

Furpdin

OPER IN ZWEI AKTEN

VON

J. SCHNITZER

Musik

VON

S. BACHRICH.

EINZUGS-MARSCH : $\frac{\text{fl. } .60}{\text{Mk. } 1.-}$

POTPOURRI : $\frac{\text{fl. } 1.50}{\text{Mk. } 2.50}$

WALZER : $\frac{\text{fl. } 1.-}{\text{Mk. } 1.80}$

Den internationalen Verträgen gemäß deponirt.

Arrangements vorbehalten.

VERLAG VON

EM. WETZLER

Deposé a Paris.

Wien, I. Kärntnerring 11.

Ent. Sta. Hall London.

MUZZEDIN-WALZER

von

S. Bachrich.

Moderato.

The first system of musical notation for the 'Muzzedin-Walzer'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The music begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic in the bass and piano (*p*) in the treble. A long melodic line is written across the top of the treble staff, spanning several measures. The bass line provides harmonic support with chords and single notes.

The second system of musical notation. It continues the piece with piano (*p*) dynamics in both staves. The treble staff features a series of chords and some melodic movement, while the bass staff continues with a steady accompaniment. The system concludes with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic marking.

The third system of musical notation. It features a piano (*p*) dynamic. The treble staff has a more active melodic line with eighth notes, while the bass staff remains primarily chordal. The system ends with a long note in the treble.

The fourth system of musical notation. It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The tempo changes to 'rit.' (ritardando) and then back to 'a tempo.' (allegretto). The system ends with a piano (*p*) dynamic. A circular library stamp is visible in the lower right corner of this system, reading 'CHARLES MATHIAS' and '1893'.



First system of musical notation, piano (*p*) dynamics. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff features a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and a few rests. The lower staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. A horizontal line with a wedge indicates a crescendo or decrescendo across the system.

Second system of musical notation, piano (*p*) dynamics. Similar to the first system, it has two staves. The upper staff continues the melodic line with various note values and rests. The lower staff continues the accompaniment. A horizontal line with a wedge is present.

Third system of musical notation, featuring forte (*f*) and piano (*p*) dynamics. The system has two staves. The upper staff includes a triplet of eighth notes. The lower staff has chords and single notes. A horizontal line with a wedge is present.

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring piano (*p*) and forte (*f*) dynamics. The system has two staves. The upper staff shows a change in melody. The lower staff has chords and single notes. A horizontal line with a wedge is present.

Fifth system of musical notation, marked "Wiegend." (lullaby). The system has two staves. The upper staff begins with a key signature change to two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and features a simple, slow melody. The lower staff has chords and single notes. A horizontal line with a wedge is present.



a tempo.

pp

cresc.

f

p

p

p dolce

mf

f

mf



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