double bar line.

This image shows a page of handwritten musical notation, likely a score for a piano or similar instrument. The page is filled with several systems of staves, each containing a treble and bass clef. The notation is dense, featuring various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. Key performance instructions are written in italics above the staves, including "maestoso", "Andante", "riten", "dim", "espr", "p dolce", "appassionato", "dim", and "marcato". The paper shows signs of age, with some staining and a small rectangular piece of tape or paper covering a portion of the middle section. The overall style is characteristic of 19th-century musical manuscripts.

8

This image shows a page of handwritten musical notation on aged, yellowed paper. The score is written in dark ink and consists of approximately 12 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and clefs. There are several annotations and markings throughout the piece:

- Top right:** The word *marcato* is written in a cursive hand.
- Middle right:** The word *ritardando* is written vertically.
- Bottom right:** The word *piu lento* is written above a section of the score.
- Bottom center:** The word *con fuoco* is written above a section.
- Bottom center:** The word *Allegro* is written above a section.
- Bottom center:** The word *subito* is written above a section.

The paper shows signs of age, including some staining and a slightly uneven texture. The handwriting is fluid and characteristic of the 19th-century manuscript tradition.

Handwritten musical score system 1, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The word *risoluto* is written in the right margin of the system.

Handwritten musical score system 2, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The word *con passione* is written in the right margin of the system.

Handwritten musical score system 3, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The word *stringendo* is written in the right margin of the system.

Handwritten musical score system 4, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The word *sempre allargando* is written in the right margin of the system.

Handwritten musical score system 5, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The word *rit.* is written in the right margin of the system.

Four empty musical staves at the bottom of the page.

10

*Intermezzo.*

Handwritten musical score for *Intermezzo*. The score consists of eight systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The music is written in a style characteristic of the early 19th century, with frequent accidentals and complex phrasing. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes several dynamic markings and performance instructions:

- more* (written above the second system)
- flute* (written above the fourth system)
- tranquillo* (written above the fifth system)
- more* (written below the fifth system)
- rall* (written below the sixth system)
- Allegretto* (written above the seventh system)
- dim* (written below the eighth system)
- Allegro* (written above the eighth system)
- lento* (written above the eighth system)
- dim sempre rall* (written below the eighth system)

The score is written on aged, yellowed paper with some staining and a small piece of tape on the left side. The handwriting is in dark ink, and the overall appearance is that of a historical manuscript.

# Adagio religioso

*Fresante*

3/4. 1883

*dim*

(11)

Handwritten musical notation on a grand staff. The right hand part begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The left hand part begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked *Adagio religioso*. The first measure of the right hand contains the word *legato*. The first measure of the left hand contains the word *res*. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. The word *dim* is written above the right hand part.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. The word *sostenuto* is written above the right hand part. The word *dim* is written below the left hand part. The word *cres* is written below the right hand part.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. The word *dim* is written above the right hand part.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The tempo is marked *Allegro*. The word *cresc assai* is written below the right hand part.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The tempo is marked *Andante*. The word *dim* is written above the right hand part.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. The word *dim* is written above the right hand part.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. The word *dim* is written above the right hand part.

Continuation of the handwritten musical notation. The right hand part continues with a treble clef. The left hand part continues with a bass clef. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. The word *mi* is written below the left hand part. The word *cresc* is written below the left hand part. The word *sf* is written below the left hand part.

12

*pp* *cresc* *pp dolc*

*pp* *cresc* *pp* *pp* *cresc* *pp* *pp* *dolente*

This is a handwritten musical score consisting of ten staves. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style. The dynamics range from *pp* (pianissimo) to *cresc* (crescendo) and *dolente* (dolente). The notation includes many accidentals (sharps and flats) and complex rhythmic patterns. The staves are connected by horizontal lines, and there are several large slurs and phrasing marks throughout the piece. The paper shows signs of age, with some staining and discoloration.

*Adagio cont*

Handwritten musical notation for the first system, featuring a treble and bass clef with various notes and rests.

Handwritten musical notation for the second system, including the instruction *cresc assai* and dynamic markings *f* and *p*.

Handwritten musical notation for the third system, including the instruction *rit* and the word *cres*.

Handwritten musical notation for the fourth system, showing complex chordal structures and accidentals.

Handwritten musical notation for the fifth system, including the instruction *rall* and *sempre più lento.*

Handwritten musical notation for the sixth system, showing a final cadence with a double bar line.

Empty musical staves at the bottom of the page.



# Finale

Ferdinand Praeger  
Good Friday  
1868

(15)

*Allegro*

*mf* *cresc*

*53* *marc.*

*dim*

*f* *risoluto*

*9i* *9i* *acc*

5 5 5 5 5

16

This image shows a page of handwritten musical notation, likely a score for a piano or similar instrument. The page is numbered '16' in the top left corner. It contains six systems of music, each consisting of two staves. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The paper is aged and shows some wear, including a small tear near the top right and some discoloration. The handwriting is in dark ink, and the overall appearance is that of a historical manuscript.

Key features of the notation include:

- Dynamic markings:** *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *rall* (rallentando), and *fuoco* (fuerza).
- Articulation:** Slurs and accents are used throughout the piece.
- Structural markers:** A large bracket spans across the first two systems, and another bracket is visible in the third system.
- Key signature and Time Signature:** The key signature appears to be one sharp (F#), and the time signature is not clearly legible but likely 2/4 or 3/4.

*con forza*

*lento*

*meno*

*molto*

*p dolce*

*in vigoroso*

18

This image shows a page of handwritten musical notation, likely a piano score, consisting of six systems of staves. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, clefs, and dynamic markings. The paper is aged and shows some wear.

The first system begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second system includes the dynamic marking *mf*. The third system includes the dynamic marking *mf* and features some crossed-out or heavily scribbled-out passages. The fourth system includes the dynamic marking *mf*. The fifth system includes the dynamic marking *con dispersione*. The sixth system continues the musical notation.

This is a page of handwritten musical notation, likely a score for a symphony or concerto. The page is numbered '19' in the top right corner. The notation is written in dark ink on aged, yellowish paper. It consists of approximately 12 staves, with the first two staves of each system being a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The music is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 3/4. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs. There are several dynamic markings and performance instructions written in italics: 'dim' (diminuendo) at the top, 'risoluto' (resolute) at the top right, 'rall' (rallentando) in the middle, 'trionfante' (triumphant) in the lower middle, 'marcato' (marked) below that, and 'con forza' (with force) at the bottom. The handwriting is fluid and characteristic of the 19th-century manuscript tradition.

20

This page contains a handwritten musical score on aged, yellowed paper. The score is written in black ink and consists of approximately 12 staves of music. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings. A prominent marking 'cresc' is written above the first staff. The music is densely written with many accidentals (sharps and flats) and slurs. There are several large, sweeping slurs across multiple staves, indicating phrasing or breath marks. The paper shows signs of age, including some staining and foxing. At the bottom of the page, there are several empty staves.

*Maestoso  
ritornello*