

Proptera Domini nostri Iesu Christi Soc*ci*o*n* Loam*ne* 688 in May*o*

Pro*pt*er domini nostri Iesu Christi

D*e*gl*or*g*o* i*n* S*an*ct*o* M*ay*o

49 | 670-688.

Passio dñi nři jesu christi



Repetatur suo loco.

Repetatur suo loco.

N.B.



Sedmioānē. a' ihso. in slāktio.



78994
R. **o** unquid et tu ex discipulis
es hominis isti
N. **o** us.
on
S. **o** su.
ic respōdes pōti- fici.

Duo.

R



unquid et

tu

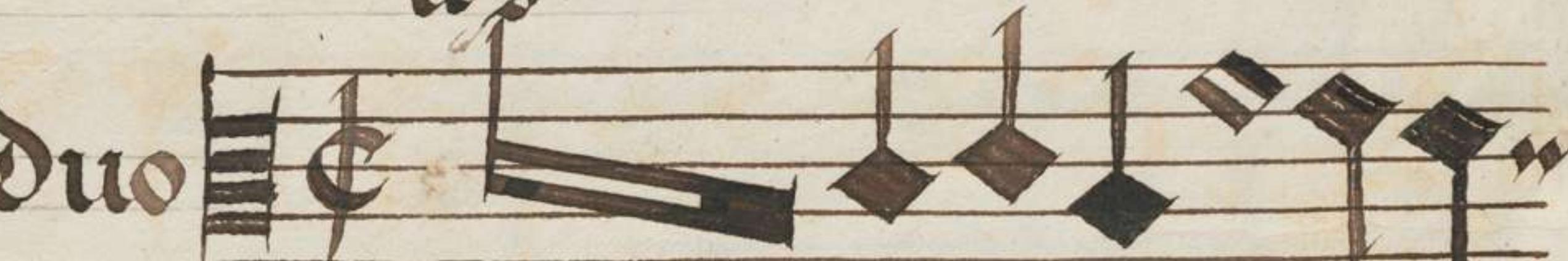


ex discipulis es hominis isti



us.

N



on



sum.

S



ic respon des



pōti

fici.





Duo.



Duo.



Duo.



Duo.







duo.

A 2: f. ccipite

90

eū vos et secūdū legē ve

vestrā iu dica te e-

um.

This image shows a page from a medieval manuscript containing musical notation and Latin text. The music is written on four-line red-staff notation with black ink neumes. The text is in a Gothic script. The page is aged and shows some staining.

.Duo.

A

ccipite e um

vos et secūdū legē vestrā iudicate

um.



9
Q obis nō licet inter-
ficer quēquam.

Q obis nō licet interfice-
re quēquam.

Q obis nō licet inter-
ficer quēquam quēquam.

•Duo.



•Duo.



Duo.

The image shows three staves of Gregorian chant notation on four-line red staves. The notation uses square neumes. The first staff begins with a large initial 'C' and contains the text 'Ves rex Iudeo'. The second staff begins with a large initial 'R' and contains the text 'um'. The third staff begins with a large initial 'H' and contains the text 'bi quid feci'. The music is divided by vertical bar lines and ends with a final bar line at the bottom.

Ves rex Iudeo

um

bi quid feci

14
.Duo.

14

Ego Rex es
Rgo Rex es

tu.

15
.Duo Quid est illa
ve ritas.

This image shows two staves of Gregorian chant notation from a medieval manuscript. The notation uses square neumes on four-line red staves. The first staff begins with a large initial 'E' and contains the text 'Ego Rex es' followed by 'tu.'. The second staff begins with a large initial 'Q' and contains the text 'Quid est illa' followed by 've ritas.'. The page number '14' is in the top left corner, and '15' is in the bottom left corner.

•Duo.



•Duo.









13

bis in pascha vultis ergo vtdi-
mittā vobis Re- ge Ju- de
orū Regē Judeorū.

bis in pac- ocha vultis ex-
go vtdmit tā vobis Regē Judeo-
rum.



ba- zabbam.



on hūc sed barabbā.
ue rex Ju deo
iudeoz.

on hūc sed barabbā.
ue Rex iudeo xū.
on hūc sed barabbā.
ue Rex iudeo xū.
Judeorum.







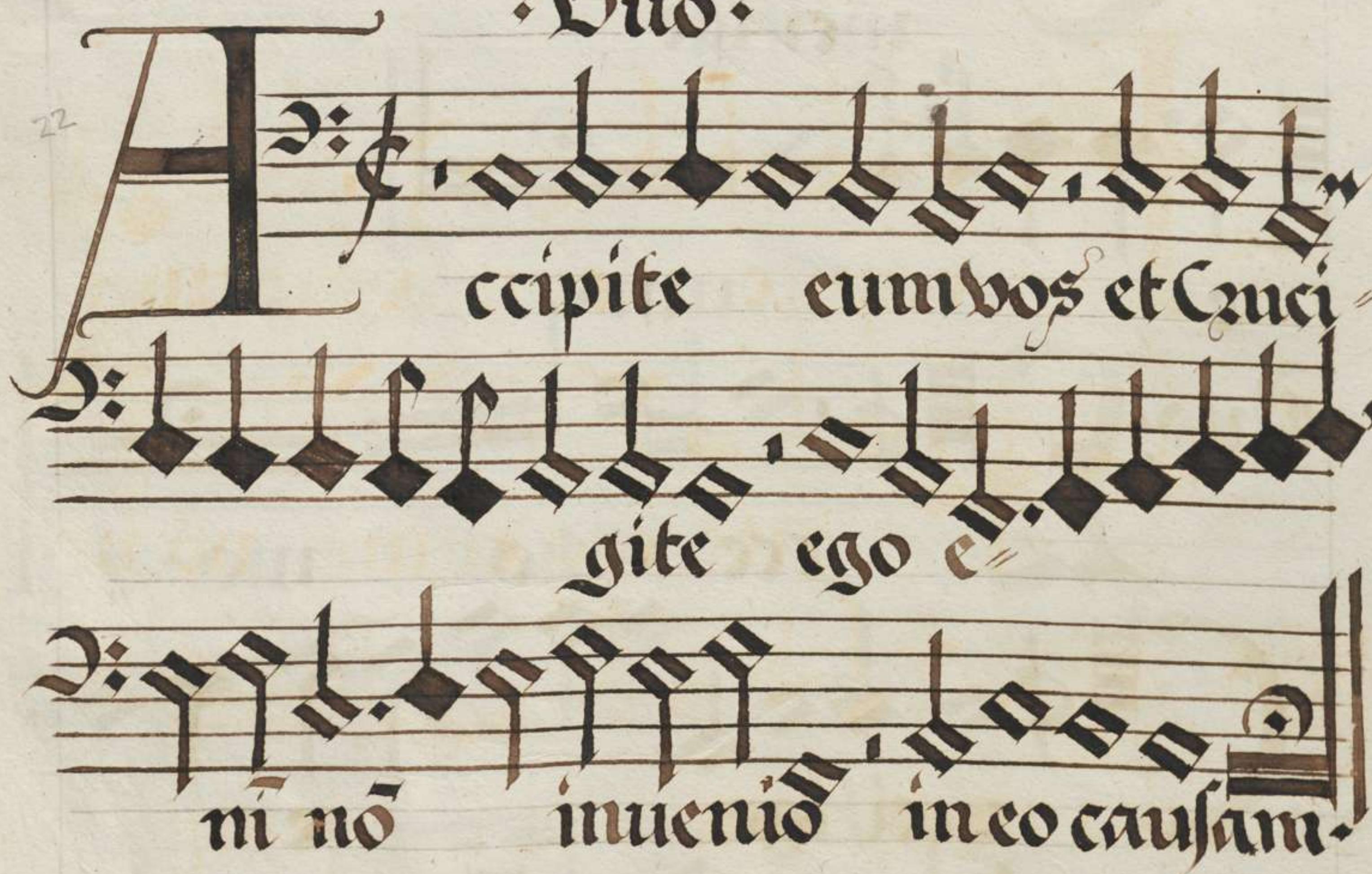
Ecce homo.
Tacet.



Ecce homo tacet .:—



•Duo.



Duo.





se fecit

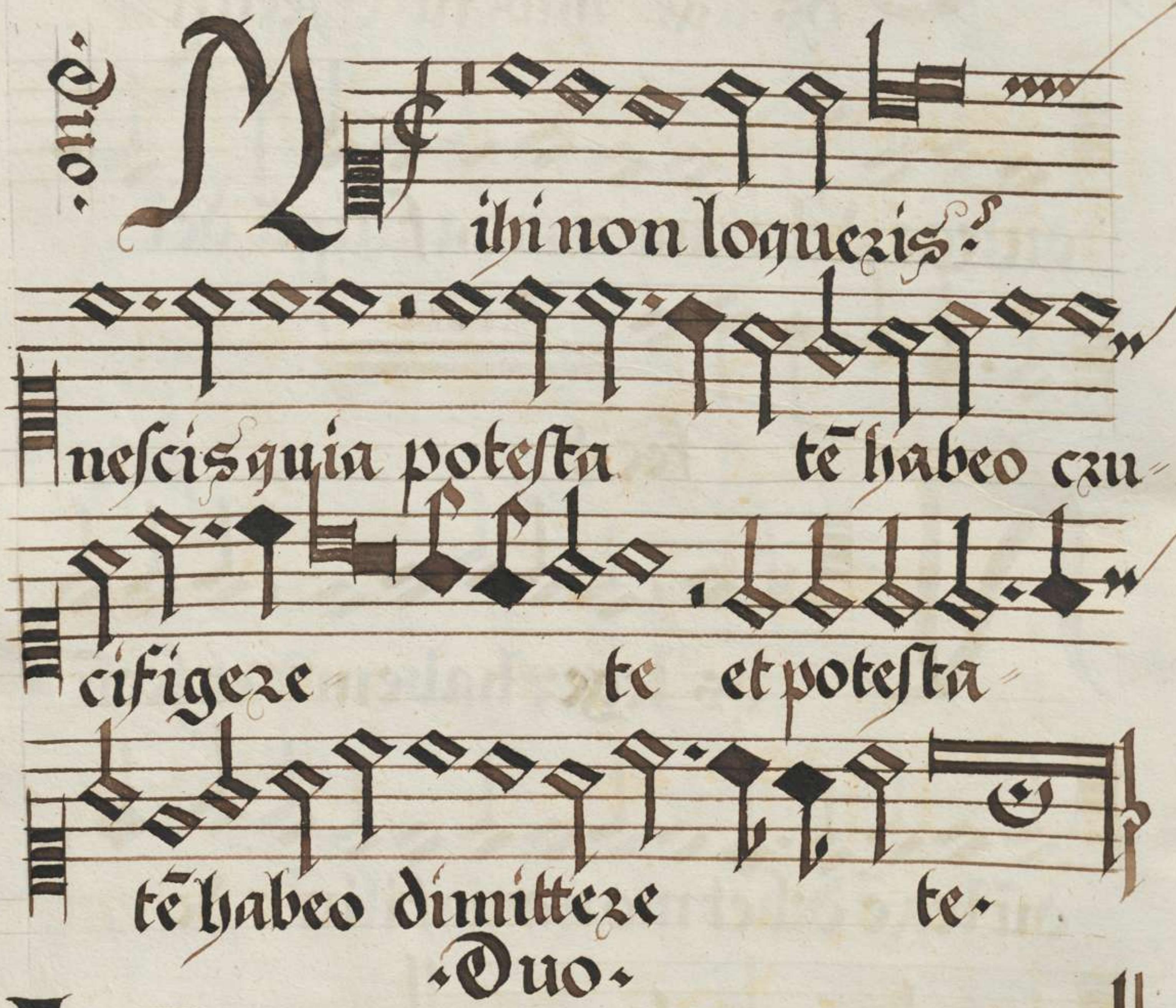


24

Vnde es tu. Tacet.

25

donec.



X¹⁹
Vnde es tu? Tacet.

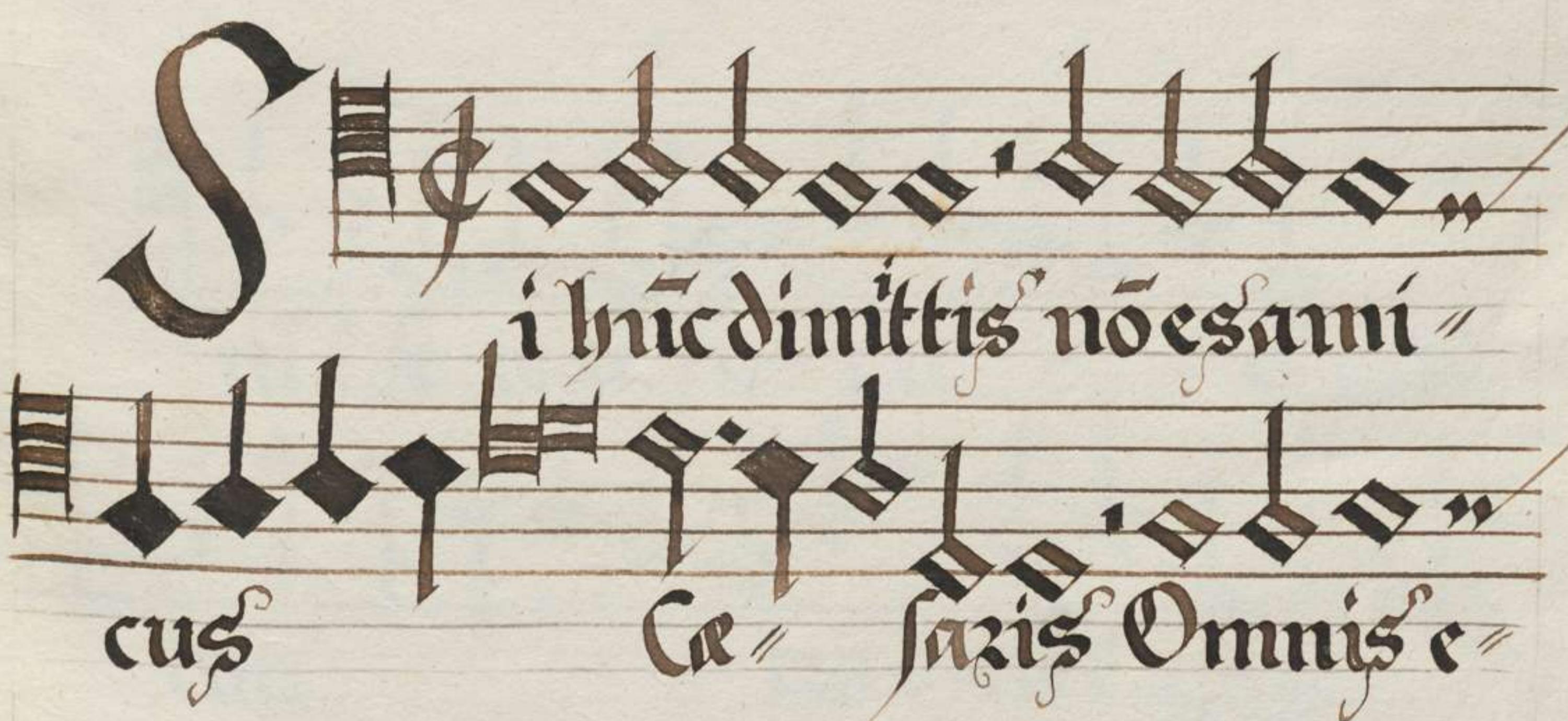


no. Cenor.

Ihi non loqueris?
Tacet.

26
S i hūc dimittis nō es amic⁹
cæ sa xis omnis e

S i hūc dimittis nō es amic⁹
cæ sa xis omnis e





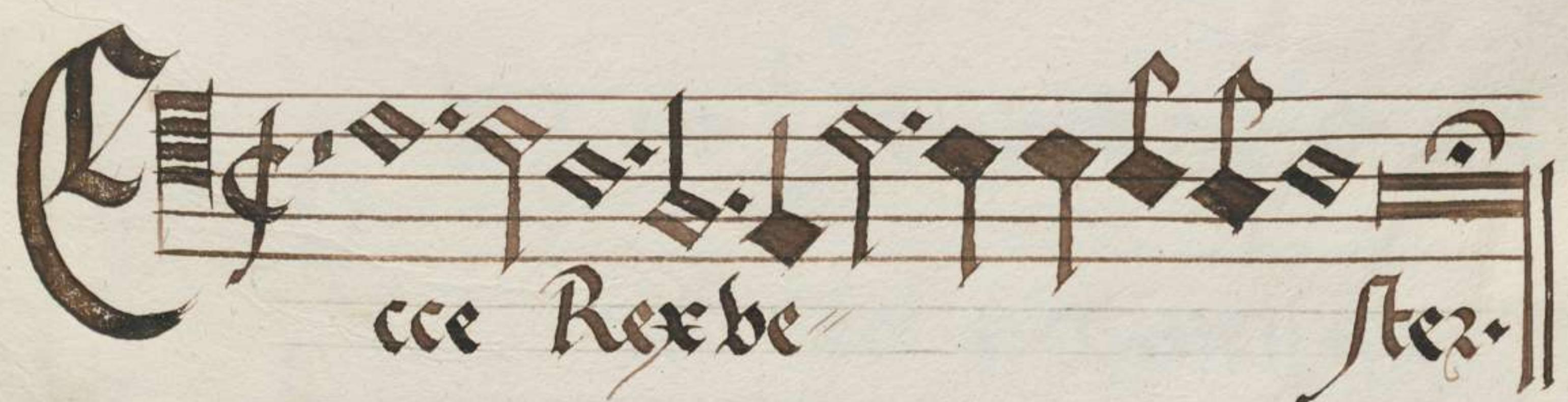
21

nī qū se Regē fa- cīt cōtrā
dicit Cæsari cōtradicit Cæsari.

nī q̄ se regē fa- cīt cōtradicit
con- Cæsari.

nī mī se Regē facit cōtrā
dicit Cæsari.









29

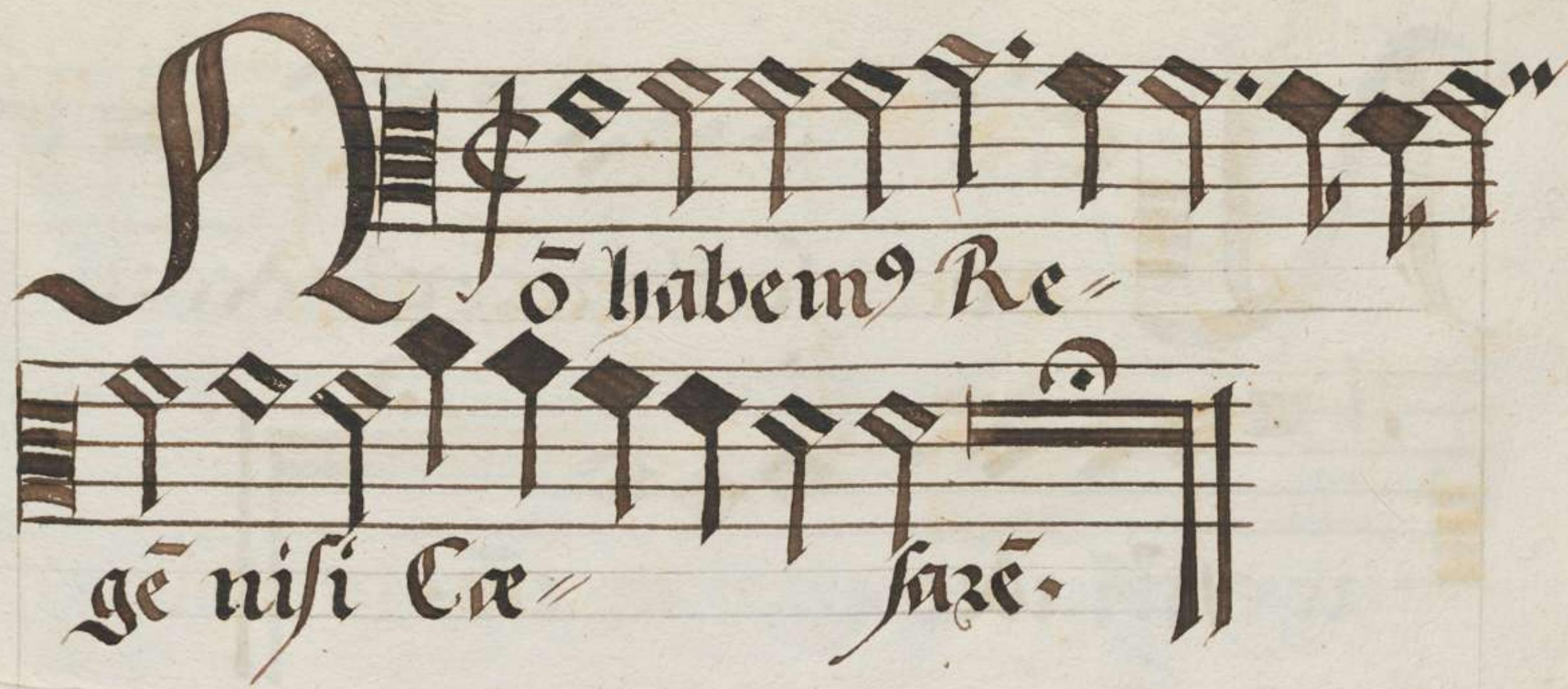


24

Kregem vestre crucifigam.

Kregem vestrū crucifigā.







26

Noli scribere rex iudeo
xū sed quia ipse dixit rex sū iudeorum.

Noli scribere Rex iudeorū sed
quia ipse dixit Rex sū Iudeo.

Noli scribere rex iudeo sed
quia ipse dixit rex sū iudeorum.



