

Δύο τραγούδια

(Two Songs)

for mezzo-soprano and piano

written for and dedicated to
Nora Engonopoulos

Laonikos Psimikakis-Chalkokondylis

Δνό τραγούδια (2010)
for mezzo-soprano and piano

Performance Instructions

In the first song, accidentals apply only to the note they immediately precede. In the second song, accidentals carry through to the end of the measure, though cautionary accidentals have been liberally applied in both cases.

The rhythms in the first piece should be flowing (apart from the fast section, where it should be as accurate as possible), and the fermatas held comfortably and not rushed.

The music in bars 6-7 of the second piece is written in 4/4 with a lot of beams so that less emphasis is placed on the individual beats within the bar, and more on the individual notes which should sound quite even; despite this, the bars should consist of distinct phrases themselves)

Duration: about 3-4 minutes in total.

Programme Note

Prosodía acts as a kind of prelude to the second song. It uses material from ancient Greek music and chanting, where the would open a singing feast by usually singing a song accompanied by a single instrument, playing a melody in unison. The structure of the *Prosodía* is in effect the model for the structure of the second song, *Litsany*.

Litany was written using a combination of traditional Greek folk tunes and jazz harmonies. The text used was written by the composer for this composition, and is a short text regarding the current economic crisis in Greece, and many of the long-term issues with the Greek state which are implicit in this particular economic crisis. The jazz harmonies and rhythms are related to the beginnings of jazz as funeral music, and thus, on one level, acts as a comment on the gravity of the current crisis. On the other hand, the repeating melodies act as a kind of litany, which comes from the Greek “Λιτανεία” (trans. “prayer”), and on another level expresses hope for a better tomorrow.

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Texts

I. Προσωδία (Prosodía)

[Vocalise, no lyrics]

II. Λιτανεία (Litany)

Greek:

ένα και δύο και τρία και τέσσερα και πέντε κι ἔξι και επτά κι οκτώ κι εννιά και δέκα
και δε μας παρατάς, ανήσυχους, φιλήσυχους, και ήσυχους
έχονμε πλέον κουραστεί

τα παιδιά μας
δίχως μέλλον
δίχως φτερά

English (translation):

one and two and three and four and five 'n' six and seven 'n' eight 'n' nine and ten

why don't you leave us, worried, peace-loving, and alone
we're tired now

our children
without a future
without wings

I. Προσωδία

Prosodía

Laonikos Psimikakis-Chalkokondylis

Ritually ($\text{♩} = 80-90$)

Piano

depess silently and hold with sostenuto pedal throughout

Agitated ($\text{♩} = 116-124$)

Notes:

Take your time with the fermatas/pauses, don't hurry the music.
Non-vibrato throughout.

Προσωδία

* this figure should be played in the same tempo as it was played earlier, as a reminiscence of it

Tempo I

ff

p

sff

mp

una corda

p

mp

p

mp

5

pp

mf

pp

(hold until sound fades completely)

ppp

II. Λιτανεία

Litany

Laonikos Psimikakis-Chalkokondylis

Nostalgically ($\text{♩} = 48-54$)

Piano

sfz p

depress silently

p

with pedal,
but not cluttered

mf

sfz

p

έ - να και ε - να κε

Λιτανεία

4

δύο και τρία και τέσσερα και πέντε κ'έξι και επτά κι'οκ-τώ κι'εν-νιά
δόξα κε τρια κε τεσσερα κε πεντε κεκσι κε επτα λγκοκ-το λγεν-νια
και δέ, πα ρα ρα ράμ
δέ, πα ρα ρα ραμ
και δε μας
κε δε mas

πα - ρα - τάς αν - ή - συχους, φιλ - ή - συ - χους, και ή - συ - χους, έ - χου - με
pa - ra - tas an - i - si-xus, fil - i - si-xus, ke i - si - xus, ε - xu - me
πλέ - ον κου - ρα - στεί
ple - on ku - ra - sti

Slightly slower tempo (but the music should sound faster) - until the end ($\text{♩} = 42-46$)

detached but phrased together;
as if it's a weird Scarlatti piece

use pedal only if necessary;
very clear and light sound

7

8 *p*

ta παι - διά μας δί - - - χως μέλ - - - λον τα
ta pe - ðja mas ði - - - sxs mel - - - lén ta

mp

mf
with pedal,
like in the beginning

mp

10 *mp*

— παι - διά μας δί - χως μέλ - λον
— pe - ðja mas ði - sxs mel - lén

f

mf

12 *f*

— δí — χως φτε — ρá a.

12 *mp*

— δí — χως φτε — ρá a.

9/4

p

9/4

mf

13 (with closed lips)

p

μ μ μ

g/iss. (b)

8va

13 f

subito **p** ³

mp

mf

p pp pp pp

Musical score for piano, page 14, measures 14-15. The score consists of three staves. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of *poco accel.*. The middle staff shows a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff shows a bass clef. Measure 14 starts with a dynamic *p*. Measure 15 begins with a dynamic *ff*, followed by a dynamic *pp*.