



# Concertino

pour la

## FLÛTE

avec Accompagnement d'Orchestre

OU DE

## PIANO

PAR

# H. SOUSSMAN

OP 19.

N° 5171.

Avec acc: de Piano

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**FLÛTE PRINCIPALE.**

**CONCERTINO.**

**H. SOUSSMAN, OP. 19.**



# CONCERTINO.

FLÛTE PRINCIPALE.

H. SOUSSMAN, OP. 19.

Allegro ma non troppo.

45 17 1 Solo

*f*

*mf*

5



The musical score is written for a Flute Principal in G major. It consists of 13 staves. The first 10 staves are filled with intricate melodic passages, heavily slurred and tied across measures. The 11th staff begins with a forte (*ff*) dynamic marking. The 12th staff features trills (*tr*) and fingerings (1-7). The 13th staff continues with fingerings (1-7) and concludes with a final melodic phrase marked with a double bar line and the number 31.



## FLÛTE PRINCIPALE.

*f* *ad libitum*  
Adagio.

20

6

2

*ad libitum*  
rall.

RONDO.  
Allegretto.

31

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for the Flute Principal. It contains two main sections. The first section, marked 'Adagio', begins with a dynamic of *f* and a tempo of *ad libitum*. It features a long, sweeping melodic line with many slurs and trills, spanning across multiple staves. Measure numbers 20, 6, and 2 are visible. The second section, marked 'RONDO. Allegretto', begins with a new melodic line. It includes a 'rall.' (rallentando) marking. The score ends with measure number 31. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4.



*cresc.* *ff* *sec.*



## FLÛTE PRINCIPALE.

*p*

16

*ppp*

*ff*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*cresc.* *f*

*a tempo*

*rall. e dimin. dolce*



*rall. e dimin.*

*a tempo*

*ff*

*Fine*



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# CONCERTINO.

H. SOUSSMAN, OP. 19.

Allegro ma non troppo.

FLÛTE.

PIANO.

*f* *p dolce* *mf* *p dolce* *cresc.* *ff*

14h1/464







musical score for piano, featuring six systems of staves. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The piece is marked with 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte) dynamics, and includes a 'crescendo' marking. The notation is complex, with many beamed notes and slurs.

Dynamic markings: *p*, *f*, *crescendo*.

Section markings: *Solo*.





The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It features a series of rapid sixteenth-note runs. The bottom two staves are a grand staff with a treble and bass clef, also in two sharps. They provide harmonic support with chords and moving lines. A dynamic marking of *p* (piano) is placed below the bass staff.



The second system continues the musical piece. The top staff has more rapid sixteenth-note passages. The grand staff below continues with harmonic accompaniment. A dynamic marking of *p* is present at the beginning of the system, and another *p* appears further along in the bass staff.



The third system shows a continuation of the melodic and harmonic themes. The top staff features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. The grand staff provides a steady accompaniment with various chordal textures.



The fourth system is characterized by a more active bass line in the grand staff, with frequent eighth-note patterns. The top staff has some rests, suggesting a melodic break or a focus on the accompaniment.



The fifth system begins with a dynamic marking of *mf* (mezzo-forte) and the word "Solo" above the top staff. The top staff contains a complex, fast-moving melodic line. The grand staff below continues with accompaniment, with a dynamic marking of *p* in the bass staff.



Handwritten musical notation on page 6, featuring six systems of music. Each system consists of a single melodic line and a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The notation is in a key with two sharps (F# and C#) and a 3/4 time signature. The music is highly rhythmic, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The first system has a 'p' dynamic marking. The second system has a 'p' dynamic marking. The third system has a 'p' dynamic marking. The fourth system has a 'p' dynamic marking. The fifth system has a 'p' dynamic marking. The sixth system has a 'p' dynamic marking. The notation is written in a cursive, handwritten style.





The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It features a continuous, rapid sixteenth-note scale-like passage. The bottom two staves are grouped by a brace and represent a piano accompaniment. The right-hand piano staff has a key signature of two sharps and contains a series of chords, mostly triads, with some sixteenth-note movement. The left-hand piano staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps and contains a simple bass line with quarter and eighth notes. A dynamic marking of *f* (forte) is placed above the right-hand piano staff, and a *p* (piano) marking is placed above the left-hand piano staff.



The second system of musical notation continues the piece. The top staff maintains the rapid sixteenth-note melodic line. The piano accompaniment in the bottom two staves continues with similar chordal textures and a steady bass line. The key signature remains two sharps.



The third system of musical notation shows the continuation of the melodic and accompanimental parts. The top staff's melodic line is highly active. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with chords and a consistent bass line. The key signature remains two sharps.



The fourth system of musical notation features the same melodic and accompanimental structures. The top staff continues with its rapid sixteenth-note pattern. The piano accompaniment consists of chords and a bass line. The key signature remains two sharps.



The fifth system of musical notation concludes the page. The top staff continues with the rapid sixteenth-note melodic line. The piano accompaniment in the bottom two staves features chords and a bass line. The key signature remains two sharps.



The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line with a treble clef, featuring a series of sixteenth-note runs and slurs. The middle and bottom staves are grouped by a brace, representing a piano accompaniment. The middle staff has a treble clef and contains chords and moving lines, while the bottom staff has a bass clef and provides a harmonic foundation with chords and a steady eighth-note pattern. A piano dynamic marking (*p*) is placed at the beginning of the piano part.

The second system continues the musical piece with three staves. The top staff maintains its melodic role with intricate sixteenth-note passages. The piano accompaniment in the middle and bottom staves continues with a similar texture of chords and moving lines, maintaining the harmonic support for the melody.

The third system of musical notation also consists of three staves. The melodic line in the top staff continues with its characteristic sixteenth-note runs. The piano accompaniment in the middle and bottom staves provides a consistent harmonic background, with the middle staff featuring more complex chordal structures and the bottom staff maintaining a steady rhythmic pattern.

The fourth system of musical notation is unique, consisting of three staves. The top staff contains a continuous, dense sixteenth-note melodic line. The middle and bottom staves, which would typically be the piano accompaniment, are mostly empty, with only a few initial notes and rests, suggesting a section where the piano part is silent or the focus is entirely on the melodic line.

The fifth system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff features a very dense, rapid sixteenth-note passage. The middle and bottom staves show a change in dynamics, with a piano (*p*) marking in the middle staff and a fortissimo (*ff*) marking in the bottom staff. The piano part in the middle and bottom staves includes some chordal figures and rests, contrasting with the intense melodic activity in the top staff.



This page of a handwritten musical score, page 9, features six systems of music for piano. Each system consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature is D major (two sharps). The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, beams, slurs, and dynamic markings. The first system begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second system includes a piano (p) dynamic marking. The third system includes an all (all) marking. The fourth system includes an all (all) marking. The fifth system includes an all (all) marking. The sixth system includes an all (all) marking. The score is written in a clear, legible hand.







First system of the musical score. The upper staff (treble clef) begins with a trill (tr) and a forte (f) dynamic marking, followed by a long, flowing melodic line marked *ad libitum*. The lower staff (bass clef) contains a *Cadenza* section, indicated by the word above the staff.

Adagio.

Second system of the musical score, marked *Adagio*. The upper staff (treble clef) features a melodic line with a trill (tr) and a piano (p) dynamic marking. The lower staff (bass clef) provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines.

Third system of the musical score. The upper staff (treble clef) continues the melodic development with a trill (tr) and a piano (p) dynamic marking. The lower staff (bass clef) maintains the harmonic structure with various chordal textures.

Fourth system of the musical score. The upper staff (treble clef) shows a melodic line with a trill (tr) and a piano (p) dynamic marking. The lower staff (bass clef) features a forte (f) dynamic marking and continues the harmonic accompaniment.

Fifth system of the musical score. The upper staff (treble clef) continues the melodic line with a trill (tr) and a piano (p) dynamic marking. The lower staff (bass clef) features a forte (f) dynamic marking and continues the harmonic accompaniment.





The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a 2/4 time signature. It features a series of eighth-note runs, some with slurs and grace notes. The bottom two staves are a grand staff in treble and bass clefs, also with a key signature of three sharps. They contain block chords and sustained notes, with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking in the bass staff.



The second system continues the musical piece. The top staff has more eighth-note runs. The grand staff below features block chords and some moving lines, with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking in the bass staff.



The third system shows the continuation of the melody in the top staff. The grand staff below has block chords and some moving lines, with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking in the bass staff.



The fourth system features a dense, rapid eighth-note run in the top staff. The grand staff below has block chords and some moving lines, with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking in the bass staff.



The fifth system concludes the page. The top staff includes a trill (*tr*) and some rests. The grand staff below has block chords and some moving lines, with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking in the bass staff.



*ad libitum* *rall*

**RONDO.**  
**Allegretto.**

*p*

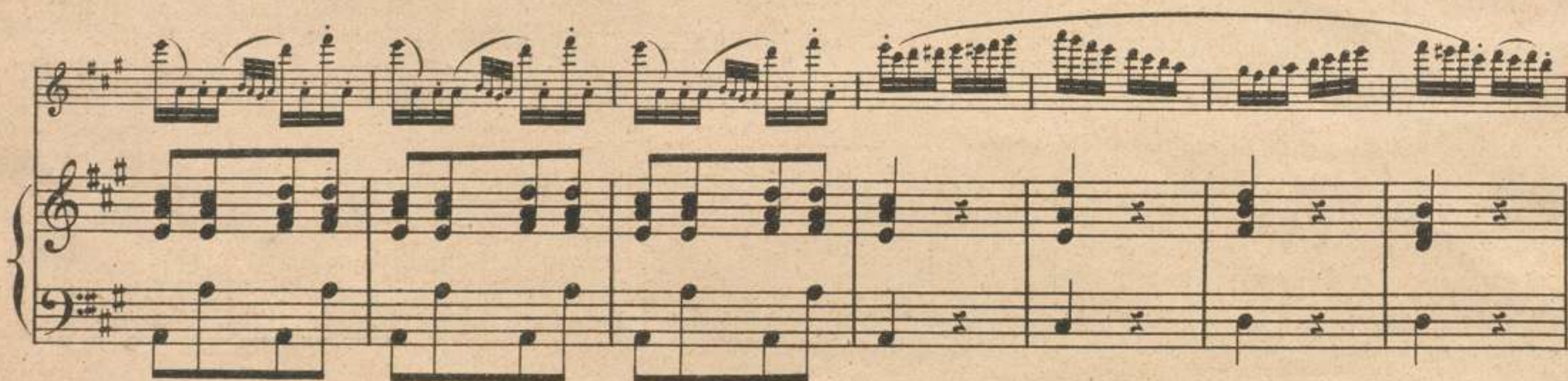
















The first system of musical notation consists of a single melodic line in treble clef and a piano accompaniment in grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melodic line features a series of sixteenth-note runs and slurs. The piano accompaniment includes a *p* (piano) dynamic marking in the right hand.



The second system of musical notation continues the melodic and piano parts. The melodic line includes a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking and a *ff* (fortissimo) marking. The piano accompaniment features a *sec.* (second ending) marking. The piano part includes a *p* (piano) dynamic marking.



The third system of musical notation shows the continuation of the melodic and piano parts. The piano accompaniment includes a *p* (piano) dynamic marking in the right hand.



The fourth system of musical notation continues the melodic and piano parts. The piano accompaniment includes a *f* (forte) dynamic marking in the right hand.



The fifth system of musical notation shows the continuation of the melodic and piano parts. The piano accompaniment includes a *p* (piano) dynamic marking in the right hand.



This page of musical notation consists of six systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#). The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

- System 1:** The first system shows a treble staff with a whole rest and a bass staff with a series of chords. Dynamics include *resc.* and *f*.
- System 2:** The second system features a treble staff with a *ppp* marking and a bass staff with a *Solo* marking and a *pp* marking. It includes a trill (*tr*) in the treble staff.
- System 3:** The third system continues the musical development with various note values and rests.
- System 4:** The fourth system includes a *cresc.* marking in the treble staff and a *ff* marking in the bass staff. It also features a trill (*tr*) in the treble staff.
- System 5:** The fifth system shows a *mf* marking in the bass staff and continues the musical progression.
- System 6:** The sixth system concludes the page with a series of chords in both staves.









First system of musical notation. The upper staff features a melodic line with a trill and a crescendo marking (*cresc.*). The lower staff includes a fortissimo marking (*ff*) and a piano marking (*p*).



Second system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a fortissimo marking (*f*) and a trill. The lower staff also begins with a fortissimo marking (*f*).



Third system of musical notation. The upper staff includes the instruction *a tempo* and the marking *rall. e dimin. dolce*. The lower staff includes the marking *rall.* and a piano marking (*p*).



Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line. The lower staff features a series of chords.



Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the melodic line. The lower staff features a series of chords.





First system of musical notation. The upper staff features a complex, rapid melodic line with many beamed sixteenth notes. The lower staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo/mood markings *rall. e dim.* are placed above the upper staff, and *rall. dim* are placed above the lower staff.



Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the rapid melodic line. The lower staff has a more active role, with the tempo/mood marking *a tempo.* placed above the first few measures. The key signature remains two sharps.



Third system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the rapid melodic line. The lower staff has a more active role, with the tempo/mood marking *a tempo.* placed above the first few measures. The key signature remains two sharps.



Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the rapid melodic line. The lower staff has a more active role, with the tempo/mood marking *a tempo.* placed above the first few measures. The key signature remains two sharps.



Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the rapid melodic line. The lower staff has a more active role, with the tempo/mood marking *a tempo.* placed above the first few measures. The key signature remains two sharps.





The first system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff is a single melodic line with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It features a series of sixteenth-note runs and slurs. The middle and bottom staves are grouped by a brace and represent a piano accompaniment. The middle staff has a treble clef and contains a simple melodic line. The bottom staff has a bass clef and contains a bass line with some chords and rests.



The second system of musical notation also consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melodic line from the first system. The middle and bottom staves are grouped by a brace. The middle staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line with some slurs. The bottom staff has a bass clef and contains a bass line. The word "cresc." is written in the middle of the system, indicating a crescendo.



The third system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melodic line. The middle and bottom staves are grouped by a brace. The middle staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The bottom staff has a bass clef and contains a bass line. The system ends with a double bar line.



The fourth system of musical notation consists of three staves. The top staff continues the melodic line. The middle and bottom staves are grouped by a brace. The middle staff has a treble clef and contains a melodic line. The bottom staff has a bass clef and contains a bass line. The system ends with a double bar line.



# ADOLPH TERSCHAK

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- 6. *Bériot*. Andante du 7<sup>e</sup> Concerto . . .
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- 7bis. id. Edition de Concert
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- 15. *Salaman*. Cloëlia, Romance
- 16. *Ravina*. Adoremus, Mélodie religieuse . . .
- 17. *Schulhoff*. 2<sup>me</sup> Styrienne orig
- 18. *Burgmüller*. La Fête des Gondoliers . . .
- 23. *Godefroid*. Tyrol. favorite
- 24. *Gobbaerts*. Tramway Galop
- 26. *Czibulka*. Gavotte royale
- 27. *Schulhoff*. Chant de la berc.
- 29. *Gottschalk*. Le Bananier . . .
- 30. " Berceuse . . .
- 31. *Ketterer*. La Norvégienne
- 32. *Leybach*. 1<sup>re</sup> Boléro brillant
- 33. " Le Vendangeuses
- 34. *Tschaikowski*. Chant sans paroles . . .
- 36. *Bourgeois*. La vérité. Manola
- 37. *Ascher*. A Léonora, Noct.
- 38. *Schulhoff*. Op. 23. Chant du Berger, Idylle . . .
- 40. *Merkel*. Valse Impromptu
- 42. *Kinkel*. Confidences . . .
- 43. *Czibulka*. Scène de Ballet
- 46. *Comettant*. La Sympathie
- 50. *Lebierre*. Fidelia, Danse espagnole . . .
- 51. *d'Orso*. Habanera . . .
- 52. *Ascher*. Vaillance, Polka militaire . . .

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- Les Soirées musicales arrangées. L'Invito, Boléro . . .
- La Danza, Tarantella . . .

## Rucquoy, F. Les Echos d'Alsace, Fantaisie . . .

## Schindlöcker, W. Air varié, avec acc. de Violon, Alto et Basse . . .

## Schoemann, G. H. Andante et Polka de Concert . . .

## Silveira, J. P., de. Fleur de la nuit, Fantaisie sur un motif original, Op. 1 . . .

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## Steckmest, H. 6 Transcriptions. Op. 16.

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- 2. Im Rosenduft. Schwedisches Lied . . .
- 3. Lang, lang ist's her, Irisches Volkslied . . .
- 4. Robin Adair. Schottische Ballade . . .
- 5. Der rothe Sarafan. Russisches Volkslied . . .
- 6. Santa Lucia Neapolitanisches Volkslied . . .

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## Terschak, A. 6 Chansons sans paroles. Op. 9. En 2 Suites.

- Suite 1 { No. 1. Barcarolle . . . }  
2. Chanson d'amour . . . }  
3. Berceuse . . . }  
Suite 2 { 4. Coquetterie . . . }  
5. La Prière . . . }  
6. La Joie . . . }

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## The last rose of Summer, transcr.

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## Polka-Caprice. Op. 170 . . .

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## Parties de Quintuor

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## — Air varié brillant. Op. 98 . . .

## — Variations. Op. 25, de *Mayseder*, arr. . . . .

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## — Variations brillantes. Op. 40, de *Mayseder*, arr. . . . .

## — Air de *Rode* (Op. 10), varié . . .

## En Quatuor

## Uber, A. Variations. Op. 40, avec acc. de Violon, Alto et Violoncelle.

## No. 1. Ist denn Liebe ein Verbrechen? . . .

## 2. Andante varié . . .

## 3. Danse hongroise . . .

## 4. Air norvégien . . .

## 5. Andante varié . . .

## 6. Andantino varié . . .

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## Wysham, H. C. 3 Morceaux poétiques.

## No. 1. Chanson du soir, Nocturne

## 2. Réverie . . .

## 3. Rosemary, Idylle . . .

## Yradiér, S. de. La Paloma (The Dove). Sérénade espagnole arr. *Q. Langey*

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